mh013282196

36 Years

mrs maninder kaur

Female

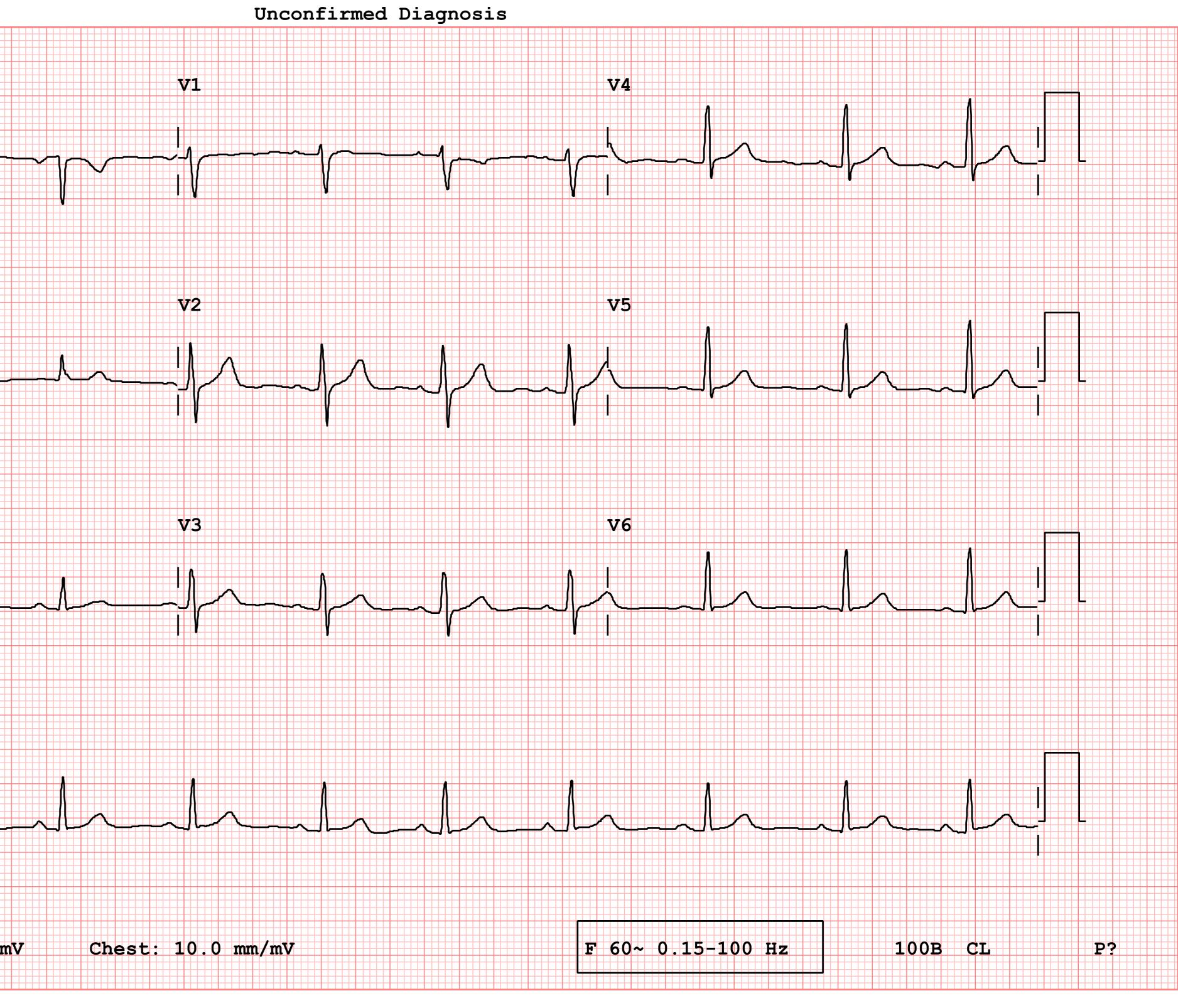
Rate 77				
R 155	. ADNO	rmal R-wave	progression,	early transi
QRSD 82				
- QT 332				
QTc 376				
AXIS				
2 49				
2RS 21				- C
r 25 L2 Lead; Star	dard Dla	acmont		
			aVR	
\sim				
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			aVF	
		\sim		
Device:		Speed: 25 m		Limb: 10 mm/m

