

Patient's Name : SOMIL DESAI

Age: 51YRS / MALE

Requesting Doctor :----

DATE: 23.03.2024

CID. No

: 2408320491

2D-ECHO & COLOUR DOPPLER REPORT

Structurally Normal: MV / AV / TV / PV. No significant valvular stenosis.

Trivial Mitral Regurgitation , Trivial Aortic Regurgitation Trivial Pulmonary Regurgitation ,

Trivial Tricuspid regurgitation. No Pulmonary arterial hypertension. PASP by TRjet vel.method = 25 mm Hg.

LV / LA / RA / RV - Normal in dimension. IAS / IVS is Intact.

No Left Ventricular Diastolic Dysfunction [LVDD]. No doppler evidence of raised LVEDP

No regional wall motion abnormality. No thinning / scarring / dyskinesia of LV wall noted. Normal LV systolic function. LVEF = 60 % by visual estimation.

No e/o thrombus in LA /LV. No e/o Pericardial effusion.

IVC normal in dimension with good inspiratory collapse. Normal RV systolic function (by TAPSE)

Impression:

NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION, LVEF = 60 %, NO RWMA, NO PAH, NO LVDD, NO LV HYPERTROPHY.



M-MODE STUDY	Value	Unit	COLOUR DOPPLER STUDY	Value	Unit
IVSd	10	mm	Mitral Valve E velocity	0.6	m/s
LVIDd	42	mm	Mitral Valve A velocity	0.5	m/s
LVPWd	10	mm	E/A Ratio	1.3	-
IVSs	16	mm	Mitral Valve Deceleration Time	175	ms
LVIDs	26	mm	E/E'	5	
LVPWs	16	mm	TAPSE	22	
			Aortic valve		
IVRT	-	ms	AVmax	1	m/s
			AV Peak Gradient	4	mmHg
2D STUDY			LVOT Vmax	0.6	m/s
LVOT	20	mm	LVOT gradient	1.6	mmHg
LA	38	mm	Pulmonary Valve		
RA	28	mm	PVmax	0.6	m/s
RV [RVID]	24	mm	PV Peak Gradient	1.5	mmHg
IVC	12	mm	Tricuspid Valve		
			TR jet vel.	2.2	m/s
			PASP	25	mmHg

*** End of Report ***

DR RAVI CHAVAN

CARDIOLOGIST REG.NO.2004 /06/2468

<u>Disclaimer:</u> 2D echocardiography is an observer dependent investigation. Minor variations in report are possible when done by two different examiners or even by same examiner on two different occasions. These variations may not necessarily indicate a change in the underlying cardiac condition. In the event of previous reports being available, these must be provided to improve clinical correlation.

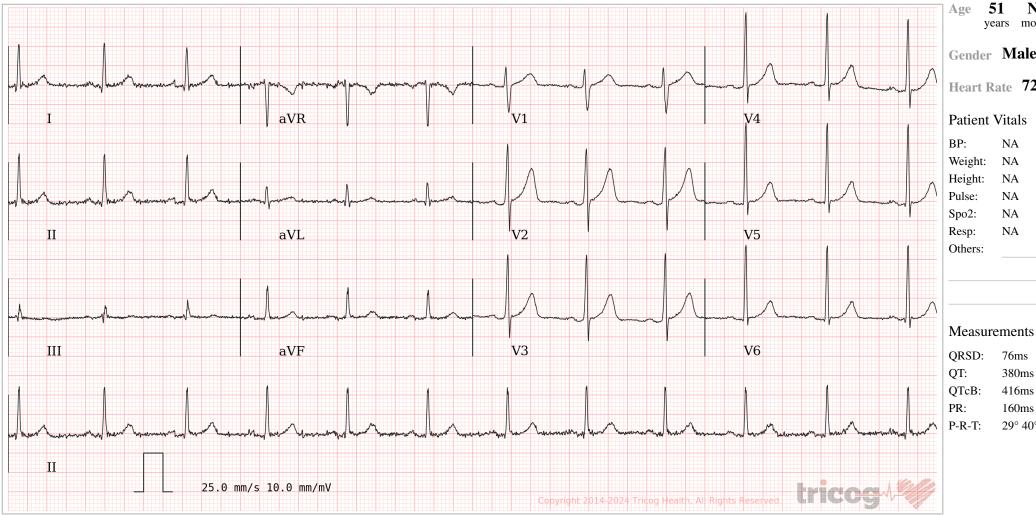
SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - ANDHERI WEST



