Patient Name UHID	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL 40012977			ab No Collection Date	4030852 13/04/2024 12:3	9PM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Male		R	Receiving Date	13/04/2024 12:4	4PM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD		R	Report Date	13/04/2024 5:41	.PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT		F	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	9462621161					
			BIOCHEMISTRY	,		
Test Name		Result	Unit	Biologi	cal Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FA	ASTING)					Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FA	ASTING)	108	mg/dl	71 - 109		
Method: Hexokinase Interpretation:-Di various diseases.	e assay. agnosis and monitoring of	treatment in c	diabetes mellitus a	and evaluation of ca	arbohydrate metabol	ism in
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PI	P)					Sample: PLASMA
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PF	?)	168	mg/dl		ic: - < 140 mg/dl c: - 140-199 mg/dl 200 mg/dl	
Method: Hexokinase	assav					

Method: Hexokinase assay. Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
ТЗ	1.490	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	8.97	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	2.06	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

AldrinayVerna

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL 40012977
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	31 Yrs/Male O-OPD
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT
Mobile No.	9462621161

Lab No Collection Date Receiving Date Report Date Report Status 4030852 13/04/2024 12:39PM 13/04/2024 12:44PM 13/04/2024 5:41PM Final

### BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

#### LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	1.34 H	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.91	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.43 H	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30
SGOT	32.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	42.4 H	U/L	0.0 - 41.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.8	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.9	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.9		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	127	U/L	40 - 129
A/G RATIO	1.7	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	68.0 H	U/L	10.0 - 60.0

#### **RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL**

AldrinaryVerna

#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL	Lab No	4030852
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#### BIOCHEMISTRY

**BILIRUBIN TOTAL** :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

**BILIRUBIN DIRECT** :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

**SGPT - ALT** :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status. ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	201		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	45.7		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	141.2		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	33	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	163		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	4	%	

#### **RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL**

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#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL 40012977	Lab No Collection Date	4030852 13/04/2024 12:39PM
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Mobile No.	9462621161		

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL

TRIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. **Interpretation:-**High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas. DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction. **CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO** :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

UREA	16.80	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	8	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.71	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.20
SODIUM	140	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.61	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	104.6	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	6.3	mg/dl	3.4 - 7.0
CALCIUM	9.82	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation,drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption.

**POTASSIUM** :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are

usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

Sample: Serum

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL 40012977			Lab No Collection Date	4030852 13/04/2024 12:39PM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Male			<b>Receiving Date</b>	13/04/2024 12:44PM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD			Report Date	13/04/2024 5:41PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT			Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9462621161				
			BIOCHEMIS	TRY	
HBA1C		5.0	%	< 5.7%	Nondiabetic
				5.7-6.4% > 6.4%	Pre-diabetic Indicate Diabetes
				> 0.4%	indicate Diabetes
				Known Dia	abetic Patients
				< 7 %	Excellent Control
				7 - 8 %	Good Control
				> 8 %	Poor Control

**Method** : - Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA), **Interpretation:-**Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

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Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	13/04/2024 12:44PM
<b>IP/OP</b> Location	O-OPD	Report Date	13/04/2024 5:41PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9462621161		

### **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"B" Rh Positive		

**BLOOD GROUPING** 

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

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### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
<u>URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)</u> URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Complex Heire
			NEGATIVE	Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

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Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	13/04/2024 12:44PM	
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### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

BACTERIA	NIL	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton release from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9462621161		

### HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	15.6	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	48.1	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	80.8 L	fl	82 - 92	
МСН	26.2 L	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	32.4	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	5.95 H	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	7.57	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	57.6	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	33.7	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	1.5	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.9 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	6.3	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	2.93	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS Hemoglobin Methodology by Cell Counter. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

**RBC COUNT** :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detector block based on Flowsytometry. Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

**NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry** 

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing method. Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

05

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

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#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL	Lab No	4030852
UHID	40012977	Collection Date	13/04/2024 12:39PM
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Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL** 

# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40012977 (11607)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4030852/
Patient Name :	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL	Age/Gender :	31 Y/M
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	13/04/2024 11:48AM/ OPSCR24- 25/1304	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	13/04/2024 1:05PM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

### ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver:	Normal in size <b>&amp; shows increased parenchymal echotexture</b> . No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated.
	Portal vein is normal.
Gall Bladder:	Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.
Pancreas:	Normal in size & echotexture.
Spleen:	Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.
Right Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive calculus noted.
Left Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive calculus noted.
Urinary Bladder:	Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall thickness is normal.
Prostate:	Is normal in size and echotexture.
Others:	No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.
IMPRESSION: USG	findings are suggestive of

• Grade-I fatty liver.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

TEN

DR. APOORVA JETWANI Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology MBBS, DMRD, DNB Reg. No. 26466, 16307

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40012977 (11607)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4030852/
Patient Name :	Mr. MOHIT AGRAWAL	Age/Gender :	31 Y/M
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	13/04/2024 11:48AM/ OPSCR24- 25/1304	Scan Date :	
<b>Report Date :</b>	13/04/2024 2:13PM	Company Name:	Final

### **REFERRAL REASON: ROUTINE CHECK-UP**

### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

### **M MODE DIMENSIONS:** -

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	10.4	6-12mm		LVIDS	27.6	20-40mm		
LVIDD	42.2		32-	57mm		LVPWS	16.8	mm
LVPWD	10.9		6-1	l2mm		AO	36.3	19-37mm
IVSS	16.8		]	nm		LA	36.3	19-40mm
LVEF	62-64		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLEF	R MEA	ASUREN	IENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	:	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY		VELOC	CITY (m	/s)	GRADIENT		REGURGITATION
					(mml	H <u>g)</u>		
MITRAL	NORMAL	Ε	0.97	e'	-	-		NIL
VALVE		Α	0.60	E/e'	-			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E 0.54		-		NIL		
VALVE								
		A 0.40						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.16		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.94				NIL		
VALVE						-		

#### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 62-64%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

# IMPRESSION: - IRREGULAR HEART RATE DURING STUDY, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR SUPRIY JAIN	DR MEGHRAJ MEENA	DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT	MBBS, CTCCM, SONOLOGIST FICC	MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY	CONSULTANT PREV. CARDIOLOGY & INCHARGE	EMERGENCY, PREV. CARDIOLOGY(NIC) & WELLNESS
	CCU	CENTER