







 Patient Name
 : BATTALA VICKY
 Ref Dr.

 Age
 : 33 Y 6 M 9 D
 Collection Date

 Gender
 : M
 Report Date

Report Date : 23/Mar/2024 01:11PM

: Newtown, Kolkata-700156

: Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

: 23/Mar/2024 08:22AM



DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit	
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), GEL SERUM				
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) (Method:Vanadate oxidation)	0.90	0.3-1.2	mg/dL	
SGOT/AST , GEL SERUM (Method:Modified IFCC)	34	13-40	U/L	
CHLORIDE,BLOOD (Method:ISE INDIRECT)	98	99-109	mEq/L	
PHOSPHORUS-INORGANIC,BLOOD (Method:Phosphomolybdate/UV)	2.7	2.4-5.1 mg/dL	mg/dL	
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) (Method:Vanadate oxidation)	0.20	<0.2	mg/dL	
SODIUM,BLOOD (Method:ISE INDIRECT)	136	132 - 146	mEq/L	
THYROID PANEL (T3, T4, TSH), GEL SERUM				
T3-TOTAL (TRI IODOTHYRONINE) (Method:CLIA)	1.26	0.60-1.81 ng/ml	ng/ml	
T4-TOTAL (THYROXINE) (Method:CLIA)	9.8	3.2-12.6	μg/dL	
TSH (THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE) (Method:CLIA)	1.834	0.55-4.78	μIU/mL	

Serum TSH levels exhibit a diurnal variation with the peak occurring during the night and the nadir, which approximates to 50% of the peak value, occurring between 1000 and 1600 hours.[1,2]

References:

1. Bugalho MJ, Domingues RS, Pinto AC, Garrao A, Catarino AL, Ferreira T, Limbert E and Sobrinho L. Detection of thyroglobulin mRNA transcripts in peripheral blood of

individuals with and without thyroid glands: evidence for thyroglobulin expression by blood cells. Eur J Endocrinol 2001;145:409-13.

2. Bellantone R, Lombardi CP, Bossola M, Ferrante A, Princi P, Boscherini M et al. Validity of thyroglobulin mRNA assay in peripheral blood of postoperative thyroid carcinoma patients in predicting tumor recurrence varies according to the histologic type: results of a prospective study. Cancer 2001;92:2273-9.

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL: [ONLY FOR PREGNANT MOTHERS]

Trimester specific TSH LEVELS during pregnancy: FIRST TRIMESTER: $0.10-3.00~\mu$ IU/mL SECOND TRIMESTER: 0.20 -3.50 μ IU/mL THIRD TRIMESTER: 0.30 -3.50 μ IU/mL

References:

1. Erik K. Alexander, Elizabeth N. Pearce, Gregory A. Brent, Rosalind S. Brown, Herbert Chen, Chrysoula Dosiou, William A. Grobman, Peter Laurberg, John H. Lazarus, Susan J. Mandel, Robin P. Peeters, and Scott Sullivan.Thyroid.Mar 2017.315-389. http://doi.org/10.1089/thy.2016.0457

2. Kalra S, Agarwal S, Aggarwal R, Ranabir S. Trimester-specific thyroid-stimulating hormone: An indian perspective. Indian J Endocr Metab 2018;22:1-4.

URIC ACID,BLOOD	5.00	3.5-7.2	mg/dL
(Method:Uricase/Peroxidase)			









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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit	
CALCIUM,BLOOD (Method:Arsenazo III)	9.50	8.7-10.4	mg/dL	

*** End Of Report ***

Dr NEEPA CHOWDHURY MBBS MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist Reg No. WBMC 62456

Lab No. : BKP/23-03-2024/SR8903584









: M

: BATTALA VICKY **Patient Name** : 33 Y 6 M 9 D Age

Ref Dr.

Lab Add.

: Newtown, Kolkata-700156 : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Collection Date : 23/Mar/2024 02:17PM : 23/Mar/2024 07:35PM Report Date



DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit

URIC ACID, URINE, SPOT URINE

URIC ACID, SPOT URINE (Method:URICASE)

23.00

37-92 mg/dL

mg/dL

ESTIMATED TWICE

Suggested follow up

Gender

Correlate clinically

GLUCOSE.PP <u>352</u> Impaired Glucose Tolerance-140 to (Method:Gluc Oxidase Trinder)

Diabetes>= 200.

