

Name : MR.SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Gender : 37 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location

: Borivali West (Main Centre)

Authenticity Check

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:20-Feb-2024 / 10:08 :20-Feb-2024 / 13:43

## AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

CBC	(Complet	e Blood	Count),	Blood

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
<b>RBC PARAMETERS</b>			
Haemoglobin	14.5	13.0-17.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	5.23	4.5-5.5 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	44.6	40-50 %	Calculated
MCV	85.3	81-101 fl	Measured
MCH	27.7	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	32.4	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	14.5	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
WBC PARAMETERS			
WBC Total Count	5270	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND A	ABSOLUTE COUNTS		
Lymphocytes	31.9	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1681.1	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	5.6	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	295.1	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	55.1	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	2903.8	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	6.2	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	326.7	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	1.2	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	63.2	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-		

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

### **PLATELET PARAMETERS**

Platelet Count	174000	150000-410000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	12.5	6-11 fl	Measured
PDW	30.6	11-18 %	Calculated

### **RBC MORPHOLOGY**

Hypochromia Microcytosis

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Macrocytosis

Anisocytosis

Poikilocytosis

Polychromasia

**Target Cells** 

Basophilic Stippling

Normoblasts

Others Normocytic, Normochromic

WBC MORPHOLOGY

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY Megaplatelets seen on smear

COMMENT

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 5 2-15 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

### Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

### Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

### Reference:

- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab \*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





Dr. VRUSHALI SHROFF M.D.(PATH) **Pathologist** 

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Name : MR.SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Gender : 37 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

Reg. Location

: Borivali West (Main Centre)



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## AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma	89.4	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP/R	97.4	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.49	0.3-1.2 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.15	0-0.3 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.34	<1.2 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.3	5.7-8.2 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.4	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.9	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.5	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	26.4	<34 U/L	Modified IFCC
SGPT (ALT), Serum	22.8	10-49 U/L	Modified IFCC
GAMMA GT, Serum	<7.0	<73 U/L	Modified IFCC
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	90.3	46-116 U/L	Modified IFCC
BLOOD UREA, Serum	31.8	19.29-49.28 mg/dl	Calculated
BUN, Serum	14.9	9.0-23.0 mg/dl	Urease with GLDH
CREATININE, Serum	0.74	0.73-1.18 mg/dl	Enzymatic

Note: Kindly note in change in reference range w.e.f. 07-09-2023



Name : MR.SHARIQUE AKHTAR

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Consulting Dr. :

eGFR, Serum

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(ml/min/1.73sqm) Calculated

Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89

Mild to moderate decrease: 45-

59

Moderate to severe decrease:30

-44

Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure: <15

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

URIC ACID, Serum 6.9 3.7-9.2 mg/dl Uricase/ Peroxidase

Urine Sugar (Fasting)AbsentAbsentUrine Ketones (Fasting)AbsentAbsent

120

Urine Sugar (PP)AbsentAbsentUrine Ketones (PP)AbsentAbsent

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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





Dr.ANUPA DIXIT
M.D.(PATH)
Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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Name : MR.SHARIQUE AKHTAR

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# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

<u>PARAMETER</u> <u>RESULTS</u> <u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u> <u>METHOD</u>

Glycosylated Hemoglobin 5.5 Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % HPLC (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 %

Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %

Estimated Average Glucose 111.1 mg/dl Calculated

(eAG), EDTA WB - CC

### Intended use:

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- · In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

### Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

### Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

### Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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Dr.NAMRATA RAUL M.D (Biochem) Biochemist

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:20-Feb-2024 / 15:56



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:20-Feb-2024 / 10:08

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE **URINE EXAMINATION REPORT** 

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Color	Pale yellow	Pale Yellow	-
Reaction (pH)	6.0	4.5 - 8.0	Chemical Indicator
Specific Gravity	1.005	1.001-1.030	Chemical Indicator
Transparency	Clear	Clear	-
Volume (ml)	50	-	-
<b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</b>			
Proteins	Absent	Absent	pH Indicator
Glucose	Absent	Absent	GOD-POD
Ketones	Absent	Absent	Legals Test
Blood	Absent	Absent	Peroxidase
Bilirubin	Absent	Absent	Diazonium Salt
Urobilinogen	Normal	Normal	Diazonium Salt
Nitrite	Absent	Absent	Griess Test
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	<u>on</u>		
Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf	2-3	0-5/hpf	
Red Blood Cells / hpf	Absent	0-2/hpf	
Epithelial Cells / hpf	1-2		
Casts	Absent	Absent	
Crystals	Absent	Absent	
Amorphous debris	Absent	Absent	
Bacteria / hpf	3-4	Less than 20/hpf	
Others	-		

Interpretation: The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows:

- Protein ( 1+ = 25 mg/dl , 2+ = 75 mg/dl , 3+ = 150 mg/dl , 4+ = 500 mg/dl )
- Glucose(1+ = 50 mg/dl, 2+ =100 mg/dl, 3+ =300 mg/dl, 4+ =1000 mg/dl)
- Ketone (1 + = 5 mg/dl, 2 + = 15 mg/dl, 3 + = 50 mg/dl, 4 + = 150 mg/dl)

Reference: Pack inert

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Borivali Lab, Borivali West \*\*\* End Of Report \*\*





Dr.JYOT THAKKER.. M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP( Medical Services)

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Name : MR.SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Gender : 37 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : 
Pog Location : Regiveli West (Main Contro)

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## AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

<u>PARAMETER</u> <u>RESULTS</u>

ABO GROUP 0

Rh TYPING Positive

NOTE: Test performed by automated Erythrocytes magnetized technology (EMT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

### Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

#### Limitations:

- · ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

### Refernces:

- 1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
- 2. AABB technical manual

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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Dr.VRUSHALI SHROFF M.D.(PATH) Pathologist

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Name : MR.SHARIQUE AKHTAR

: 37 Years / Male Age / Gender

Consulting Dr.

