

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI

SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156

Test Report Status

SRL Ltd

Ground floor 365/6, Aaj Ka Aanand building, Shivaji Nagar

PUNE, 411005 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 9111591115, Fax: 020 30251212 CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: customercare.pune@srl.in

PATIENT NAME: SHWETA PATEL 0708400465733

<u>Final</u>

PATIENT ID : SHWEF1404869A

Biological Reference Interval Units

ACCESSION NO: 0030VI007120 AGE: 36 Years SEX: Female ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 24/09/2022 00:00:00 RECEIVED: 24/09/2022 10:01:31 REPORTED: 01/10/2022 17:38:39

Results

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID:

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP I BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	BELOW 40FEMALE			
HEMOGLOBIN	10.3	Low	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	4.33	2000	3.8 - 4.8	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	5.00		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT	173		150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES	2.0		100 .10	опос, р.с.
HEMATOCRIT	34.5	Low	36 - 46	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	80.0		83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.	23.7	Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	29.8	Low	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
MENTZER INDEX	18.5			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	17.6	High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	12.3	High	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR				
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	53		40 - 80	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	2.65		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
LYMPHOCYTES	38		20 - 40	%
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.90		1.0 - 3.0	thou/μL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.3			
EOSINOPHILS	1		1 - 6	%
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.05		0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
MONOCYTES	8		2 - 10	%
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.40		0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
BASOPHILS	0		0 - 2	%
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.00	Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT PERFORMED ON:	EDTA SMEAR			

MORPHOLOGY





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REMARKS	RBCS: MILD ANISOCYTOSIS WITH NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC.			
			L IN NUMBER & MORPHOLOGY.	
	PLATELETS: ADE	QUATE ON	I PERIPHERAL SMEAR.	
ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD				
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD	38	High	0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA	96		74 - 99	mg/dL
METHOD: HEXOKINASE	90		74 - 99	mg/uL
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHO	LE BLOOD			
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	5.2		Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%
METHOD: HPLC			23	
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE	102.5		< 116.0	mg/dL
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA	101		Normal: < 140, Impaired Glucose Tolerance:1 199 Diabetic > or = 200	mg/dL L40-
METHOD: HEXOKINASE				
CORONARY RISK PROFILE, SERUM				
CHOLESTEROL	126		Desirable: <200 BorderlineHigh: 200-239 High: > or = 240	mg/dL
METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE				
TRIGLYCERIDES	63		Desirable: < 150 Borderline High: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: > or = 500	mg/dL
METHOD: ENZYMATIC WITH GLYCEROL BLANK				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	41		< 40 Low > or = 60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE - PEG			323	





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CHOLESTEROL LDL	72	Adult levels: mg/dL Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal: 100- 129 Borderline high: 130-159 High: 160-189 Very high: = 190	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	85	Desirable: Less than 130 mg/dL Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.1		
LDL/HDL RATIO	1.8	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	12.6	mg/dL	
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.44	0.0 - 1.2 mg/dL	
METHOD : DIAZONIUM ION, BLANKED (ROCHE)			
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.20	0.0 - 0.2 mg/dL	
METHOD: DIAZOTIZATION			
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.24	0.00 - 1.00 mg/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.9	6.4 - 8.3 g/dL	
METHOD: BIURET, REAGENT BLANK, END POINT	4.6	3.50.5.30	
ALBUMIN METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN (BCG)	4.6	3.50 - 5.20 g/dL	
GLOBULIN	3.3	2.0 - 4.1 g/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	5.5	2.0 - 4.1 g/ac	
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.4	1.0 - 2.0 RATIO	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	22	UPTO 32 U/L	
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	24	UPTO 34 U/L	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	78	35 - 104 U/L	
METHOD: PNPP - AMP BUFFER		,	
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3-CARBOXY-4-NITROANALIDE (IFC	18	5 - 36 U/L	



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LACTATE DEHYDROGEI	NASE	162		135 - 214	U/L
METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUV		102		133 211	0 /L
SERUM BLOOD UREA					
BLOOD UREA NITROGE	EN	8		6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD: UREASE COLORIN	METRIC				2.
CREATININE, SERUM	I				
CREATININE		0.50		0.50 - 0.90	mg/dL
METHOD : JAFFE'S ALKALINE	E PICRATE -IFCC IDMS STANDARDIZED				2.
BUN/CREAT RATIO					
BUN/CREAT RATIO		16.00	High	5.0 - 15.0	
URIC ACID, SERUM					
URIC ACID		4.7		2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL
METHOD : URICASE, COLOR	METRIC				
TOTAL PROTEIN, SEI	RUM				
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.9		6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
METHOD: BIURET, REAGEN	T BLANK, END POINT				
ALBUMIN, SERUM					
ALBUMIN		4.6		3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
METHOD: BROMOCRESOL G	GREEN (BCG)				
GLOBULIN					
GLOBULIN		3.3		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED PAR	AMETER				
ELECTROLYTES (NA/	K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM		143		137 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT					
POTASSIUM		5.00		3.6 - 5.0	mmol/L
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT					
CHLORIDE		107		98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT					
PHYSICAL EXAMINA	TION, URINE				
COLOR		PALE YELLOW			
APPEARANCE		CLEAR			
METHOD : DIPSTICK, MICRO	DSCOPY				
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		<=1.005		1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD : DIPSTICK					





