

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL FITNESS

| NAME: Ms. Rama pandey |
|---|
| AGE/GENDER: 55 ys F |
| HEIGHT: 158 cm) WEIGHT: 78-5 kg |
| IDENTIFICATION MARK: Blank mole on Rt side upper lip |
| BLOOD PRESSURE: 130/80 mm of the |
| PULSE: |
| cvs: 2 Normal |
| RS:P |
| ANY OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSED IN THE PAST: |
| ALLERGIES, IF ANY: |
| LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICINES: Will |
| ANY OTHER REMARKS: No - |
| of Ms Do Ha Parely who has signed in my presence. He/ she has no physical disease and is fit for employment. Dr. BINDURAJ. R |
| Internal Medicine Reg. No. 62306 |
| Signature of candidate Signature of Medical Officer |
| Place: Deutrom Dinguistics & health Cars |
| Date: 13/09/24 |

Disclaimer: The patient has not been checked for COVID. This certificate does not relate to the covid status of the patient examined





Dr. Ashok S Bsc., MBBS., D.O.M.S Consultant Opthalmologist KMC No: 31827

DATE: \$3.09.24.

EYE EXAMINATION

| NAME: MS Rama Pa | udey. AGE: 55/45 | GENDER: F/M |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | RIGHT EYE | LEFT EYE |
| Vision | 3 211. NE | 6/24/0810 |
| Vision With glass | 64106 | BH:m |
| Color Vision | Normal | Normal |
| Anterior segment examination | Normal | Normal |
| Fundus Examination | Normal | Normal |
| Any other abnormality | Nill | Nill |
| Diagnosis/ impression | Normal | Normal |
| | Dr. BIN | DUBASIAR CHE SAMBS, MB, C.M.S. Al Medicine urgeon No. 6:31627 |
| | | nthalmologist) |



|] avi | avr | | | MRS RAMA PANDEY Female 55Years |
|-------|-----|--|--|---|
| | | | | 13-09-2024 10:57:27 For HR : 84 bpm |
| V5 | | The state of the s | | Diagnosis Information: Sinus Rhythm Short PR Interval Abnormal Q Wave(III) T Wave Abnormality(ILIII,V3,V4,V5,V6) Low Voltage(Chest Leads) Report Confirmed by: |
| | | | | STEEL MONEY |



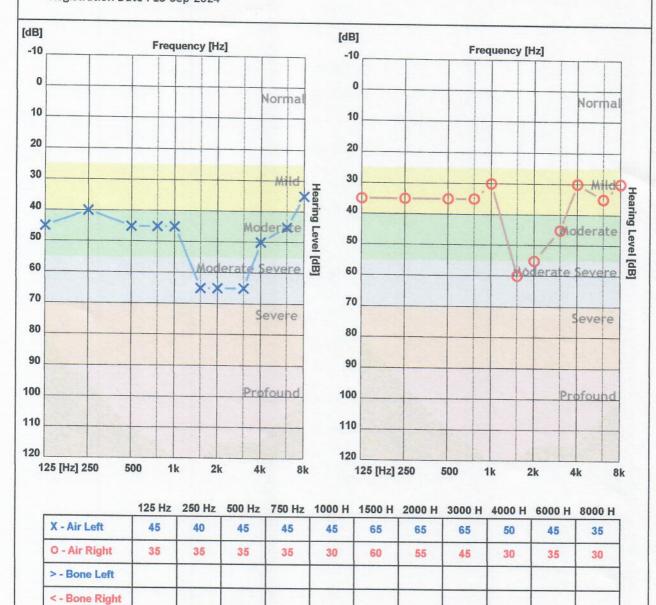
SPECTRUM DIAGNOSTICS

Bangalore

Patient ID: 0620 Name: RAMA PANDEY

CR Number : 20240913120840 Registration Date : 13-Sep-2024 Age : 55

Gender : Female Operator : spectrum diagnostics



| | Average | High | Mid | Low |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| AIR Left | 49.55 dB | 48.75 dB | 58.33 dB | 43.75 dB |
| AIR Right | 38.64 dB | 35.00 dB | 48.33 dB | 35.00 dB |

Clinical Notes:

Not Found







Name

: MRS. RAMA PANDEY

Age / Gender Ref. By Dr.

: 55 years / Female : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No.