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## AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE LIPID PROFILE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	164.6	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	85.0	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	Enzymatic colorimetric
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	41.7	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Elimination/ Catalase
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	122.9	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	105.9	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	17.0	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	3.9	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.5	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

<sup>\*</sup>Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab  $^{***}$  End Of Report  $^{***}$ 







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Name : MR.SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Gender : 37 Years / Male

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# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	5.4	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	CLIA
Free T4, Serum	15.1	11.5-22.7 pmol/L	CLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	2.340	0.55-4.78 microIU/ml	CLIA



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### Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

#### Clinical Significance:

- 1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors
- can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

**Diurnal Variation:**TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests: Anti thyroid Antibodies, USG Thyroid , TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

### Limitations:

- 1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
- 2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

### Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3. Tietz , Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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Dr.ANUPA DIXIT M.D.(PATH) Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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Time: 11:21

## SUBURBAN DIANOSTICS PVT. LTD. BORIVALI

Name: SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Gender: M

Date: 20-02-2024 ID: 2405105643

Weight: 74 Kg

Clinical History: NIL

Medications: NIL

Test Details:

Age: 37

Target HR: 155 (85% of Pr. MHR) Predicted Max HR: 183 Protocol: Bruce

Achieved Max HR: 153 (84% of Pr. MHR) **Exercise Time:** 0:09:26

Max Mets: 10.6 22950 Max BP x HR: 150/80 Max BP:

Height: 175 cms

TEST COMPLET Test Termination Criteria:

### **Protocol Details:**

Stage Name	Stage Time	METS	Speed kmph	Grade %	Heart Rate	BP mmHg	RPP	Max ST Level	Max ST Slope mV/s
Supine	00:11	1	0	0	97	110/80	10670	-1.1 aVR	0.7 V3
Standing	00:17	1	0	0	84	110/80	9240	-1 aVR	0.3 I
HyperVentilation	00:13		0	0	92	110/80	10120	1.4 V3	-0.2 I
PreTest	00:09	1	1.6	0	84	110/80	9240	1 II	0.7 V3
	00:03	0.6	2.7	10	98	110/80	10780	1.1 V3	0.4 II
Stage: 1	00:23		4	12	119	130/80	15470	1 V3	0.5 V3
Stage: 2	03:00	7.1	5.5	14	129	150/80	19350	1.1 V3	0.5 V3
Stage: 3		10.6	6.8	16	153	150/80	22950	2.3 V3	1.4 V3
Stage: 4	03:00	10.6	8	18	153	150/80	22950	2.3 V3	1.4 V3
Peak Exercise	00:03	10.0	0	10	110	140/80	15400	1.6 V4	1.5 V2
Recovery1	01:00	1	0	0	105	130/80	13650	1.9 V4	1.5 V4
Recovery2	00:11	1	0	U	103	150/80	1.5000		

## Interpretation

The Patient Exercised according to Bruce Protocol for 0:09:26 achieving a work level of 10.6 METS. Resting Heart Rate, initially 97 bpm rose to a max. heart rate of 153bpm (84% of Predicted Maximum Heart Rate). Resting Blood Pressure of 110/80 mmHg, rose to a maximum Blood Pressure of 150/80 mmHg Good Effort tolerance Normal HR & BP Respone No Angina or Arrhymias

No Significant ST-T Change Noted During Exercise Stress test Negative for Stress inducible ischaemia.