Suggested follow up

Correlate clinically

The test should be performed as described by the WHO, using a glucose load containing the equivalent of 75-g anhydrous glucose dissolved in

In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, diagnosis requires two abnormal test results from the same sample or in two separate test samples.

Reference:

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes - 2020. Diabetes Care Volume 43, Supplement 1.

*** End Of Report ***

Dr. SANCHAYAN SINHA MBBS, MD, DNB (BIOCHEMISTRY) CONSULTANT BIOCHEMIST Reg No. WBMC 63214

BKP/23-03-2024/SR8903584 Lab No.







Lab Add.

Ref Dr.



Lab No. : BKP/23-03-2024/SR8903584

> : BATTALA VICKY : 33 Y 6 M 9 D

Gender : M

Patient Name

Age

DIAGNOS

: Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

: Newtown, Kolkata-700156

Collection Date : 23/Mar/2024 08:22AM

: 23/Mar/2024 01:20PM Report Date



DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE (Method:IFCC standardization)	117	46-116	U/L	
CREATININE, BLOOD (Method:Jaffe, alkaline picrate, kinetic)	0.62	0.7-1.3	mg/dL	

To correlate clinically.

GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE %

INTERVAL DETAILS, PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL

INFORMATION ***

HbA1c (IFCC) 90.0 mmol/mol (Method:HPLC)

Clinical Information and Laboratory clinical interpretation on Biological Reference Interval:

Low risk / Normal / non-diabetic : <5.7% (NGSP) / < 39 mmol/mol (IFCC) Pre-diabetes/High risk of Diabetes: 5.7%-6.4% (NGSP) / 39 - < 48 mmol/mol (IFCC) : >/= 6.5% (NGSP) Diabetics-HbA1c level / > 48 mmol/mol (IFCC)

Analyzer used :- Bio-Rad-VARIANT TURBO 2.0

Method: HPLC Cation Exchange

Recommendations for glycemic targets

- Ø Patients should use self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) and HbA1c levels to assess glycemic control.
- Ø The timing and frequency of SMBG should be tailored based on patients' individual treatment, needs, and goals.
- Ø Patients should undergo HbA1c testing at least twice a year if they are meeting treatment goals and have stable glycemic control.
- Ø If a patient changes treatment plans or does not meet his or her glycemic goals, HbA1c testing should be done quarterly.
- Ø For most adults who are not pregnant, HbA1c levels should be <7% to help reduce microvascular complications and macrovascular disease. Action suggested >8% as it indicates poor control.

Ø Some patients may benefit from HbA1c goals that are stringent.

Result alterations in the estimation has been established in many circumstances, such as after acute/ chronic blood loss, for example, after surgery, blood transfusions, hemolytic anemia, or high erythrocyte turnover; vitamin B_{12} / folate deficiency, presence of chronic renal or liver disease; after administration of high-dose vitamin E / C; or erythropoietin treatment.

Reference: Glycated hemoglobin monitoring BMJ 2006; 333;586-8

- Chamberlain JJ, Rhinehart AS, Shaefer CF, et al. Diagnosis and management of diabetes: synopsis of the 2016 American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes. Ann Intern Med. Published online 1 March 2016. doi:10.7326/M15-3016.
 2. Mosca A, Goodall I, Hoshino T, Jeppsson JO, John WG, Little RR, Miedema K, Myers GL, Reinauer H, Sacks DB, Weykamp CW. International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, IFCC
- Scientific Division. Global standardization of glycated hemoglobin measurement: the position of the IFCC Working Group. Clin Chem Lab Med. 2007;45(8):1077-1080

PDF Attached

LIPID PROFILE, GEL SERUM			
CHOLESTEROL-TOTAL (Method:Enzymatic)	155	Desirable: < 200 mg/dL Borderline high: 200-239 mg/dL High: > or =240 mg/dL	mg/dL
TRIGLYCERIDES (Method:GPO-Trinder)	<u>287</u>	Normal:: < 150, BorderlineHigh::150-199, High:: 200-499, VeryHigh::>500	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL (Method:Elimination/catalase)	<u>26</u>	< 40 - Low 40-59- Optimum	mg/dl
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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit
LDL CHOLESTEROL DIRECT	105	60 - High OPTIMAL : <100 mg/dL,	mg/dL
(Method:Elimination / Catalase)	100	Near optimal/ above optimal: 100- 129 mg/dL,	mg/dL
		Borderline high : 130-159 mg/dL, High : 160-189 mg/dL,	
		Very high : >=190 mg/dL	
VLDL (Method:Calculated)	24	< 40 mg/dl	mg/dl
CHOL HDL Ratio (Method:Calculated)	6.0	LOW RISK 3.3-4.4 AVERAGE RISK 4.47-7.1 MODERATE RISK 7.1-11.0	
(meniodicalealada)		HIGH RISK >11.0	

Reference: National Cholesterol Education Program. Executive summary of the third report of The National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) Expert Panel on detection, evaluation, and treatment of high blood cholesterol in adults (Adult Treatment Panel III). JAMA. May 16 2001;285(19):2486-97.

