

# CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261

CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493



Patient Name : Mrs.Babli rani w/o maurya kamlesh k Registered On : 25/Aug/2024 08:36:15 Age/Gender : 47 Y O M O D /F Collected : 2024-08-25 08:56:37 UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000147282 Received : 2024-08-25 08:56:37 Visit ID : ALDP0183862425 Reported : 25/Aug/2024 18:16:36

Ref Doctor : Dr.Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd. - Status : Final Report

# DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY-ECG MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

#### ECG / EKG

1. Machnism, Rhythm Sinus, Regular

2. Atrial Rate 80 /mt

3. Ventricular Rate 80 /mt

4. P - Wave Normal

5. P R Interval Normal

6. Q R S

Axis: Normal R/S Ratio: Normal Configuration: Normal

7. Q T c Interval Normal

8. S - T Segment Normal

9. T – Wave Normal

**FINAL IMPRESSION** 

ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Please correlate clinically













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#### **DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing), Blood				
				EDVITUDO OVITE
Blood Group	0			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED
				TECHNOLOGY / TUBE
				AGGLUTINA
Rh ( Anti-D)	POSITIVE	V		ERYTHROCYTE
				MAGNETIZED
				TECHNOLOGY / TUBE
				AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC) , Whole Blood				
			15 115 00 5 111	
Haemoglobin	12.20	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl	
			1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl	
			3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl	
			0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl	
			2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl	
			6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl	
			12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl	
			Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	
TLC (WBC)	5,500.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
DLC	0,000.00	7 0 4 111111	1000 10000	ELECTRONIO IIVII EBRINOE
Polymorphs (Neutrophils )	54.00	%	40-80	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Lymphocytes	37.00	%	20-40	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Monocytes	4.00	%	2-10	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Eosinophils	5.00	%	1-6	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Basophils	0.00	%	< 1-2	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
ESR				
Observed	16.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0	
			20-29 Yr 10.8	
			30-39 Yr 10.4	
			40-49 Yr 13.6	
			50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0	
			70-79 Yr 16.5	
			80-91 Yr 15.8	
			Pregnancy	
			<b>5</b>	









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#### **DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95 if anaemic)	
Corrected	-	Mm for 1st hr.		
PCV (HCT) Platelet count	36.00	%	40-54	
Platelet Count	2.05	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	16.10	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)		%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.29	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)  RBC Count	14.20	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count  Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)	3.97	Mill./cu mm	3.7-5.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MCV	91.50	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	30.70	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	33.60	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	14.50	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	49.50	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	2,970.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	275.00	/cu mm	40-440	

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









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#### **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

**GLUCOSE FASTING**, Plasma

Glucose Fasting 153.90 mg/dl < 100 Normal GOD POD

100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes

**Interpretation:** 

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.

b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.

c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

Glucose PP 293.10 mg/dl <140 Normal GOD POD

Sample:Plasma After Meal 140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes

#### Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.

b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.

c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

#### GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	8.50	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	69.40	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	197	mg/dl	

#### **Interpretation:**

#### NOTE:-

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy









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### **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
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and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	<b>Degree of Glucose Control Unit</b>
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

<sup>\*</sup>High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

#### **Clinical Implications:**

- \*Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- \*With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.
- \*A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated \*Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy
- c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity
- \*Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss
- \*Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen) Sample:Serum 9.99

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

**CALCULATED** 

**Interpretation:** 

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:

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<sup>\*\*</sup>Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.

<sup>\*</sup>Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.





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# **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.

**Creatinine**Sample:Serum

0.78

mg/dl

0.5-1.20

**MODIFIED JAFFES** 

#### **Interpretation:**

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

Uric Acid3.13mg/dl2.5-6.0URICASESample:Serum

Interpretation:

Note:-

Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

#### LFT (WITH GAMMA GT), Serum

20.80	U/L	< 35	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
24.00	U/L	< 40	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
37.40	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
6.30	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
3.91	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
2.39	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
1.64		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED
119.00	U/L	42.0-165.0	PNP/AMP KINETIC
0.60	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
0.21	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
0.39	mg/dl	< 0.8	JENDRASSIK & GROF
	24.00 37.40 6.30 3.91 2.39 1.64 119.00 0.60 0.21	24.00 U/L 37.40 IU/L 6.30 gm/dl 3.91 gm/dl 2.39 gm/dl 1.64 119.00 U/L 0.60 mg/dl 0.21 mg/dl	24.00 U/L < 40 37.40 IU/L 11-50 6.30 gm/dl 6.2-8.0 3.91 gm/dl 3.4-5.4 2.39 gm/dl 1.8-3.6 1.64 1.1-2.0 119.00 U/L 42.0-165.0 0.60 mg/dl 0.3-1.2 0.21 mg/dl < 0.30

