

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 PATIENT ID : MUSHM280888321

ACCESSION NO: 0321WC000863

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :34 Years Male
DRAWN :14/03/2023 00:00:00
RECEIVED :14/03/2023 09:43:55
REPORTED :15/03/2023 12:50:28

Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION PROMINENT BRONCHO VASCULAR MARKINGS NOTED

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO TMT:- NORMAL

ECG

ECG NORMAL SINUS RHYTHM

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY

HISTORY

HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT

NOT SIGNIFICANT

NOT SIGNIFICANT

NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.86 mts
WEIGHT IN KGS. 93.6 Kgs

BMI & Weight Status as follows/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL OVERWEIGHT

STATUS

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK
FACIAL APPEARANCE
SKIN
UPPER LIMB
LOWER LIMB
NORMAL
NECK
NORMAL
NORMAL
NORMAL

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

P. V. Espadia

Dr.Priyank Kapadia Physician





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View Report

SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE,SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDIA Tel: 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999





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THYROID GLAND NOT ENLARGED

TEMPERATURE NORMAL PULSE 72/MIN RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP 130/84 MM HG mm/Hg

(SITTING) NORMAL

APEX BEAT NORMAL

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

MURMURS ABSENT

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST

MOVEMENTS OF CHEST

BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL

NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

PER ABDOMEN

PERICARDIUM

APPEARANCE NORMAL
LIVER NOT PALPABLE
SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS

CRANIAL NERVES

CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS

SENSORY SYSTEM

MOTOR SYSTEM

REFLEXES

NORMAL

NORMAL

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL JOINTS NORMAL

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

P. V. Kapadia

Dr.Priyank Kapadia Physician



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WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT

GLASSES

DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT

GLASSES

NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT **NORMAL** COLOUR VISION

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT LDL:- HIGH

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS

ADV: - LOW FAT DIET, REGULAR PHYSICAL EXERCISE

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS

CHEST X-RAY:- PROMINENT BRONCHO VASCULAR MARKINGS NOTED

NONE

Comments

OUR PANEL DOCTORS FOR NON-PATHOLOGY TESTS:-

CHECK UP DONE BY: - DR. NAMRATA AGRAWAL (M.B.B.S)

REPORT REVIEWED BY:- DR. PRIYANK KAPADIYA (M.B.B.S DNB MEDICINE)

RADIOLOGIST: - DR. KALPANA MODI (M.D.RADIOLOGY) // DR. SAHIL N SHAH (M.D.RADIOLOGY)

P. V. Kapadia

Dr. Priyank Kapadia **Physician**





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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOWE SOUNTAILENDING **ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN RESULT PENDING**

Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL HISTORY-***

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

P. V. Kapadia

Dr.Priyank Kapadia **Physician**





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PATIENT NAME: MUSHIRHUSAIN MALEK REF. DOCTOR: SELF CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 AGE/SEX

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HAEMATOLOGY - CBC MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	12.7 Low	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	5.74 High	4.5 - 5.5	mil/μL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	7.99	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT	337	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	39.9 Low	40.0 - 50.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	69.5 Low	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	22.1 Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	31.9	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	18.3 High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	12.1		
IEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	8.3	6.8 - 10.9	fL
VBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	59	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES	31	20 - 40	%
ONOCYTES	7	2.0 - 10.0	%
EOSINOPHILS	3	1.0 - 6.0	%
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 1	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4.71	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.48	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.56	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.24	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
BSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.00 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.9		
1ORPHOLOGY			
RBC	MILD MICROCYTIC H	HYPOCHROMIC, ANISOCYTOSIS	PRESENT(+).
MDC	NORMAL MORPHOLOGY		

WBC NORMAL MORPHOLOGY

ADEQUATE PLATELETS

Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist



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REMARKS

NO PREMATURE CELLS ARE SEEN. MALARIAL PARASITE NOT

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

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mm at 1 hr

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HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