POTASSIUM,BLOOD (Method:ISE INDIRECT)	<u>3.20</u>	3.5-5.5 mE	q/L
GLUCOSE,FASTING (Method:Gluc Oxidase Trinder)	<u>246</u>	Impaired Fasting-100-125 . mg/ Diabetes- >= 126. Fasting is defined as no caloric intake for at least 8 hours.	/dL

To correlate clinically.

In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, diagnosis requires two abnormal test results from the same sample or in two separate test samples.

Reference .

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes – 2020. Diabetes Care Volume 43, Supplement 1.

TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:0	SLO RATIO , .		
TOTAL PROTEIN (Method:BIURET METHOD)	7.50	5.7-8.2 g/dL	g/dL
ALBUMIN (Method:BCG Dye Binding)	4.6	3.2-4.8 g/dL	g/dL
GLOBULIN (Method:Calculated)	2.90	1.8-3.2	g/dl
AG Ratio (Method:Calculated)	1.59	1.0-2.5	
SGPT/ALT (Method:Modified IFCC)	<u>67</u>	7-40	U/L
UREA,BLOOD (Method:Urease with GLDH)	<u>15.0</u>	19-49	mg/dL

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Result Bio Ref. Interval Unit

*** End Of Report ***



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 : 23/Mar/2024 01:37PM



DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit
			•

CBC WITH PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE)	COUNT, EDTA WHOLE BLOC	OD.	
HEMOGLOBIN (Method:PHOTOMETRIC)	16.3	13 - 17	g/dL
WBC (Method:DC detection method)	9.8	4 - 10	*10^3/µL
RBC (Method:DC detection method)	<u>5.69</u>	4.5 - 5.5	*10^6/µL
PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT (Method:DC detection method/Microscopy) DIFFERENTIAL COUNT	181	150 - 450*10^3	*10^3/µL
NEUTROPHILS (Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)	56	40 - 80 %	%
LYMPHOCYTES (Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)	36	20 - 40 %	%
MONOCYTES (Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)	07	2 - 10 %	%
EOSINOPHILS (Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)	01	1 - 6 %	%
BASOPHILS (Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy) <u>CBC SUBGROUP</u>	00	0-0.9%	%
HEMATOCRIT / PCV (Method:Calculated)	49.6	40 - 50 %	%
MCV (Method:Calculated)	87.3	83 - 101 fl	fl
MCH (Method:Calculated)	28.6	27 - 32 pg	pg
MCHC (Method:Calculated)	32.8	31.5-34.5 gm/dl	gm/dl
RDW - RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (Method:Calculated)	<u>14.7</u>	11.6-14%	%
PDW-PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (Method:Calculated)	20.4	8.3 - 25 fL	fL
MPV-MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (Method:Calculated)	10.7	7.5 - 11.5 fl	

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

1stHour 07 0.00 - 20.00 mm/hr mm/hr (Method:Westergren)

BLOOD GROUP ABO+RH [GEL METHOD], EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO O

(Method:Gel Card)

RH POSITIVE

(Method:Gel Card)

TECHNOLOGY USED: GEL METHOD

ADVANTAGES:

- · Gel card allows simultaneous forward and reverse grouping.
- Card is scanned and record is preserved for future reference.
- Allows identification of Bombay blood group.
- Daily quality controls are run allowing accurate monitoring.

Lab No. : BKP/23-03-2024/SR8903584







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Patient Name : BATTALA VICKY Age :33 Y 6 M 9 D

: M

Gender

Collection Date Report Date

DIAGNOS

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

Bio Ref. Interval **Test Name** Result Unit

Historical records check not performed.

*** End Of Report ***

Bidisha Chompholy

Dr. Bidisha Chakraborty Consultant Pathologist MD, DNB (Pathology) Dip RC Path(UK) Reg No. WBMC 73067

Lab No. BKP/23-03-2024/SR8903584



: BATTALA VICKY Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Age : 33 Y 6 M 9 D Collection Date

 Gender
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 : 23/Mar/2024 01:14PM



DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

Lab Add.

