



BMI CHART

Date: 14/10/23

Name: Mr. Ganesh Gejage Age: 37 yrs

Sex: M / F

BP: 120/90 mmHg Height (cms): 167 cm Weight(kgs): 75 kg BMI: _____

SPO₂ - 99% P - 70 blm

WEIGHT lbs	100	105	110	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215
kgs	45.5	47.7	50.0	52.3	54.5	56.8	59.1	61.4	63.6	65.9	68.2	70.5	72.7	75.0	77.3	79.5	81.8	84.1	86.4	88.6	90.9	93.2	95.5	97.7
HEIGHT in/cm	Underweight				Healthy								Overweight				Obese		Extremely Obese					
5'0" - 152.4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
5'1" - 154.9	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	39	40
5'2" - 157.4	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5'3" - 160.0	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
5'4" - 162.5	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35
5'6" - 167.6	16	17	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	34	34
5'7" - 170.1	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	33
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18	19	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	32	32
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	31
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	30
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30
6'0" - 182.8	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	29
6'1" - 185.4	13	13	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	26
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	23	24	25	25	26

Doctors Notes:

Signature



UHID	12768008	Date	14/10/2023		
Name	MRS. Sonali Gejage	Sex	F	Age	26
OPD	PAP	Health Check Up			

Drug allergy:
 Sys illness:

P₂L₂ & prev. FTND. MS : 8 yrs.

No comorbidities.

No fresh complaints.

LMP - 5/10/23 | 4-5 days / 28-30 days | mod. flow
 reg. 2-3 pps.

MH - P₁ - 4.5 yr ♂
 P₂ - 2.5 yr ♂ | FTND.

No significant medical, surgery, allergy, family H/O.

Adv:

- Pap smear taken.

MS - Cx
 Vag] (10)

minimal white discharge ⊕



UHID	12768008	Date	14/10/2023		
Name	MRS. Sonali Gejage	Sex	F	Age	26
OPD	Dental 7387696540	Health Check Up			

Drug allergy:
 Sys illness:

OLE

grossly destructed $\frac{\quad}{67}$

caries $\frac{74}{8} \mid \frac{76}{8}$

Adv. Treatment:
 Adv.
~~for mouth~~ ~~CBC~~ OPC

Adv. Extraction $\frac{\quad}{8/8}$
 RCT $\frac{4}{6}$

Dr. Arunesh

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.
 Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703
 Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220
 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255
 For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300
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 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL

(A Fortis Network Hospital)

UHID	5652362	Date	14/10/2023	
Name	Mr Ganesh Gejage	Sex	M	Age 37
OPD	Dental 7387696540	Health Check Up		

Drug allergy:
 Sys illness:

O/E - - grossly dectured \bar{c} $\frac{+}{6}$
 TOP +ve

- stains +
 - calculus +

- Top +ve $\frac{+}{7}$

- mixing \bar{c} $\frac{+}{6}$

Treatment

A/d - Rc \bar{c} $\frac{+}{7}$

Dr. Inepi



PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : **0022WJ002974**

PATIENT ID : FH.5652362

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5652362

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX :37 Years Male

DRAWN :14/10/2023 10:46:00

RECEIVED :14/10/2023 10:46:25

REPORTED :14/10/2023 14:53:09

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5652362 REQNO-1594561

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150123OPCR059028

BILLNO-150123OPCR059028

Test Report Status Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD : SLS METHOD	13.6	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING	4.95	4.5 - 5.5	mil/ μ L
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD : FLUORESCENCE FLOW CYTOMETRY	8.87	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ μ L
PLATELET COUNT METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION	365	150 - 410	thou/ μ L

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD : CUMULATIVE PULSE HEIGHT DETECTION METHOD	40.8	40.0 - 50.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	82.4 Low	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	27.5	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.3	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	13.0	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	16.7		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	9.6	6.8 - 10.9	fL

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

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(Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



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Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000878680



MC-2275

PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE		REF. DOCTOR :	
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507		ACCESSION NO : 0022WJ002974	AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male
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NEUTROPHILS		47	40.0 - 80.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
LYMPHOCYTES		43 High	20.0 - 40.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
MONOCYTES		6	2.0 - 10.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
EOSINOPHILS		4	1 - 6	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
BASOPHILS		0	0 - 2	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT		4.17	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		3.81 High	1.0 - 3.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		0.53	0.2 - 1.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		0.35	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT		0 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)		1.1		
METHOD : CALCULATED				

MORPHOLOGY

RBC	PREDOMINANTLY NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	
WBC	NORMAL MORPHOLOGY
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	
PLATELETS	ADEQUATE
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	

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Patient Ref. No. 2200000878680



PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : **0022WJ002974**

PATIENT ID : FH.5652362

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5652362

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male

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Interpretation(s)

