



# భారత విశిష్ట గుర్తింపు ప్రాధికార సంస్థ

భారత ప్రభుత్వం entification Authority of Indi

నమోదు సంఖ్య / Enrollment No. : 1171/27123/03509

To Ankam Soudamini అంకం సౌదామిని D/O: Ankam Nagaraj

D/O: Ankam Nagaraju 4-17-91/10 2ndlane, Velangini Nagar Near Medical Hostal Amaravathi Road Guntur Guntur, Guntur Andhra Pradesh - 522002 7396980932



KL146535132DF

14653513



మీ ఆధార్ సంఖ్య / Your Aadhaar No. :

2014 8137 4271

ఆధార్ - సామాన్యుని హక్కు





Mrs soudamini Ankam wer pregnent. She said i am unake to do eladiology and cardiology Texts (USG Abdomen, 2d echo, x-Rey) and consultations also.



DOB: 10/Feb/2024 08:15AMRef Doctor: SELFCollected: 10/Feb/2024 08:17AMClient Name: MEDI WHEELSReceived: 10/Feb/2024 08:43AM

Client Add : F-701, Lado Sarai, Mehravli, N Reported : 10/Feb/2024 10:38AM

Hospital Name :

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)						
Sample Type : WHOLE BLOOD EDTA						
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE 80 mm/1st hr 0 - 15 Capillary Photometry						

#### COMMENTS:

ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.

Increased levels may indicate: Chronic renal failure (e.g., nephritis, nephrosis), malignant diseases (e.g., multiple myeloma, Hodgkin disease, advanced Carcinomas), bacterial infections (e.g., abdominal infections, acute pelvic inflammatory disease, syphilis, pneumonia), inflammatory diseases (e.g. temporal arteritis, polymyalgia rheumatic, rheumatoid arthritis, rheumatic fever, systemic lupus erythematosus [SLE]), necrotic diseases (e.g., acute myocardial infarction, necrotic tumor, gangrene of an extremity), diseases associated with increased proteins (e.g., hyperfibrinogenemia, macroglobulinemia), and severe anemias (e.g., iron deficiency or B12 deficiency).

Falsely decreased levels may indicate: Sickle cell anemia, spherocytosis, hypofibrinogenemia, or polycythemia vera.

Verified By : M VENKATA KRISHNA



Approved By:

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DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method

BLOOD GROUP ABO & RH Typing				
Sample Type : WHOLE BLOOD EDTA				
ABO	В			
Rh Typing	POSITIVE			

Method: Hemagglutination Tube method by forward and reverse grouping

### COMMENTS:

The test will detect common blood grouping system A, B, O, AB and Rhesus (RhD). Unusual blood groups or rare subtypes will not be detected by this method. Further investigation by a blood transfusion laboratory, will be necessary to identify such groups.

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M VENKATA KRISHNA



Approved By:

Age/Gender : 29 Y 0 M 0 D /F Barcode No : 10921494

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DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method

СВ	CBC(COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)					
Sample Type : WHOLE BLOOD EDTA						
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)	12.7	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	Cyanide-free SLS method		
RBC COUNT(RED BLOOD CELL COUNT)	4.51	million/cmm	3.80 - 4.80	Impedance		
PCV/HAEMATOCRIT	36.8	%	36.0 - 46.0	RBC pulse height detection		
MCV	81.5	fL	83 - 101	Automated/Calculated		
MCH	28.1	pg	27 - 32	Automated/Calculated		
MCHC	34.4	g/dl	31.5 - 34.5	Automated/Calculated		
RDW - CV	13.6	%	11.0-16.0	Automated Calculated		
RDW - SD	42.3	fl	35.0-56.0	Calculated		
MPV	8.7	fL	6.5 - 10.0	Calculated		
PDW	15.5	fL	8.30-25.00	Calculated		
PCT	0.27	%	0.15-0.62	Calculated		
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	11,090	cells/ml	4000 - 11000	Flow Cytometry		
DLC (by Flow cytometry/Microscopy)		•				
NEUTROPHIL	71	%	40 - 80	Impedance		
LYMPHOCYTE	22	%	20 - 40	Impedance		
EOSINOPHIL	01	%	01 - 06	Impedance		
MONOCYTE	06	%	02 - 10	Impedance		
BASOPHIL	00	%	0 - 1	Impedance		
PLATELET COUNT	3.09	Lakhs/cumm	1.50 - 4.10	Impedance		

