GOVERNMENT OF INDIA मार्य सरकार

Chandrashekhar Harishchandra Patil स्टिम इंस्प्रेड स्टिडाफ इंस्प्रेड



BOAN WALE जन तारीख/DOB: 22/01/1961

2192 3426 9848

छक्ति स्थित, प्राथार झित

Dr. Rafat M. Parkar for house met

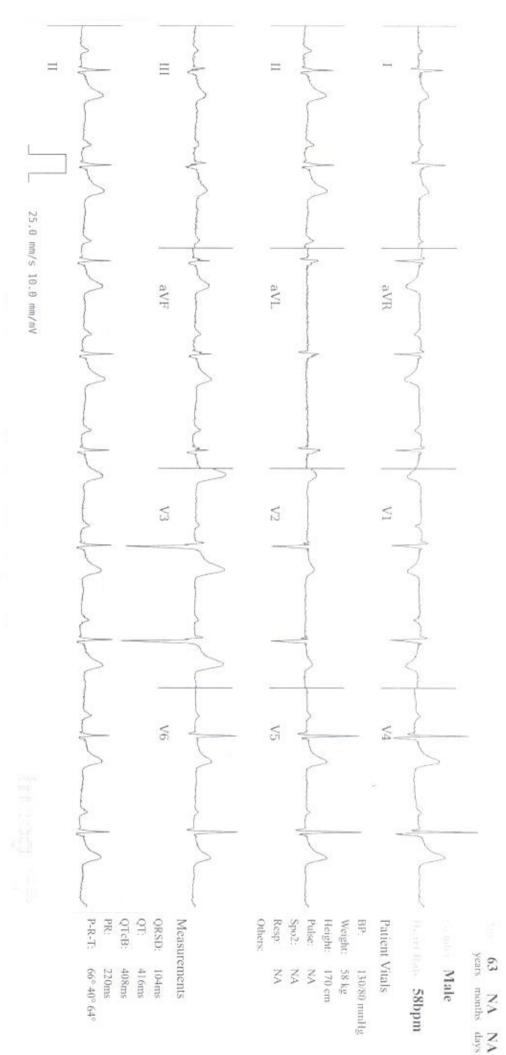
Tel.: 26484850 / 26484807 81, S.V. Rosd, Khar (W), Membai - 400 062. 6th Floor, Supte House, Suburban Diagnostics (I) Pvt. Ltd.

SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - KHAR WEST

Date and Time: 23rd Mar 24 9:58 AM

Patient Name: Patient ID:

2408321036 CHANDRASHEKHAR CHANDRASHEKHAR



Sinus Bradycardia First Degree AV Block Left Atrial Enlargement Lateral Infarct, probably evolved. Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Girish Agurwal MD Medicine 2002/02/478 REPORTED BY



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R

Date: 23/03/2024 CID: 2408321036 Name: No. Chandrashelchar Sex/Age: M163.

EYE CHECK UP

Chief complaints: N

Systemic Diseases: N

Past history:

Unaided Vision: $N \cdot V - N \cdot 10 \cdot (RS1)$ At $N \cdot 10$ Aided Vision: $N \cdot V - 6/60 \cdot (RS1) - R + 6/60$ Refraction: $N \cdot V - NS \cdot (RS1)$ - R + NS (Right Eye) (Right Eye)

	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn
Distance	_			6/12	•			6/20
Near	-			N5				NS

Colour Vision Normal DAbnormal

Remark:

Need correction for myopis

Regn. No. 072366



DENTAL CHECK - UP

Name:-Mt. Chandrashekhar CID 24 08 321036 / Age: M/63
Occupation:- Retired Patil Date: 23/03/2024 Occupation: Refired.