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(> 13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

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HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

E.S.R.	07	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : WESTERGREN METHOD			

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C	5.9 High	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
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METHOD : HB VARIANT (HPLC)			
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	122.6 High	< 116.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

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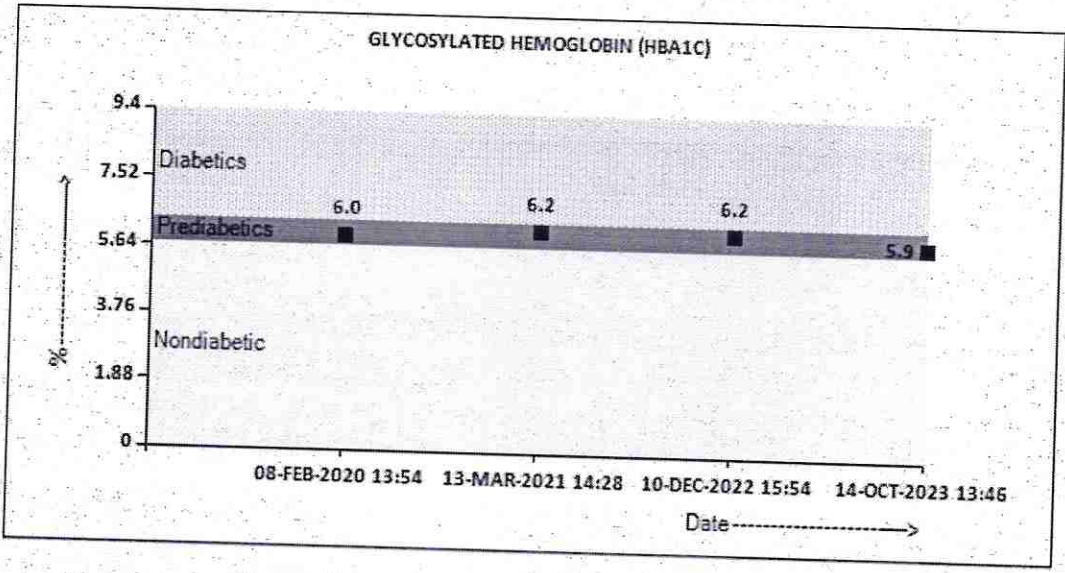


Patient Ref. No. 22000000878680

PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE		REF. DOCTOR :	
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507		ACCESSION NO : 0022WJ002974	AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male
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Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-
 Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION
Increase in: Infections, Vasculitis, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.
 Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).
In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr (62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr (95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.
Decreased in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia.

LIMITATIONS
False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs (Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :
 1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for

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 the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.
 GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HbA1c), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
 2. Diagnosing diabetes.

3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

 3. eAG is calculated as $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$.

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).

3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addition are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c) HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy


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IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

TYPE A

RH TYPE

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

POSITIVE

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods:

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MC-2275



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BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.51	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.09	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.42	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	7.3	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING	3.7	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.6	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.0	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT) METHOD : UV WITH PSP	14 Low	15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD : UV WITH PSP	27	< 45.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD : PNPP-ANP	88	30 - 120	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYL CARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	29	15 - 85	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUVATE	132	85 - 227	U/L

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) METHOD : HEXOKINASE	84	Normal : < 100 Pre-diabetes: 100-125 Diabetes: >=126	mg/dL
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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000878680

PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : **0022WJ002974**

PATIENT ID : FH.5652362

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5652362

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male

DRAWN : 14/10/2023 10:46:00

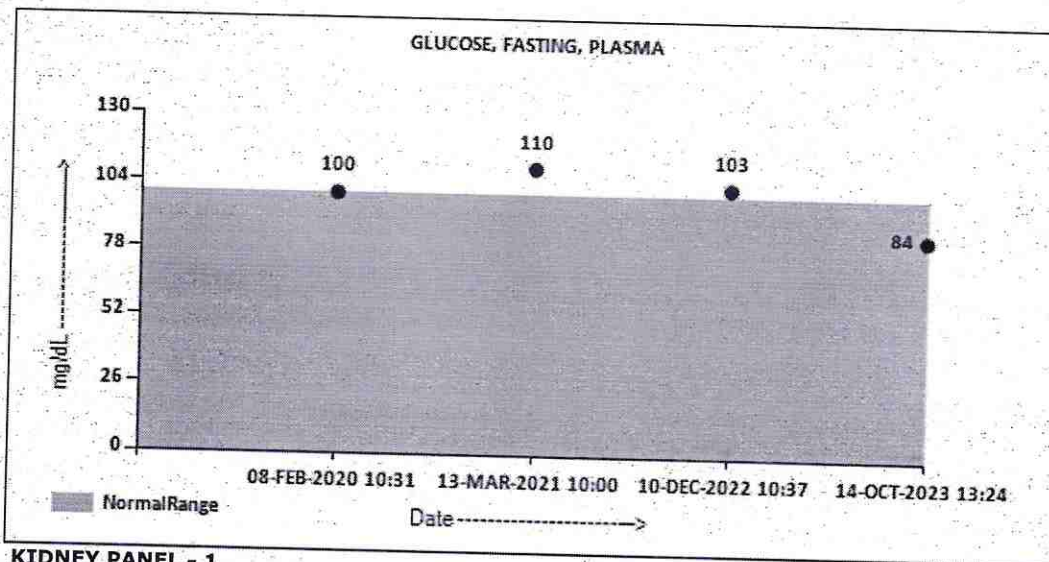
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REPORTED : 14/10/2023 14:53:09

