



CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI Registered On : 09/Mar/2024 09:28:34 Age/Gender Collected : 09/Mar/2024 10:09:19 : 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000136293 Received : 09/Mar/2024 10:24:22 Visit ID : ALDP0389482324 Reported : 09/Mar/2024 15:11:07

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

CARE LTD -.

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing)	* , Blood			
Blood Group	А			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh (Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC) *,	Whole Blood			
Haemoglobin TLC (WBC) DLC	13.50 8,200.00	g/dl /Cu mm	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl 4000-10000	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	60.00	%	55-70	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Lymphocytes	36.00	%	25-40	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Monocytes	2.00	%	3-5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Eosinophils	2.00	%	1-6	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	<1	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Observed	6.00	Mm for 1st hr.		
Corrected	, 46 5	Mm for 1st hr.	< 20	
PCV (HCT) Platelet count	42.00	%	40-54	
Platelet Count	1.60	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width) P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	17.20 -	fL %	9-17 35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE











CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI Registered On : 09/Mar/2024 09:28:34 Age/Gender Collected : 09/Mar/2024 10:09:19 : 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F UHID/MR NO Received : ALDP.0000136293 : 09/Mar/2024 10:24:22 Visit ID : ALDP0389482324 Reported : 09/Mar/2024 15:11:07

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.16	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	16.40	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count				
RBC Count	4.55	Mill./cu mm	3.7-5.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	93.60	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	29.70	pg	28-35	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	31.70	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	13.70	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	48.80	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	4,920.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	164.00	/cu mm	40-440	

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : 09/Mar/2024 09:28:36 : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI Registered On Age/Gender : 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F Collected : 09/Mar/2024 10:09:19 UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000136293 Received : 09/Mar/2024 10:24:22 Visit ID : ALDP0389482324 Reported : 09/Mar/2024 11:41:04

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report CARE LTD -.

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
GLUCOSE FASTING * . Plasma				

JEOUGE L'ASTING , Flasina

Glucose Fasting 102.20 mg/dl < 100 Normal GOD POD

100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes

Interpretation:

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.

c) I.G.T = Impared Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) *, EDTA BLOOD

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.10	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	32.00	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	99	mg/dl	

Interpretation:

NOTE:-

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level









CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI Registered On : 09/Mar/2024 09:28:36 Age/Gender : 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F Collected : 09/Mar/2024 10:09:19 UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000136293 Received : 09/Mar/2024 10:24:22 Visit ID : ALDP0389482324 Reported : 09/Mar/2024 11:41:04

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report CARE LTD -.

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
-----------	--------	------	--------------------	--------	--

^{*}High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

Clinical Implications:

- *Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- *With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.
- *A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy
- c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity
- *Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss
- *Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:
- *Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen) * Sample:Serum	8.27	mg/dL	7.0-23.0	CALCULATED
Creatinine * Sample:Serum	0.80	mg/dl	0.5-1.20	MODIFIED JAFFES
Uric Acid * Sample:Serum	4.44	mg/dl	2.5-6.0	URICASE
LFT (WITH GAMMA GT) * , Serum				
SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT) Gamma GT (GGT) Protein Albumin Globulin A:G Ratio Alkaline Phosphatase (Total) Bilirubin (Total)	29.80 18.20 43.80 6.80 4.60 2.20 2.09 79.50 0.50	U/L U/L IU/L gm/dl gm/dl gm/dl U/L mg/dl	< 35 < 40 11-50 6.2-8.0 3.4-5.4 1.8-3.6 1.1-2.0 42.0-165.0 0.3-1.2	IFCC WITHOUT P5P IFCC WITHOUT P5P OPTIMIZED SZAZING BIURET B.C.G. CALCULATED CALCULATED IFCC METHOD JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct) Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.20 0.30	mg/dl mg/dl	< 0.30 < 0.8	Jendrassik & Grof Jendrassik & Grof







^{**}Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.





CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name

: Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI

Registered On

: 09/Mar/2024 09:28:36

Age/Gender

: 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F : ALDP.0000136293 Collected

: 09/Mar/2024 10:09:19 : 09/Mar/2024 10:24:22

UHID/MR NO Visit ID

: ALDP0389482324

Received Reported

: 09/Mar/2024 11:41:04

Ref Doctor

: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -.

Status

: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	nit Bio. Ref. Into	erval Method
LIPID PROFILE (MINI) * , Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	225.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline F > 240 High	CHOD-PAP High
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	70.00	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	135	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr.	CALCULATED
			Optimal/Above Opt	
			130-159 Borderline F 160-189 High > 190 Very High	High
VLDL	19.92	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	99.60	mg/dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline H 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP High

AS_

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)











Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj

Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI Registered On : 09/Mar/2024 09:28:35 Age/Gender Collected : 09/Mar/2024 11:47:44 : 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000136293 Received : 09/Mar/2024 12:36:34 Visit ID : ALDP0389482324 Reported : 09/Mar/2024 15:51:13

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

CARE LTD -.