E.S.R 0 - 14

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an results and regiment, it is a non-specific less that may be elevated in a number or different conditions. It pr inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. **TEST INTERPRETATION**

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine,

salicylates)

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

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IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

TYPE AB **ABO GROUP** RH TYPE **POSITIVE**

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr.Miral Gajera **Consultant Pathologist**



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BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA			
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	99	74 - 99	mg/dL
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDT BLOOD	A WHOLE		
HBA1C	5.1	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	99.7	< 116.0	mg/dL
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA			
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	93	70 - 140	mg/dL
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM			
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	175	Desirable: < 200 BorderlineHigh: 200 - 239 High: > or = 240	mg/dL
TRIGLYCERIDES	78	Desirable: < 150 BorderlineHigh: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: > or = 500	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL	46	< 40 Low > or = 60 High	mg/dL
CHOLESTEROL LDL	113 High	Adult levels:	mg/dL

129

15.6

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Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

NON HDL CHOLESTEROL

VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN



Optimal < 100

High: 160-189Very high: = 190

High: 190 - 219Very high: > or = 220

100-129

Near optimal/above optimal:

Borderline high: 130-159

Desirable: Less than 130

Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189



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mg/dL

mg/dL



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	3.8		
CHOL/HDL RATIO		0.F. 2.0 Desimble/Lev	Diale
LDL/HDL RATIO	2.5	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate	
		Risk	0 4 0. 4 0
		>6.0 High Risk	
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.60	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.22 High	Upto 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.38	0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.1	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.7	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	2.0	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	20	0 - 40	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	39	0 - 41	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	87	40 - 129	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	22	8 - 61	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	133 Low	135 - 225	U/L
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	6	6 - 20	mg/dL
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE	0.68 Low	0.70 - 1.30	mg/dL
BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO	8.82	5.0 - 15.0	
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	6.5	3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.1	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	4.7	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN			
GLOBULIN	2.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL

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Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units	
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	144.8	136- 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.14	3.50- 5.10	mmol/L
CHLORIDE, SERUM	106.6	98 - 107	mmol/L

Interpretation(s)

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin,

ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- Diagnosing diabetes.
- 3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range. 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

- eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days. II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is

recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT

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View Report

PERFORMED AT:

SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE, SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDIA





Male

REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: MUSHIRHUSAIN MALEK

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO : 0321WC000863

PATIENT ID : MUSHM280888321 CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO

:34 Years :14/03/2023 00:00:00 DRAWN

AGE/SEX

RECEIVED: 14/03/2023 09:43:55 REPORTED :15/03/2023 12:50:28

Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval Preliminary Results Units

is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis,

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget''''''s disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson'''''s disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, billiary liver diseases are livered to the liver of the liver diseases. system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom""""s disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about syntholic, Protein Positive enterlopating electropating enterlopating en

- CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

 Blockage in the urinary tract

 Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia GravisMuscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, ŚERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom"""""""""" disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

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View Report



SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE, SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDIA





Male

PATIENT NAME: MUSHIRHUSAIN MALEK REF. DOCTOR: SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

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CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR Yellow APPEARANCE Clear

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	>=1.030	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	1-2	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	NOT DETECTED	0-5	/HPF

CASTS NOT DETECTED CRYSTALS NOT DETECTED

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED
YEAST NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

REMARKS MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS CARRIED OUT ON

CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.

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View Details





SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE,SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDIA Tel: 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999





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AGE/SEX

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Preliminary**

ABHA NO

CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW(E900) MARIENDING PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL **RESULT PENDING CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL RESULT PENDING** MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, STOOL RESULT PENDING

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REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: MUSHIRHUSAIN MALEK

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Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Preliminary**

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

Т3	138.20	80.0 - 200.0	ng/dL
T4	6.76	5.10 - 14.10	μg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	2.090	0.270 - 4.200	μIU/mL

End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- 2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.
- 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
 - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
 - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - iii. Incorrect specimen type
 - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

- 5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- 6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
- 7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
- 8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
- In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062

Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist





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