Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 09 12 22
Name: MR. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA Age: 39 Sex: Male.
DOB: 16 08 1983.
Referred By: BOB (Mediwheel)
Photo ID: Pan ID #: _altached,
Ht: <u>(G)</u> (cm) Wt: <u>81</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 94 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: 95 (cm)
Blood Pressure: 114/79 mm Hg PR: 757 min RR: 18/min Temp: Alebril
V .
вмі 28.4
Eye Examination: DISTON VISTON B/L Cyls. With Spies. News.
vision N/6. No Colour blindness.
Other: Not significant.
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine : Name of Examinee:
Signature Medical Examiner: Name Medical Examiner
Dr Plyukh D.M.R.D
Signature Medical Examiner: Name Medical Examiner
RMC I'V

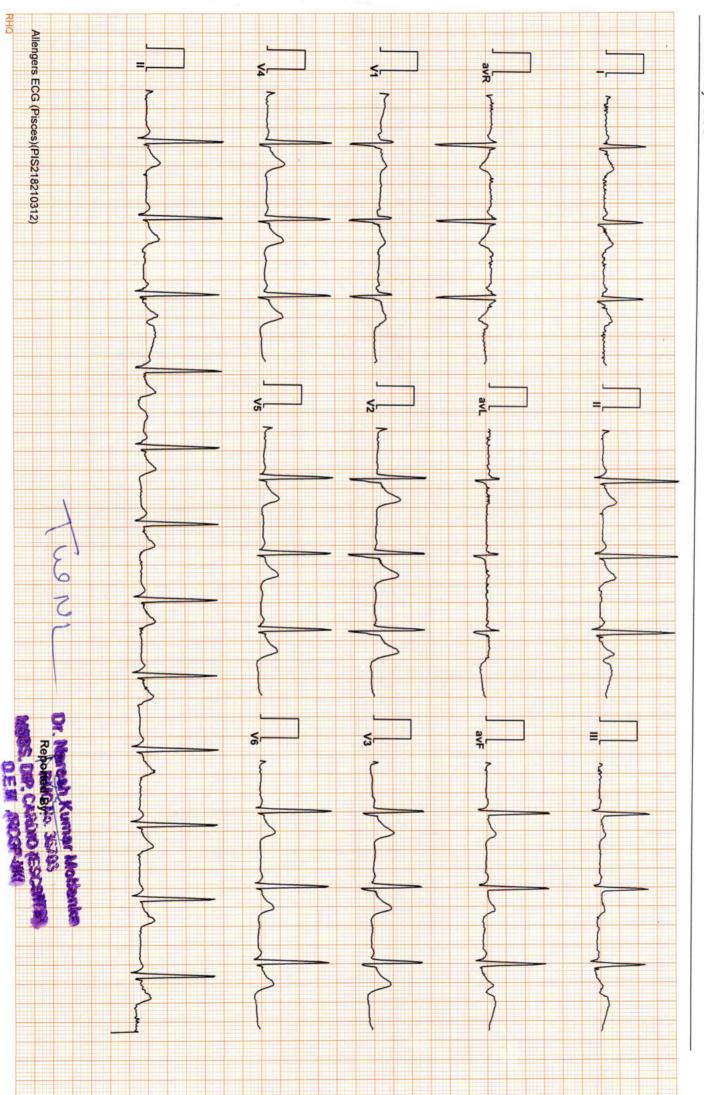


Joseph Disark

Dr Pivu Meoval M.B.B.S. No. 017006

DR. GOYALS PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER

102221040 / MR NIRAJAN PRASAD MEHARA / 39 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker
Heart Rate: 75 bpm / Tested On: 09-Dec-22 11:44:38 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 100 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By:: BOB



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Date

- 09/12/2022 09:46:43

Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company:-

MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 12:30:13

HAEMATOLOGY

	HAEMATO		Dislocical Dof Intornal
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
THE PLANTAGE PELOW 40MALE			
BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE			
HAEMOGARAM		-/41	13.0 - 17.0
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	15.4	g/dL	4.00 - 10.00
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	5.79	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	54.1	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	35.6	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	5.2	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	4.9	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.2	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	3.14	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	2.06	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.30	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40
	0.28	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70
MONO#	0.01	¹ 10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10
BASO#	5.32	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50
TOTAL RED BLO⊕D CELL COUNT (RBC)	44.00	%	40.00 - 50.00
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	82.6 L	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)			27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	28.9	pg -/dI	31.5 - 34.5
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	34.5	g/dL	150 - 410
PLATELET COUNT ,	201,	x10^3/uL	
RDW-CV ,	14.0	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	15.53		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 11





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NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

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:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43 Date

Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

MediWheel Company:-

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24 Sample Type :- EDTA

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 12:30:13

HAEMATOLOGY

Unit **Biological Ref Interval** Value **Test Name**

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

14 H

mm/hr.