4/11/2024 9:10:24 AM

HCMCT

```
.....V-rate 61- 85, variation>10%
ition.....QRS area>0 in V2
```

OTHERWISE NORMAL ECG -



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	31240400540
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:15
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD: 11 Apr 2024 09:56	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 11:52

Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)

O Rh(D) Positive

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)Cell Panel INEGATIVECell Panel IINEGATIVECell Panel IIINEGATIVEAutocontrolNEGATIVE

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

Technical Note: ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell,Duffy,Kidd, Lewis, P,MNS,Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr Himanshu Lamba

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	32240405742
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:15
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 09:37	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 10:49

BIOCHEMISTRY

		Specimen: EDTA Whole blood
HbAlc (Glycosylated Hemoglobin)	6.0	As per American Diabetes Association (ADA) 2010 % [4.0-6.5] HbAlc in % Non diabetic adults : < 5.7 % Prediabetes (At Risk) : 5.7 % - 6.4 % Diabetic Range : > 6.5 %
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	126	mg/dl

Use :

1.Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes. 2.Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).

3. Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

Limitations :

A1C values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
 False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
 False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References : Rao.L.V., Michael snyder.L. (2021).Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai, Andrea Rita Horvath, Carl T.wittwer. (2018) Teitz Text book

of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics.First edition,Elsevier,South Asia.

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name Registration No Patient Episode Referred By Receiving Date	 MRS MANINDER KAUR MH013282196 H03000062265 HEALTH CHECK MHD 11 Apr 2024 09:32 		L: Ce	ge : 36 Yr(s) Sex :Female ab No : 32240405742 ollection Date : 11 Apr 2024 09:15 eporting Date : 11 Apr 2024 11:09
		BIOCHEMI	STRY	
Lipid Profile (S	erum)			
TOTAL CHOLESTERO	L (CHOD/POD)	176	mg/dl	[<200] Moderate risk:200-239 High risk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES (G	PO/POD)	191 #	mg/dl	[<150] Borderline high:151-199 High: 200 - 499 Very high:>500
HDL - CHOLESTERO Methodology: Hom VLDL - Cholester	ogenous Enzymatic	38 38	mg/dl mg/dl	[30-60]
Allo Cuorester	(CALCULATED) LDL- CHOLE		100 #mg/dl	[<100]
T.Chol/HDL.Chol LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHO		4.6 2.6		Near/Above optimal-100-129 Borderline High:130-159 High Risk:160-189 <4.0 Optimal 4.0-5.0 Borderline >6 High Risk <3 Optimal 3-4 Borderline >6 High Risk

Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Technical Notes: Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	32240405742
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:15
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 09:32	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 11:09

BIOCHEMISTRY

diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of pancreatitis and other diseases.

-----END OF REPORT------

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Neelan Singert.

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	39240400157
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 14:07
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD: 11 Apr 2024 16:56	Reporting Date :	14 Apr 2024 10:19

CYTOPATHOLOGY

CYTOLOGY NUMBER: C-1333/24

SPECIMEN TYPE: Conventional pap smear

SMEAR SITE: Ectocervix and Endocervix

CLINICAL HISTORY: LMP: 18/03/2024 G2A0L2 4 yrs old baby, previous NVD P/V: Cervix unhealthy, touch to bleed, thick discharge present.

REPORTING SYSTEM: Bethesda System for reporting Cervical Cytology

SPECIMEN ADEQUACY: Adequate

MICROSCOPY: Smears show superficial and intermediate squamous epithelial cells with fair number of polymorphs. No trichomonas / fungal element identified

IMPRESSION: Negative for Intraepithelial lesion and Malignancy
- Severe Inflammatory smear.