Patient Name: SOMIL DESAI Patient ID:

2408320491

Date and Time: 23rd Mar 24 8:46 AM



years months days

Gender Male

Heart Rate 72bpm

NA NA NA

NA NA

76ms 380ms 416ms 160ms

29° 40° 25°

ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Please correlate clinically.

REPORTED BY

DR RAVI CHAVAN MD, D.CARD, D. DIABETES Cardiologist & Diabetologist 2004/06/2468

Disclaimer: 1) Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms, and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician. 2) Patient vitals are as entered by the clinician and not derived from the ECG.

CID# : 2408320491

Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI

Age / Gender : 51 Years/Male

Consulting Dr. : Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 08:00

Reg.Location : Andheri West (Main Centre) Reported : 27-Mar-2024 / 10:43

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

History and Complaints:

Asymptomatic

EXAMINATION FINDINGS:

Height (cms):175 cmsWeight (kg):85 kgsTemp (0c):AfebrileSkin:NormalBlood Pressure (mm/hg):130/80 mm of HgNails:Normal

Pulse: 80/min Lymph Node: Not palpable

Systems

Cardiovascular: S1S2 audible

Respiratory: AEBE **Genitourinary:** NAD

GI System: Liver & Spleen not palpable

CNS: NAD

IMPRESSION:

ESR=38(Elevated),eGFR=75(mild decrease), HbA1c=5.9%(Predibetic level), Borderline high LDL.

ADVICE:

Kindly consult your family physician with all your reports, Therapeutic life style modification is advised.

CHIEF COMPLAINTS:

Hypertension: No
 IHD No
 Arrhythmia No
 Diabetes Mellitus No

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5) Tuberculosis No 6) Asthama No 7) Pulmonary Disease No 8) Thyroid/ Endocrine disorders No 9) Nervous disorders No 10) GI system No 11) Genital urinary disorder No 12) Rheumatic joint diseases or symptoms No 13) Blood disease or disorder No 14) Cancer/lump growth/cyst No 15) Congenital disease No

16) Surgeries h/O Appenedectomy at the age of 13 , Meniscal tear

repair surgery in 2017

17) Musculoskeletal System No

PERSONAL HISTORY:

1) Alcohol Occasional

2) Smoking No3) Diet Veg4) Medication No

*** End Of Report ***

Dr.Sangeeta Manwani M.B.B.S. Reg.No.71083

Sangerte Manwani



CID : 2408320491

Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI

Age / Gender : 51 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : -

Reg. Location

: Andheri West (Main Centre)

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Collected

Reported

: 23-Mar-2024 / 08:10 : 23-Mar-2024 / 12:27

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

CBC ((Comple	ete Blood	Count).	Blood
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<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
RBC PARAMETERS			
Haemoglobin	12.8	13.0-17.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	4.55	4.5-5.5 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	37.2	40-50 %	Calculated
MCV	81.8	80-100 fl	Measured
MCH	28.1	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	34.3	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	13.9	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
WBC PARAMETERS			
WBC Total Count	4970	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABSO	DLUTE COUNTS		
Lymphocytes	34.1	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1690	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	7.4	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	370	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	56.3	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	2780	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	2.0	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	100	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	0.2	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	10	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-		

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

PLATELET PARAMETERS

Platelet Count	411000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	6.9	6-11 fl	Measured
PDW	11.9	11-18 %	Calculated

RBC MORPHOLOGY

Hypochromia -Microcytosis -



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: 23-Mar-2024 / 08:10

:23-Mar-2024 / 10:32

Collected

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Age / Gender :51 Years / Male