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5652362 REQNO-1594561
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150123OPCR059028
BILLNO-150123OPCR059028

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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KIDNEY PANEL - 1

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 10 6 - 20 mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE - UV

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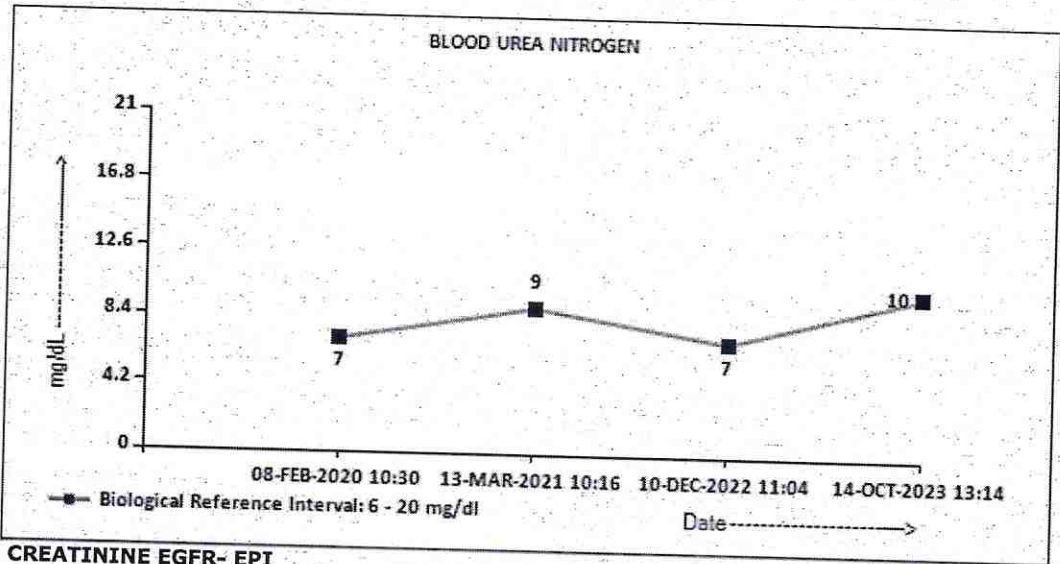
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CREATININE EGFR- EPI

CREATININE	0.96	0.90 - 1.30	mg/dL
METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES			
AGE	37		years
GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (MALE)	104.40	Refer Interpretation Below	mL/min/1.73m2
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

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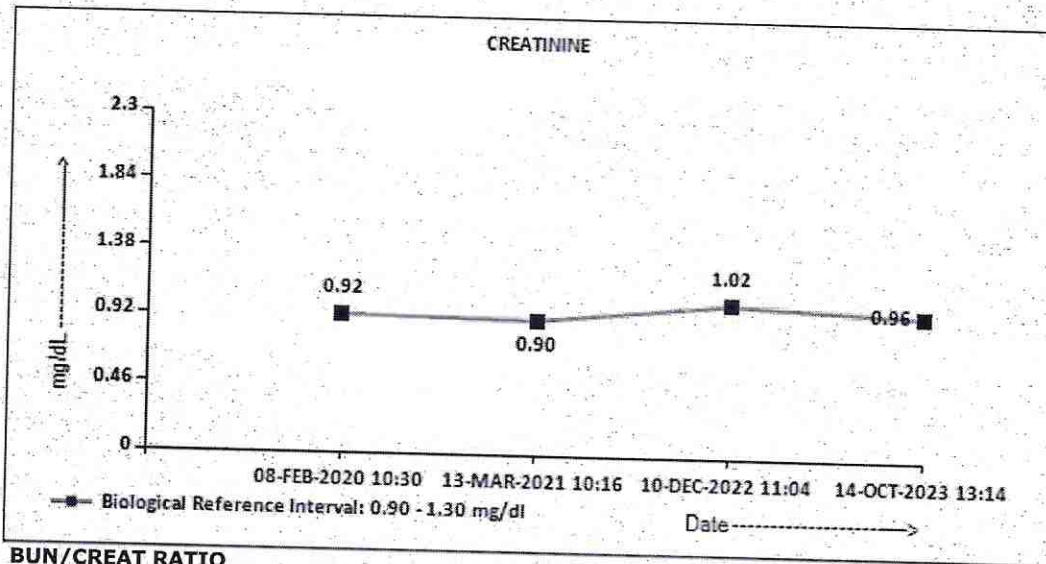
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BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO 10.42 5.00 - 15.00
 METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID 8.6 High 3.5 - 7.2 mg/dL
 METHOD : URICASE UV