Disclaimer: Gynecological Cytology is a screening test that aids in the detection of cervical cancer precursors. Both false Positive & Negative results can occur. The

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	39240400157
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 14:07
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD: 11 Apr 2024 16:56	Reporting Date :	14 Apr 2024 10:19

CYTOPATHOLOGY

test should be used at regular intervals & positive results should be confirmed before definitive therapy.

-----END OF REPORT------

Page6 of 6

Dr. Priyanka Bhatia CONSULTANT PATHOLOGY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	32240405742
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:15
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 09:32	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 11:09

BIOCHEMISTRY

THYROID PROFILE, Serum Specimen Type : Serum T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA) 1.230 ng/ml [0.800-2.040] T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA) 8.660 µg/dl [5.500-11.000] Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA) 2.210 µU/mL [0.340-4.250]

1st Trimester	:0.6 -	3.4	micIU/mL
2nd Trimester	::0.37 -	3.6	micIU/mL
3rd Trimester	:0.38 -	4.04	micIU/mL

Note : TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations,Ca or Fe supplements,high fibre diet,stress and illness affect TSH results.

* References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association

1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct;21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128

2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	32240405742
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:15
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 09:32	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 11:09

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion)	0.37	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization)	0.14	mg/dl	[0.00-0.30]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)	0.23	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P)	12	U/L	[10-35]
SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)	19	U/L	[0-33]
ALP (p-NPP, kinetic) *	106 #	U/L	[37-98]
TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)	6.9 #	g/dl	[7.0-9.0]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.3	g/dl	[3.5-5.2]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	2.6	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)	1.65		[1.10-1.80]

Technical Notes: Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.



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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	32240405742
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:15
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 09:32	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 11:09

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit I	Biological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	9.00	mg/dl	[6.00-20.00]
SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method)	0.56 #	mg/dl	[0.60-1.40]
SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)	4.4	mg/dl	[2.6-6.0]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.20	mg/dl	[8.00-10.50]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	3.9	mg/dl	[2.5-4.5]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	136.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	5.27 #	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)	103.5	mmol/L	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	120.3	ml/min/1.73s	q.m [>60.0]
Technical Note			

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

-----END OF REPORT------

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Neefane Suc

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	32240405743
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 13:49
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 14:28	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 16:17

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen Type : Plasma PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) 139 mg/dl [70-140]

Note : Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying, brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Plasma

GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase)

103 mg/dl [74-106]

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-----END OF REPORT------

Neelan Luga

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	33240403527
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:16
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 09:38	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 10:52

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name	Result	Unit Bi	ological Ref. Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)			
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	10480 #	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.48	million/cu.mm	[3.80-4.80]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	12.0	g/dL	[12.0-15.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	37.5	00	[36.0-46.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	83.7	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	26.8	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	32.0	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	455000 #	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	13.2	00	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	62.1	00	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	31.7	90	[20.0-40.0]



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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	33240403527
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:16
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 09:38	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:54

HAEMATOLOGY

Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	4.3	9		[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	1.7	90		[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.2 #	8		[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.20	90		
Neutrophil Absolute(Flouroscence f	low cytometry)	6.5	/cu mm	[2.0-7.0]x10 ³
Lymphocyte Absolute(Flouroscence f	low cytometry)	3.3 #	/cu mm	[1.0-3.0]x10 ³
Monocyte Absolute(Flouroscence flo	w cytometry)	0.5	/cu mm	[0.2-1.2]x10 ³
Eosinophil Absolute(Flouroscence f	low cytometry)	0.2	/cu mm	[0.0-0.5]x10 ³
Basophil Absolute(Flouroscence flo	w cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	[0.0-0.1]x10 ³

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

-----END OF REPORT------

Dr. Priyanka Bhatia CONSULTANT PATHOLOGY

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	38240401197
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:16
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 10:36	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 13:19