C/o

: 1309240015 : Apollo Clinic UHID

: 1309240015

Bill Date

: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Result Date

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM : 13-Sep-2024 11:39 AM

Report Status

: Final

Test Name

Result

Unit

Reference Value

Method

CHEST PA VIEW

- · Visualised lungs are clear.
- · Bilateral hila appears normal.
- · Cardia is normal in size.
- · No pleural effusion.

IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality.



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: spectrum

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: 13 Sep, 2024 03:54 pm

DR PRAVEEN B, MBBS, DMRD, DNB Consultant Radiologist

Page 1 of 1

Tejas Arcade, #9/1, 1st Main Road, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar, Opp. St. Theresa Hospital, Bengaluru - 560010 +91 77604 97644 | 080 2337 1555 info@spectrumdiagnostics.org www.spectrumdiagnostics.org





Age / Gender : 55 years / Female

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No.

: 1309240015 C/o : Apollo Clinic

Bill Date : 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM : 1309240015

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM Result Date : 13-Sep-2024 01:08 PM

Method

Report Status : Final

Unit

UHID

1309240015

Reference Value

2D ECHO

Test Name

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY M-MODE

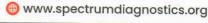
Result

| Cardiographic Study | | Size |
|-------------------------------|----|------|
| Aorta | 28 | mm |
| Left Atrium | 40 | mm |
| Right Ventricle | 20 | mm |
| Left ventricle (Diastole) | 31 | mm |
| Left ventricle(Systole) | 27 | mm |
| Ventricular Septum (Diastole) | 10 | mm |
| Ventricular septum (Systole) | 11 | mm |
| Posterior Wall (Diastole) | 09 | mm |
| Posterior Wall (Systole) | 11 | mm |
| Fractional Shortening | 30 | % |
| Ejection fraction | 60 | % |

DOPPLER /COLOUR FLOW

| itral Valve Velocity MVE- 1.14m/s | | MVA - 0.6 | 58m/s E/A-1.67 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|
| Tissue Doppler | E/e'(Septal |) -11 | |
| Velocity/ Gradient acro valve | 0.83m/s | 3mmHg | |
| Max. Velocity / Gradie valve | 1.29m/s | 6mmHg | |
| Velocity / Gradient acr | e 2.24 m/s | 23mmHg | |







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: 55 years / Female

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: Dr. APOLO CLINIC : 1309240015

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: Apollo Clinic

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Test Name

Result

Unit

Reference Value

Method

2DECHO Cardiographic Study

| Left Ventricle | Size and Thickr | ness | Normal |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------|
| Contractility | Regional Globa | 1 | Normal |
| Right ventricle | | Normal | |
| Left Atrium | | Normal | |
| Right Atrium | | Normal | |
| Mitral Valve | | Trivial MR | |
| Aortic Valve | | Normal | |
| Pulmonary Valve | | Normal | |
| Tricuspid Valve | | Mild TR / No PAH | |
| Inter Atrial Septum | | Intact | |
| Inter Ventricular Septum | | Intact | |
| Pericardium | | Normal | |
| Others | | Nil | |

Impression:

- · No regional wall motion abnormality present
- · Normal valves and dimensions
- Normal LV function, LVEF- 60%
- Trivial MR / Mild TR / No PAH
- AV Sclerotic / No AS
- Normal RV function
- No clot / vegetation / effusion



Printed By

: Durga

Printed On

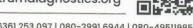
: 13 Sep, 2024 01:08 pm

Ms.Durga V., ECHO Technician

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Tejas Arcade, #9/1, 1st Main Road, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar, Opp. St. Theresa Hospital, Bengaluru - 560010 info@spectrumdiagnostics.org







| NAME AND LAB NO | MRS RAMA PANDEY | REG -0015 |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| AGE & SEX | 55 YRS | FEMALE |
| DATE AND AREA OF INTEREST | 13.09.2024 | BREAST |
| REF BY | C/O APOLO CLINIC | |

USG BILATERAL BREASTS AND AXILLAE

RIGHT BREAST:

- Fibro fatty breast parenchyma .
- Subareolar tissue appears normal.
- No e/o focal solid/cystic lesions.
- No e/o dilated ducts/ focal collections.

LEFT BREAST:

- Fibro fatty breast parenchyma.
- Subareolar tissue appears normal.
- No e/o focal solid/ cystic lesions.
- No e/o dilated ducts/ focal collections.

AXILLA

Few axillary lymph nodes with benign morphology-likely reactive.

