



CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493



Patient Name : Mr.ADIWASI BANWARI LAL Registered On : 24/Aug/2024 11:16:04 Age/Gender : 40 Y 11 M 29 D /M Collected : 24/Aug/2024 11:28:53 UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000147235 Received : 24/Aug/2024 12:18:39 Visit ID : ALDP0183082425 Reported : 24/Aug/2024 15:00:28

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

CARE LTD -

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

	Daniel			N/ a the a al
Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing), Blood	d			
Blood Group	0			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh (Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC), Whole B	lood			
Haemoglobin	13.80	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	
TLC (WBC) DLC	9,400.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	64.00	%	40-80	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Lymphocytes	30.00	%	20-40	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Monocytes	4.00	%	2-10	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Eosinophils	2.00	%	1-6	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	< 1-2	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Observed	6.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8 Pregnancy	











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DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95 if anaemic)	
Corrected	-	Mm for 1st hr.	< 9	
PCV (HCT) Platelet count	42.00	%	40-54	
Platelet Count	2.28	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	15.80	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)		%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.28	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume) RBC Count	12.20	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)	5.96	Mill./cu mm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MCV	71.80	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	23.20	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	32.30	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	13.30	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	35.50	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	6,016.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	188.00	/cu mm	40-440	

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









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: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Ref Doctor Status : Final Report CARE LTD -

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	nit Bio. Ref. Int	erval Meth	od
GLUCOSE FASTING , Plasma					
Glucose Fasting	83.30	mg/dl	< 100 Normal 100-125 Pre-diabete ≥ 126 Diabetes	GOD POD	

Interpretation:

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	6.60	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	48.60	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	143	mg/dl	

Interpretation:

NOTE:-

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level









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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

Clinical Implications:

- *Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- *With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.
- *A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy
- c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity
- *Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss
- *Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:
- *Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen)

10.28

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

CALCULATED

Interpretation:

Sample:Serum

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:

Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.

Creatinine *Sample:Serum*

1.05

mg/dl

0.7-1.30

MODIFIED JAFFES

Interpretation:

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay

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^{*}High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

^{**}Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.





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MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

U/L

U/L

< 40

150-199 Borderline High

200-499 High

could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

Uric Acid 6.06 mg/dl 3.4-7.0 **URICASE**

40.70

42.20

Sample:Serum

Interpretation:

Note:-

Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

Lŀ	ı (vvi	IH GAN	VIIVIA G	Ι),	Serum
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SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)

SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)

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Gamma GT (GGT)	36.10	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
Protein	6.84	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
Albumin	4.17	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
Globulin	2.67	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
A:G Ratio	1.56		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	172.00	U/L	42.0-165.0	PNP/AMP KINETIC
Bilirubin (Total)	0.54	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.18	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.36	mg/dl	< 0.8	Jendrassik & Grof
LIPID PROFILE (MINI) , Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	188.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline H	CHOD-PAP High
			> 240 High	
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	62.00	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	109	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr.	CALCULATED
			Optimal/Above Opti 130-159 Borderline F	
			160-189 High	ng.
			> 190 Very High	
VLDL	17.00	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	85.00	mg/dl	< 150 Normal	GPO-PAP







IFCC WITHOUT P5P

IFCC WITHOUT P5P





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Status

: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

>500 Very High



Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)











Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj

Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493



Patient Name : Mr.ADIWASI BANWARI LAL Registered On : 24/Aug/2024 11:16:05 Age/Gender Collected : 24/Aug/2024 15:27:43 : 40 Y 11 M 29 D /M UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000147235 Received : 24/Aug/2024 19:13:38 Visit ID : ALDP0183082425 Reported : 24/Aug/2024 19:27:57

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

CARE LTD -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE, Ur	ine			
Color	LIGHT YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.010			
Reaction PH	Acidic (5.0)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent	DIPSTICK
			10-40 (+)	
			40-200 (++)	
			200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++)	
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+)	DIPSTICK
Sugai	ADJENT	y111370	0.5-1.0 (++)	DIFSTICK
			1-2 (+++)	
			> 2 (++++)	
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	0.1-3.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial cells	1-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC
				EXAMINATION
Pus cells	1-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
01	ADCENT			EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			MICDOCCODIC
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			LAAMINATION
Urine Microscopy is done on centrifuged	urine seaiment.			
CLICAR FACTING CTACE				
SUGAR, FASTING STAGE , Urine				
Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%		



Customer Care No.: +91-9918300637 E-mail: customercare.diagnostic@chandan.co.in Web.: www.chandan.co.in







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: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

Interpretation:

(+) < 0.5

(++) 0.5-1.0

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2



Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)

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CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE



Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261

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Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), Total Sample:Serum	0.52	ng/mL	<4.1	CLIA

Interpretation:

- 1. PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hypertrophic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- 2. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with benign prostatic hypertrophy. However, studies suggest that the measurement of PSA in conjunction with digital rectal examination (DRE) and ultrasound provide a better method of detecting prostate cancer than DRE alone:
- 3. PSA levels increase in men with cancer of the prostate, and after radical prostatectomy PSA levels routinely fall to the undetectable range.
- 4. If prostatic tissue remains after surgery or metastasis has occurred, PSA appears to be useful in detecting residual and early recurrence of tumor.
- 5. Therefore, serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy, and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy, and in the monitoring of the effectiveness of therapy.

THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL, Serum

T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	155.00	ng/dl	84.61-201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	6.00	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	1.480	μIU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA

Interpretation:

0.3 - 4.5	μIU/mL	First Trimes	ter	
0.5-4.6	$\mu IU/mL$	Second Trimester		
0.8 - 5.2	$\mu IU/mL$	Third Trimester		
0.5 - 8.9	$\mu IU/mL$	Adults	55-87 Years	
0.7 - 27	$\mu IU/mL$	Premature	28-36 Week	
2.3-13.2	$\mu IU/mL$	Cord Blood	> 37Week	
0.7-64	μIU/mL	Child(21 wk	- 20 Yrs.)	
1-39	$\mu IU/mL$	Child	0-4 Days	
1.7-9.1	$\mu IU/mL$	Child	2-20 Week	

1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.









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DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- **4)** Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- 5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- **6**) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- 8) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

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Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493



Patient Name : Mr.ADIWASI BANWARI LAL

: 40 Y 11 M 29 D /M

Collected

: 24/Aug/2024 11:16:06 : 2024-08-24 11:28:44

Age/Gender UHID/MR NO

: ALDP.0000147235 : ALDP0183082425

Received : 2024-08-24 11:28:44

Visit ID

: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH

Reported

Registered On

: 24/Aug/2024 15:38:44

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIN

Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA **

- Soft tissue and bony cage are normal.
- Trachea is midline.
- Both CP angles are normal.
- Both domes of diaphragm are normal.
- No obvious active lung lesion seen.
- Both hilar shadows are normal.
- Bronchovascular markings are normal.
- Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

IMPRESSION:-

v. No significant abnormality detected.

(Please correlate clinically)



Dr. Rohit Bawal (MD Radiodiagnostic RMC :42253/22595)



Home Sample Collection 1800-419-0002





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Patient Name : Mr.ADIWASI BANWARI LAL Registered On : 24/Aug/2024 11:16:06 : 2024-08-24 15:12:15 Age/Gender : 40 Y 11 M 29 D /M Collected UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000147235 Received : 2024-08-24 15:12:15 Visit ID : ALDP0183082425 Reported : 24/Aug/2024 15:14:52

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DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)

LIVER: - Normal in size (14.8 cm), shape and **shows diffusely raised echotexture**. No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation is seen.

GALL BLADDER: Well distended. Normal wall thickness is seen. No evidence of calculus/focal mass lesion/pericholecystic fluid is seen.

CBD:- Normal in calibre at porta.

PORTAL VEIN: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

PANCREAS: - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification is seen. Rest of the pancreas is obscured by bowel gases.

SPLEEN: - Normal in size (7.6 cm), shape and echogenicity. No evidence of mass lesion is seen.

RIGHT KIDNEY: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

LEFT KIDNEY: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. **A non opstructive calculus is seen in the left kidney measuring** ~ **5.5 mm in upper pole.** Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER: Is adequately distended. No evidence of wall thickening/calculus is seen.

PROSTATE: Normal in size (2.8 x 2.9 x 3.4 cm vol - 14.8 cc), shape and echo pattern.

HIGH RESOLUTION:- No evidence of bowel loop dilatation or abnormal wall thickening is seen. No significant retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy is seen. No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

IMPRESSION:

- Grade I fatty liver.
- Left non obstructive renal calculus.

Please correlate clinically



*** End Of Report ***

(**) Test Performed at CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE, Praya



EXAMINATION, GLUCOSE PP, SUGAR, PP STAGE, ECG / EKG, Tread Mill Te Dr. Aishwarya Neha (MD Radiodiagnosis

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days.

Facilities: Pathology, Bedside Sample Collection, Health Check-ups, Digital X-Ray, ECG (Bedside also), Allergy Testing, Test And Health Check-ups, Ultrasonography, Sonomammography, Bone Mineral Density (BMD), Doppler Studies, 2D Echo, CT Scan, MRI, Blood Bank, TMT, EEG, PFT, OPG, Endoscopy, Digital Mammography, Electromyography (EMG), Nerve Condition Velocity (NCV), Audiometry, Brainstem Evoked Response Audiometry (BERA), Colonoscopy, Ambulance Services, Online Booking Facilities for Diagnostics, Online Report Viewing *

*Facilities Available at Select Location

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