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS		
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION		
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)
Appearance (Visual)	SLIGHTLY TURBID	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION		
Reaction[pH]	5.0	(5.0-9.0)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Specific Gravity	1.020	(1.003-1.035)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Met)	nod)/Manual SSA)	
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Bened	dict Method))	
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test),	/Manual Rotheras)	
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt	reaction	
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Griess test		
Leukocytes	+	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Action of Ester	rase	
BLOOD	PRESENT TRACE	NEGATIVE
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual) Me	ethod: Light microscopy on	centrifuged urine
WBC/Pus Cells	6-8 /hpf	(4-6)
Red Blood Cells	OCCASIONAL /hpf	(1-2)
Epithelial Cells	8-10 /hpf	(2-4)
Casts	NIL	(NIL)
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)
Bacteria	NIL	
Yeast cells	NIL	
Interpretation:		

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MRS MANINDER KAUR	Age :	36 Yr(s) Sex :Female
Registration No	: MH013282196	Lab No :	38240401197
Patient Episode	: H03000062265	Collection Date :	11 Apr 2024 09:16
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 11 Apr 2024 10:36	Reporting Date :	11 Apr 2024 13:19

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise. Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus. Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis,

bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in case of hemolytic anemia.

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-----END OF REPORT------

Dr. Privanka Bhatia CONSULTANT PATHOLOGY





Name: MANINDER KAUR	Hospital No:	MH013282196
Age: 36Yrs Sex: F	Episode No:	H03000062265
Doctor: Health Check MHD	Result Date:	12 Apr 2024 11:50
Order: Tread Mill Test		

EXERCISE STRESS TEST REPORT (TMT)

Findings:	
Baseline ECG	NSR
Premedications	Nil

ProtocolBruceDuration of exercise06 Minutes 31 sReason for terminationTHR achievedPeak achieved169			MPHR 85% OF MPHR METS %of MPHR achieved	184 156 8.50 89%	
Stage	Time	Heart rate (bpm)	BP (mmHg)	ECG(ST/T changes/ arrhythmia)	Symptoms
Control	0.00	74	130/80	No ST-T changes	Nil
Stage I	3.00	141	140/80	No ST-T changes	Nil
Stage II	3.00	157	140/80	No ST-T changes	Nil
Stage III	0.31	169	150/80	No ST-T changes	Nil
Recovery	3.30	99	140/80	No ST-T changes	Nil

Result:

- Normal heart rate and BP response.
- No significant ST-T changes were seen during exercise or recovery period.
- No symptomatic of angina/ chest pain during the test
- No significant arrhythmia during the test

FINAL IMPRESSION.

- Exercise stress test is **Negative** for reversible myocardial lschemia.
- Good effort tolerance.

Please correlate clinically

Name: MANINDER KAUR

Age: 36Yrs Sex: F Doctor: Health Check MHD Order: Tread Mill Test Hospital No: Episode No: Result Date:

MH013282196 H03000062265 12 Apr 2024 11:50

DR. AMIT GUPTA MBBS, MD (MED), DNB CARDIOLOGY CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST

Dr. Amit Gupta CONSULTANT MBBS,MD (Internal Medicine),DNB (Interventional Cardiology)

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Maninder KAUR	STUDY DATE	11/04/2024 10:49AM
AGE / SEX	36 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH013282196
ACCESSION NO.	R7216681	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	11/04/2024 2:34PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Results:

Liver is enlarged in size (~17.3 cm) and shows grade I/II fatty changes. No focal intrahepatic lesion is detected. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness. Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Central sinus echoes are compact. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Uterus is anteverted. It is normal in size ($6.9 \times 4.5 \times 4.1 \text{ cm}$). Myometrial echogenicity appears uniform. Endometrium is central~11.5 mm.

Both ovaries are normal in size and echopattern.

Right ovary measures~3.3 x 1.3 cm

Left ovary measures~2.0 x 1.2 cm.

No significant free fluid is detected.

IMPRESSION: Hepatomegaly with grade I/II fatty liver.

Kindly correlate clinically.



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Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Maninder KAUR	STUDY DATE	11/04/2024 10:49AM
AGE / SEX	36 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH013282196
ACCESSION NO.	R7216681	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	11/04/2024 2:34PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

Dr. Roly Srivastava MBBS, DNB DMC No.45626 **CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST**

******End Of Report*****











H-2019-0640/09/06/2019-08/06/2022 MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021

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