



CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493



Patient Name : Mr.SINGH VASUDEV Registered On : 24/Aug/2024 11:43:33 Age/Gender Collected : 24/Aug/2024 11:49:22 : 35 Y O M 15 D /M UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000147239 Received : 24/Aug/2024 12:18:39 Visit ID Reported : 24/Aug/2024 15:00:34 : ALDP0183132425

: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Ref Doctor Status : Final Report

CARE LTD -

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing), Blood	d			
Blood Group	0			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh (Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC), Whole B	lood			
Haemoglobin	14.80	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	
TLC (WBC) <u>DLC</u>	5,800.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	59.00	%	40-80	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Lymphocytes	34.00	%	20-40	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Monocytes	4.00	%	2-10	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Eosinophils	3.00	%	1-6	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	<1-2	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Observed	6.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8 Pregnancy	











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DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95 if anaemic)	
Corrected	-	Mm for 1st hr.	< 9	
PCV (HCT)	43.00	%	40-54	
Platelet count		,		
Platelet Count	1.50	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC
				IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	16.60	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)		%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.18	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	14.50	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count				
RBC Count	4.55	Mill./cu mm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	96.20	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	32.60	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	33.90	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	13.20	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	48.90	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,422.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	174.00	/cu mm	40-440	

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Uı	nit Bio. Ref. Inte	rval Method	
GLUCOSE FASTING , Plasma					
Glucose Fasting	80.90	mg/dl	< 100 Normal 100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes	GOD POD	

Interpretation:

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.30	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	34.90	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	107	mg/dl	

Interpretation:

NOTE:-

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level









UHID/MR NO

Visit ID

Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

Clinical Implications:

- *Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- *With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.
- *A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following nondiabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy
- c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity
- *Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss
- *Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:
- *Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen) Sample:Serum

10 18

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

CALCULATED

Interpretation:

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:

Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.

Creatinine Sample:Serum 0.91

mg/dl

0.7 - 1.30

MODIFIED JAFFES

Interpretation:

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay

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^{*}High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

^{**}Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.





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could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

Uric Acid 6.22 mg/dl 3.4-7.0 **URICASE**

Sample:Serum

Interpretation:

Note:-

Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

LFT (WITH GAMMA GT) , Serun

e (AST) 32.00	U/L	< 35	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
(ALT) 38.90	U/L	< 40	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
94.70	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
6.60	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
4.46	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
2.14	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
2.08		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED
86.00	U/L	42.0-165.0	PNP/AMP KINETIC
0.91	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
0.30	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
0.61	mg/dl	< 0.8	JENDRASSIK & GROF
220.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable	CHOD-PAP
	38.90 94.70 6.60 4.46 2.14 2.08 86.00 0.91 0.30 0.61	38.90 U/L 94.70 IU/L 6.60 gm/dl 4.46 gm/dl 2.14 gm/dl 2.08 86.00 U/L 0.91 mg/dl 0.30 mg/dl 0.61 mg/dl	ALT) 38.90 U/L < 40 94.70 IU/L 11-50 6.60 gm/dl 6.2-8.0 4.46 gm/dl 3.4-5.4 2.14 gm/dl 1.8-3.6 2.08 1.1-2.0 86.00 U/L 42.0-165.0 0.91 mg/dl 0.3-1.2 0.30 mg/dl < 0.30 0.61 mg/dl < 0.8

L

			200-239 Borderline	High
			> 240 High	
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	70.00	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	109	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr.	CALCULATED

Optimal/Above Optimal 130-159 Borderline High

160-189 High > 190 Very High

VLDL 41.30 mg/dl 10-33 **CALCULATED** 206.50 mg/dl < 150 Normal GPO-PAP Triglycerides

150-199 Borderline High

200-499 High









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>500 Very High

Result Rechecked



Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)











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: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Ref Doctor Status : Final Report CARE LTD -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
$ \ \textbf{URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE} \textit{, Urine} $				
Color	PALE YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.030			
Reaction PH	Acidic (5.0)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	′ mg %	< 10 Absent	DIPSTICK
			10-40 (+)	
			40-200 (++)	
			200-500 (+++)	
			> 500 (++++)	
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+)	DIPSTICK
			0.5-1.0 (++)	
			1-2 (+++) > 2 (++++)	
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	0.1-3.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT	mg/ui	0.1-3.0	DIOCHLIVIISTKT
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			DIFSTICK
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:	ADSLINI			DIFSTICK
•	1 0 // £			MICDOCCODIO
Epithelial cells	1-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Pus cells	0-1/h.p.f			EXAMINATION
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
RDCS	ADSEIVI			EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			L/WWWWWYTTON
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
or ystais	ADJENT			EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			270 110111011
Urine Microscopy is done on centrifuged uri	ne sediment.			
SUGAR, FASTING STAGE, Urine				
Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%		
		-		