CID

Name

Consulting Dr. : Andheri West (Main Centre) Reg. Location

: 2408320491

: MR.SOMIL DESAI

Macrocytosis

Anisocytosis

Poikilocytosis

Polychromasia

Target Cells

Basophilic Stippling

Normoblasts

Others Normocytic, Normochromic

WBC MORPHOLOGY

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY

COMMENT

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 38 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

Reference:

- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***





Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)



:23-Mar-2024 / 15:39

Hexokinase

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Reported

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING,

: 2408320491

: MR.SOMIL DESAI

:51 Years / Male

CID

Name

Age / Gender

Fluoride Plasma

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

PARAMETER RESULTS BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

> Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose:

100-125 mg/dl

Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride 93.5 Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Hexokinase

Plasma PP/R Impaired Glucose Tolerance:

140-199 mg/dl

Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl

Urine Sugar (Fasting) Absent Absent Urine Ketones (Fasting) Absent Absent

98.1

Urine Sugar (PP) Absent Absent Absent Urine Ketones (PP) **Absent**

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Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist and AVP(Medical Services)



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Collected :23-Mar-2024 / 08:10 Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 12:10

CID : 2408320491 Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI

Age / Gender :51 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

: Andheri West (Main Centre) Reg. Location

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO **KIDNEY FUNCTION TESTS**

Kidney failure:<15

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
BLOOD UREA, Serum	29.4	12.8-42.8 mg/dl	Kinetic
BUN, Serum	13.7	6-20 mg/dl	Calculated
CREATININE, Serum	1.17	0.67-1.17 mg/dl	Enzymatic
eGFR, Serum	75	(ml/min/1.73sqm) Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89 Mild to moderate decrease: 45- 59 Moderate to severe decrease:30 -44 Severe decrease: 15-29	Calculated

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.2	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.0	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	3.2	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.3	1 - 2	Calculated
URIC ACID, Serum	4.3	3.5-7.2 mg/dl	Enzymatic
PHOSPHORUS, Serum	3.5	2.7-4.5 mg/dl	Molybdate UV
CALCIUM, Serum	8.8	8.6-10.0 mg/dl	N-BAPTA
SODIUM, Serum	140	135-148 mmol/l	ISE
POTASSIUM, Serum	4.5	3.5-5.3 mmol/l	ISE
CHLORIDE, Serum	104	98-107 mmol/l	ISE

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***



Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)



Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI Use a OR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

Age / Gender :51 Years / Male

: 2408320491

Consulting Dr. Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 08:10 Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 12:04 Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO **GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)**

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE PARAMETER RESULTS METHOD

Glycosylated Hemoglobin **HPLC** 5.9 Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC

Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %

Estimated Average Glucose 122.6 mg/dl Calculated

(eAG), EDTA WB - CC

Intended use:

CID

In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year

- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***



Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)



CLIA

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Collected :23-Mar-2024 / 08:10 Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 12:10

Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI Age / Gender :51 Years / Male

TOTAL PSA, Serum

CID

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

: 2408320491

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO **PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA)**

<4.0 ng/ml

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE PARAMETER RESULTS METHOD

Kindly note change in platform w.e.f. 24-01-2024

0.513



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: 23-Mar-2024 / 08:10 :23-Mar-2024 / 12:10

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Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI

Age / Gender :51 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

: 2408320491

Clinical Significance:

CID

- PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hyper-plastic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- Monitoring patients with a history of prostate cancer as an early indicator of recurrence and response to treatment.
- Prostate cancer screening 4. The percentage of Free PSA (FPSA) in serum is described as being significantly higher in patients with BPH than in patients with prostate cancer. 5. Calculation of % free PSA (ie. FPSA/TPSA x 100), has been suggested as way of improving the differentiation of BPH and Prostate cancer.