IMPRESSION:

- > RIGHT BREAST: No significant sonological abnormality detected—BIRADS 1.
- ➤ LEFT BREAST: No significant sonological abnormality detected—BIRADS 1.

-Suggested routine screening.

DR PRAVEEN B, DMRD, DNB **CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST**







| NAME AND LAB NO | MRS RAMA PANDEY | REG -0015 |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| AGE & SEX | 55 YRS | FEMALE |
| DATE AND AREA OF INTEREST | 13.09.2024 | ABDOMEN & PELVIS |
| REF BY | C/O APOLO CLINIC | |

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

Note: Suboptimal visualised due to patient body habitus and excessive bowel gases

LIVER:

Normal in size with increased echogenicity.

No e/o IHBR dilatation. No evidence of focal lesion Portal vein appears normal. CBD appears normal.

GALL BLADDER:

Partially distended .No obvious calculus in the visualised luminal portion.

SPLEEN:

Normal in size and echotexture. No focal lesion

PANCREAS:

Head and body appears normal . Tail obscured by bowel gas shadows

RETROPERITONEUM:

Suboptimal visualised due to bowel gas.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

Right kidney is normal in size & echotexture

No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

LEFT KIDNEY:

Left kidney is normal in size & echotexture No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

URINARY BLADDER:

Well distended. No wall thickening/calculi.

UTERUS

Anteverted, Bulky in size 11.8 x6.3 x5.5 cm.

Multiple intramural and subserosal fibroids noted largest measuring 5.7 x5.3cm.

cm in fundal aspect.

Endometrium measures-8 mm.

OVARIES

Atrophic.

No obvious adnexal mass lesions.

No evidence of ascites.

IMPRESSION:

Grade I fatty liver .

> Fibroid uterus as described above.

Suggested clinical correlation

DR PRAVEEN B, DMRD, DNB
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST







Age / Gender : 55 years / Female

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No.

: 1309240015 C/o : Apollo Clinic **Bill Date**

: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Result Date

: 13-Sep-2024 10:35 AM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|--|--------|-------|-----------------|--|
| Lipid Profile-Serum | | | | |
| Cholesterol Total-Serum | 268.00 | mg/dL | 0.0-200 | Cholesterol Oxidase/Peroxidase |
| Triglycerides-Serum | 202.00 | mg/dL | 0.0-150 | Lipase/Glycerol |
| High-density lipoprotein (HDL) Cholesterol-Serum | 57.00 | mg/dL | 40.0-60.0 | Dehydrogenase Accelerator/Selective |
| Non-HDL cholesterol-Serum | 211 | mg/dL | 0.0130 | Detergent Calculated |
| Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol-Serum | 171 | mg/dL | 0.0-100.0 | Cholesterol esterase and cholesterol oxidase |
| Very-low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) cholesterol-Serum | 40 | mg/dL | 0.0-40 | Calculated |
| Cholesterol/HDL Ratio-Serum | 4.70 | Ratio | 0.0-5.0 | Calculated |

: 1309240015

1309240015

Interpretation:

| Parameter | Desirable | Borderline High | High | Very High |
|---|-----------|-----------------|---------|-----------|
| Total Cholesterol | <200 | 200-239 | >240 | 7 8 |
| Triglycerides | <150 | 150-199 | 200-499 | >500 |
| Non-HDL cholesterol | <130 | 160-189 | 190-219 | >220 |
| Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol | <100 | 100-129 | 160-189 | >190 |

Comments: As per Lipid Association of India (LAI), for routine screening, overnight fasting preferred but not mandatory. Indians are at very high risk of developing Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular (ASCVD). Among the various risk factors for ASCVD such as dyslipidemia, Diabetes Mellitus, sedentary lifestyle, Hypertension, smoking etc., dyslipidemia has the highest population attributable risk for MI both because of direct association with disease pathogenesis and very high prevalence in Indian population. Hence monitoring lipid profile regularly for effective management of dyslipidemia remains one of the most important healthcare targets for prevention of ASCVD. In addition, estimation of ASCVD risk is an essential, initial step in the management of individuals requiring primary prevention of ASCVD. In the context of lipid management, such a risk estimate forms the basis for several key therapeutic decisions, such as the need for and aggressiveness of statin therapy.