Home Sample Collection 1800-419-0002





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: 35 Y O M 15 D /M

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: 24/Aug/2024 15:23:03 : 24/Aug/2024 15:41:44

UHID/MR NO Visit ID

: ALDP.0000147239 : ALDP0183132425

CARE LTD -

Received Reported

: 24/Aug/2024 17:02:40

Ref Doctor

: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH

Status

: Final Report

DED

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

Interpretation:

(+) < 0.5

(++) 0.5-1.0

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2



Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)







CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE



Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj

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Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), Total Sample:Serum	0.48	ng/mL	<4.1	CLIA

Interpretation:

- 1. PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hypertrophic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- 2. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with benign prostatic hypertrophy. However, studies suggest that the measurement of PSA in conjunction with digital rectal examination (DRE) and ultrasound provide a better method of detecting prostate cancer than DRE alone.
- 3. PSA levels increase in men with cancer of the prostate, and after radical prostatectomy PSA levels routinely fall to the undetectable range.
- 4. If prostatic tissue remains after surgery or metastasis has occurred, PSA appears to be useful in detecting residual and early recurrence of tumor.
- 5. Therefore, serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy, and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy, and in the monitoring of the effectiveness of therapy.

THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL, Serum

T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	154.00	ng/dl	84.61-201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	6.70	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	6.400	μIU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA

Interpretation:

0.3 - 4.5	μIU/mL	First Trimest	ter		
0.5-4.6	$\mu IU/mL$	Second Trimester			
0.8 - 5.2	$\mu IU/mL$	Third Trimes	ster		
0.5 - 8.9	$\mu IU/mL$	Adults	55-87 Years		
0.7 - 27	$\mu IU/mL$	Premature	28-36 Week		
2.3-13.2	$\mu IU/mL$	Cord Blood	> 37Week		
0.7-64	μIU/mL	Child(21 wk	- 20 Yrs.)		
1-39	$\mu IU/mL$	Child	0-4 Days		
1.7-9.1	$\mu IU/mL$	Child	2-20 Week		

1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.









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Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- 4) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- 5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis
- 6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- 8) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)



1800-419-0002





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: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -

Reported

: 2024-08-24 12:36:22 : 24/Aug/2024 15:36:00

: 24/Aug/2024 11:43:35

: 2024-08-24 12:36:22

Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA **

- Soft tissue and bony cage are normal.
- Trachea is midline.
- Both CP angles are normal.
- Both domes of diaphragm are normal.
- No obvious active lung lesion seen.
- Both hilar shadows are normal.
- Bronchovascular markings are normal.
- Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

IMPRESSION:-

v. No significant abnormality detected.

(Please correlate clinically)



Dr. Rohit Bawal (MD Radiodiagnostic RMC :42253/22595)









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DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)

LIVER: - Enlarged in size (15.7 cm), with normal shape and shows diffusely raised echotexture. No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation is seen.

GALL BLADDER: Well distended. Normal wall thickness is seen. No evidence of calculus/focal mass lesion/pericholecystic fluid is seen.

CBD:- Normal in calibre at porta.

PORTAL VEIN: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

PANCREAS: - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification is seen. Rest of the pancreas is obscured by bowel gases.

SPLEEN: - Normal in size (9.4 cm), shape and echogenicity. No evidence of mass lesion is seen.

RIGHT KIDNEY: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

LEFT KIDNEY: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER: Is adequately distended. No evidence of wall thickening/calculus is seen.

PROSTATE: Normal in size (3.3 x 4.1 x 3.0 cm vol - 21.5 cc), shape and echo pattern.

HIGH RESOLUTION:- No evidence of bowel loop dilatation or abnormal wall thickening is seen. No significant retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy is seen. No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

IMPRESSION: Borderline hepatomegaly with grade II fatty changes.

Please correlate clinically

*** End Of Report ***

(**) Test Performed at CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE, Prayagraj, Katra

Result/s to Follow:

ROUTINE EXAMINATION, GLUCOSE PP, SUGAR, PP STAGE, ECG / EKG, Tread Mill Test (TMT)



Dr. Aishwarva Neha (MD Radiodiagnosis

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: Pathology, Bedside Sample Collection, Health Check-ups, Digital X-Ray, ECG (Bedside also), Allergy Testing, Test And Health Check-ups, Ultrasonography, Sonomammography, Bone Mineral Density (BMD), Doppler Studies, 2D Echo, CT Scan, MRI, Blood Bank, TMT, EEG, PFT, OPG, Endoscopy, Digital Mammography, Electromyography (EMG), Nerve Condition Velocity (NCV), Audiometry, Brainstem Evoked Response Audiometry (BERA), Colonoscopy, Ambulance Services, Online Booking Facilities for Diagnostics, Online Report Viewing *

Facilities Available at Select Location