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CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE				
PH	6.5	4.7 - 7.5		
METHOD: DIPSTICK				
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: DIPSTICK				
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: DIPSTICK				
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: DIPSTICK				
BLOOD	DETECTED (+)	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: DIPSTICK				
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: DIPSTICK (DIAZOTISED DICHLOROANILINE)				
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL		
METHOD: DIPSTICK				
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: DIPSTICK				
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE				
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	2-3	0-5	/HPF	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
EPITHELIAL CELLS	3-5	0-5	/HPF	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S)	2 - 3	NOT DETECTED	/HPF	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CASTS	NOT DETECTED			
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED			
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
REMARKS	URINE ANALYSIS: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION IS CARRIED OUT ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.			
THYROID PANEL, SERUM				
Т3	92.1	58 - 1 59	ng/dL	
METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY (CMIA)			
T4	8.07	4.87 - 11.71	μg/dL	



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METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY (CMIA)

TSH 3RD GENERATION 1.632 0.350 - 4.940 μIU/mL

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY (CMIA)

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

TEST METHOD CONVENTIONAL GYNEC CYTOLOGY

SPECIMEN TYPE TWO UNSTAINED CERVICAL SMEARS RECEIVED

2CV-23094

REPORTING SYSTEM 2014 BETHESDA SYSTEM FOR REPORTING CERVICAL CYTOLOGY

SPECIMEN ADEQUACY SMEARS ARE SATISFACTORY FOR EVALUATION.

MICROSCOPY THE SMEARS SHOW MAINLY SUPERFICIAL SQUAMOUS CELLS, FEW

INTERMEDIATE SQUAMOUS CELLS, OCCASIONAL SQUAMOUS

METAPLASTIC CELLS AND OCCASIONAL CLUSTERS OF ENDOCERVICAL

CELLS IN THE MODERATE BACKGROUND OF POLYMORPHS.

NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPITHELIAL LESION OR MALIGNANCY.

INTERPRETATION / RESULT NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPITHELIAL LESION OR MALIGNANCY.

REACTIVE CELLULAR CHANGES ASSOCIATED WITH INFLAMMATION.

(INCLUDES TYPICAL REPAIR- MODERATE INFLAMMATION)

Comments

Comments:

SUGGESTIONS / GUIDELINES: (REF: THE BETHESDA SYSTEM FOR REPORTING CERVICAL CYTOLOGY.2014,3RD EDITION) ADVISDED REPEAT SMEAR,AFTER TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATION.

- 1.Please note Papanicolau smear study is a screening procedure for cervical cancer with inherent false negative results, hence should be interpreted with caution.
- 2. No cytological evidence of HPV infection in the smears studied.
- 3.Primary screening of PAP smears is carried out by cytotechnologist with 100% rescreening and reporting by surgical pathologists

NOTE: PAP STAIN PROCESSED AT SRL MUMBAI UNDER ACC NO: 0002VI057326

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE B

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE POSITIVE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO NEGATIVE

ECG



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ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY NORMAL RELEVANT PAST HISTORY NORMAL RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY NORMAL LMP (FOR FEMALES) 18/09/2022

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

> DIABETES HEART DISEASE

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.67 mts 59 WEIGHT IN KGS. Kgs BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts

BMI 21

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight

30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL

GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS UNDERNOURISHED

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK **AVERAGE** FACIAL APPEARANCE NORMAL SKIN NORMAL UPPER LIMB NORMAL LOWER LIMB NORMAL NECK NORMAL

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

THYROID GLAND NOT ENLARGED

CAROTID PULSATION NORMAL **TEMPERATURE** NORMAL

PULSE 74/MIN REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID

BRUIT





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RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP 120/80 MM HG mm/Hg

(SITTING)

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT NORMAL

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

MURMURS ABSENT

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST

MOVEMENTS OF CHEST

BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT

LIVER NOT PALPABLE SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE

HERNIA ABSENT

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL
CRANIAL NERVES NORMAL
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS NORMAL
SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL
MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL
REFLEXES NORMAL