DR. NOTIN SOMAVANE
M.B.B.S. AFLH, D. HAN D.GARD
CONSULTANTE / ROTOLOGIC NESD NO. 87714

Doctor: DR. NITIN SONAVANE

(Summary Report edited by User) Cardiovit CS-20 Version:3.4

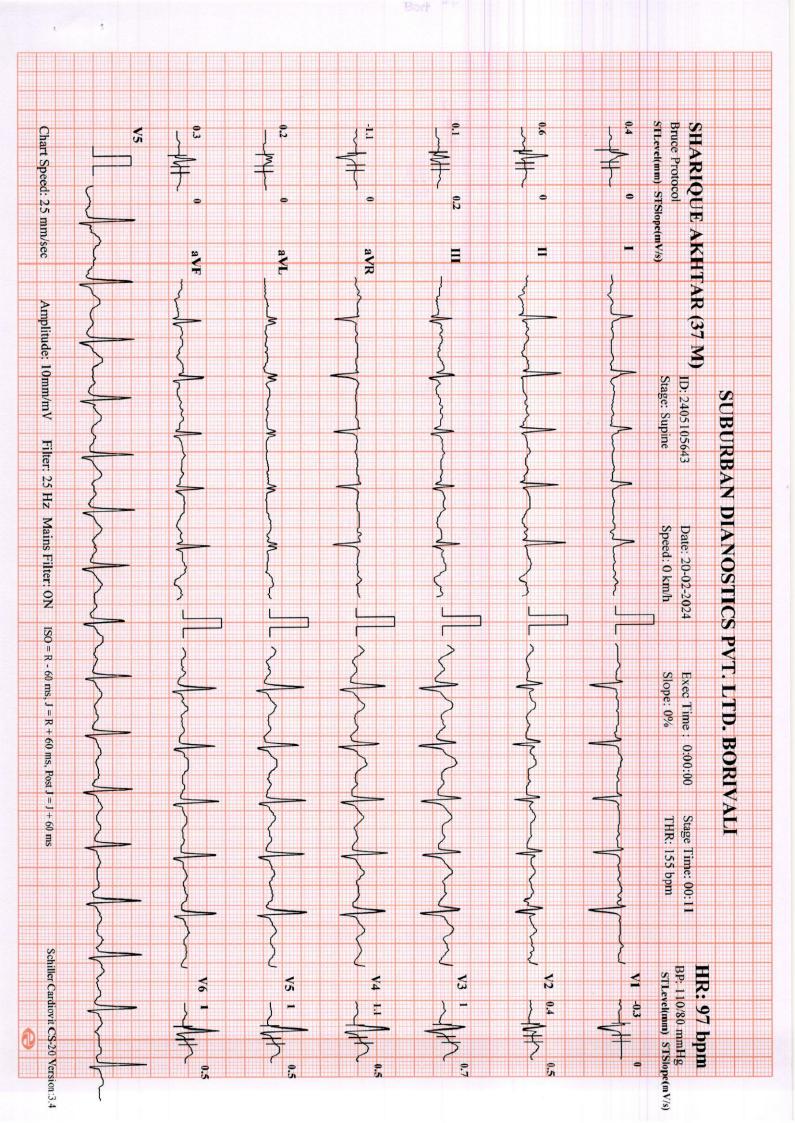