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

TOTAL PROTEIN 7.3 6.4 - 8.2 g/dL
 METHOD : BIURET

ALBUMIN, SERUM

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ALBUMIN		3.7	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING				
GLOBULIN		3.6	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM, SERUM		137	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				
POTASSIUM, SERUM		4.32	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				
CHLORIDE, SERUM		102	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. **Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive

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liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in: Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in : Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency

diseases (e.g. galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic Index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE EGFR- EPI-- Kidney disease outcomes quality initiative (KDOQI) guidelines state that estimation of GFR is the best overall indices of the Kidney function.

- It gives a rough measure of number of functioning nephrons. Reduction in GFR implies progression of underlying disease.

- The GFR is a calculation based on serum creatinine test.

- Creatinine is mainly derived from the metabolism of creatine in muscle, and its generation is proportional to the total muscle mass. As a result, mean creatinine generation is higher in men than in women, in younger than in older individuals, and in blacks than in whites.

- Creatinine is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate.

- When kidney function is compromised, excretion of creatinine decreases with a consequent increase in blood creatinine levels. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

- This equation takes into account several factors that impact creatinine production, including age, gender, and race.

- CKD EPI (Chronic kidney disease epidemiology collaboration) equation performed better than MDRD equation especially when GFR is high (>60 ml/min per 1.73m2).. This formula has less bias and greater accuracy which helps in early diagnosis and also reduces the rate of false positive diagnosis of CKD.

References:

National Kidney Foundation (NKF) and the American Society of Nephrology (ASN).

Estimated GFR Calculated Using the CKD-EPI equation-<https://testguide.labmed.uw.edu/guideline/egfr>

Ghuman JK, et al. Impact of Removing Race Variable on CKD Classification Using the Creatinine-Based 2021 CKD-EPI Equation. Kidney Med 2022, 4:100471. 35756325

Harrison's Principle of Internal Medicine, 21st ed. pg 62 and 334

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels: Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels: Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM- is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.

Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM- Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. **Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:** Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

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ACCESSION NO : 0022WJ002974

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BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	165	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE			
TRIGLYCERIDES	75	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >=500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY			
HDL CHOLESTEROL	36 Low	< 40 Low >=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE - PEG			
LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	112	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >= 190 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT			
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	129	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	15.0	<= 30.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.6 High	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

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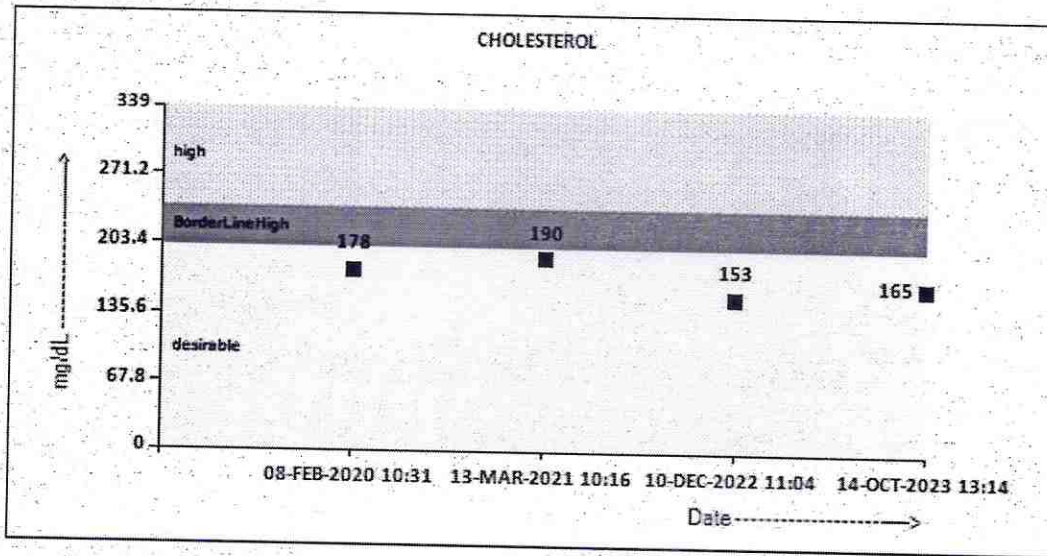
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LDL/HDL RATIO **3.1 High** 0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk
3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk
>6.0 High Risk