Increased In- Prostate diseases, Cancer, Prostatitis, Benign prostatic hyperplasia, Prostatic ischemia, Acute urinary retention, Manipulations like Prostatic massage, Cystoscopy, Needle biopsy, Transurethral resection, Digital rectal examination, Radiation therapy, Indwelling catheter, Vigorous bicycle exercise, Drugs (e.g., testosterone), Physiologic fluctuations. Also found in small amounts in other cancers (sweat and salivary glands, breast, colon, lung, ovary) and in Skene glands of female urethra and in term placenta, Acute renal failure, Acute myocardial infarction.

Decreased In- Ejaculation within 24-48 hours, Castration, Antiandrogen drugs (e.g., finasteride), Radiation therapy, Prostatectomy, PSA falls 17% in 3 days after lying in hospital, Artifactual (e.g., improper specimen collection; very high PSA levels). Finasteride (5-α reductase inhibitor) reduces PSA by 50% after 6 months in men without cancer.

Reflex Tests: % FREE PSA . USG Prostate

Limitations:

- tPSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous medical interpretations. If there is a change in the tPSA assay procedure used while monitoring therapy, then the tPSA values obtained upon changing over to the new procedure must be confirmed by parallelmeasurements with both methods. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels.
- Patients who have been regularly exposed to animals or have received immunotherapy or diagnostic procedures utilizing immunoglobulins or immunoglobulin fragments may produce antibodies, e.g. HAMA, that interferes with immunoassays.
- PSA results should be interpreted in light of the total clinical presentation of the patient, including: symptoms, clinical history, data from additional tests, and other appropriate information.
- Serum PSA concentrations should not be interpreted as absolute evidence for the presence or absence of prostate cancer.

Note: The concentration of PSA in a given specimen, determined with assay from different manufacturers, may not be comparable due to differences in assay methods and reagent specificity.

Reference:

- Wallach's Interpretation of diagnostic tests
- Total PSA Pack insert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab ** End Of Report *



MC-5460

Dr.ANUPA DIXIT M.D.(PATH) Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director



:23-Mar-2024 / 08:10

:23-Mar-2024 / 12:41

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Reported

: MR.SOMIL DESAI :51 Years / Male

: 2408320491

Consulting Dr.

CID

Name

Age / Gender

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO URINE EXAMINATION REPORT

ORINE EXAMINATION REPORT			
<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>	
Pale yellow	Pale Yellow	-	
7.0	4.5 - 8.0	Chemical Indicator	
1.005	1.001-1.030	Chemical Indicator	
Clear	Clear	-	
50	-	-	
Absent	Absent	pH Indicator	
Absent	Absent	GOD-POD	
Absent	Absent	Legals Test	
Absent	Absent	Peroxidase	
Absent	Absent	Diazonium Salt	
Normal	Normal	Diazonium Salt	
Absent	Absent	Griess Test	
<u>I</u>			
1-2	0-5/hpf		
Absent	0-2/hpf		
0-1			
Absent	Absent		
Absent	Absent		
Absent	Absent		
3-4	Less than 20/hpf		
-			
	Pale yellow 7.0 1.005 Clear 50 Absent Absent Absent Absent Normal Absent L 1-2 Absent 0-1 Absent Absent Absent	Pale yellow 7.0 4.5 - 8.0 1.005 1.001-1.030 Clear Clear 50 - Absent Absent Absent Absent Absent Absent Absent Absent Absent Normal Absent	

Interpretation: The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows:

- Protein (1+ = 25 mg/dl , 2+ = 75 mg/dl , 3+ = 150 mg/dl , 4+ = 500 mg/dl)
- Glucose(1+ = 50 mg/dl, 2+ =100 mg/dl, 3+ =300 mg/dl, 4+ =1000 mg/dl)
- Ketone (1+ = 5 mg/dl, 2+ = 15 mg/dl, 3+ = 50 mg/dl, 4+ = 150 mg/dl)

Reference: Pack inert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***





Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)



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Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 08:10 Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 19:33

Age / Gender :51 Years / Male Consulting Dr.

