

BMI CHART

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10 - A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703. Tel.: +91-22-3919 9222

Fax: +91-22-3919 9220/21 Email: vashi@vashihospital.com

Date 0 02,24

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5'0" - 152,4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
5'1" - 154.9	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	39	40
5°2" - 157.4	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5'3" - 160.0	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	32	33	34 -	35	36	37	38
5'4" - 162,5	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35
5'6" - 167.6	16	17	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	34	34
5'7" - 170:1	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	-	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	33
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18	19	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25			27		28	29	30	31	32	32
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17	17	18	19.	20	20	21	22	22	23	24				27	28	28	29	30	31	31
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	17	18	18	19	20				1000	23		0 1			27		28	29	30	30
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	16	17	18							23			N. C. C. C.		26	27		-	29	30
6'0" - 182.8	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	-			And in case of	22										29
6'1" - 185,4	13	13	14	15	15	16	17-	17	18	THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	Section 1	-	21		100		24		25.	-		-	28
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16.	16	17	18	18	_	-	1,1000	21	10-5-27		-	COST POL	2000				State .	27
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18	100	1000	CONTRACTOR OF	20	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, whic	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF		-		- N		17		26
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14 .	14	15	15	16	17	17	18											25		26
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Doctors Note	s:																							
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Signature

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com |

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(A V Fortis Network Hospital)

	T	Date	10/02/2	024	,
UHID	12967455	Sex	Male	Age	29
Name	Mr. Yayati Vasant Gangavane	The state of the s	h Check-	up	
OPD	DENTAL	Licare	u Chron		

OlE-Stains + +
- Calculus + +

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

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Dr. Tuyti

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220

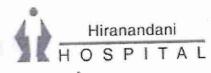
Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255 For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

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(A 1) Fortis Network Hospital)

THIN	12967455	Date	10/02/2	024
	Mr. Yayati Vasant Gangavane	Sex	Male	Age 29
OPD	OPHTHAL 12	Healtl	h Check-1	ир

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la HTW (Hun Hym)

Drug allergy - Wot know.

Sys illness: -> Wo

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Dill/2 6 6/62.

Phoe 6/6/-0.78 x 90° 6/6

Respondence 6/6/-0.50 x 90° 6/6

FOR > RE- 14.8

* Refor tenson - Hr

6 Hmily







REF. DOCTOR:

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002089

: FH.12967455 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

ABHA NO

PATIENT ID

AGE/SEX :29 Years DRAWN :10/02/2024 11:59:00

Male

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 12:03:41

REPORTED :10/02/2024 14:29:56

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12967455 REQNO-1660271

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

100

70 - 140

mg/dL

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c

End Of Report Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist



Page 1 Of 1



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









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FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002006 PATIENT ID : FH.12967455

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :29 Years Male

DRAWN :10/02/2024 09:05:00 RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 09:10:45

REPORTED :10/02/2024 14:57:44

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12967455 REQNO-1660271 CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

Н	AEMATOLOGY - CBC		
CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD: SLS METHOD	14.8	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING	5.70 High	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: FLUORESCENCE FLOW CYTOMETRY	7.10	4.0 - 10.0	thou/μL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD: HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION	321	150 - 410	thou/μL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD: CUMULATIVE PULSE HEIGHT DETECTION METHOD	47.0	40.0 - 50.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	82.5 Low	83.0 - 101.0	fLee 2
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	26.0 Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	31,5	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	12.8	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	14.5	- 4	14 1=1 - 95 ;
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	10.2	6.8 - 10.9	fL

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT



Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist





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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956







REF. DOCTOR:



Male

PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

1

ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002006

: FH.12967455

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

ABHA NO

PATIENT ID

AGE/SEX :29 Years DRAWN :10/02/20

DRAWN :10/02/2024 09:05:00 RECEIVED :10/02/2024 09:10:45

REPORTED :10/02/2024 14:57:44

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

UID:12967455 REQNO-1660271

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

CORP-OPD

MUMBAI 440001

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Inter	val Units
NEUTROPHILS	59	40.0 - 80.0	%
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING LYMPHOCYTES	33	20.0 - 40.0	%
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING MONOCYTES METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	7	2.0 - 10.0	%
EOSINOPHILS METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	1	1 - 6	%
BASOPHILS METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	0	0 - 2	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	4.19	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.34	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.50	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.07	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD: CALCULATED	1.8		E 1 8