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL JOINTS NORMAL

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

CONJUNCTIVA NORMAL EYELIDS NORMAL





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EYE MOVEMENTS NORMAL

CORNEA NORMAL

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES DISTANT VISION 6/6 (NORMAL)

DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES DISTANT VISION 6/6 (NORMAL)

NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES NEAR VISION N 6 (NORMAL)
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES NEAR VISION N 6 (NORMAL)

COLOUR VISION NORMAL

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL NORMAL TYMPANIC MEMBRANE NORMAL

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES NORMAL THROAT NORMAL

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS

LOW HAEMOGLOBIN - 10.3 g/dL

ESR RAISED - 38 mm/hrs

ESR RAISED - 38 mm/hrs
BUN/CREAT RATIO RAISED (16.00)
BLOOD DETECTED (+) IN URINE
RBC'S 2-3 / HPF IN URINE

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS ADV. TAKE SUPPLEMENTS OF IRON, B12 AND FOLIC ACID

PLENTY OF ORAL FLUIDS.

REPEAT URINE EXAM AFTER 7 DAYS.

? INFECTION - ADV. FOLLOW UP WITH FAMILY PHYSICIAN / SRL DR.

REPEAT ESR AFTER 15 DAYS. FOLLOW UP WITH GYNAECOLOGIST

FOLLOW UP WITH GASTROENTEROLOGIST.

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)





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A CONTROL OF THE CONT

OUR DOCTORS ON PANEL FOR NON-PATHOLOGICAL REPORTS:

1. DR. JIGNESH PARIKH: DNB (CARDIOLOGY), N.B.E. (CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST)

2. DR. SANJAY JOSHI, D M R D, DNB - RADIOLOGIST
3. DR. SUCHARITA PARANJPE, MBBS, FCPS (OPHTHALMOLOGY)
4. DR. (MRS.) MANJUSHA PRABHUNE - GYNAECOLOGIST.
5. DR. (MRS.) NIMKAR - GYNAECOLOGIST.





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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

LIVER: There are two echogenic lesions of 19 mm x 18 mm and 28 mm x 24 mm in right lobe of liver - could be haemangioma.

OVARIES: Right ovary shows 23 mm cystic lesion with fine internal echoes could be endometrioma.

Left ovary is normal.

Clinical correlation.

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology

WBC DIFFERINTIAL COUNT - NLRThe optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope. ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0-1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as politilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

- Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition
 Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
- The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dadie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-

ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows: Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, ED IA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells. Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia,

increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

"Targets shoulc be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals shoulc be individualized based on duration of





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PATIENT NAME: SHWETA PATEL 0708400465733

PATIENT ID: SHWEF1404869A

ACCESSION NO : 0030VI007120 AGE: 36 Years SEX: Female ABHA NO:

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diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations.

References

1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R. Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006,

2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrac Med 1982, 71,139-154.

Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184. GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75 grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5 minutes.

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevatec levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, is chemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver billiary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, mainutrition and wasting etc

SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-

Causes of Increased levels

Pre renal

- · High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal

Post Renal

Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels

- Liver disease
- STADH

CREATININE, SERUM-

Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- · Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels Dietary

• High Protein Intake.





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· Prolonged Fasting,

Rapid weight loss.

Gout

Lesch nyhan syndrome.

Type 2 DM.

Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels

- · Low Zinc Intake
- OCP's.
- Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels

- Drink plenty of fluids
- Limit animal proteins
- · High Fibre foods
- Vit C Intake
- · Antioxidant rich foods TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-

Sodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism, liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion. Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfuction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt. Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting,
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE-

Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic, urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine. Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine. Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strengous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders. Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys. Most common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection. Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration during infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/ alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decreased specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in cases of hemolytic anemia

THYROID PANEL, SERUMTrilodothyronine T3, is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevatec concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Thyroxine 14, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.





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Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

Levels in TOTAL T4 TSH3G TOTAL T3

TOTAL T3 (ng/dL) (µg/dL) 6.6 - 12.4 (µIU/mL) Pregnancy 0.1 - 2.5 0.2 - 3.0 0.3 - 3.0 First Trimester 81 - 190 6.6 - 15.5 100 **-** 260 100 **-** 260 2nd Trimester 3rd Trimester 6.6 - 15.5Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T3 and T4.

(ng/dL) (µg/dL) 1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9 1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9 New Born: 75 - 260

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.

Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.

2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
3. Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition ABO GROUP & RHITPE, EDIA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final hitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for . These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

- Fit (As per requested panel of tests) SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
- Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipic levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's
- Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevatec blood sugars, etc.
- Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color hlindness in color related jobs.

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession





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