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY X-RAY REPORT OF CHEST (PA)

FINDINGS:

Patient Name

No active lung parenchymal lesion is seen.

Both the hila are normal in size, density and position.

Mediastinum is central. Trachea is in midline.

Domes of diaphragm are smoothly outlined. Position is within normal limits.

Lateral costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardio-thoracic ratio is normal.

Bony thorax reveals no definite abnormality.

IMPRESSION:

Normal study.

*** End Of Report ***



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 Patient Name
 : BATTALA VICKY
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 : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

 Age
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 Collection Date
 : 23/Mar/2024 08:30AM

 Gender
 : M
 Report Date
 : 23/Mar/2024 01:54PM

n Date : 23/Mar/2024 08:30AM te : 23/Mar/2024 01:54PM



Test Name Result Bio Ref. Interval Unit

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW			
APPEARANCE	SLIGHTLY HAZY			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
pH (Method:Dipstick (triple indicator method))	6.0	4.6 - 8.0		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Method:Dipstick (ion concentration method))	1.010	1.005 - 1.030		
PROTEIN (Method:Dipstick (protein error of pH idicators)/Manual)	PRESENT(+)	NOT DETECTED		
GLUCOSE (Method:Dipstick(glucose-oxidase-peroxidase	PRESENT(++++)	NOT DETECTED		
iethod)/Manual) KETONES (ACETOACETIC ACID, ACETONE) (Method:Dipstick (Legals test)/Manual)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
BLOOD (Method:Dipstick (pseudoperoxidase reaction))	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
BILIRUBIN (Method:Dipstick (azo-diazo reaction)/Manual)	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
UROBILINOGEN (Method:Dipstick (diazonium ion reaction)/Manual)	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
NITRITE (Method:Dipstick (Griess test))	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
LEUCOCYTE ESTERASE (Method:Dipstick (ester hydrolysis reaction)) MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
LEUKOCYTES (PUS CELLS) (Method:Microscopy)	1-2	0-5	/hpf	
EPITHELIAL CELLS (Method:Microscopy)	0-1	0-5	/hpf	
RED BLOOD CELLS (Method:Microscopy)	NOT DETECTED	0-2	/hpf	
CAST (Method:Microscopy)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS (Method:Microscopy)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA (Method:Microscopy)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
YEAST (Method:Microscopy)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		

Note:

- $1. \ All \ urine \ samples \ are \ checked \ for \ adequacy \ and \ suitability \ before \ examination.$
- 2. Analysis by urine analyzer of dipstick is based on reflectance photometry principle. Abnormal results of chemical examinations are confirmed by manual methods.
- 3. The first voided morning clean-catch midstream urine sample is the specimen of choice for chemical and microscopic analysis.
- 4. Negative nitrite test does not exclude urinary tract infections.
- 5. Trace proteinuria can be seen in many physiological conditions like exercise, pregnancy, prolonged recumbency etc.
- 6. False positive results for glucose, protein, nitrite, urobilinogen, bilirubin can occur due to use of certain drugs, therapeutic dyes, ascorbic acid, cleaning agents used in urine collection container.
- 7. Discrepancy between results of leukocyte esterase and blood obtained by chemical methods with corresponding pus cell and red blood cell count by microscopy can occur due to cell lysis.
- 8. Contamination from perineum and vaginal discharge should be avoided during collection, which may falsely elevate epithelial cell count and show presence of bacteria

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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Report Date

Bio Ref. Interval **Test Name** Result Unit

and/or yeast in the urine.

Gender

*** End Of Report ***

Bidisha Charpstory

Dr. Bidisha Chakraborty Consultant Pathologist MD, DNB (Pathology) Dip RC Path(UK) Reg No. WBMC 73067

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Patient Name

: BATTALA VICKY Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Lab Add.

Age : 33 Y 6 M 9 D Collection Date

Gender : M Report Date : 23/Mar/2024 03:24PM



DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF E.C.G.

DATA			
HEART RATE	74 Bpm		
PR INTERVAL	142 Ms		
QRS DURATION	90 Ms		
QT INTERVAL	354 Ms		
QTC INTERVAL	398 Ms		
AXIS			
P WAVE	59 Degree		
QRS WAVE	58 Degree		
T WAVE	36 Degree		
IMPRESSION	Resting ECG within normal limits.		