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER



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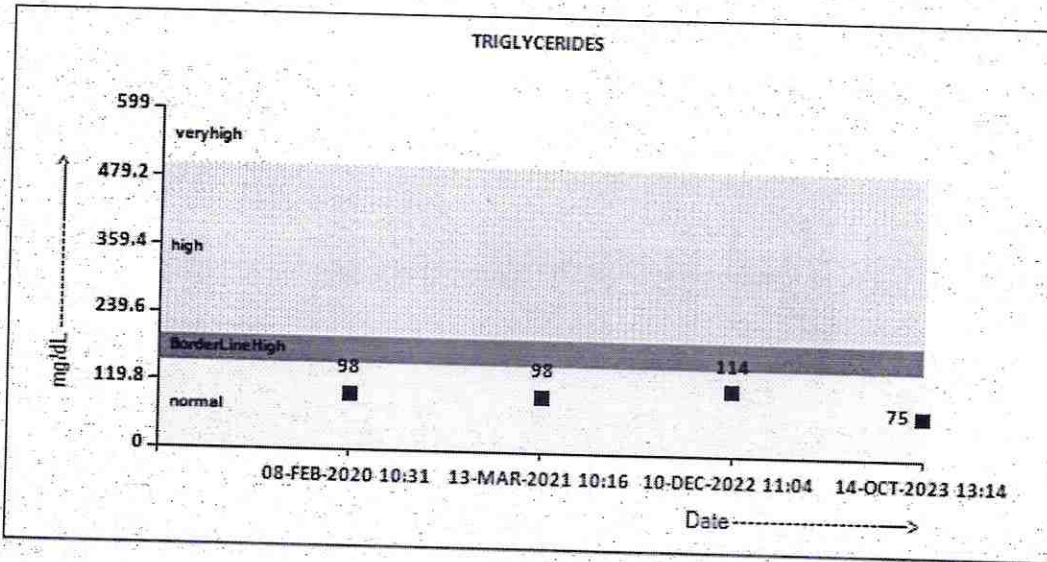
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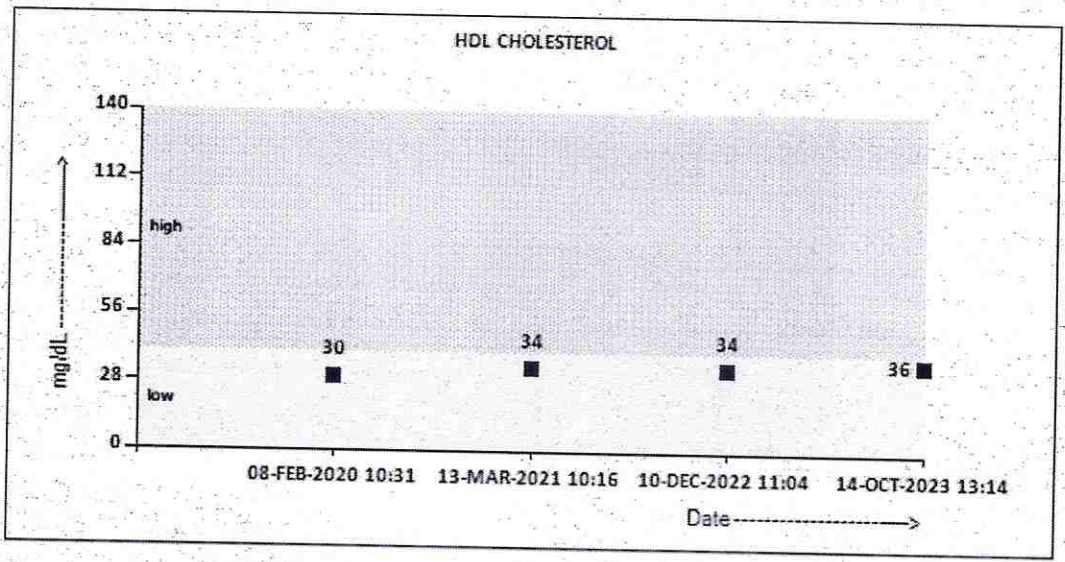
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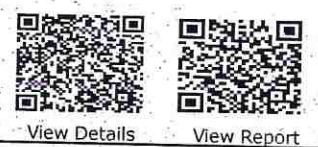
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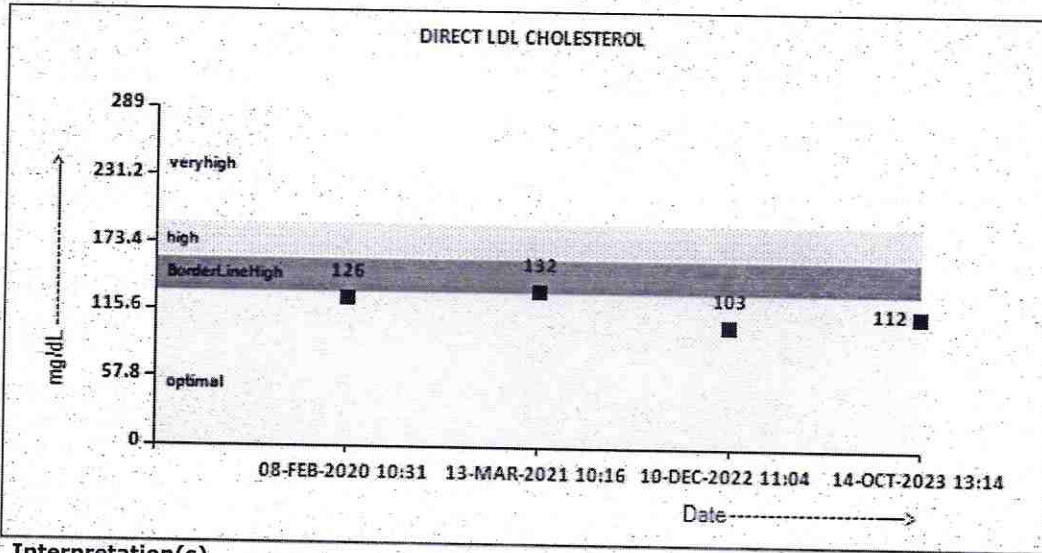
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BILLNO-150123OPCR059028