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

: 2408320491

: MR.SOMIL DESAI

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO **BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING**

RESULTS PARAMETER

ABO GROUP 0

Rh TYPING Positive

NOTE: Test performed by automated column agglutination technology (CAT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Note: This sample has been tested for Bombay group/Bombay phenotype/ OH using anti-H lectin.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

CID

Name

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

Refernces:

- 1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
- 2. AABB technical manual

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***



Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist and AVP(Medical Services)



Name : MR. SOMIL DESAI

Age / Gender : 51 Years / Male

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Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 08:10

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre) Reported : 23-Mar-2024 / 12:07

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO LIPID PROFILE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	199.0	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	105.1	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	GPO-POD
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	45.3	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Homogeneous enzymatic colorimetric assay
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	153.7	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/c High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated Il
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	133.0	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	20.7	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	4.4	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.9	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***



CID

: 2408320491

Dr.JYOT THAKKER
M.D. (PATH), DPB
Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)



:23-Mar-2024 / 08:10

:23-Mar-2024 / 11:02

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Collected

Reported

Age / Gender :51 Years / Male Consulting Dr.

: 2408320491

: MR.SOMIL DESAI

CID

Name

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	4.7	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	ECLIA
Free T4, Serum	17.9	11.5-22.7 pmol/L	ECLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	2.19	0.35-5.5 microIU/ml	ECLIA



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Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI

Age / Gender :51 Years / Male

: 2408320491

Consulting Dr. Collected : 23-Mar-2024 / 08:10 Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre) Reported :23-Mar-2024 / 11:02

Interpretation:

CID

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

- 1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological
- can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

Diurnal Variation: TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests:Anti thyroid Antibodies, USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

- 1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
- 2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3. Tietz , Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4. Biological Variation: From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***



Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist and AVP(Medical Services)



:23-Mar-2024 / 08:10

:23-Mar-2024 / 11:02

Collected

Reported

Use a QR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

Age / Gender :51 Years / Male

: 2408320491

: MR.SOMIL DESAI

Consulting Dr.

CID

Name

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO **LIVER FUNCTION TESTS**

<u>PARAMETER</u>	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.47	0.1-1.2 mg/dl	Colorimetric
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.13	0-0.3 mg/dl	Diazo
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.34	0.1-1.0 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.2	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.0	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	3.2	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.3	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	17.3	5-40 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
SGPT (ALT), Serum	12.8	5-45 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
GAMMA GT, Serum	22.3	3-60 U/L	Enzymatic
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	89.9	40-130 U/L	Colorimetric

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West *** End Of Report ***



Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist and AVP(Medical Services)



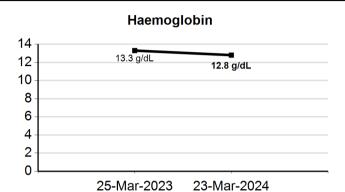


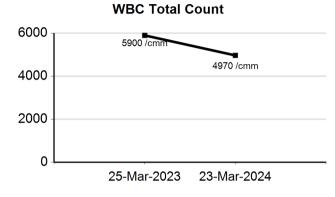
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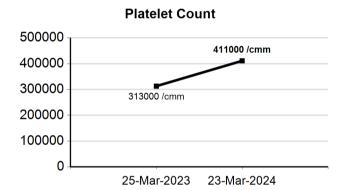
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Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI
Age / Gender : 51 Years / Male

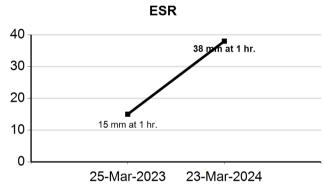
Consulting Dr. :

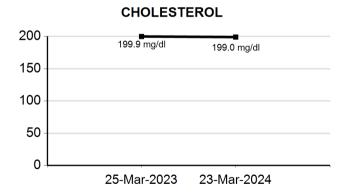
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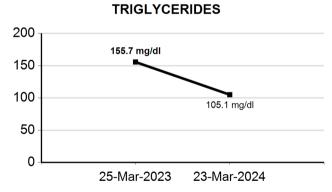














Use a QR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

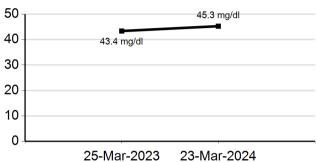
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Name : MR.SOMIL DESAI
Age / Gender : 51 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. :