#### LIPID PROFILE (MINI), Serum

Cholesterol (Total) 214.00 mg/dl <200 Desirable CHOD-PAP

200-239 Borderline High

> 240 High









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#### **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	nit Bio. Ref. Inter	val Method
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol) LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	<b>76.50</b> 110	mg/dl mg/dl	30-70 < 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/Above Optim	DIRECT ENZYMATIC CALCULATED
			130-159 Borderline Hi 160-189 High > 190 Very High	
VLDL	27.96	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	139.80	mg/dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline Hig 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP gh

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**Test Name** 

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Method

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Result

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#### **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Unit

Bio. Ref. Interval

Color	PALE YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.025			
Reaction PH	Acidic (5.0)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent	DIPSTICK
			10-40 (+)	
			40-200 (++)	
			200-500 (+++)	
	A DOTALE		> 500 (++++)	DIDOTION
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+)	DIPSTICK
			0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++)	
			>2 (+++)	
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	0.1-3.0	BIOCHEMISTR
Bile Salts	ABSENT	Trig/ di	0.1 0.0	DIOONEIVIION
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Jrobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Vitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
pithelial cells	1-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC
	·			EXAMINATION
Pus cells	0-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
_				EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
Others	ABSENT			EXAMINATION

 $\pmb{\mathsf{SUGAR}}, \pmb{\mathsf{FASTING}} \; \pmb{\mathsf{STAGE}} \; \textit{, Urine}$ 

Sugar, Fasting stage ABSENT gms%





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# DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

#### **Interpretation:**

(+) < 0.5

(++) 0.5-1.0

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2

# SUGAR, PP STAGE, Urine

Sugar, PP Stage

**ABSENT** 

# **Interpretation:**

(+) < 0.5 gms%

(++) 0.5-1.0 gms%

(+++) 1-2 gms%

(++++) > 2 gms%

Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)











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#### DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL , Serum				
T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	101.00	ng/dl	84.61–201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	6.80	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	1.810	μIU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA
Interpretation:		,		
. •		0.3-4.5 μIU/ı	nL First Trimes	ter
		0.5-4.6 μIU/1	nL Second Trin	nester
		0.8-5.2 μIU/r	nL Third Trime	ster
		0.5-8.9 μIU/1	nL Adults	55-87 Years
		0.7-27 μIU/1	mL Premature	28-36 Week
		2.3-13.2 μIU/r	nL Cord Blood	> 37Week
		0.7-64 μIU/r	nL Child(21 wk	- 20 Yrs.)
			/mL Child	0-4 Days
		1.7-9.1 μIU/1		2-20 Week

- 1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- **4)** Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- **5**) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- **6**) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- **8)** Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)

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#### **DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

#### X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA

# X-RAY REPORT (300 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE) CHEST P-A VIEW

- Both lung field did not reveal any significant lesion.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.

Please correlare clinically.



Dr. Aishwarya Neha (MD Radiodiagnosis







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# DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

#### **ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)**

LIVER: - Enlarged in size (16.0 cm), with normal shape and shows diffusely raised echotexture. No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation is seen.

**GALL BLADDER**: Well distended. Normal wall thickness is seen. No evidence of calculus/focal mass lesion/pericholecystic fluid is seen.

**CBD**:- Normal in calibre at porta.

**PORTAL VEIN**: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

**PANCREAS:** - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification is seen. Rest of the pancreas is obscured by bowel gases.

**SPLEEN**: - Normal in size (7.9 cm), shape and echogenicity. No evidence of mass lesion is seen.

**RIGHT KIDNEY**: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

**LEFT KIDNEY**: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

**URINARY BLADDER:** Is empty. Patient unable to hold urine further.

**UTERUS & ADNEXA:** Cannot be evaluated due to empty urinary bladder.

**HIGH RESOLUTION**:- No evidence of bowel loop dilatation or abnormal wall thickening is seen. No significant retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy is seen. No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

**IMPRESSION**: Mild hepatomegaly with grade I fatty changes.

Please correlate clinically.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

Result/s to Follow:

STOOL, ROUTINE EXAMINATION, Tread Mill Test (TMT), PAP SMEAR FOR CYTOLOGICAL EXAMINATION





Dr. Aishwarya Neha (MD Radiodiagnosis

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: Pathology, Bedside Sample Collection, Health Check-ups, Digital X-Ray, ECG (Bedside also), Allergy Testing, Test And Health Check-ups, Ultrasonography, Sonomammography, Bone Mineral Density (BMD), Doppler Studies, 2D Echo, CT Scan, MRI, Blood Bank, TMT, EEG, PFT, OPG, Endoscopy, Digital Mammography, Electromyography (EMG), Nerve Condition Velocity (NCV), Audiometry, Brainstem Evoked Response Audiometry (BERA), Colonoscopy, Ambulance Services, Online Booking Facilities for Diagnostics, Online Report Viewing \*

\*Facilities Available at Select Location