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR	PALE YELLOW
METHOD : PHYSICAL	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR
METHOD : VISUAL	

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	6.0	4.7 - 7.5
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	<=1.005	1.003 - 1.035
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION)		
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE		
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD		
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE		
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN		
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT		
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRlich REACTION)		
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE		
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY		

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322,
CIN.- U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -

Patient Ref. No. 22000000878680



PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : **0022WJ002974**
PATIENT ID : FH.5652362
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5652362
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male
DRAWN : 14/10/2023 10:46:00
RECEIVED : 14/10/2023 10:46:25
REPORTED : 14/10/2023 14:53:09

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5652362 REQNO-1594561
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150123OPCR059028
BILLNO-150123OPCR059028

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S) METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	0-1	0-5	/HPF
CASTS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	

REMARKS
URINARY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY CENTRIFUGED SEDIMENT.

Interpretation(s)

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
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Consultant Pathologist

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Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322,
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000878680

PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE
REF. DOCTOR :
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022WJ002974
PATIENT ID : FH.5652362
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5652362
ABHA NO :
AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male
DRAWN : 14/10/2023 10:46:00
RECEIVED : 14/10/2023 10:46:25
REPORTED : 14/10/2023 14:53:09
CLINICAL INFORMATION :

 UID:5652362 REQNO-1594561
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150123OPCR059028
 BILLNO-150123OPCR059028

Test Report Status Final
Results
Biological Reference Interval Units
SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE
THYROID PANEL, SERUM

Test Name	Result	Biological Reference Interval	Units
T3 METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE	136.3	80.0 - 200.0	ng/dL
T4 METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE	10.25	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY	1.650	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL

Interpretation(s)

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 Maharashtra, India
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 CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
 Email : -


Patient Ref. No. 22000000878680

PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE		REF. DOCTOR :	
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507		ACCESSION NO : 0022WJ002974	AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male
FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD		PATIENT ID : FH.5652362	DRAWN : 14/10/2023 10:46:00
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,		CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5652362	RECEIVED : 14/10/2023 10:46:25
MUMBAI 440001		ABHA NO :	REPORTED : 14/10/2023 14:53:09

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5652362 REQNO-1594561
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150123OPCR059028
 BILLNO-150123OPCR059028

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - TUMOR MARKER

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN	0.295	0.0 - 1.4	ng/mL
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METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE,SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM-- PSA is detected in the male patients with normal, benign hyperplastic and malignant prostate tissue and in patients with prostatitis. - PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (because of radical prostatectomy or cystoprostatectomy) and also in the female patients.
 - It a suitable marker for monitoring of patients with Prostate Cancer and it is better to be used in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures.
 - Serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy and useful in detecting residual disease and early recurrence of tumor.
 - Elevated levels of PSA can be also observed in the patients with non-malignant diseases like Prostatitis and Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia.
 - Specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated PSA (false positive) levels persisting up to 3 weeks.
 - As per American urological guidelines, PSA screening is recommended for early detection of Prostate cancer above the age of 40 years. Following Age specific reference range can be used as a guide lines.
 - Measurement of total PSA alone may not clearly distinguish between benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) from cancer, this is especially true for the total PSA values between 4-10 ng/mL.
 - Total PSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous medical interpretations. Recommended follow up on same platform as patient result can vary due to differences in assay method and reagent specificity.