MORPHOLOGY

RBC

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

WBC

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PLATELETS

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PREDOMINANTLY NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC

NORMAL MORPHOLOGY

ADEQUATE

(MILES

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist Page 2 Of 17







View Report



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PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

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ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002006 PATIENT ID : FH.12967455

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :29 Years

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Interpretation(s)
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

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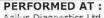
Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) **Consultant Pathologist**

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Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









MC-5837

PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002006 PATIENT ID

: FH.12967455

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

REF. DOCTOR:

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :29 Years DRAWN

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FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

UID:12967455 REQNO-1660271

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

CORP-OPD

MUMBAI 440001

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

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HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD

E.S.R

05

0 - 14

mm at 1 hr

METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C

5.2

Non-diabetic: < 5.7

0%

Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0

(ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD: HB VARIANT (HPLC)

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)

102.5

< 116.0

mg/dL

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change, TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Estrogen medication, Aging.
Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells.spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg, no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist

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FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

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Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2. Diagnosing diabetes.
3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

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Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist

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View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703

Maharashtra, India Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









REF. DOCTOR:

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002006

PATIENT ID : FH.12967455 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

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AGE/SEX :29 Years Male DRAWN :10/02/2024 09:05:00

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IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

TYPE B

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION RH TYPE

POSITIVE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) **Consultant Pathologist**

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MC-5837

PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

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	BIOCHEMISTRY		
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.96	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF			
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.19	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF			r .
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.77	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER TOTAL PROTEIN	7.6	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET	. 7.0	0.4 - 6.2	9/ 41
ALBUMIN	4.0	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING			3=11
GLOBULIN	3.6	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.1	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT)	14 Low	15 - 37	U/L
METHOD: UV WITH PSP	28	< 45.0	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: UV WITH PSP	20	< 45.0	0/1
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	91	30 - 120	U/L
METHOD : PNPP-ANP			1 S-2 11/11
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	39	15 - 85	U/L
METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE			
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	133	85 - 227	U/L
METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUVATE			
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA			
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	92	Normal : < 100	mg/dL
103 (1A31IIIG BLOOD 30GAK)	74	Pre-diabetes: 100-125	3/ 4-

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) **Consultant Pathologist**

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Diabetes: >/=126



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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

REF. DOCTOR :

PATIENT ID : FH.12967455

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID: 12967455

ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002006

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX DRAWN

:29 Years Male

:10/02/2024 09:05:00

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:10:45 REPORTED :10/02/2024 14:57:44

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12967455 REQNO-1660271 CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (MALE)

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN

METHOD : UREASE - UV

13

6 - 20

mg/dL

CREATININE EGFR- EPI

CREATININE

1.33 High

0.90 - 1.30

mg/dL

years

METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES AGE

29

74.20

Refer Interpretation Below

mL/min/1.73m2

BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

9.77

5.00 - 15.00

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID

METHOD : URICASE UV

7.2

3.5 - 7.2

mg/dL

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

TOTAL PROTEIN

METHOD : BIURET

7.6

6.4 - 8.2

g/dL

Ablutus

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist Page 8 Of 17





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PERFORMED AT:

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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









MC-5837

PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

ACCESSION NO: 0022XB002006 PATIENT ID

: FH.12967455

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FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

UID:12967455 REONO-1660271

CORP-OPD

MUMBAI 440001

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILL NO-1501240PCR007868

BILLINO-1301240FCRO	37000			
Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

	, 7 # #	1. 3 2		4
ALBUMIN, SERUM	27		***	
ALBUMIN METHOD: BCP DYE BINDING		4.0	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
			g)	
GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER		3.6	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
	**			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), S	ERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	3	136	136 - 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT		4.22	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
CHLORIDE, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT		99	98 - 107	mmol/L

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUMBilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

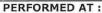


Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) **Consultant Pathologist**





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Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Billary obstruction, and the liver of the partitis of the liver, bilary and pancreas. Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen Cysteolastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal intention, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainty in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and pancreas. Conditions that increase enum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, bilary sys

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in:Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in:Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinama, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy(adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, glacore insulination of the control of the

National Kidney Foundation (NKF) and the American Society of Nephrology (ASN).