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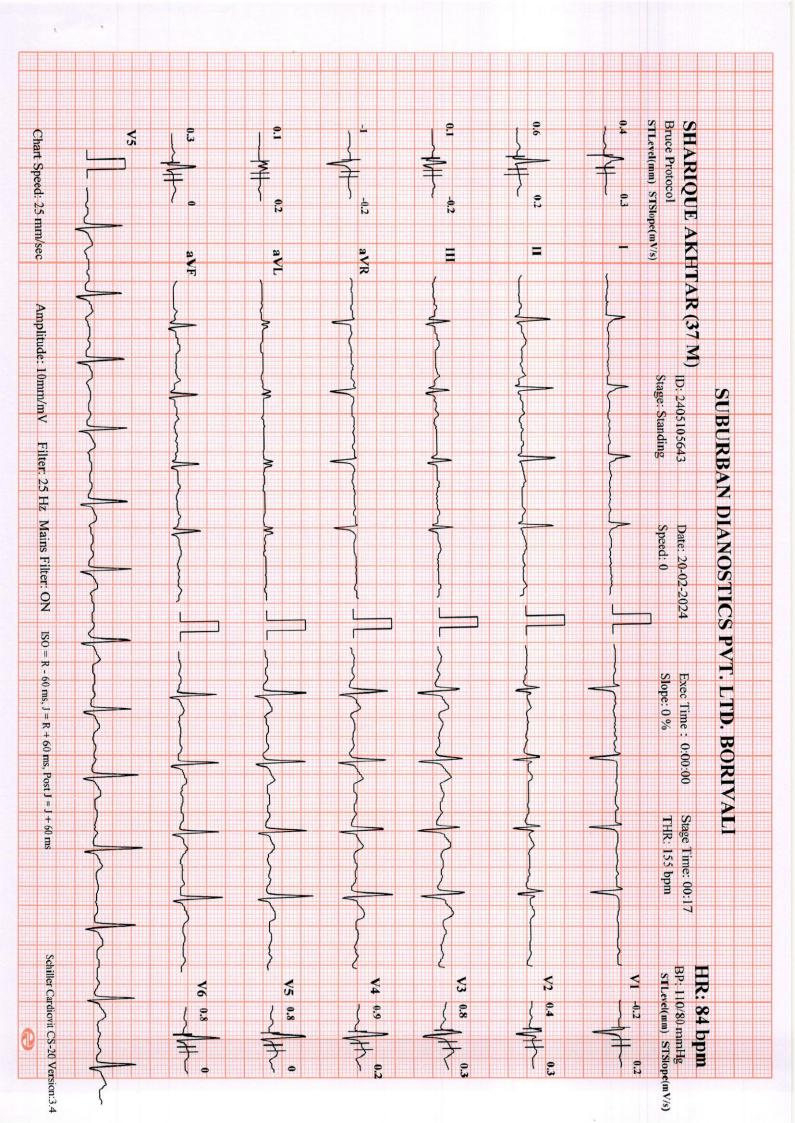
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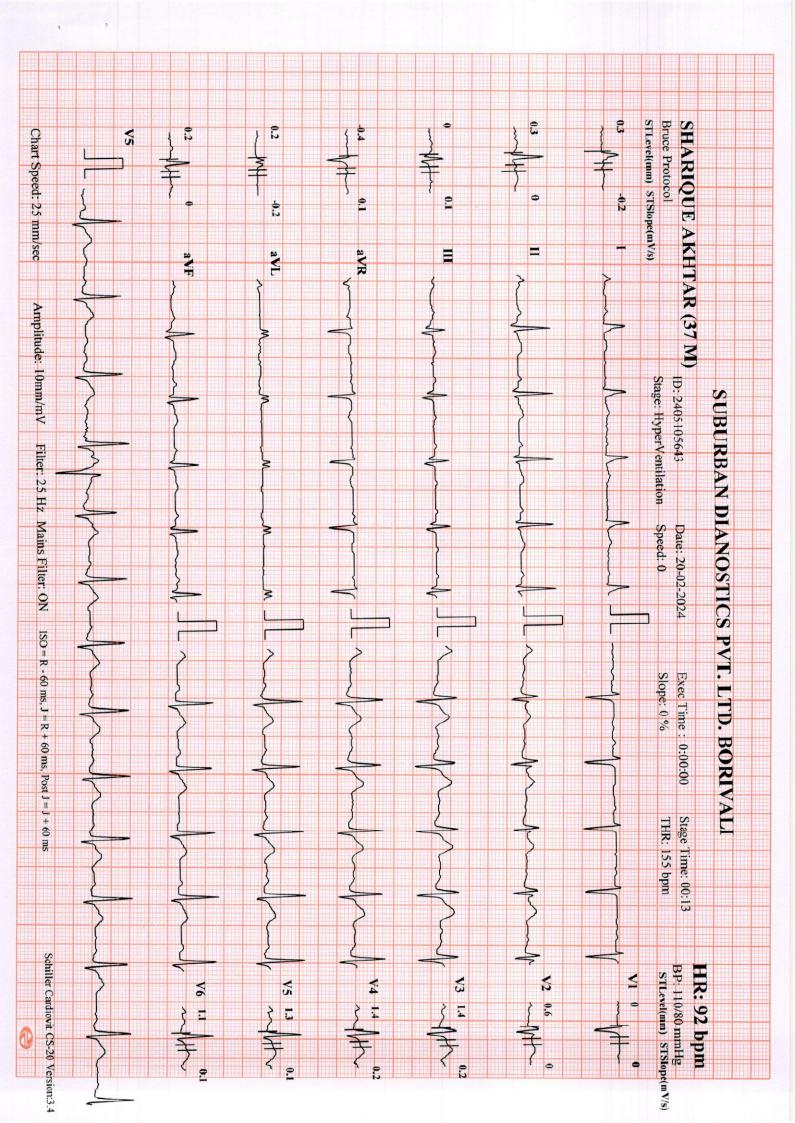