References-

1. Burtis CA, Ashwood ER, Bruns DE. Teitz :textbook of clinical chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. 4th edition.
2. Williamson MA, Snyder LM. Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests. 9th edition.

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

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 Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000878680

PATIENT NAME : MR.GANESH AABA GEJAGE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000018055

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL - VASHI -
SECTOR 10, A, VASHI, SECTOR 10, MINI SEA
SHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10, A, VASHI,
NAVI MUMBAI 400703
022 39199222

ACCESSION NO : 0022WJ002982

PATIENT ID : FH.5652362

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5652362

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male

DRAWN : 14/10/2023 11:01:00

RECEIVED : 14/10/2023 11:04:05

REPORTED : 14/10/2023 18:13:42

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5652362 REQNO-6405238

OPD-OPD

BILLNO-150123OPCS059049

BILLNO-150123OPCS059049

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - VITAMIN

VITAMIN B12(CYANOCOBALAMINE), SERUM

VITAMIN B12	239	197 - 771	pg/mL
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METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE

Interpretation(s)

VITAMIN B12(CYANOCOBALAMINE), SERUM-Test description

1.Measures the amount of Vitamin B12/ Cyanocobalamin or Methyl cobalamin in blood.2. Done in Anemic conditions like Megaloblastic anemia, pernicious anemia, dietary folate deficiencies,3.Workup of neuropathies especially due to diabetes.4.Nerve health and it is monitored in treatment of nerve damage.5.Important vitamin for women of childbearing age and for older people.
1.Part of water-soluble B complex of vitamins. 2. It is essential in DNA syntthesis, hematopoiesis & CNS integrity.3.Source for B12 is dietary foods like milk, yoghurt, eggs, meat, fortified cereals, bread. 4.Absorption depends on the HCl secreted by the stomach and occurs in intestines. 5. It is part of enterohepatic circulation, hence excreted in feces(approx. 0.1% per day)

Test interpretation

Higher than normal levels are in patients on Vitamin supplements or patients with COPD, CRF, Diabetes, Liver cell damage, Obesity, Polycythemia.
Decreased levels seen in

Inflammatory bowel disease, Pernicious anemia - genetic deficiency of intrinsic factor - necessary for Vit B12 absorption, Strict vegetarians lead to sub-clinical B12 deficiency- high among elderly patients, Malabsorption due to gastrectomy, smoking, pregnancy, multiple myeloma & hemodialysis, Alcohol & drugs like amino salicylic acid, anticonvulsants, cholestyramine, cimetidine, Hyperthyroidism (High levels of thyroid), Seen in mothers of children with (NTD) Neural tube defects- hence fortification and supplements are advised in expecting mothers

Recommendations-1.To prevent biotin interference the patient should be atleast 8 hours fasting before submitting the sample. 2. Vit B12 and Folic acid evaluated together in macrocytic anemias to avoid methyl folate trap. Carmel's composite criteria for inadequate Vit B12 status: Serum vitamin B12 < 148 pmol/L, or 148-258 pmol/L and MMA > 0.30µmol/L, or tHcy > 13 nmol/L (females) and >15 nmol/L (males).

Associated Test-Holo-TC: Marker of vitamin B12 status -specificity and sensitivity better than serum vitamin B12, hence recommended in boderline and deficient cases for confirmation.

References-O'Leary F, Samman S. Vitamin B12 in health and disease. Nutrients. 2010 Mar;2(3):299-316.

****End Of Report****

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Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000878688