Verified By:

Kollipara Venkateswara Rao



Dr. Sumalatha MBBS,DCP Consultant Pathologist

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Hospital Name :

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method

THYROID PROFILE (T3,T4,TSH)						
Sample Type : SERUM						
T3	1.69	ng/ml	0.60 - 1.78	CLIA		
T4 13.55 ug/dl 4.82-15.65 CLIA						
TSH	1.21	ulU/mL	0.30 - 5.60	CLIA		

### INTERPRETATION:

- 1. Serum T3, T4 and TSH are the measurements form three components of thyroid screening panel and are useful in diagnosing various disorders of thyroid gland function.
- 2. Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by elevated serum T3 and T4 values along with depressed TSH levels.
- 3. Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by depressed serum T3 and T4 values and elevated serum TSH levels.
- 4. Normal T4 levels accompanied by high T3 levels are seen in patients with T3 thyrotoxicosis. Slightly elevated T3 levels may be found in pregnancy and in estrogen therapy while depressed levels may be encountered in severe illness, malnutrition, renal failure and during therapy with drugs like propanolol and propylthiouracil.
- 5. Although elevated TSH levels are nearly always indicative of primary hypothyroidism, rarely they can result from TSH secreting pituitary tumors (secondary hyperthyroidism).
- 6. Low levels of Thyroid hormones (T3, T4 & FT3, FT4) are seen in cases of primary, secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism and sometimes in non-thyroidal illness also.
- 7. Increased levels are found in Grave's disease, hyperthyroidism and thyroid hormone resistance.
- 8. TSH levels are raised in primary hypothyroidism and are low in hyperthyroidism and secondary hypothyroidism.
- 9. REFERENCE RANGE :

PREGNANCY	TSH in uIU/ mL
1st Trimester	0.60 - 3.40
2nd Trimester	0.37 - 3.60
3rd Trimester	0.38 - 4.04

( References range recommended by the American Thyroid Association)

Comments

- $1.\,$  During pregnancy, Free thyroid profile (FT3, FT4 & TSH) is recommended.
- 2. TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaches peak levels between 2-4 AM and at a minimum between 6-10 PM. The variation of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method

	LIVER FUNCTION TEST(LFT)				
Sample Type : SERUM					
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.63	mg/dl	0.3 - 1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROFF	
CONJUGATED BILIRUBIN	0.12	mg/dl	0 - 0.2	DPD	
UNCONJUGATED BILIRUBIN	0.51	mg/dl		Calculated	
AST (S.G.O.T)	16	U/L	< 35	KINETIC WITHOUT P5P- IFCC	
ALT (S.G.P.T)	17	U/L	< 35	KINETIC WITHOUT P5P- IFCC	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	119	U/L	30 - 120	IFCC-AMP BUFFER	
TOTAL PROTEINS	6.6	gm/dl	6.6 - 8.3	Biuret	
ALBUMIN	3.5	gm/dl	3.5 - 5.2	BCG	
GLOBULIN	3.1	gm/dl	2.0 - 3.5	Calculated	
A/G RATIO	1.13			Calculated	

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method

LIPID PROFILE					
Sample Type : SERUM					
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	173	mg/dl	Refere Table Below	Cholesterol oxidase/peroxidase	
H D L CHOLESTEROL	50	mg/dl	> 40	Enzymatic/ Immunoinhibiton	
L D L CHOLESTEROL	103	mg/dl	Refere Table Below	Enzymatic Selective Protein	
TRIGLYCERIDES	98	mg/dl	See Table	GPO	
VLDL	19.6	mg/dl	< 35	Calculated	
T. CHOLESTEROL/ HDL RATIO	3.46		Refere Table Below	Calculated	
TRIGLYCEIDES/ HDL RATIO	1.96	Ratio	< 2.0	Calculated	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	123	mg/dl	< 130	Calculated	