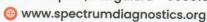
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: 13 Sep, 2024 03:55 pm











Age / Gender : 55 years / Female Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

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| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|--------------------------------------|------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Kidney Function Test (KFT)-B | UN,CREA.Ur | ic Acid.Na.K.C | I-Serum | |
| Kidney Function Test (KFT)- Serum | | ,, | Serum | |
| Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) | 8.20 | mg/dL | 7.0-18.0 | GLDH,Kinetic |
| Creatinine-Serum | 0.62 | mg/dL | Male: 0.70-1.30 Female: 0.55-1.02 | Assay Modified kinetic Jaffe |
| Uric Acid-Serum | 5.64 | mg/dL | Male: 3.50-7.20 Female: 2.60-6.0 | killetic Jarre |
| Electrolytes | | | 1 cmaic. 2.00-0.0 | |
| Sodium (Na+)-Serum | 139.2 | mmol/L | 135.0-145.0 | ISE-Direct |
| Potassium (K+)-Serum | 4.28 | mmol/L | 3.50-5.50 | ISE-Direct |
| Chloride (Cl-)-Serum | 105.60 | mmol/L | 96.0-108.0 | ISE-Direct |

Comments: Renal Function Test (RFT), also called kidney function tests, are a group of tests performed to evaluate the functions of the kidneys. The kidneys play a vital role in removing waste, toxins, and extra water from the body. They are responsible for maintaining a healthy balance of water, salts, and minerals such as calcium, sodium, potassium, and phosphorus. They are also essential for blood pressure control, maintenance of the body's pH balance, making red blood cell production hormones, and promoting bone health. Hence, keeping your kidneys healthy is essential for maintaining overall health. It helps diagnose inflammation, infection or damage in the kidneys. The test measures Uric Acid, Creatinine, BUN and electrolytes in the blood to determine the health of the kidneys. Risk factors for kidney dysfunction such as hypertension, diabetes, cardiovascular disease, obesity, elevated cholesterol or a family history of kidney disease. It may also be when has signs and symptoms of kidney disease, though in early stage often no noticeable symptoms are observed. Kidney panel is useful for general health screening; screening patients at risk of developing kidney disease; management of patients with known kidney disease. Estimated GFR is especially important in CKD patients CKD for monitoring, it helps to identify disease at early stage in those with risk factors for CKD (diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascular disease, and family history of kidney disease). Early recognition and intervention are important in slowing the progression of CKD and preventing its complications.

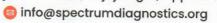


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| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|--|--------|-------|---|---|
| LFT-Liver Function Test -Seru | m | | | |
| Bilirubin Total-Serum | 1.30 | mg/dL | 0.2-1.0 | Caffeine |
| Bilirubin Direct-Serum | 0.18 | mg/dL | 0.0-0.2 | Benzoate Diazotised Sulphanilic Acid |
| Bilirubin Indirect-Serum | 1.12 | mg/dL | 0.0-1.10 | Direct Measure |
| Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)-Serum | 30.00 | U/L | 15.0-37.0 | UV with |
| Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)-Serum | 26.00 | U/L | Male:16.0-63.0 Female:14.0-59.0 | Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - |
| Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)- Serum | 92.00 | U/L | Adult: 45.0-117.0 Children: 48.0-445.0 | Phosphate PNPP,AMP- Buffer |
| Protein, Total-Serum | 7.86 | g/dL | Infants: 81.90-350.30 6.40-8.20 | Biuret/Endpoint- |
| Albumin-Serum | 4.43 | g/dL | 3.40-5.00 | With Blank Bromocresol |
| Globulin-Serum | 3.43 | g/dL | 2.0-3.50 | Purple Calculated |
| Albumin/Globulin Ratio-Serun | 1.29 | Ratio | 0.80-2.0 | Calculated |



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Age / Gender : 55 years / Female Ref. By Dr.

Reg. No. : 1309240015 C/o

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Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

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| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method | |
|--|--------|-------|--|------------|--|
| Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)-Whole Blood EDTA | | | | | |
| Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) | 5.50 | % | Non diabetic adults:<5.7 At risk (Prediabetes): 5.7 - 6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes:>= 6.5 Diabetes Excellent Control: 6-7 Fair to good Control: 7-8 | HPLC | |
| | | | Unsatisfactory Control :8-10 Poor Control :>10 | | |
| Estimated Average Glucose(eAG) | 111.14 | mg/dL | | Calculated | |

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Note: 1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

Comments: HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.