Estimated GFR Calculated Using the CKD-EPI equation-https://testguide.labmed.uw.edu/guideline/egfr

Ghuman JK, et al. Impact of Removing Race Variable on CKD Classification Using the Creatinine-Based 2021 CKD-EPI Equation, Kidney Med 2022, 4:100471. 35756325

Harrison's Principle of Internal Medicine, 21st ed. pg 62 and 334

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.



Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist





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PATIENT NAME: MR, YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO: **0022XB002006**PATIENT ID : FH.12967455

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX : 29 Years

DRAWN :10/02/2024 09:05:00

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CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12967455 REQNO-1660271 CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

I Units

Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic

Syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.



Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist





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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status

Final

METHOD: ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL

201 High

177 High

< 200 Desirable

mg/dL

200 - 239 Borderline High

>/= 240 High

< 150 Normal

mg/dL

150 - 199 Borderline High

200 - 499 High

>/=500 Very High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC ASSAY

HDL CHOLESTEROL

TRIGLYCERIDES

38 Low

< 40 Low

mg/dL

>/=60 High

METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE - PEG

LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT

137 High

< 100 Optimal

mg/dL

100 - 129 Near or above optimal

130 - 159 Borderline High

160 - 189 High

>/= 190 Very High

NON HDL CHOLESTEROL

METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT

163 High

Desirable: Less than 130

Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189

High: 190 - 219

Very high: > or = 220

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN

35.4 High

</=30.0

mg/dL

mg/dL

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

CHOL/HDL RATIO

5.3 High

3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk

4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk

> 11.0 High Risk

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg, no. MMC 2019/09/6377) **Consultant Pathologist**

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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









MC-5837

PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

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: FH.12967455 PATIENT ID CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID: 12967455

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Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

LDL/HDL RATIO

3.6 High

0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate

>6.0 High Risk

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Interpretation(s)

(KHAT'S

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist

PERFORMED AT :

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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -

Page 13 Of 17









CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

REF. DOCTOR :

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002006 PATIENT ID : FH.12967455

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12967455

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :29 Years

DRAWN

Male

:10/02/2024 09:05:00

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR

PALE YELLOW

METHOD : PHYSICAL

APPEARANCE METHOD: VISUAL CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH

7.0

4.7 - 7.5

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD SPECIFIC GRAVITY

1.010

1.003 - 1.035

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION)

PROTFIN

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE

GLUCOSE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD

KETONES

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE

BLOOD

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN

BILIRUBIN

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT

NORMAL

NORMAL

UROBILINOGEN

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRLICH REACTION)

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

NITRITE

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY

Microbiologist

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) **Consultant Pathologist**

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD (Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)



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PERFORMED AT:

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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









MC-5837

PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

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CLINICAL INFORMATION:

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31LLNO-1501240PCR007868	× 1	Tutomial Units
3JLLNO-1501240PCR007866	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	at .	(LIDE
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED /HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION PLIS CFIL (WBC'S)	0-1	0-5 /HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	1-2	0-5
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION CASTS METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BACTERIA METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
YEAST METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION REMARKS	URINARY MICROSCO CENTRIFUGED SEDIM	PIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY MENT

Interpretation(s)



Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist



Dr. Rekha Nair, MD (Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354) Microbiologist

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ng/dL

µg/dL

uIU/mL

PATIENT NAME: MR.YAYATI VASANT GANGAVANE

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CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status Final **Biological Reference Interval** Units

80.0 - 200.0

5.10 - 14.10

0.270 - 4.200

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

Results

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

133.4 METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE **T3**

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILLIMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

