





CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL ) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156

SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE, SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDÍA Tel: 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999 Email : customercare.ahmedabad@srl.in

8800465156	Email : customercare.ahmedabad@srl.in			
PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GANDHI		PATIENT ID :	KALPM1002682	
ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817 AGE : 54	4 Years SEX : Male	ABHA NO :		
DRAWN : RECEIVE	D: 26/11/2022 09:50:24	REPORTED : 28/11/20	22 18:29:53	
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID	:	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	<b>Biological Reference</b>	Interval Units	
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UF				
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	ABOVE TO MALL			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	14.4	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL	
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.93	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL	
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	4.88	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL	
PLATELET COUNT	272	150 - 410	thou/µL	
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			· ·	
IEMATOCRIT (PCV)	44.3	40.0 - 50.0	%	
1EAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	89.8	83.0 - 101.0	fL	
IEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	29.3	27.0 - 32.0	pg	
1EAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	32.6	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL	
CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	12.0	11 ( 14 )	0/	
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	13.9 18.2	11.6 - 14.0	%	
AENTZER INDEX	7.5	6.8 - 10.9	fL	
IEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) NBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT	7.5	0.0 - 10.9	IL	
	59	40 - 80	%	
IEUTROPHILS	27	40 - 80 20 - 40	%	
YMPHOCYTES 10NOCYTES	9	2.0 - 10.0	%	
OSINOPHILS	5	1.0 - 6.0	%	
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 1	%	
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	2.88	2.0 - 7.0	™ thou/µL	
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.32	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL	
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.44	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL	
BSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.24	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL	
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.00	Low 0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL	
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	2.2	5.02 0.10		
MORPHOLOGY	212			

RBC WBC

PLATELETS

REMARKS

NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC NORMAL MORPHOLOGY ADEQUATE NO PREMATURE CELLS ARE SEEN. MALARIAL PARASITE NOT DETECTED











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#### **PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GANDHI** PATIENT ID: KALPM10026827 ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817 AGE: 54 Years SEX · Male ABHA NO : 28/11/2022 18:29:53 DRAWN: RECEIVED : 26/11/2022 09:50:24 **REPORTED** : REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID: Results Test Report Status **Biological Reference Interval** Units **Final ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE** BLOOD E.S.R 07 0 - 14 mm at 1 hr **GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE** BLOOD HBA1C 5.3 Non-diabetic: < 5.7 % Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 105.4 < 116.0mg/dL **GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA** 91 FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) 74 - 99 mg/dL **GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA** PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) 70 - 140 123 mg/dL LIPID PROFILE, SERUM CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL 147 Desirable: < 200 mg/dL BorderlineHigh: 200 - 239 High: > or = 240TRIGLYCERIDES 88 Desirable: < 150 mg/dL BorderlineHigh: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: > or = 500HDL CHOLESTEROL 43 < 40 Low mg/dL > or = 60 High CHOLESTEROL LDL 86 Adult levels: mg/dL Optimal < 100Near optimal/above optimal: 100-129 Borderline high: 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190NON HDL CHOLESTEROL 104 Desirable: Less than 130 mg/dL Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220CHOL/HDL RATIO 3.4 LDL/HDL RATIO 2 0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN 17.6 mg/dL



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# PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GANDHI PATIENT ID : KALPM10026827 ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817 AGE : 54 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO : DRAWN : RECEIVED : 26/11/2022 09:50:24 REPORTED : 28/11/2022 18:29:53 REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference	e Interval Units
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.52		Upto 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.22	High	Upto 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.30		0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.4		6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
LBUMIN	4.9		3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.5		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
LBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	2.0		1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
SPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	17		0 - 40	U/L
LANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	20		0 - 41	U/L
LKALINE PHOSPHATASE	87		40 - 129	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	25		8 - 61	U/L
ACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	161		135 - 225	U/L
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM				
LOOD UREA NITROGEN	5	Low	6 - 20	mg/dL
REATININE, SERUM				
REATININE	0.81		0.70 - 1.30	mg/dL
SUN/CREAT RATIO				
UN/CREAT RATIO	6.17		5.0 - 15.0	
IRIC ACID, SERUM				
IRIC ACID	5.5		3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
LECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM, SERUM	139.2		136- 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.63		3.50- 5.10	mmol/L
HLORIDE, SERUM	103.2		98 - 107	mmol/L
Interpretation(s)				
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE				
COLOR	Yellow			
APPEARANCE	Clear			

APPEARANCE	Clear	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE		
PH	7.0	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010	1.003 - 1.035











KALPM10026827

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PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

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#### **PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GANDHI** ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817 AGE : 54 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO : DRAWN : REPORTED :

RECEIVED : 26/11/2022 09:50:24

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	<b>Biological Reference</b>	Interval Units
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URI	NE		
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	1-2	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	NOT DETECTED	0-5	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
REMARKS	MICROSCOPIC EXAM CENTRIFUGED URINA	INATION OF URINE IS CARRIE RY SEDIMENT.	D OUT ON
Interpretation(s)			
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
ТЗ	131.20	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL
T4	8.28	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	2.490	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL











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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 26/11/2022 09:50:24	REPORTED : 28/11/2022 18:29:53
ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817	AGE : 54 Years SEX : Male	ABHA NO :
PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GAND	DHI	PATIENT ID : KALPM10026827

# Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. owidctlparowidctlparBelow mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3.Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism.Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
					Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid
					hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto
					thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical
					inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and
					dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre
					(3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid
					hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4
					replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent
					treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

## **STOOL: OVA & PARASITE**

COLOUR CONSISTENCY ODOUR MUCUS

BROWN WELL FORMED FAECAL ABSENT

NOT DETECTED



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PATIENT ID:

# **PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GANDHI**

ACCESSION NO : **0321VK002817** AGE : 54 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO : RECEIVED : 26/11/2022 09:50:24 28/11/2022 18:29:53 DRAWN : **REPORTED** : CLIENT PATIENT ID:

# REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

KEI EKKING DOCTOR .	SEE		CEIENT FAILENT ID :	
Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interva	al Units
VISIBLE BLOOD		ABSENT	ABSENT	
POLYMORPHONUCLEAR	R LEUKOCYTES	NOT DETECTED	0 - 5	/HPF
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
MACROPHAGES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
CHARCOT-LEYDEN CRY	'STALS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
TROPHOZOITES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
CYSTS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
OVA		NOT DETECTED		
LARVAE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
ADULT PARASITE		NOT DETECTED		
OCCULT BLOOD		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
Interpretation(s)				
ABO GROUP & RH TY	PE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
ABO GROUP		TYPE B		
RH TYPE		NEGATIVE		
Comments				
RH NEGATIVE GROUP IS <b>XRAY-CHEST</b>	CONFIRMED BY DU TEST.			
IMPRESSION		NO ABNORMALITY DET	ECTED	
TMT OR ECHO				
TMT OR ECHO		TMT:- NORMAL		
ECG				
ECG		NORMAL SINUS RHYTH	М	
MEDICAL HISTORY				

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY K/C/O HYPERTENSION ON TREATMENT SINCE LAST 12 - 14 YEARS RELEVANT PAST HISTORY P/H/O ANGIOPLASTY IN 2008 NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY HYPERTENSION, HEART DISEASE OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT











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PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL	
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	HEALTHY	
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE	
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL	
SKIN	NORMAL	
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL	
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL	
NECK	NORMAL	
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER	
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED	
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL	
PULSE	82/MIN	
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL	
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM		
BP	126/80 MM HG (SITTING)	mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL	
APEX BEAT	NORMAL	
HEART SOUNDS	S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY	
MURMURS	ABSENT	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		











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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL		
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL		
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL		
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)		
ADDED SOUNDS GOALITT	ABSENT		
PER ABDOMEN	ADJENT		
APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
IVER	NOT PALPABLE		
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE		
IGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL		
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL		
10TOR SYSTEM	NORMAL		
REFLEXES	NORMAL		
IUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM			
SPINE	NORMAL		
IOINTS	NORMAL		
BASIC EYE EXAMINATION			
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/9		
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/12		
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	N/6		
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	N/6		
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL		
SUMMARY			
RELEVANT HISTORY	K/C/O HYPERTENSION ON TI	REATMENT SINCE LAST 12 - 14 YE	ARS
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS	WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS		
RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS	USG ABDOMEN:- PROSTATO	MEGALY	
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS	NONE		











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PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GANI	DHI	PATIENT ID : KALPM10026827

#### Comments

OUR PANEL DOCTORS FOR NON-PATHOLOGY TESTS:-

CHECK UP DONE BY:- DR. NAMRATA AGRAWAL (M.B.B.S)

REPORT REVIEWED BY:- DR. PRIYANK KAPADIYA (M.B.B.S DNB MEDICINE)

RADIOLOGIST:- DR. KALPANA MODI (M.D.RADIOLOGY) // DR. SAHIL N SHAH (M.D.RADIOLOGY)











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ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817	AGE : 54 Years SEX : Male	ABHA NO :
PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GAN	DHI	PATIENT ID : KALPM10026827

# MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE

**Final** 

#### ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

PROSTATOMEGALY

#### Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFRENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Experimentation and (ESR), which become that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

## TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum. Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

#### LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia False Decreased : Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals, AACC Press, 7th edition, Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

2. Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months. 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) =  $28.7 \times HbA1c - 46.7$ 

#### HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results.Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days. II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.



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# **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :**

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL ) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156

#### SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE, SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDIA Tel: 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999 Email : customercare.ahmedabad@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GAND	HI	PATIENT ID : KALPM10026827
ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817	AGE : 54 Years SEX : Male	ABHA NO :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 26/11/2022 09:50:24	REPORTED : 28/11/2022 18:29:53
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID:

**Test Report Status** Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units **Final** 

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

#### Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

#### Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical,

stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

#### NOTE:

Hypoglycemia is defined as a glucoseof < 50 mg/dL in men and < 40 mg/dL in women.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin

treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin is viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver,liver cancer,kidney failure,hemolytic anemia,pancreatitis,hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blocd.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis.obstruction of bile ducts.cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson's disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular

permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol,

Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism) Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

Blockage in the urinary tract
Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow

Loss of body fluid (dehydration)

Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Myasthenia Gravis
Muscular dystrophy URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome



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Test Report Status Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 26/11/2022 09:50:24	REPORTED : 28/11/2022 18:29:53
ACCESSION NO : 0321VK002817	AGE : 54 Years SEX : Male	ABHA NO :
PATIENT NAME : KALPESH GANE	DHI	PATIENT ID : KALPM10026827

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

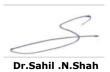
The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods. MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

\*\*\*\*\*\* 

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession



**Consultant Radiologist** 



Dr.Priyank Kapadia Physician



Dr Kalpana Modi Radiologist



Dr.Miral Gaiera **Consultant Pathologist** 

## **CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING**

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form. 2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services. 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment

breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.

- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
  - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
  - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
  - iii. Incorrect specimen type

iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.

6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.

Test results may vary based on time of collection, 7. physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.

8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes. 9. In case of gueries please call customer care

(91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

#### SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062