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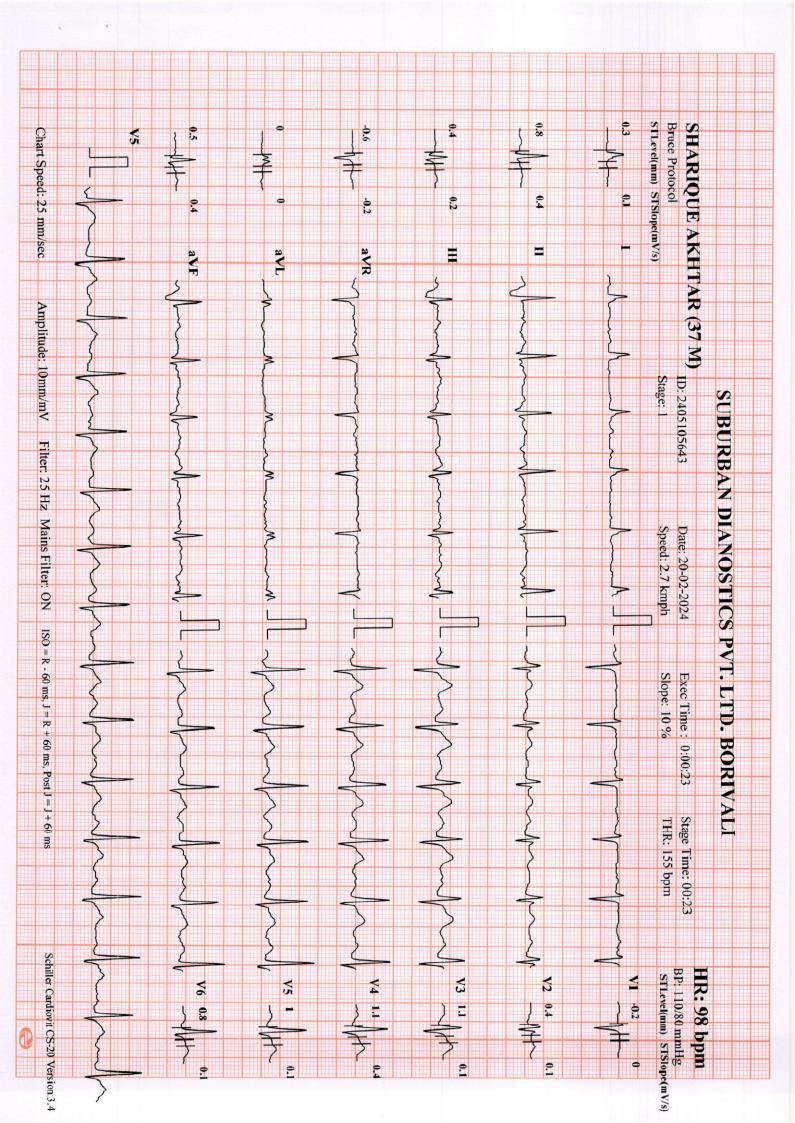
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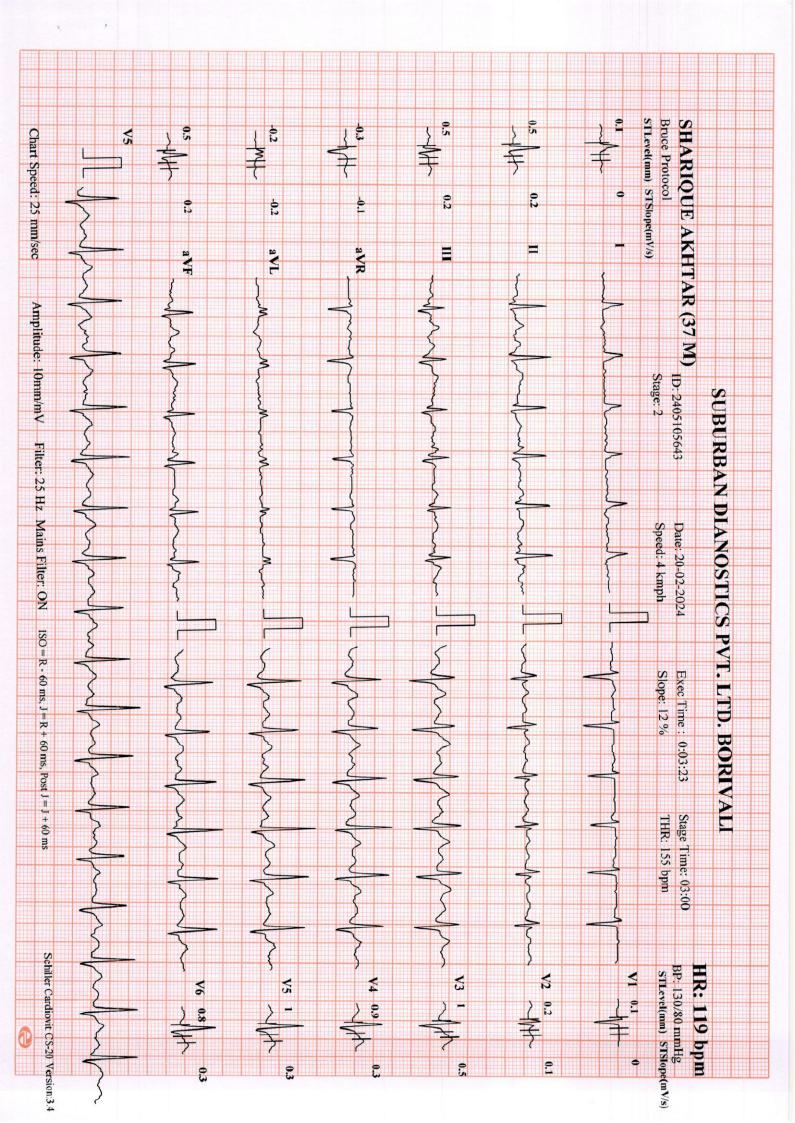
The Art of Diagnostics