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE st ,	, Urine			
Color	LIGHT YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.010			
Reaction PH	Acidic (5.0)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent	DIPSTICK
			10-40 (+)	
			40-200 (++)	
			200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++)	
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+)	DIPSTICK
Sugai	ADSLIVI	y111370	0.5-1.0 (++)	DIFSTICK
			1-2 (+++)	
			> 2 (++++)	
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	0.1-3.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial cells	1-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC
				EXAMINATION
Pus cells	1-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	OCCASIONAL			MICROSCOPIC
	4 DOENT			EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			MADDOCOODIO
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			EXAMINATION
Urine Microscopy is done on centrifuge	d urine sediment.			
SUGAR, FASTING STAGE * , Urine	1			
Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%		
oagai, i asting stage	ADJENT	9111370		

Page 6 of 10









CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name

: Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI

Registered On

: 09/Mar/2024 09:28:35

Age/Gender

: 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F

Collected

: 09/Mar/2024 11:47:44 : 09/Mar/2024 12:36:34

UHID/MR NO Visit ID

: ALDP.0000136293 : ALDP0389482324

Received Reported

: 09/Mar/2024 15:51:13

Ref Doctor

: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH

CARE LTD -.

Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

Interpretation:

(+)< 0.5

(++)0.5 - 1.0

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2



Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)











CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI Registered On : 09/Mar/2024 09:28:36 Age/Gender Collected : 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F : 09/Mar/2024 10:09:19 UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000136293 Received : 09/Mar/2024 10:24:22 Visit ID : ALDP0389482324 Reported : 09/Mar/2024 13:27:28

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interva	l Method
THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL * , Serum				
T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	200.00	ng/dl	84.61–201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	8.30	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	5.200	μIU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA
		v		
Interpretation:				
		0.3-4.5 μIU/m	L First Trimes	ster
		0.5-4.6 µIU/m	L Second Trin	nester
		0.8-5.2 μIU/m	L Third Trime	ster
		0.5-8.9 µIU/m	L Adults	55-87 Years
		0.7-27 μIU/m	L Premature	28-36 Week
		2.3-13.2 μIU/m	L Cord Blood	> 37Week
		0.7-64 μIU/m		z - 20 Yrs.)
		1-39 μIU/		0-4 Days
		1.7-9.1 μIU/m		2-20 Week

- 1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- **4)** Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- **5**) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- **6)** In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- **8)** Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)

Page 8 of 10









Age/Gender

UHID/MR NO

Ref Doctor

Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261

CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI

: 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F

: ALDP.0000136293

Visit ID : ALDP0389482324

> : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -.

Registered On

: 09/Mar/2024 09:28:37

Collected : N/A

Received : N/A

Reported

: 09/Mar/2024 16:34:54

Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA *

X-RAY REPORT (300 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE) **CHEST P-A VIEW**

- Both lung field did not reveal any significant lesion.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.

Please correlare clinically.

DR K N SINGH (MBBS, DMRE)





Page 9 of 10



CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj

Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 CIN: U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name : Mrs.PUSHPA DEVI

Visit ID

s.PUSHPA DEVI Registered On Y 11 M 20 D /F Collected

Age/Gender : 46 Y 11 M 20 D /F UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000136293

Reported : 09/Mar/2024 11:44:51

: N/A

: N/A

: 09/Mar/2024 09:28:37

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH

: ALDP0389482324

CARE LTD -.

Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Received

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER) *

LIVER: - Normal in size (11.3 cm), shape and echogenicity. No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation seen.

GALL BLADDER: Well distended, walls are normal. No e/o calculus / focal mass lesion/ pericholecystic fluid.

CBD:- Normal in calibre at porta.

PORTAL VEIN: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

PANCREAS: - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No e/o ductal dilatation or calcification. Rest of pancreas is obscured by bowel gas.

SPLEEN: - Normal in size , shape and echogenicity.

RIGHT KIDNEY: - Normal in size (8.6 cm), shape and echogenicity. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

LEFT KIDNEY: - Normal in size (9.3 cm), shape and echogenicity. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER: Normal in shape, outline and distension. No e/o wall thickening / calculus.

UTERUS: Anteverted, and is normal in size (6.5 x 2.8 x 3.6 cm vol - 35.9 cc). No focal myometrial lesion seen. Endometrium is normal in thickness (4.1 mm).

OVARIES: Bilateral ovaries are normal in size, shape and echogenicity.

ADNEXA: No obvious adnexal pathology

Visualized bowel loops are normal in caliber. No para-aortic lymphadenopathy

No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality seen.

Please correlate clinically.



*** End Of Report ***

EXAMINATION, GLUCOSE PP, SUGAR, PP STAGE, ECG / EKG, Tread Mill Test (TMT), PAF

Icoloh

DR K N SINGH (MBBS.DMRF

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days.

Facilities: Pathology, Bedside Sample Collection, Health Check-ups, Digital X-Ray, ECG (Bedside also), Allergy Testing, Test And Health Check-ups, Ultrasonography, Sonomammography, Bone Mineral Density (BMD), Doppler Studies, 2D Echo, CT Scan, MRI, Blood Bank, TMT, EEG, PFT, OPG, Endoscopy, Digital Mammography, Electromyography (EMG), Nerve Condition Velocity (NCV), Audiometry, Brainstem Evoked Response Audiometry (BERA), Colonoscopy, Ambulance Services, Online Booking Facilities for Diagnostics, Online Report Viewing *

**Facilities Available at Select Location*