Kentry

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501240PCR007868 BILLNO-1501240PCR007868

Test Report Status

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Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - TUMOR MARKER

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN

1,250

0.0 - 1.4

ng/mL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM-- PSA is detected in the male patients with normal, benign hyperplastic and malignant prostate tissue and in patients with prostatitis.
- PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (because of radical prostatectomy or cystoprostatectomy) and also in the female

PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (pecause or rank a prostate tissue) of cystophosate tissue (pecause or rank a prostate tissue).
 It a suitable marker for monitoring of patients with Prostate Cancer and it is better to be used in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures.
 Serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy and useful in detecting residual disease and early recurrence of tumor.
 Elevated levels of PSA can be also observed in the patients with non-malignant diseases like Prostaticis and Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia.
 Specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated PSA (false positive) levels persisting up to 3 weeks.
 As per American unological guidelines, PSA screening is recommended for early detection of Prostate cancer above the age of 40 years. Following Age specific reference range can be used as a guidelines.
 Massurgment of total PSA along may not clearly distinguish between benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) from cancer, this is especially true for the total PSA values

- Measurement of total PSA alone may not clearly distinguish between benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) from cancer, this is especially true for the total PSA values between 4-10 ng/mL. Total PSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous medical interpretations. Recommended follow up on same platform as patient result can vary due to differences in assay method and reagent specificity.

Burtis CA, Ashwood ER, Bruns DE. Teitz textbook of clinical chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th edition.
 Williamson MA, Snyder LM. Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests. 9th edition.

End Of Report Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

popular

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD (Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377) Consultant Pathologist

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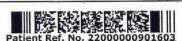


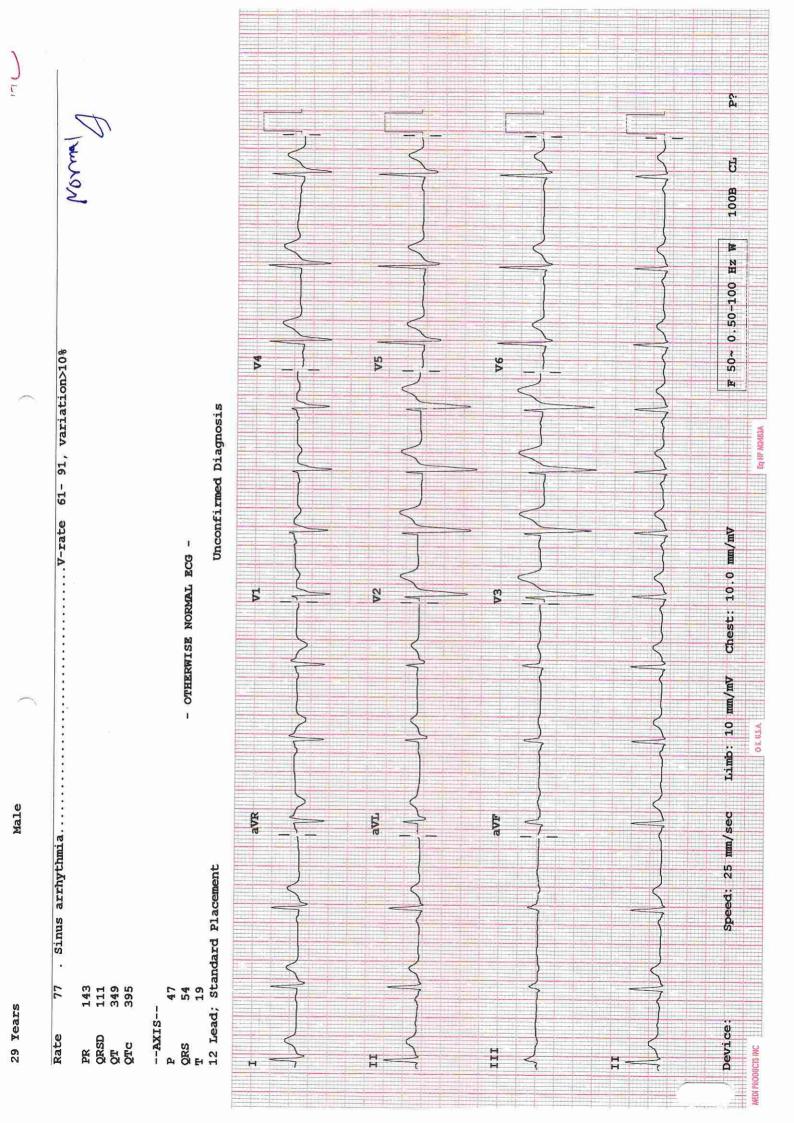
PERFORMED AT:

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 12/Feb/2024

Name: Mr. Yayati Vasant Gangavane

Age | Sex: 29 YEAR(S) | Male Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 12967455 | 8141/24/1501 Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2402/16771 | 10-Feb-2024 Admitted On | Reporting Date : 12-Feb-2024 17:15:34

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY TRANSTHORACIC

FINDINGS:

- No left ventricle regional wall motion abnormality at rest.
- Normal left ventricle systolic function. LVEF = 60%.
- No left ventricle diastolic dysfunction. No e/o raised LVEDP.
- Trivial mitral regurgitation.
- No aortic regurgitation. No aortic stenosis.
- Trivial tricuspid regurgitation. No pulmonary hypertension. PASP = 25 mm of Hg.
- · Intact IVS and IAS.
- No left ventricle clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.
- · Normal right atrium and right ventricle dimension.
- · Normal left atrium and left ventricle dimension.
- Normal right ventricle systolic function. No hepatic congestion.
- IVC measures 13 mm with normal inspiratory collapse .

M-MODE MEASUREMENTS:

LA	32	mm
AO Root	23	mm
AO CUSP SEP	18	mm
LVID (s)	29	mm
LVID (d)	43	mm
IVS (d)	10	mm
LVPW (d)	09	mm
RVID (d)	33	mm
RA	34	mm
LVEF	60	%

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Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2402/16771 | 10-Feb-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 12-Feb-2024 17:15:34

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

DOPPLER STUDY:

E WAVE VELOCITY: 0.9 m/sec. A WAVE VELOCITY:0.7 m/sec

E/A RATIO: 1.3

	PEAK (mmHg)	MEAN (mmHg)	V max (m/sec)	GRADE OF REGURGITATION
MITRAL VALVE	N			Trivial
AORTIC VALVE	05			Nil
TRICUSPID VALVE	25			Trivial
PULMONARY VALVE	2.0			Nil

Final Impression:

- No RWMA.
- · Trivial MR and TR. No PH.
- Normal LV and RV systolic function.

DR. PRASHANT PAWAR DNB(MED), DNB (CARD) DR.AMIT SINGH, MD(MED),DM(CARD) Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

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PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 10/Feb/2024

Name: Mr. Yayati Vasant Gangavane

Age | Sex: 29 YEAR(S) | Male

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 12967455 | 8141/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2402/16771 | 10-Feb-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date: 10-Feb-2024 11:14:00

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

DR. YOGINI SHAH

DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D

(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)





Patient Name	:	Yayati Vasant Gangavane	Patient ID	<u> </u>	12967455
Sex / Age	:	M / 29Y 3M 7D	Accession No.	į	PHC.7449379
Modality	:	US	Scan DateTime	:	10-02-2024 10:14:14
IPID No	:	8141/24/1501	ReportDatetime	3.	10-02-2024 10:21:43

USG - WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size and shows increased echogenicity. No IHBR dilatation. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal in caliber.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection.

CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 10.6 x 4.2 cm.

Left kidney measures 10.4 x 4.9 cm.

PANCREAS: Head and body of pancreas is visualised and appears normal. Rest of the pancreas is obscured.

URINARY BLADDER is partially distended, limiting optimal evaluation of pelvis. No obvious evidence of intravesical calculi.

PROSTATE grossly appears normal in size and echogenicity. It measures ~ 17 cc in volume.

No evidence of ascites.

Impression:

Grade I fatty infiltration of liver.

DR. KÜNAL NIGAM M.D. (Radiologist)