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Chief complaints:- N /

Medical / dental history:- ();

GENERAL EXAMINATION:

1) Extra Oral Examination:

a) TMJ:

b) Facial Symmetry

2) Intra Oral Examination:

a) Soft Tissue Examination: (A)

b) Hard Tissue Examination:

c) Calculus: Yell

Stains: 485

18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	21	22	23	24	25	26	. 27	28
2 miled	codo	uly	-										co	landes	entre
CATHES.	moto	_						-	almos	-	~	entro	rifed	consider	Abst

	Missing	#	Fractured
0	Filled/Restored	RCT	Root CanalTreatment
0	Cavity/Caries	RP	Root Piece

Advised: consult pendist in viewob contents
carried abnormal alignment

Provisional Diagnosis:-



Authenticity Check <<QRCode>>

CID : 2408321036

: Mr CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL Name

: 63 Years/Male Age / Sex

Use a OR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

: 23-Mar-2024 Reg. Date Ref. Dr

: 23-Mar-2024 / 13:35 Reported : Khar West Main Centre Reg. Location

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Fibrocalcific foci are noted in left upper zone.

Rest of the visualized lung fields appears clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size is within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

Minimal scoliosis of dorsal spine with convexity towards right.

Rest of the visualized bony thorax appears normal.

Suggest clinicopathological correaltion.

-----End of Report-----

Dr. Vishal Kumar Mulchandani

MD DMRE

REG No: 2006/03/1660 Consultant Radiologost



Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Mar-

Reg. Location : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported :



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: 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04 : 23-Mar-2024 / 13:55 R

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

	CBC (Comple	ete Blood Count), Blood	
<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
RBC PARAMETERS			
Haemoglobin	15.2	13.0-17.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	4.68	4.5-5.5 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	45.9	40-50 %	Calculated
MCV	98.2	81-101 fl	Measured
MCH	32.5	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	33.1	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	15.6	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
WBC PARAMETERS			
WBC Total Count	4840	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND	ABSOLUTE COUNTS		
Lymphocytes	41.9	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	2030	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	6.8	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	330	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	50.0	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	2410	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	1.1	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	50	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	0.2	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	10	20-100 /cmm	Calculated

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

PLATELET PARAMETERS

Platelet Count	262000	150000-410000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	7.7	6-11 fl	Measured
PDW	12.1	11-18 %	Calculated

RBC MORPHOLOGY

Immature Leukocytes

Hypochromia -Microcytosis -

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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04

Reg. Location : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported : 23-Mar-2024 / 13:22

Macrocytosis -

Anisocytosis -

Poikilocytosis -

Polychromasia -

Target Cells -

Basophilic Stippling -

Normoblasts -

Others Normocytic, Normochromic

WBC MORPHOLOGY -

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY -

COMMENT -

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 6 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- · The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

Reference:

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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Dr.ANUPA DIXIT
M.D.(PATH)
Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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CID : 2408321036

Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender :63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

Reg. Location

: Khar West (Main Centre)

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: 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04 :23-Mar-2024 / 13:12

Hexokinase

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO **BLOOD SUGAR REPORT**

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE PARAMETER RESULTS METHOD

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, 92.9 Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Fluoride Plasma Impaired Fasting Glucose:

100-125 mg/dl

Collected

Reported

Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl

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CID : 2408321036

Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender :63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location

Collected Reported : Khar West (Main Centre)



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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO **KIDNEY FUNCTION TESTS**

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
BLOOD UREA, Serum	31.1	19.29-49.28 mg/dl	Calculated
BUN, Serum	14.5	9.0-23.0 mg/dl	Urease with GLDH
CREATININE, Serum	0.77	0.73-1.18 mg/dl	Enzymatic

Note: Kindly note in change in reference range w.e.f. 07-09-2023

eGFR, Serum 101 Calculated (ml/min/1.73sqm)

Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89

Mild to moderate decrease: 45-

Moderate to severe decrease:30

Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure: <15

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

	•		
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.0	5.7-8.2 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.3	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.7	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.6	1 - 2	Calculated
URIC ACID, Serum	6.4	3.7-9.2 mg/dl	Uricase/ Peroxidase
PHOSPHORUS, Serum	3.5	2.4-5.1 mg/dl	Phosphomolybdate
CALCIUM, Serum	9.4	8.7-10.4 mg/dl	Arsenazo
SODIUM, Serum	140	136-145 mmol/l	IMT
POTASSIUM, Serum	4.3	3.5-5.1 mmol/l	IMT
CHLORIDE, Serum	106	98-107 mmol/l	IMT

