**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 UHID 40012003 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 60 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final

**Mobile No.** 9252490090

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

 Test Name
 Result
 Unit
 Biological Ref. Range

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 Sample: Fl. Plasma

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 101.5
 mg/dl
 71 - 109

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP ) 118.6 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.520	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	8.40	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	4.63 H	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN	Lab No	4028187
UHID	40012003	Collection Date	22/03/2024 9:08AM
Age/Gender	60 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	22/03/2024 9:42AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	22/03/2024 2:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9252490090		

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

 $Interpretation: -The \ determination \ of \ T3 \ is \ utilized \ in \ the diagnosis \ of \ T3-hyperthyroidism \ the \ detection \ of \ early \ stages \ of hyperthyroidism \ and \ for \ indicating \ a \ diagnosis \ of \ thyrotoxicosis \ factitia.$ 

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:—The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.35	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.20	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.15	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30	
SGOT	15.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	9.3	U/L	0.0 - 41.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.8 H	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	
ALBUMIN	4.3	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2	
GLOBULIN	4.5 H		1.8 - 3.6	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	82	U/L	40 - 129	
A/G RATIO	1.0 L	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5	
GGTP	16.0	U/L	10.0 - 60.0	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 UHID **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 40012003 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 60 Yrs/Male Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9252490090

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BILIRUBIN TOTAL** :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bivret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	144		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	32.9		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	92.3		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	20	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	99		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	4	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 UHID 40012003 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 60 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM

**Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9252490090

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation: -HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	17.10	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	8	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.83	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.20
SODIUM	137	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.20	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	101.8	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.1	mg/dl	3.4 - 7.0
CALCIUM	9.40	mg/dl	8.80 - 10.20

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 UHID **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 40012003 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 60 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date** Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

**Mobile No.** 9252490090

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method: -Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.
URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake and kidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL: - Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

HBA1C 6.1 % < 5.7% Nondiabetic

5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients
< 7 % Excellent Control
7 - 8 % Good Control
> 8 % Poor Control

 ${\tt Method: - Turbidimetric\ inhibition\ immunoassay\ (TINIA)}$ 

Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 UHID 40012003 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 60 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

**BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION** 

**Biological Ref. Range Test Name** Result Unit

**BLOOD GROUPING** "A" Rh Positive

Mobile No.

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

9252490090

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM UHID 40012003 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 60 Yrs/Male **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Referred By** Final

**Report Status** 

Mobile No. 9252490090

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.5		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.005		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 UHID 40012003 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 60 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final 9252490090 Mobile No.

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

NIL **BACTERIA** NIL **OHTERS** NIL NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific
Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue
(Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.
interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN **Patient Name** Lab No 4028187 UHID 40012003 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 60 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date** Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9252490090

#### **HEMATOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	12.4 L	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	41.0	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	74.8 L	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	22.6 L	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	30.2 L	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	5.48	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	8.25	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	76.1	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	15.6 L	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	1.6	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.4 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	6.3	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	3.04	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry  $\textbf{LYMPHOCYTS} : - \ \texttt{Method:} \ \texttt{Optical} \ \texttt{detectorblock} \ \texttt{based} \ \texttt{on} \ \texttt{Flowcytometry}$ EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 10 mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Lab No Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN 4028187 22/03/2024 9:08AM UHID 40012003 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 60 Yrs/Male **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9252490090

Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

**Patient Name** Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN Lab No 4028187 UHID 40012003 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:08AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 60 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9252490090

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

### X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Opacification of right lower lung zone with blunting of CP angle-? consolidation with pleural effusion.

Prominent bronchovascular markings are seen.

Left CP angle is blunted.

Left hemi-diaphragm is normal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Gurery ...

Dr. SURESH KUMAR SAINI

MBBS,MD RADIOLOGIST

# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40012003 (8779)	RISNo./Status:	4028187/
Patient Name:	Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN	Age/Gender:	60 Y/M
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	22/03/2024 8:40AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16384	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	22/03/2024 10:13AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

#### **ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN**

**Liver:** Normal in size & echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion

noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.

Gall Bladder: Few calculi (3-4 in number) of size approx. 6- 7mm within the lumen. Wall

thickness is normal. CBD is normal.

**Pancreas:** Normal in size & echotexture.

**Spleen:** Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

Right Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or

obstructive calculus noted.

Left Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or

obstructive calculus noted.

Urinary Bladder: Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall

thickness is normal.

Prostate: Is enlarged in size, measuring approx. 35cc in volume.

Others: No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.

**IMPRESSION**: USG findings are suggestive of

Cholelithiasis.

• Enlarged prostate.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

DR. SURESH KUMAR SAINI

RADIOLOGIST MBBS, MD.

Reg. No. 22597, 36208.

Juser -

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40012003 (8779)	RISNo./Status:	4028187/
Patient Name:	Mr. BHUPENDRA JAIN	Age/Gender:	60 Y/M
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	22/03/2024 8:40AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16384	Scan Date :	
Report Date:	22/03/2024 12:58PM	<b>Company Name:</b>	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP

### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

### **M MODE DIMENSIONS: -**

Normal Normal						Normal		
IVSD	11.8	6-12mm			LVIDS	29.9	20-40mm	
LVIDD	44.0		32-	57mm		LVPWS	18.6	mm
LVPWD	11.3		6-1	12mm		AO	34.4	19-37mm
IVSS	18.1		]	mm		LA	33.5	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLEI	NEA	SUREN	AENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	:	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)			GRADIENT		REGURGITATION	
		, ,			(mmHg)			
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	0.84	e'	-	-		NIL
VALVE		A	1.05	E/e'	-	-		
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E	0.:	53	-		NIL
VALVE			<b>A</b>	0	12	+		
		A 0.42						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.03			-		NIL	
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.71					NIL	
VALVE						-		

### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR SYSTOLIC FUNCTION

DR SUPRIY JAIN
MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY)
INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT
INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY

DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY
AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Patient NameMr. BHUPENDRA JAINLab No655011

 UHID
 345299
 Collection Date
 22/03/2024 12:50PM

 Age/Gender
 60 Yrs/Male
 Receiving Date
 22/03/2024 12:52PM

 IP/OP Location
 O-OPD
 Report Date
 22/03/2024 2:06PM

Referred ByDr. EHCC ConsultantReport StatusFinal



### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

Sample: Serum

PSA (TOTAL) 0.92 ng/mL 0.00 - 4.00

Total (Free + complexed) PSA - Prostate specific antigen (tPSA)

9773349797

Mobile No.

Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA
Interpretation:-PSA determinations are employed are the monitoring of progress and efficiency of therapy in patients with prostate carcinoma or receiving hormonal therapy.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. PANKAJ SHUKLA

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH CONSULTANT & HOD MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY Dr. ASHISH SHARMA
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY
MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1