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Age / Gender : 55 years / Female

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Report Status : Final

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|---|--------|------|------------------|-------------------|
| Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase (GGT)-Serum | 17.00 | U/L | Male: 15.0-85.0 | Other g-Glut- |
| | | | Female: 5.0-55.0 | 3-carboxy-4 nitro |

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Comments: Gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT) is primarily present in kidney, liver, and pancreatic cells. Small amounts are present in other tissues, Even though renal tissue has the highest level of GGT, the enzyme present in the serum appears to originate primarily from the hepatobiliary system, and GGT activity is elevated in any and all forms of liver disease. It is highest in cases of intra- or posthepatic biliary obstruction, reaching levels some 5 to 30 times normal. GGT is more sensitive than alkaline phosphatase (ALP), leucine aminopeptidase, aspartate transaminase, and alanine aminotransferase in detecting obstructive jaundice, cholangitis, and cholecystitis; its rise occurs earlier than with these other enzymes and persists longer. Only modest elevations (2-5 times normal) occur in infectious hepatitis, and in this condition, GGT determinations are less useful diagnostically than are measurements of the transaminases. High elevations of GGT are also observed in patients with either primary or secondary (metastatic) neoplasms. Elevated levels of GGT are noted not only in the sera of patients with alcoholic cirrhosis but also in the majority of sera from persons who are heavy drinkers. Studies have emphasized the value of serum GGT levels in detecting alcohol-induced liver disease. Elevated serum values are also seen in patients receiving drugs such as phenytoin and phenobarbital, and this is thought to reflect induction of new enzyme activity.

Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS)-Plasma

88

mg/dL

60.0-110.0

Hexo Kinase

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.

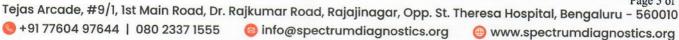


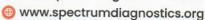
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Bill Date : 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM **Result Date** : 13-Sep-2024 11:07 AM

Report Status : Final

Test Name Result Unit Reference Value Method Negative Negative Dipstick/Benedicts **Fasting Urine Glucose-Urine** (Manual)



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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist



Tejas Arcade, #9/1, 1st Main Road, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar, Opp. St. Theresa Hospital, Bengaluru - 560010 info@spectrumdiagnostics.org www.spectrumdiagnostics.org





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|--|-----------|--------|-----------------|---|
| Thyroid function tests (TF) Serum | Γ)- | | | |
| Tri-Iodo Thyronine (T3)-Se | erum 1.18 | ng/mL | 0.60-1.81 | Chemiluminescence |
| Thyroxine (T4)-Serum | 11.90 | μg/dL | 5.50-12.10 | Immunoassay (CLIA) Chemiluminescence Immunoassay |
| Thyroid Stimulating Hormo (TSH)-Serum | one 2.37 | μIU/mL | 0.35-5.50 | (CLIA) Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA) |

1309240015

: 1309240015

Comments: Triiodothyronine (T3) assay is a useful test for hyperthyroidism in patients with low TSH and normal T4 levels. It is also used for the diagnosis of T3 toxicosis. It is not a reliable marker for Hypothyroidism. This test is not recommended for general screening of the population without a clinical suspicion of hyperthyroidism.

Reference range: Cord: (37 Weeks): 0.5-1.41, Children:1-3 Days: 1.0-7.40,1-11 Months: 1.05-2.45,1-5 Years: 1.05-2.69,6-10 Years: 0.94-2.41,11-15 Years: 0.82-2.13, Adolescents (16-20 Years): 0.80-2.10

Reference range: Adults: 20-50 Years: 0.70-2.04, 50-90 Years: 0.40-1.81,

Reference range in Pregnancy: First Trimester: 0.81-1.90,Second Trimester: 1.0-2.60

Increased Levels: Pregnancy, Graves disease, T3 thyrotoxicosis, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism, increased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG). Decreased Levels: Nonthyroidal illness, hypothyroidism, nutritional deficiency, systemic illness, decreased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG).

Comments: Total T4 levels offer a good index of thyroid function when TBG is normal and non-thyroidal illness is not present. This assay is useful for monitoring treatment with synthetic hormones (synthetic T3 will cause low total T4). It also helps to monitor treatment of Hyperthyroidism with Thiouracil or other anti-thyroid drugs.