male

11/11/03 FM

HC

Normal

Rate 68 . Sinus rhythm.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99

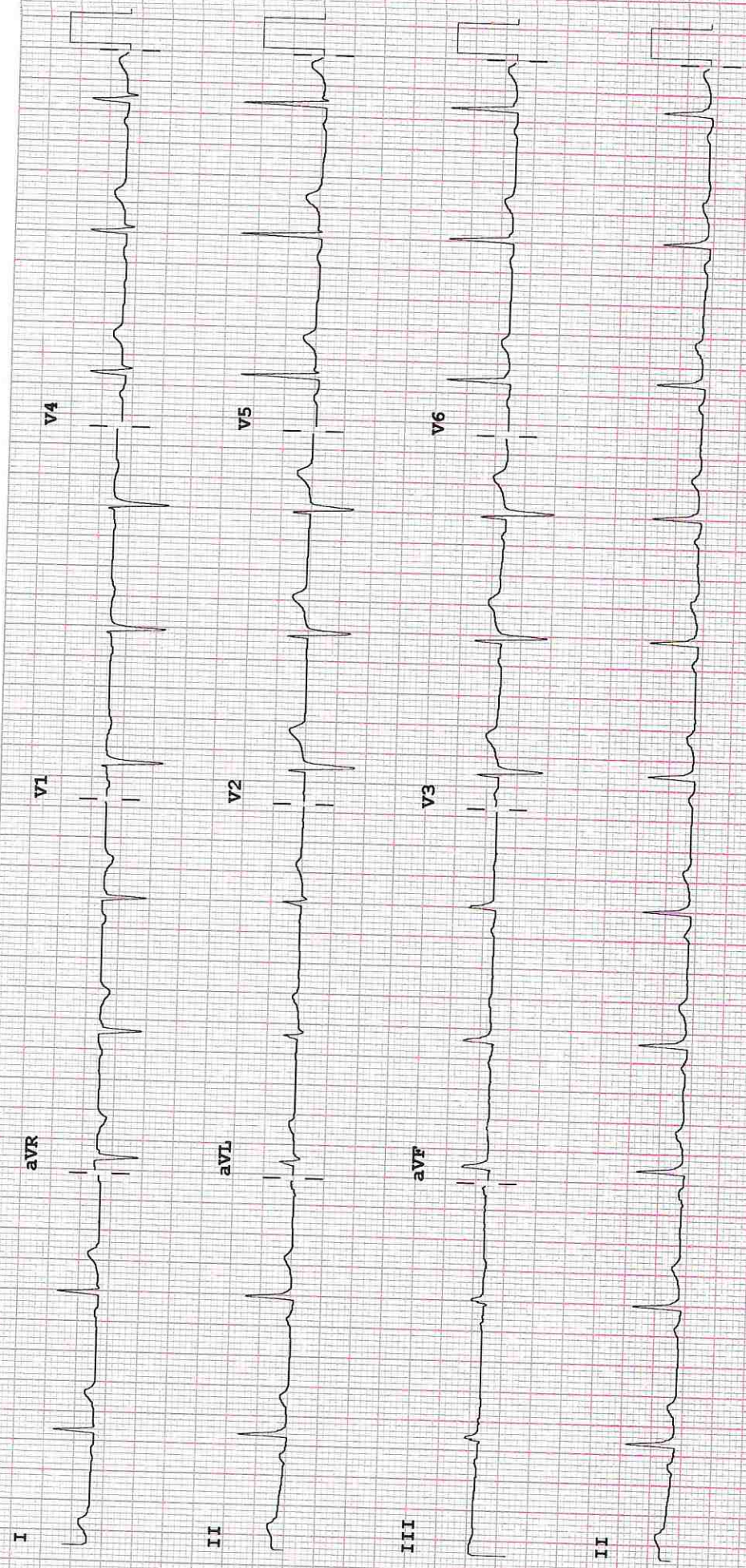
PR 162
QRSD 82
QT 362
QTc 385

--AXIS--
P 51
QRS 47
T 19

- NORMAL ECG -

12 Lead; Standard Placement

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



Device: Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10 mm/mV Chest: 10.0 mm/mV

F 50~ 0.50-100 Hz W

100B CL

P?

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.
Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220
Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255
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www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com
CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823
GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG
PAN NO : AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL
(A Fortis Network Hospital)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 14/Oct/2023

Name: Mr. Ganesh Aaba Gejage

UHID | Episode No : 5652362 | 59806/23/1501

Age | Sex: 37 YEAR(S) | Male

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2310/124574 | 14-Oct-2023

Order Station : FO-OPD

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 14-Oct-2023 13:03:24

Bed Name :

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

Y. Shah

DR. YOGINI SHAH
DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)



(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

Patient Name	: Ganesh Aaba Gejage	Patient ID	: 5652362
Sex / Age	: M / 37Y 4M 2D	Accession No.	: PHC.6766347
Modality	: US	Scan DateTime	: 14-10-2023 12:46:39
IPID No	: 59806/23/1501	ReportDatetime	: 14-10-2023 12:56:21

USG – WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size and shows moderately raised echogenicity. No IHBR dilatation. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal in caliber.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection.

CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 9.8 x 5.1 cm.

Left kidney measures 9.4 x 5.7 cm.

PANCREAS: Visualised head and body of pancreas appears unremarkable. Rest of the pancreas is obscured. Visualised retroperitoneum appears unremarkable.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical calculi.

PROSTATE is normal in size & echogenicity. It measures ~ 16.5 cc in volume.

No evidence of ascites.

Impression:

- Grade II fatty infiltration of liver.

DR. KUNAL NIGAM
M.D. (Radiologist)