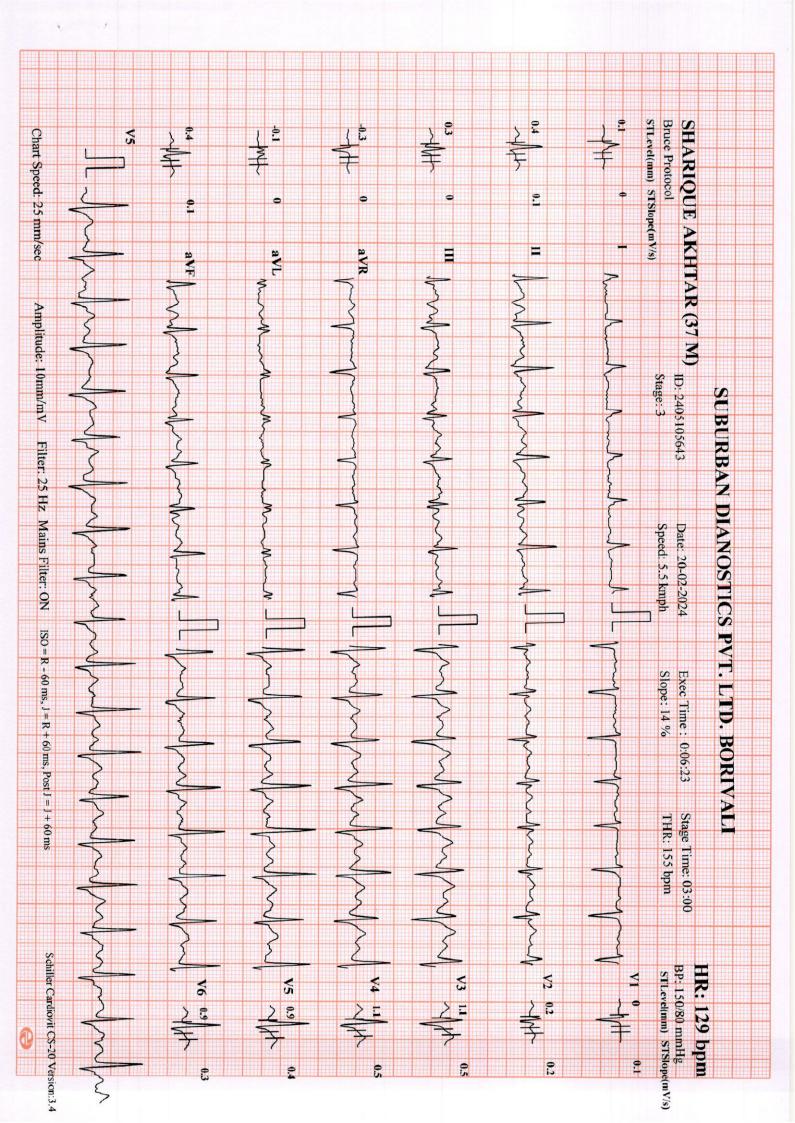


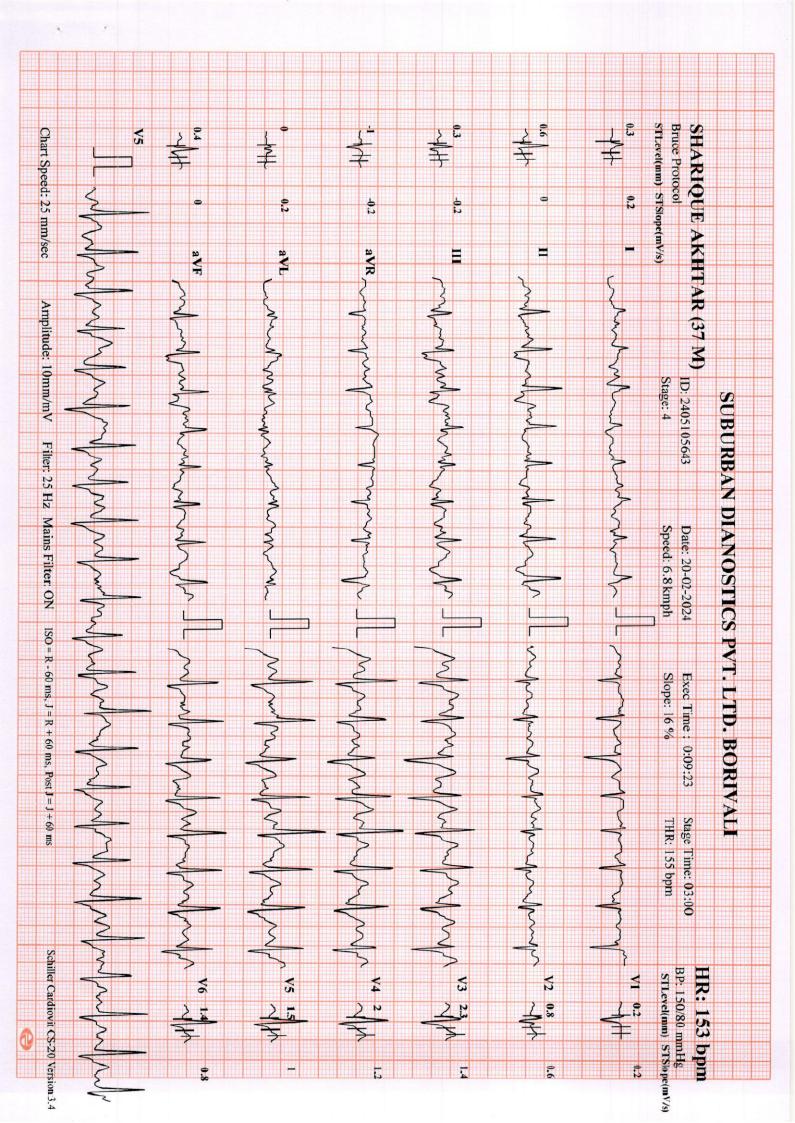


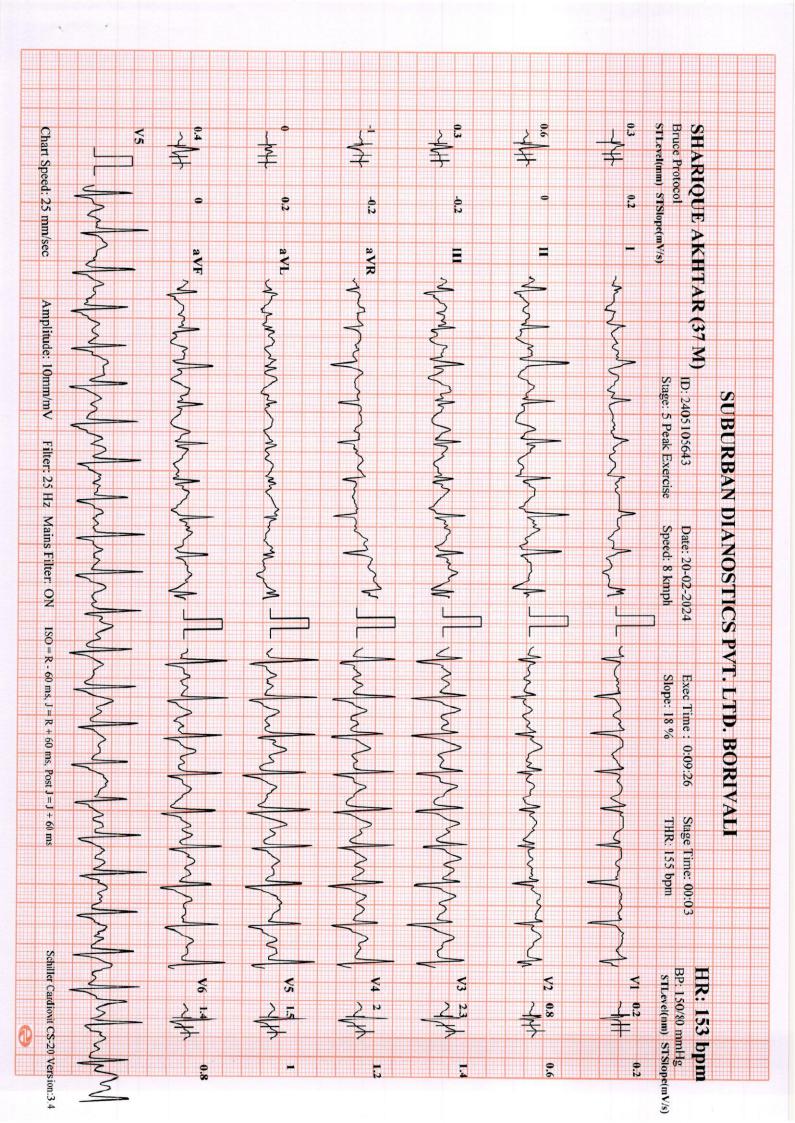


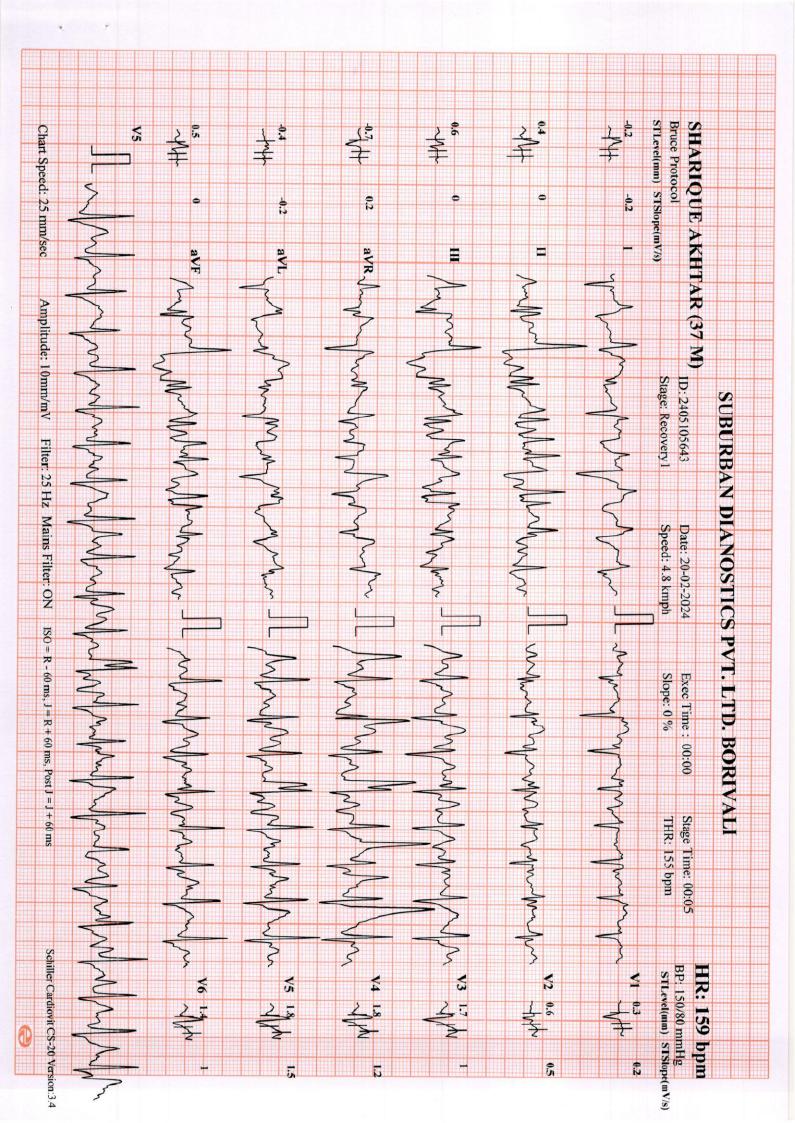


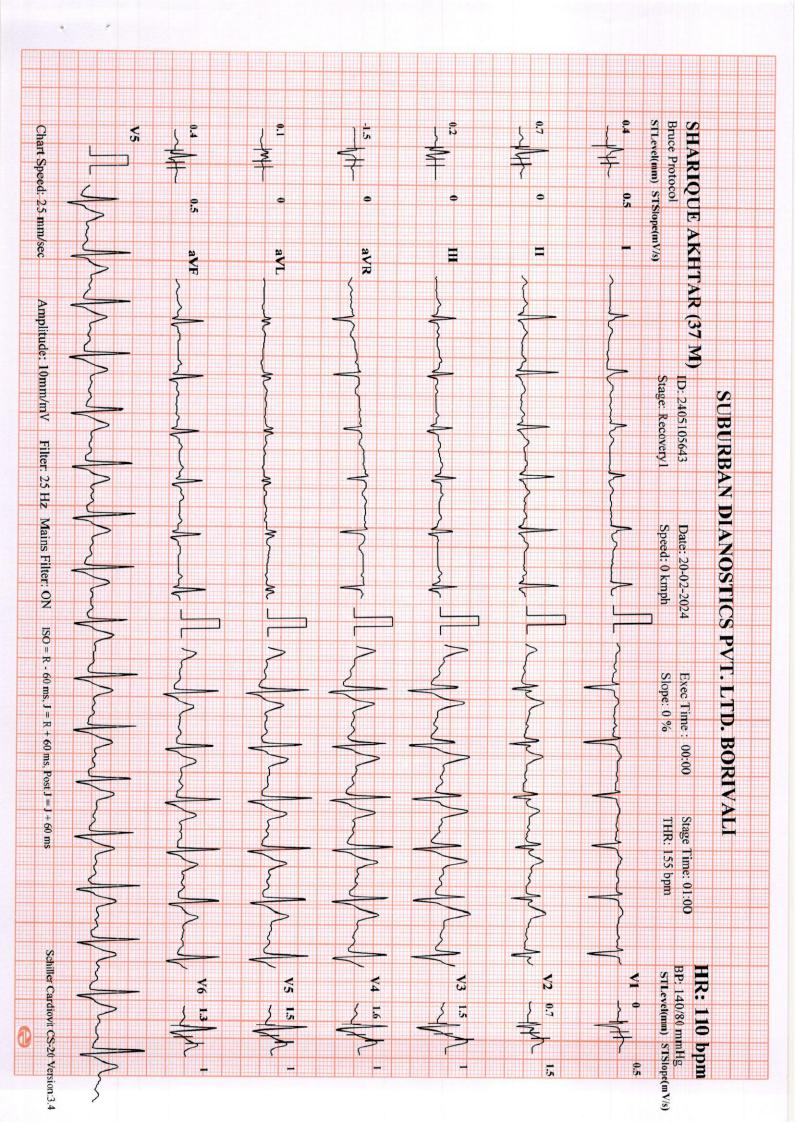


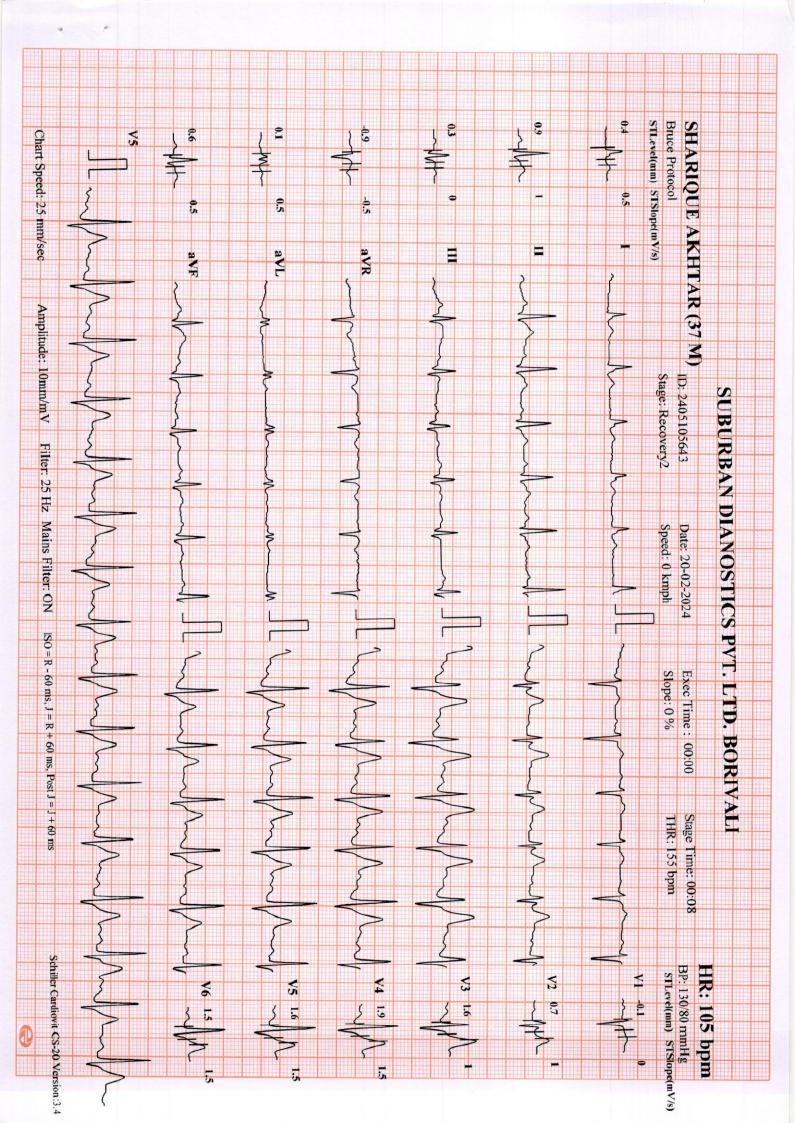














Name : Mr SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Sex : 37 Years/Male

Ref. Dr :

**Reg. Location**: Borivali West



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**Reported** : 20-Feb-2024/11:42

## **USG WHOLE ABDOMEN**

<u>LIVER</u>: Liver is normal in size 13.5 cm, with mild generalized increase in parenchymal echotexture. There is no intra-hepatic biliary radical dilatation. No evidence of any focal lesion.

**GALL BLADDER:** Gall bladder is distended and appears normal. No obvious wall thickening is noted. There is no evidence of any calculus.

PORTAL VEIN: Portal vein is normal. CBD: CBD is normal.

**PANCREAS:** Pancreas appears normal in echotexture. There is no evidence of any focal lesion or calcification.

**KIDNEYS:** Right kidney measures 11.3 x 3.7 cm. Left kidney measures 11.6 x 4.8 cm.

Both kidneys are normal in shape and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any hydronephrosis, hydroureter or calculus.