Reference Range: Males: 4.6-10.5, Females: 5.5-11.0, 60 Years: 5.0-10.70, Cord: 7.40-13.10, Children: 1-3 Days: 11.80-22.60, 1-2 Weeks: 9.90-16.60, 1-4 Months: 7.20-14.40, 1-5 Years: 7.30-15.0, 5-10 Years: 6.4-13.3

1-15 Years: 5.60-11.70, Newborn Screen: 1-5 Days: >7.5,6 Days :>6.5

Increased Levels: Hyperthyroidism, increased TBG, familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia, Increased transthyretin, estrogen therapy, pregnancy. Decreased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, pituitary TSH deficiency, hypothalamic TRH deficiency, non thyroidal illness, decreased TBG.

Comments:TSH is a glycoprotein hormone secreted by the anterior pituitary. TSH is a labile hormone & is secreted in a pulsatile manner throughout the day and is subject to several non-thyroidal pituitary influences. Significant variations in TSH can occur with circadian rhythm, hormonal status, stress, sleep deprivation, caloric intake, medication & circulating antibodies. It is important to confirm any TSH abnormality in a fresh specimen drawn after ~ 3 weeks before assigning a diagnosis, as the cause of an isolated TSH abnormality.

Reference range in Pregnancy: I- trimester:0.1-2.5; II -trimester:0.2-3.0; III- trimester:0.3-3.0

Reference range in Newborns: 0-4 days: 1.0-39.0; 2-20 Weeks:1.7-9.1

Increased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, Subclinical hypothyroidism, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism and Thyroid hormone resistance. Decreased Levels: Graves disease, Autonomous thyroid hormone secretion, TSH deficiency.



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Age / Gender : 55 years / Female Ref. By Dr.

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No. : 1309240015 C/o

: Apollo Clinic

Bill Date

: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM **Result Date** : 13-Sep-2024 12:02 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name

Result

Unit

UHID

Reference Value

Method

Blood Group & Rh Typing-Whole Blood EDTA

Blood Group

Rh Type

: 1309240015

1309240015

Slide/Tube

Positive

agglutination Slide/Tube

agglutination

Note: Confirm by tube or gel method.

Comments: ABO blood group system, the classification of human blood based on the inherited properties of red blood cells (erythrocytes) as determined by the presence or absence of the antigens A and B, which are carried on the surface of the red cells. Persons may thus have type A, type B, type O, or type AB blood.



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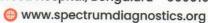
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info@spectrumdiagnostics.org







Age / Gender : 55 years / Female Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1309240015 C/o : Apollo Clinic UHID : 1309240015

1309240015

Bill Date : 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM **Result Date** : 13-Sep-2024 12:02 PM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Urine Routine Examination-I | Jrine | | | |
| Physical Examination | | | | |
| Colour | Pale Yellow | | Pale Yellow | V:1 |
| Appearance | Clear | | Clear | Visual |
| Reaction (pH) | 5.5 | | 5.0-7.5 | Visual |
| Specific Gravity | 1.025 | | 1.000-1.030 | Dipstick |
| Biochemical Examination | | | 1.000-1.030 | Dipstick |
| Albumin | Negative | | Negative | D |
| Glucose | Negative | | Negative | Dipstick/Precipitation |
| Bilirubin | Negative | | Negative | Dipstick/Benedicts |
| Ketone Bodies | Negative | | Negative | Dipstick/Fouchets |
| Urobilinogen | Normal | | Normal | Dipstick/Rotheras |
| Nitrite | Negative | | | Dipstick/Ehrlichs |
| Microscopic Examination | 110841110 | | Negative | Dipstick |
| Pus Cells | 1-2 | hpf | 0.0-5.0 | |
| Epithelial Cells | 2-3 | | | Microscopy |
| RBCs | Absent | hpf | 0.0-10.0 | Microscopy |
| Casts | | hpf | Absent | Microscopy |
| Crystals | Absent | | Absent | Microscopy |
| Others | Absent | | Absent | Microscopy |
| Junis | Absent | | Absent | Microscopy |

Comments: The kidneys help infiltration of the blood by eliminating waste out of the body through urine. They also regulate water in the body by conserving electrolytes, proteins, and other compounds. But due to some conditions and abnormalities in kidney function, the urine may encompass some abnormal constituents, which are not normally present. A complete urine examination helps in detecting such abnormal constituents in urine. Several disorders can be detected by identifying and measuring the levels of such substances. Blood cells, bilirubin, bacteria, pus cells, epithelial cells may be present in urine due to kidney disease or infection. Routine urine examination helps to diagnose kidney diseases, urinary tract infections, diabetes and other metabolic disorders.