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab *** End Of Report ***





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Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04

Reg. Location : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported : 23-Mar-2024 / 14:53

n : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 14:53

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER RESULTS BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

Glycosylated Hemoglobin 5.3 Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % HPLC (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 %

Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %

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Estimated Average Glucose 105.4 mg/dl Calculated (eAG), EDTA WB - CC

Intended use:

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- · In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

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: Khar West (Main Centre)

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Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 14:08

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA)

PARAMETER RESULTS BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

TOTAL PSA, Serum 5.031 <4.0 ng/ml CLIA

Kindly note change in platform w.e.f. 24-01-2024



Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04

Reg. Location : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 14:08

Clinical Significance:

- PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hyper-plastic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- Monitoring patients with a history of prostate cancer as an early indicator of recurrence and response to treatment.
- Prostate cancer screening 4.The percentage of Free PSA (FPSA) in serum is described as being significantly higher in patients with BPH
 than in patients with prostate cancer. 5.Calculation of % free PSA (ie. FPSA/TPSA x 100), has been suggested as way of improving the
 differentiation of BPH and Prostate cancer.

Interpretation:

Increased In- Prostate diseases, Cancer, Prostatitis, Benign prostatic hyperplasia, Prostatic ischemia, Acute urinary retention, Manipulations like Prostatic massage, Cystoscopy, Needle biopsy, Transurethral resection, Digital rectal examination, Radiation therapy, Indwelling catheter, Vigorous bicycle exercise, Drugs (e.g., testosterone), Physiologic fluctuations. Also found in small amounts in other cancers (sweat and salivary glands, breast, colon, lung, ovary) and in Skene glands of female urethra and in term placenta, Acute renal failure, Acute myocardial infarction,

Decreased In- Ejaculation within 24-48 hours, Castration, Antiandrogen drugs (e.g., finasteride), Radiation therapy, Prostatectomy, PSA falls 17% in 3 days after lying in hospital, Artifactual (e.g., improper specimen collection; very high PSA levels). Finasteride (5-α-reductase inhibitor) reduces PSA by 50% after 6 months in men without cancer.

Reflex Tests: % FREE PSA, USG Prostate

Limitations:

- tPSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be
 the cause of erroneous medical interpretations. If there is a change in the tPSA assay procedure used while monitoring therapy, then
 the tPSA values obtained upon changing over to the new procedure must be confirmed by parallelmeasurements with both methods.
 Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization,
 ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels.
- Patients who have been regularly exposed to animals or have received immunotherapy or diagnostic procedures utilizing
 immunoglobulins or immunoglobulin fragments may produce antibodies, e.g. HAMA, that interferes with immunoassays.
- PSA results should be interpreted in light of the total clinical presentation of the patient, including: symptoms, clinical history, data from additional tests, and other appropriate information.
- Serum PSA concentrations should not be interpreted as absolute evidence for the presence or absence of prostate cancer.

Note: The concentration of PSA in a given specimen, determined with assay from different manufacturers, may not be comparable due to differences in assay methods and reagent specificity.

Reference:

- Wallach's Interpretation of diagnostic tests
- · Total PSA Pack insert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : Reg. Location : Khar West (Main Centre)

: Khar West (Main Centre) Reported



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: 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04

: 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04 : 23-Mar-2024 / 15:54

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

PARAMETER RESULTS

ABO GROUP 0

Rh TYPING Positive

NOTE: Test performed by automated Erythrocytes magnetized technology (EMT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

Refernces:

- 1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
- 2. AABB technical manual

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. :-

Reg. Location: Khar West (Main Centre)



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Reported

: 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04 : 23-Mar-2024 / 14:53

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO LIPID PROFILE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	270.9	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	91.0	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	Enzymatic colorimetric
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	48.1	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Elimination/ Catalase
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	222.8	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	204.6	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	18.2	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	5.6	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	4.3	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab *** End Of Report ***



