Patient Name
 Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA
 Lab No
 4023197

 UHID
 40010257
 Collection Date
 10/02/2024 9:10AM

 Age/Gender
 40 Yrs/Female
 Receiving Date
 10/02/2024 9:25AM

 ID/OR Location
 O\_ORD
 Report Date
 10/03/3034 11:31AM

IP/OP LocationO-OPDReport Date10/02/2024 11:21AMReferred ByDr. EHS CONSULTANTReport StatusFinal

Mobile No. 7689804167

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)

Sample: Fl. Plasma

BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING) **126.3 H** mg/dl 74 - 106

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP ) 110.3 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.290	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	7.66	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	0.98	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA	Lab No	4023197
UHID	40010257	Collection Date	10/02/2024 9:10AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	40 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	10/02/2024 9:25AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	10/02/2024 11:21AM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	10/02/2024 11:21AM

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

 $Interpretation: -The \ determination \ of \ T3 \ is \ utilized \ in \ the diagnosis \ of \ T3-hyperthyroidism \ the \ detection \ of \ early \ stages \ of hyperthyroidism \ and \ for \ indicating \ a \ diagnosis \ of \ thyrotoxicosis \ factitia.$ 

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

28.2

Interpretation:—The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.49	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.36	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.13	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40	
SGOT	25.9	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	20.9	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.79	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	
ALBUMIN	4.9	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2	
GLOBULIN	2.9		1.8 - 3.6	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	83.9	U/L	42 - 98	
A/G RATIO	1.7	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5	

U/L

6.0 - 38.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**GGTP** 

**Patient Name** Lab No Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA 4023197 UHID **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM 40010257 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 40 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 11:21AM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final

Mobile No. 7689804167

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BILIRUBIN TOTAL** :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bivret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	186		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	46.7		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	108.0		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	18	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	88.9		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	4.0	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Lab No Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA 4023197 UHID 40010257 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender 40 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date** Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 11:21AM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 7689804167

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation: -HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	31.60	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	14.8	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.68	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	138.2	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.33	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	104.0	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.0	mg/dl	2.6 - 6.0
CALCIUM	9.33	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Lab No Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA 4023197 UHID **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM 40010257 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 40 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 11:21AM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final

**Mobile No.** 7689804167

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.

URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake and kidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: -Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL: - Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

**Patient Name** Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA Lab No 4023197 UHID 40010257 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 40 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 11:21AM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

#### **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

Unit **Biological Ref. Range Test Name** Result

**BLOOD GROUPING** "B" Rh Positive

7689804167

Mobile No.

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Lab No Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA 4023197 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM UHID 40010257 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 40 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 11:21AM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

**Mobile No.** 7689804167

#### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine SUGAR (RANDOM)  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  Sample: Urine Sugar (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine  PHYSICAL EXAMINATION  VOLUME  COLOUR  APPEARANCE  CLEAR  CHEMICAL EXAMINATION  Sample: Urine  CALEAR  CLEAR  CLEAR  CLEAR
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine  PHYSICAL EXAMINATION  VOLUME  COLOUR  APPEARANCE  CLEAR  CLEAR  CLEAR
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  Sample: Urine  PHYSICAL EXAMINATION  VOLUME  COLOUR  APPEARANCE  CLEAR  CLEAR  CLEAR
Sample: Urine  PHYSICAL EXAMINATION  VOLUME 20 ml  COLOUR PALE YELLOW P YELLOW  APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR  CHEMICAL EXAMINATION
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION  VOLUME 20 ml  COLOUR PALE YELLOW P YELLOW  APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR  CHEMICAL EXAMINATION
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION  VOLUME 20 ml  COLOUR PALE YELLOW P YELLOW  APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR  CHEMICAL EXAMINATION
VOLUME20mlCOLOURPALE YELLOWP YELLOWAPPEARANCECLEARCLEARCHEMICAL EXAMINATION
COLOUR PALE YELLOW P YELLOW APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR CHEMICAL EXAMINATION
APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR CHEMICAL EXAMINATION
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION
DU 55 70
PH 6.0 5.5 - 7.0
SPECIFIC GRAVITY         1.005         1.016-1.022
PROTEIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
SUGAR NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
BLOOD NEGATIVE
KETONES NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
NITRITE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
LEUCOCYTE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
WBCS/HPF 2-3 /hpf 0-3
RBCS/HPF 0-1 /hpf 0-2
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF 2-3 /hpf 0 - 1
CASTS NIL NIL
CRYSTALS NIL NIL

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA Lab No 4023197 UHID 40010257 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender 40 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 11:21AM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

7689804167 Mobile No.

#### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

NIL **BACTERIA** NIL **OHTERS** NIL NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific
Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue
(Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.
interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA Lab No 4023197 UHID 40010257 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM Age/Gender 10/02/2024 9:25AM **Receiving Date** 40 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 11:21AM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

**HEMATOLOGY** 

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)			_	Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	12.2	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	38.7	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	80.3 L	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	25.3 L	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	31.5 L	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.82 H	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	6.47	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	65.4	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	25.8	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	2.9	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	5.1	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.8 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	3.25	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

Mobile No.