NATIONAL CHOLESTEROL EDUCATION	TOTAL	TDI CI VCEDI DE	LDL	NON HDL
PROGRAMME (NCEP)	CHOLESTEROL	TRI GLYCERI DE	CHOLESTEROL	CHOLESTEROL
Optimal	<200	<150	<100	<130
Above Optimal	-	-	100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	200-239	150-199	130-159	160 - 189
High	>=240	200-499	160-189	190 - 219
Very High	-	>=500	>=190	>=220

REMARKS	Cholesterol : HDL Ratio
Low risk	3.3-4.4
Average risk	4.5-7.1
Moderate risk	7.2-11.0
High risk	>11.0
Matai	

Note:

- 1.Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL& LDL Cholesterol
- 2. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol(an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants)along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL &Non HDL.
- 3.Apolipoprotein B is an optional, secondary lipid target for treatment once LDL & Non HDL goals have been achieved
- 4. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP, Lp(a ) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method	

HBA1C					
Sample Type : WHOLE BLOOD EDTA					
HBA1c RESULT	5.7	%	Normal Glucose tolerance (non-diabetic): <5.7% Pre-diabetic: 5.7-6.4% Diabetic Mellitus: >6.5%	HPLC	
ESTIMATED AVG. GLUCOSE	117	mg/dl			

#### Note:

- 1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled .
- 2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control .

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method	

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)					
Sample Type : Serum					
SERUM UREA	18	mg/dL	13 - 43	Urease GLDH	
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	8.4	mg/dl	5 - 25	GLDH-UV	

### Increased In:

Impaired kidney function, Reduced renal blood flow {CHF, Salt and water depletion, (vomiting, diarrhea, diuresis, sweating), Shock}, Any obstruction of urinary tract, Increased protein catabolism, AMI, Stress

#### Decreased In:

Diuresis (e.g. with over hydration), Severe liver damage, Late pregnancy, Infancy, Malnutrition, Diet (e.g., low-protein and high-carbohydrate, IV feedings only), Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood)

### Limitations:

Urea levels increase with age and protein content of the diet.

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method	

FBS (GLUCOSE FASTING)						
Sample Type : FLOURIDE PLASMA						
FASTING PLASMA GLUCOSE	94	mg/dl	70 - 100	HEXOKINASE		

## INTERPRETATION:

Increased In

- Diabetes Mellitus
- Stress (e.g., emotion, burns, shock, anesthesia)
- Acute pancreatitis
- Chronic pancreatitis
- Wernicke encephalopathy (vitamin B1 deficiency)
- Effect of drugs (e.g. corticosteroids, estrogens, alcohol, phenytoin, thiazides)

# Decreased In

- Pancreatic disorders
- Extrapancreatic tumors
- Endocrine disorders
- Malnutrition
- Hypothalamic lesions
- Alcoholism
- Endocrine disorders

Verified By: Kollipara Venkateswara Rao

Kollipara

Approved By:

Visit ID : YGT53926 UHID/MR No : YGT.0000053756 **Patient Name** : Mrs. SOUDAMINI ANKAM Client Code : YOD-DL-0021

Age/Gender : 29 Y 0 M 0 D /F Barcode No : 10921494

DOB Registration : 10/Feb/2024 08:15AM Ref Doctor : SELF Collected : 10/Feb/2024 10:21AM : MEDI WHEELS : 10/Feb/2024 10:37AM Client Name Received : F-701, Lado Sarai, Mehravli, N : 10/Feb/2024 10:58AM Client Add Reported

Hospital Name

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method	

PPBS (POST PRANDIAL GLUCOSE)						
Sample Type : FLOURIDE PLASMA						
POST PRANDIAL PLASMA GLUCOSE	157	mg/dl	<140	HEXOKINASE		