*** End Of Report ***

Dr. Siddhartha Kundu

MBBS, PG Diploma in Clinical Cardiology Associate Consultant Cardiology, Critical Care

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DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASONOGRAPHY

REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Lab Add.

LIVER

Liver is enlarged in size (15.8 cm.). Grade I fatty infiltration noted. No focal parenchymal lesion is evident. Intrahepatic biliary radicles are not dilated. Branches of portal vein are normal.

PORTA

The appearance of porta is normal. Common Bile duct is normal with no intraluminal pathology (calculi / mass) could be detected at its visualized part. Portal vein is normal at porta.

GALL BLADDER

Gallbladder is physiologically distended. Wall thickness appears normal. No intraluminal pathology (calculi / mass) could be detected.

PANCREAS

Pancreas is normal in shape, size & position without any focal lesion. No calculus disease noted. Pancreatic duct is not dilated. No peri-pancreatic collection of fluid noted.

SPLEEN

Spleen is normal in size (11.2 cm.). Homogeneous and smooth echotexture without any focal lesion. Splenic vein at hilum appears normal. No definite collaterals could be detected.

RIGHT KIDNEY

It is normal in shape, size (measures 11.4 cm.) axes & position. Cortical echogenicity appears normal. Cortico-medullary echo differentiation maintained. Margin is regular and cortical thickness is uniform. No calculus or hydronephrosis noted.

Right Ureter - Visualized part of upper ureter is not dilated.

LEFT KIDNEY

It is normal in shape, size (measures 11.8 cm.) axes & position. Cortical echogenicity appears normal. Cortico-medullary echo differentiation maintained. Margin is regular and cortical thickness is uniform. **Mild pelvi-calyceal fullness noted (APD – 1.08 cm).** No calculus noted.

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DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASONOGRAPHY

Left Ureter - Visualized part of upper ureter is not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER

Urinary bladder is distended, wall thickness appeared normal. No intraluminal pathology (calculi / mass) could be detected.

Postvoid residual volume of urine: Mildly significant (45 cc.)

PROSTATE

Prostate is normal in size. Echotexture appears within normal limits. No calcification or mass seen.

Prostate measures: 3.9 cm. x 2.6 cm. x 3.0 cm.

Approximate weight could be around = 16 gms.

RETROPERITONEUM & PERITONEUM

No ascites noted. No definite evidence of any mass lesion detected. No detectable evidence of enlarged lymph nodes noted. Visualized part of aorta & IVC are within normal limit.

IMPRESSION

- Hepatomegaly with Grade I fatty changes.
- Left renal mild pelvicalyceal fullness.
- Mild significant PVRU.

---NCCT KUB suggested.

Kindly note: Ultrasound is not the modality of choice to rule out subtle bowel lesion. * Please Intimate us for any typing mistakes and send the report for correction within 7 days. * The science of Radiological diagnosis is based on the interpretation of various shadows produced by both the normal and abnormal tissues and are not always conclusive. Further biochemical and radiological investigation & clinical correlation is required to enable the clinician to reach the final diagnosis. * The report and films are not valid for medico-legal purpose. * Patient Identity not verified.

> Dr Sayantan Mandal MBBS, MD Radio-Diagnosis Reg No.- 79683 (WBMC)

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SURAKSHA DIAGNOSTIC, RAJARHAT, KOLKATA BIO-RAD VARIANT-II TURBO CDM5.4 SN-15893

PATIENT REPORT V2TURBO A1c 2.0

Patient Data Analysis Data

Sample ID: D02135659572 Analysis Performed: 03/23/2024 14:12:02

Patient ID: SR8903584 Injection Number: 217
Name: BATTALA VICKY Run Number: 2

Rack ID:

Sex: M Tube Number: 10

DOB: Report Generated: 03/23/2024 14:15:38

Operator ID: TRISHA

Total Area:

2,939,304

Comments:

Physician:

	NGSP		Retention	Peak
Peak Name	%	Area %	Time (min)	Area
A1a		0.9	0.157	27777
A1b		2.6	0.222	75719
LA1c		3.0	0.390	87993
A1c	10.4*		0.492	265371
P3		4.5	0.782	133323
P4		1.5	0.864	43381
Ao		78.4	0.976	2305739

^{*}Values outside of expected ranges

HbA1c (NGSP) = 10.4* % HbA1c (IFCC) = 90* mmol/mol