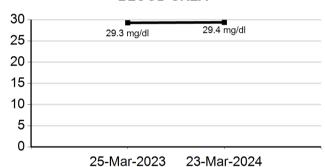
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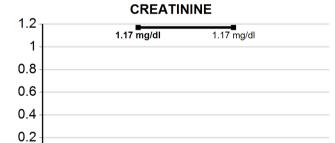
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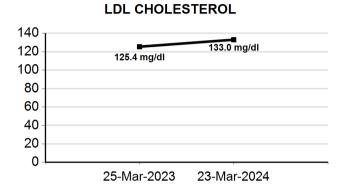




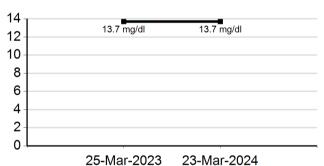


23-Mar-2024

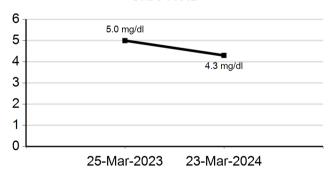
25-Mar-2023



BUN



URIC ACID



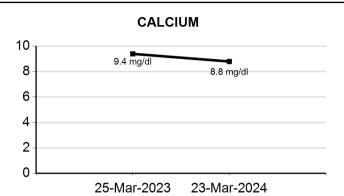


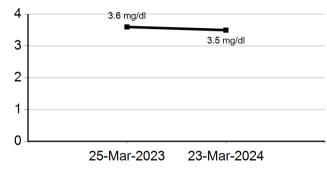
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Age / Gender : 51 Years / Male

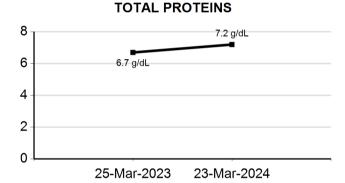
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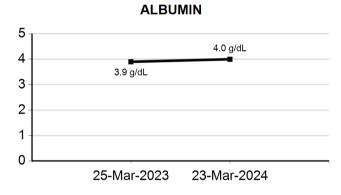
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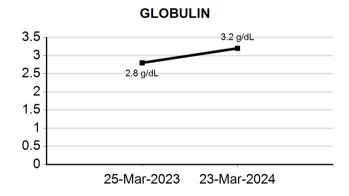


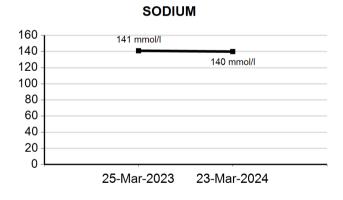


PHOSPHORUS









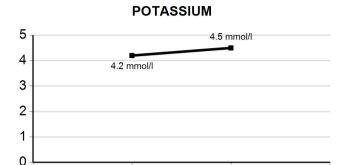


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Consulting Dr. : -

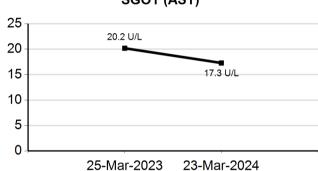
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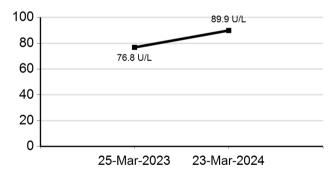


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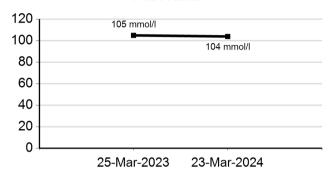
25-Mar-2023



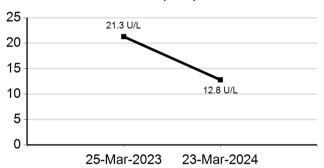
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE



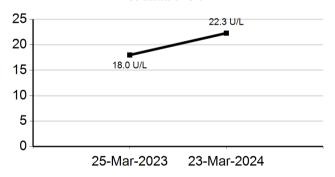
CHLORIDE



SGPT (ALT)