# **INTERPRETATION:**

### Increased In

- Diabetes Mellitus
- Stress (e.g., emotion, burns, shock, anesthesia)
- Acute pancreatitis
- Chronic pancreatitis
- Wernicke encephalopathy (vitamin B1 deficiency)
- Effect of drugs (e.g. corticosteroids, estrogens, alcohol, phenytoin, thiazides)

### <u>Decreased In</u>

- Pancreatic disorders
- Extrapancreatic tumors
- Endocrine disorders
- Malnutrition
- Hypothalamic lesions
- Alcoholism
- Endocrine disorders

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Hospital Name :

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range Method				

SERUM CREATININE					
Sample Type : SERUM					
SERUM CREATININE	0.70	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.30	KINETIC-JAFFE	

### Increased In:

- Diet: ingestion of creatinine (roast meat), Muscle disease: gigantism, acromegaly,
- Impaired kidney function.

### Decreased In:

- Pregnancy: Normal value is 0.4-0.6 mg/dL. A value >0.8 mg/dL is abnormal and should alert the clinician to further diagnostic evaluation.
- Creatinine secretion is inhibited by certain drugs (e.g., cimetidine, trimethoprim).

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range Method				

GGT (GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE)					
Sample Type : SERUM					
GGT	14	U/L	0 - 55.0	KINETIC-IFCC	

### INTERPRETATION:

GGT functions in the body as a transport molecule, helping to move other molecules around the body. It plays a significant role in helping the liver metabolize drugs and other toxins. Increased GGT include overuse of alcohol, chronic viral hepatitis, lack of blood flow to the liver, liver tumor, cirrhosis, or scarred liver, overuse of certain drugs or other toxins, heart failure, diabetes, pancreatitis, fatty liver disease.

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Dr. Sumalatha MBBS,DCP Consultant Pathologist

Approved By:

Visit ID : YGT53926 UHID/MR No : YGT.0000053756 **Patient Name** : Mrs. SOUDAMINI ANKAM Client Code : YOD-DL-0021 Age/Gender : 29 Y 0 M 0 D /F Barcode No : 10921494

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range Method				

URIC ACID -SERUM					
Sample Type : SERUM					
SERUM URIC ACID	3.1	mg/dl	2.6 - 6.0	URICASE - PAP	

Interpretation

Uric acid is the final product of purine metabolism in the human organism. Uric acid measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous renal and metabolic disorders, including renal failure, gout, leukemia, psoriasis, starvation or other wasting conditions, and of patients receiving cytotoxic drugs.

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY						
Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range Method						
BUN/CREATININE RATIO						
Sample Type : SERUM						
SERUM CREATININE 0.70 mg/dl 0.70 - 1.30 KINETIC-JAFFE						
BUN/CREATININE RATIO	120.00	Ratio	6 - 25	Calculated		

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Hospital Name :

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY						
Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Method		
CUE (COMPLETE URINE EXAMINATION)						
Sample Type : SPOT URINE						
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION						
TOTAL VOLUME	25 ML	ml				
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW					
APPEARANCE	CLEAR					
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020		1.003 - 1.035	Bromothymol Blue		
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	·			•		
pН	5.5		4.6 - 8.0	Double Indicator		
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	Protein - error of Indicators		
GLUCOSE(U)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	Glucose Oxidase		
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE	mg/dl	< 1.0	Ehrlichs Reaction		
KETONE BODIES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	Nitroprasside		
BILIRUBIN - TOTAL	NEGATIVE		Negative	Azocoupling Reaction		
BLOOD	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	Tetramethylbenzidine		
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		Negative	Azocoupling reaction		
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	Diazotization Reaction		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION						
PUS CELLS	1-2	cells/HPF	0-5			
EPITHELIAL CELLS	3-4	/hpf	0 - 15			
RBCs	NIL	Cells/HPF	Nil			
CRYSTALS	NIL	Nil	Nil			
CASTS	NIL	/HPF	Nil			
BUDDING YEAST	NIL		Nil			
BACTERIA	NIL		Nil			
OTHER	NIL					

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

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Kollipara Venkateswara Rao



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