**SPLEEN:** Spleen is normal in size, shape and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

**URINARY BLADDER:** Urinary bladder is distended and normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits.

**PROSTATE:** Prostate is normal in size and echotexture. Prostate measures 3.4 x 2.6 x 3.7 cm and prostatic weight is 18 gm. No evidence of any obvious focal lesion.

No free fluid or size significant lymphadenopathy is seen.



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### **Opinion:**

### Grade I fatty infiltration of liver.

### For clinical correlation and follow up.

Note: Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further / Follow-up imaging may be needed in some cases for confirmation / exclusion of diagnosis. Patient was explained in detail verbally about the USG findings, USG measurements and its limitations. In case of any typographical error in the report, patient is requested to immediately contact the center for rectification within 7 days post which the center will not be responsible for any rectification. Please interpret accordingly.

-----End of Report-----

DR.SUDHANSHU SAXENA Consultant Radiologist M.B.B.S DMRE (RadioDiagnosis) RegNo .MMC 2016061376.



Name : Mr SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Sex : 37 Years/Male

Ref. Dr :

**Reg. Location**: Borivali West

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**Reg. Date** : 20-Feb-2024

**Reported** : 20-Feb-2024/11:42



Name : Mr SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Sex : 37 Years/Male

Ref. Dr

Reg. Location : Borivali West



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Reg. Date : 20-Feb-2024

: 20-Feb-2024/13:12 Reported

## X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

## **IMPRESSION:**

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

-----End of Report-----

DR.SUDHANSHU SAXENA **Consultant Radiologist** M.B.B.S DMRE (RadioDiagnosis)

RegNo .MMC 2016061376.



Name : Mr SHARIQUE AKHTAR

Age / Sex : 37 Years/Male

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**Reg. Date** : 20-Feb-2024

**Reported** : 20-Feb-2024/13:12