GAMMA GT





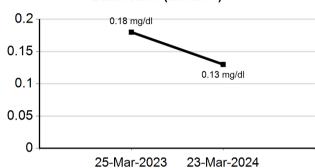
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CID : 2408320491
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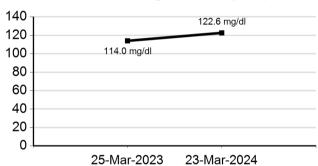
Consulting Dr. :

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Centre)

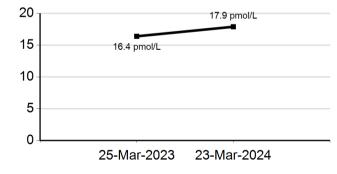
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT)



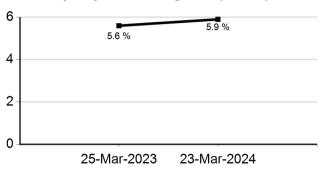
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)



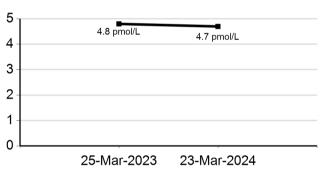
Free T4



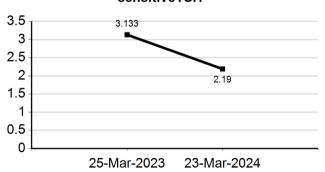
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)



Free T3



sensitiveTSH





CID : 2408320491
Name : Mr Somil desai
Age / Sex : 51 Years/Male

Ref. Dr :

Reg. Location: Andheri West (Main Center)

Authenticity Check

R

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Use a QR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

Reg. Date : 23-Mar-2024

Reported : 26-Mar-2024/11:09

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER:

The liver is normal in size (12.8cm), shape and smooth margins. It shows normal parenchymal echo pattern. The intra hepatic biliary and portal radical appear normal. No evidence of any intra hepatic cystic or solid lesion seen. The main portal vein and CBD appears normal.

GALL BLADDER:

The gall bladder is physiologically distended and appears normal. No evidence of gall stones or lesions seen

PANCREAS:

The pancreas is well visualised and appears normal. No evidence of solid or cystic mass lesion.

KIDNEYS:

Both the kidneys are normal in size shape and echotexture.

No evidence of any calculus, hydronephrosis or mass lesion seen.

Right kidney measures 9.9 x 3.8cm. Left kidney measures 10.3 x 4.4cm.

SPLEEN:

The spleen is normal in size (8.8cm) and echotexture. No evidence of focal lesion is noted.

There is no evidence of any lymphadenopathy or ascites.

URINARY BLADDER:

The urinary bladder is well distended and reveal no intraluminal abnormality.

PROSTATE:

The prostate is normal in size measuring 3.8 x 3.4 x 3.3cm and volume is 23.4cc.

IMPRESSION:

No significant abnormality is seen.

-----End of Report-----

لسكليلان

DR. NIKHIL DEV M.B.B.S, MD (Radiology) Reg No – 2014/11/4764 Consultant Radiologist



CID : 2408320491
Name : Mr Somil desai
Age / Sex : 51 Years/Male

Ref. Dr :

Reg. Location: Andheri West (Main Center)

Authenticity Check

R

Use a QR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

Reg. Date : 23-Mar-2024

Reported : 26-Mar-2024/11:09



CID : 2408320491 Name : Mr Somil desai Age / Sex : 51 Years/Male

Ref. Dr

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Center)



R

Application To Scan the Code

: 23-Mar-2024 Reg. Date

Reported : 23-Mar-2024/12:06

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

-----End of Report------

Dr R K Bhandari

MD, DMRE

MMC REG NO. 34078



CID : 2408320491
Name : Mr Somil desai
Age / Sex : 51 Years/Male

Ref. Dr :

Reg. Location : Andheri West (Main Center)

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Reg. Date : 23-Mar-2024

Reported : 23-Mar-2024/12:06