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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : -

Reg. Location: Khar West (Main Centre)



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Collected :23-Mar-2024 / 09:04

Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 14:32

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	4.6	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	CLIA
Free T4, Serum	14.8	11.5-22.7 pmol/L	CLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	1.887	0.55-4.78 microIU/ml	CLIA



Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04

Reg. Location : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 14:32

Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

- 1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors
- can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

Diurnal Variation:TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests: Anti thyroid Antibodies, USG Thyroid , TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

- 1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
- 2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3. Tietz , Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : -

Reg. Location: Khar West (Main Centre)



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: 23-Mar-2024 / 09:04 : 23-Mar-2024 / 14:53

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO LIVER FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.65	0.2-1.1 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.19	0-0.3 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.46	<1.1 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.0	5.7-8.2 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.3	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.7	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.6	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	18.8	<34 U/L	Modified IFCC
SGPT (ALT), Serum	13.7	10-49 U/L	Modified IFCC
GAMMA GT, Serum	22.9	<73 U/L	Modified IFCC
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	52.1	46-116 U/L	Modified IFCC

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
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R E P O R T

CID# : 2408321036

Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years/Male

Consulting Dr. : Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 09:00

Reg.Location : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported : 26-Mar-2024 / 11:24

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

History and Complaints:Nil

EXAMINATION FINDINGS:

Height (cms):170 cmsWeight (kg):58 kgTemp (0c):AfeberileSkin:NormalBlood Pressure (mm/hg):130/80 mmHgNails:Normal

Pulse: 58/ min Lymph Node: Not Palpable

Systems

Cardiovascular: S1S2 Audible, No Murmurs

Respiratory: Lungs Clear, AEBE

Genitourinary: Normal
GI System: Normal
CNS: Normal

IMPRESSION: X-RAY CHEST - FIBROCALCIFIC FOCI ARE NOTED IN LEFT UPPER ZONE, MINIMAL SCOLIOSIS OF DORSAL SPINE WITH CONVEXITY TOWARDS RT, ECG - BRADYCARDIA, FIRST DEGREE AV BLOCK LT ATRIAL ENLARGEMENT, LEFT INFARCT, PSA - 5.031, CHOLESTEROL - 270.9, NHDLC - 222.8, LDLC - 204.6, CHOL/HDLC - 5.6, LDLC/HDLC - 4.3, URINE ROUTINE, STOOL ROUTINE, USG ABD, 2D ECHO PENDING, ALL OTHER ATTACHED REPORTS ARE WNL.

ADVICE: CONSULT MD. PHYSICIAN IN VIEW OF ABOVE FINDINGS.

CHIEF COMPLAINTS:

1) Hypertension: No2) IHD No

CENTRAL PROCESSING LAB: 2nd Floor, Aston, Sundervan Complex, Above Mercedes Showroom, Andheri West - 400053

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Name : MR.CHANDRASHEKHAR PATIL

Age / Gender : 63 Years/Male

Consulting Dr. : Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 09:00

Reg.Location : Khar West (Main Centre) Reported : 26-Mar-2024 / 11:24

3) Arrhythmia	No
4) Diabetes Mellitus	No
5) Tuberculosis	No
6) Asthama	No
7) Pulmonary Disease	No
8) Thyroid/ Endocrine disorders	No
9) Nervous disorders	No
10) GI system	No
11) Genital urinary disorder	No
12) Rheumatic joint diseases or sympto	ms No
13) Blood disease or disorder	No
14) Cancer/lump growth/cyst	No
15) Congenital disease	No
16) Surgeries	No
17) Musculoskeletal System	No

PERSONAL HISTORY:

1) Alcohol Once A Week Whisky x 10-12 Yrs

2) Smoking No3) Diet Mixed4) Medication No

*** End Of Report ***

Dr.RAFAT PARKAR
MBBS
CONSULTANT PHYSICIAN

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