7689804167

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 25 H mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**Patient Name** Lab No Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA 4023197 10/02/2024 9:10AM UHID 40010257 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 40 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 11:21AM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 7689804167

Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Page: 10 Of 11

**Patient Name** Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA Lab No 4023197 UHID 40010257 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:10AM 10/02/2024 9:25AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 40 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 11:21AM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 7689804167

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

#### X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is withinnormal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically &with other related investigations.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Actions

APOORVA JETWANI

Select

Patient Name Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA

**UHID** 338780

**Age/Gender** 40 Yrs/Female

IP/OP Location O-OPD

Referred By Dr. EHCC Consultant

**Mobile No.** 9773349797

**Lab No** 623842

 Collection Date
 10/02/2024 10:33AM

 Receiving Date
 10/02/2024 10:37AM

**Report Date** 10/02/2024 12:05PM

Report Status Final



#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	6.2	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients < 7 % Excellent Control 7 - 8 % Good Control > 8 % Poor Control

Method: - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. MAHENDRA KUMAR

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH CONSULTANT & HOD MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY Dr. ASHISH SHARMA
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY
MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1

## **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40010257 (3657)	RISNo./Status:	4023197/
Patient Name:	Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA	Age/Gender:	40 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	10/02/2024 8:48AM/ OPSCR23- 24/12824	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	10/02/2024 10:13AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

## **USG REPORT - ABDOMEN AND PELVIS**

#### LIVER:

Is normal in size and **shows diffuse increased echogenicity.** 

No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra hepatic biliary radical dilatation seen.

#### **GALL BLADDER:**

Adequately distended with no obvious wall thickening/pericholecystic fat stranding/fluid. No obvious calculus/polyp/mass seen within.

#### **PANCREAS:**

Appears normal in size and shows uniform echo texture. The pancreatic duct is normal. No calcifications are seen.

#### **SPLEEN:**

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echo texture.

## **RIGHT KIDNEY:**

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

## **LEFT KIDNEY:**

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

## **URINARY BLADDER:**

Is normal in contour. No intraluminal echoes are seen. No calculus or diverticulum is seen.

#### **UTERUS:**

Uterus is normal in size and echotexture anteverted.

Endometrial thickness measures ~ 2mm.

No focal lesion noted.

#### **OVARIES:**

Both ovaries are normal in size and echoes.

No focal fluid collections seen.

# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40010257 (3657)	RISNo./Status:	4023197/
Patient Name:	Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA	Age/Gender:	40 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No :	10/02/2024 8:48AM/ OPSCR23- 24/12824	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	10/02/2024 10:13AM	<b>Company Name:</b>	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

# **IMPRESSION:**

Diffuse grade I fatty liver.

DR. RENU JADIYA

Consultant – Radiology

MBBS, DNB

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40010257 (3657)	RISNo./Status:	4023197/
Patient Name:	Mrs. SHIKHA SHARMA	Age/Gender:	40 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	10/02/2024 8:48AM/ OPSCR23- 24/12824	Scan Date :	
Report Date:	10/02/2024 2:14PM	<b>Company Name:</b>	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP

#### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

#### **M MODE DIMENSIONS: -**

Normal Normal								
IVSD	11.4	6-12mm			LVIDS	27.5	20-40mm	
LVIDD	40.9		32-	57mm		LVPWS	17.8	mm
LVPWD	11.1	6-12mm			AO	27.9	19-37mm	
IVSS	18.3		J	mm		LA	27.5	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%		RA	-	mm
DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALCULATIONS:								
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)		GRADIENT (mmHg)		REGURGITATION		
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	E 0.77 e' -		-		NIL	
VALVE		A	0.49	E/e'	-			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E 0.56		-		NIL	
VALVE			A 0.40					
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.06		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL		(	0.57		-		NIL

#### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

**IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS** 

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY
AND WELLNESS CENTRE