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: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Name : MRS. RAMA PANDEY

Age / Gender : 55 years / Female

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1309240015 C/o : Apollo Clinic

Bill Date UHID : 1309240015

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM **Result Date**

: 13-Sep-2024 01:52 PM 1309240015 Report Status

: Final

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|--|-----------|-------------|--|-------------------------|
| Complete Haemogram-Whole B | lood EDTA | | | |
| Haemoglobin (HB) | 13.60 | g/dL | Male: 14.0-17.0 Female:12.0-15.0 Newborn:16.50 - 19.50 | Spectrophotmeter |
| Red Blood Cell (RBC) | 4.58 | million/cum | nm3.50 - 5.50 | Volumetric Impedance |
| Packed Cell Volume (PCV) | 39.70 | % | Male: 42.0-51.0 Female: 36.0-45.0 | Electronic Pulse |
| Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) | 86.60 | fL | 78.0- 94.0 | Calculated |
| Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH) | 29.70 | pg | 27.50-32.20 | Calculated |
| Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC) | 34.30 | % | 33.00-35.50 | Calculated |
| Red Blood Cell Distribution Width SD (RDW-SD) | 42.00 | fL | 40.0-55.0 | Volumetric Impedance |
| Red Blood Cell Distribution CV (RDW-CV) | 15.50 | % | Male: 11.80-14.50 Female:12.20-16.10 | Volumetric Impedance |
| Mean Platelet Volume (MPV) | 14.30 | fL | 8.0-15.0 | Volumetric Impedance |
| Platelet | 1.58 | lakh/cumm | 1.50-4.50 | Volumetric Impedance |
| Platelet Distribution Width (PDW) | 23.80 | % | 8.30 - 56.60 | Volumetric Impedance |
| White Blood cell Count (WBC) | 6020.00 | cells/cumm | Male: 4000-11000 | Volumetric |
| | | | Female 4000-11000 Children: 6000-17500 Infants: 9000-30000 | Impedance |
| Neutrophils | 55.50 | % | 40.0-75.0 | Light scattering/Manual |
| Lymphocytes | 37.00 | % | 20.0-40.0 | Light scattering/Manual |
| Eosinophils | 3.70 | % | 0.0-8.0 | Light scattering/Manual |
| | | | | |

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Age / Gender : 55 years / Female Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1309240015 C/o : Apollo Clinic UHID : 1309240015

1309240015

Bill Date : 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM Result Date : 13-Sep-2024 01:52 PM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Monocytes | 3.80 | % | 0.0-10.0 | Light |
| Basophils | 0.00 | % | 0.0-1.0 | scattering/Manual Light |
| Absolute Neutrophil Count | 3.34 | 10^3/uL | 2.0- 7.0 | scattering/Manual Calculated |
| Absolute Lymphocyte Count Absolute Monocyte Count | 2.23 0.23 | 10^3/uL 10^3/uL | 1.0-3.0 0.20-1.00 | Calculated Calculated |
| Absolute Eosinophil Count Absolute Basophil Count | 220.00 0.00 | cells/cumm 10^3/uL | 40-440 0.0-0.10 | Calculated |
| Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) | 53 | mm/hr | Female: 0.0-20.0 Male: 0.0-10.0 | Calculated Westergren |

Peripheral Smear Examination-Whole Blood EDTA

Method: (Microscopy-Manual)

RBC'S : Normocytic Normochromic.

: Are normal in total number, morphology and distribution. WBC'S

: Adequate in number and normal in morphology. Platelets

No abnormal cells or hemoparasites are present.

Impression: Normocytic Normochromic Blood picture.



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Age / Gender : 55 years / Female

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No. : 1309240015

C/o : Apollo Clinic **Bill Date**

: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM

Result Date : 13-Sep-2024 01:52 PM Report Status : Final

Test Name Result Unit Reference Value Method Post prandial Blood Glucose 74 mg/dL 70-140 Hexo Kinase (PPBS)-Plasma

1309240015

: 1309240015

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

UHID

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.



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Sample Col. Date: 13-Sep-2024 08:33 AM **Result Date** : 13-Sep-2024 01:53 PM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Reference Value | Method |
|---------------------------|----------|------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Post Prandial Urine Sugar | Negative | | Negative | Dipstick/Benedicts(Ma. |



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