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states. Interpretation

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC) Methodology TIC DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 2 of 11



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Date

:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43 NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

MediWheel Company:-

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KSawingle-FCbM28002ETPR-098102E202R100E588F24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 15:00:27

HAEMATOLOGY

Biological Ref Interval Value Unit **Test Name**

BLOOD GROUP ABO

Method:- GOD PAP

"B" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

101.6

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL	

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

128.9

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Method:- GOD PAP Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

URINE SUGAR PP Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, KAUSHAL, MKSHARMA, POOJABOHRA

Technologist DR.HANSA Page No: 3 of 11



Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Rashmi Bakshi Dr. Chandrika Gupta

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:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43 Date

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

Sex / Age :- Male

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- STOOL

Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 12:55:16

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24 **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval Test Name**

STOOL ANALYSIS

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

MUCUS

BLOOD

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

RBC's

WBC/HPF

O'VA

CYSTS

OTHERS Collected Sample Received

/HPF

/HPF

POOJABOHRA Technologist DR.HANSA Page No: 4 of 11



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 09/12/2022 09:46:43

Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 11:10:25

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	177.37	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	94.09	, mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	51.61	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	110.08	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129
	•	•	Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	18.82	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:-Calculated	3.44		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.13		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method: CALCULATED	514.16	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

MKSHARMA

Page No: 5 of 11



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Date

:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43

Patient ID: -122228474

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 11:10:25

BIOCHEMISTRY

	BIOCHEM	ISIKI	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	1.13	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16
, ,	a a	*	Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5
*			Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:-Colorimetric Method	0.40	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.73	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	31.3	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	45.3 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer	82.30	' IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	25.80	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.80	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.56	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:-CALCULATION	3.24	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.41		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and mage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of hur ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing uscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretations: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic bilitary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

MKSHARMA

Page No: 6 of 11:



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:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43 Date

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Patient ID: -122228474 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Male

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 11:10:25

RIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEN	IISTKI	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	1.26	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	6.43	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

MKSHARMA

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Date

:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Company:- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sex / Age :- Male

Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 11:10:25 **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Biological Ref Interval Value Unit **Test Name**

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

13.2

mg/dl

0.0 - 23.0

MKSHARMA

Page No: 8 of 11



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:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43 Date

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Company:-MediWheel Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 12:30:13 Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

HAEMATOLOGY

Biological Ref Interval Unit Value **Test Name** Non-diabetic: < 5.7 % 59 GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C) Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measureof the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE
Method:- Calculated Parameter

123

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 9 of 11



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Date

:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Patient ID :-122228474

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- URINE

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 12:55:16

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
T. Company		1	
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YE	LLOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH)	6.0		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN ,	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIV	'E	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	,	NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIV	E .	NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	'/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER ,	ABSENT	F	

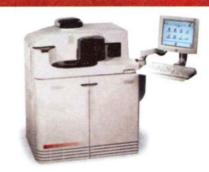
POOJABOHRA ' **Technologist** DR.HANSA Page No: 10 of 11



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Date

:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43 NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA Patient ID: -122228474

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Male

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Company:-

MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 09/12/2022 09:58:24

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 11:26:24

IMMUNOASSAY

Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay) SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay) SERUM TSH ULTRA	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
4	*	*	
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			50.3977500 15076-020.00
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.263	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	8.035	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000
			0.550 4.500
SERUM TSH ULTRA	3.820	μIU/mL	0.550 - 4.780

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation :TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

*** End of Report ***

SURESHSAINI Technologist

Page No: 11 of 11





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:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43 Date

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

Sex / Age :- Male

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228474 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 10:37:11

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P. angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

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Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.

AHSAN

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

This report is not valid for medico-legal purpose



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Date :- 09/12/2022 09:46:43

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

Sex / Age :- Male

39 Yrs 3 Mon 25 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228474 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 09/12/2022 11:32:16

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation.

Left kidney shows a calculus of size ~5.1 mm in lower calyx.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size (~21cc) with normal echo-texture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

- * Left renal calculus.
- -Needs clinical correlation for further evaluation

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of

BILAL



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:- 09/12/2022 09:46:43

MITRAL VALVE

NAME :- Mr. NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA

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BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY: NORMAL TRICUSPID VALVE

	1.01,	TRICOSFID VALVE			INORIVIAL		
E	NOR	MAL	PULMO	PULMONARY VALVE		NORMAL .	
	M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					
23	mm	LA	30	Mm	IVS-D	7	mm
12	mm	LVID	38	Mm	LVSD	25	mm
6	mm	LVPW-S	13	Mm	RV		mm
	mm	EDV		MI	LVVS	_	ml
61%			RWMA		ABSENT		
֡֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	6	E NOR M.MODE 23 mm 12 mm 6 mm	NORMAL M.MODE EXAMITATION: 23 mm LA LVID 6 mm LVPW-S mm EDV	NORMAL	NORMAL	NORMAL PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL PULMONARY VALVE NORMAL

CHAMBERS: LA NORMAL RA NORMAL NORMAL RV NORMAL PERICARDIUM NORMAL

					COL	OUR DOPPLER:			
	M	ITRAL V	ALVE						
E VELOCITY	0.89	m/s	ec	PEAK	GRADIENT		Mn	n/hg	
A VELOCITY	0.45	m/s	ec	MEAN	GRADIEN	Т		n/hg	
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	2	MVA E	BY PLANIN	IETRY	Cm	10 998	
MITRAL REGURGITAT	ION					ABSENT			
	AC	RTIC V	ALVE						
PEAK VELOCITY	1.1		m/se	С	PEAK GI	RADIENT	m	mm/hg	
AR VMAX			m/se	MEAN GRADIENT		m	m/hg		
AORTIC REGURGITAT	ION				ABSENT	*		, 0	
	TRIC	USPID	VALVE						
PEAK VELOCITY	0.50)	m/	'sec	PEAK G	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY			m/	sec	MEAN	GRADIENT		mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY								, ,	
TRICUSPID REGURGIT	TATION				ABSENT				
	PUI	LMONA	RY VA	LVE	7.000.00				
PEAK VELOCITY		0.89			M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY						MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGUR	GITATION					ABSENT			

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BILAL

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Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA. LVEF 61 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.

(Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

BILAL

Dr Goyal's Path Lab, Jaipur

ame : NIRANJAN PRASAD MEHRA / M

