

Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019
 Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787
 Website: www.drgoyalpathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 08/10/2021 09:26:32

NAME :- Mrs. REKHA SAXENA

Sex / Age :- Female 57 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12212609

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2021 09:29:36

Final Authentication : 08/10/2021 14:15:41

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.5	g/dL	
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	7.73	/cumm	12.0 - 15.0
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	55.7	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	38.5	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	2.1	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	3.6	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.1	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	4.31	10 ³ /uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	2.98	10 ³ /uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.16	10 ³ /uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.27	10 ³ /uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.01	10 ³ /uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	5.11 H	x10 ⁶ /uL	3.80 - 4.80
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	43.70	%	36.00 - 46.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	85.6	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	28.4	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	33.2	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT			
RDW-CV	13.7	%	150 - 410
MENTZER INDEX	16.75		11.6 - 14.0

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

Technologist

BANWARI

DR. TANURUNGTA
 M.D (Path) RMC No.-17226

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HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	09	mm/hr.	00 - 20

(ESR) Methodology : Measurement of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Independent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation : ESR test is a non-specific indicator of inflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test is used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g. tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction)

Levels are higher in pregnancy due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR" $\times > 100$ value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia

(CBC); Methodology: FLC, DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance, and

MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. Instrument Name: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

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Page No: 3 of 16

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Test Name	HAEMATOLOGY		Biological Ref Interval
	Value	Unit	

BOB PACKAGE FEMALE > 50

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Method:- HPLC

5.8

%

Non-diabetic: < 5.7
Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4
Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher
ADA Target: 7.0
Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasma glucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHb depends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean of HbA1C. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c measurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb variant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

114

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL
Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL
Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

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Sample Type :- EDTA, PLAIN/SERUM, URINE, ~~Serum~~ Sample Collected Time 08/10/2021 09:29:36

Final Authentication : 08/10/2021 15:51:15

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BLOOD GROUP ABO	"O" POSITIVE		
BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology : Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name : Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone)			
URINE SUGAR (FASTING) Collected Sample Received	Nil		Nil
URINE SUGAR PP Collected Sample Received	Nil		Nil
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)	13.9	mg/dl	0.0 - 23.0

Technologist

BANWARI, CHHOTELALSAINI, JITENDRAKUMAWAT

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MC - 2300



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NAME :- Mrs. REKHA SAXENA

Sex / Age :- Female 57 Yrs

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Patient ID :- 12212609

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, BUN/SERUM/2021 12:55:41

Final Authentication : 08/10/2021 14:26:55

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
* FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	107.9	mg/dl	75.0 - 115.0
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)		111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)		> 126 mg/dL	
BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	177.4 H	mg/dl	70.0 - 140.0
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.75	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	5.03	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	212.41	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High > 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	118.06	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	23.61	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	39.77	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	152.96 H	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	5.34 H		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.85 H		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	617.67	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Randox Rx-Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.72	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 mg/dL Premature < 6 days <16mg/dL Full-term < 6 days= 12 mg/dL 1month - <12 months <2 mg/dL 1-19 years <1.5 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SGOT Method:- IFCC	26.5	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	22.4	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer	51.70	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	6.72	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.28	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.44	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.75		1.30 - 2.50

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.16	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.56	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	15.80	U/L	7.00 - 32.00

Total Bilirubin Methodology: Colorimetric method InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobiliary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidney. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra- or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal) are observed with infectious hepatitis.

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IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TSH Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	5.840 H	μIU/mL	0.465 - 4.680

Technologist

ANANDSHARMA

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IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.130	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	8.810	ug/dl	5.500 - 11.000

InstrumentName: VITROS ECI **Interpretation:** Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

InstrumentName: VITROS ECI **Interpretation:** The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter T4 concentrations in vivo.

InstrumentName: VITROS ECI **Interpretation:** TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

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Sample Type :- URINE

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
<u>MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION</u>			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		ABSENT

Technologist

CHHOTELALSAINI

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
REACTION(PH)	6.0		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE

Technologist

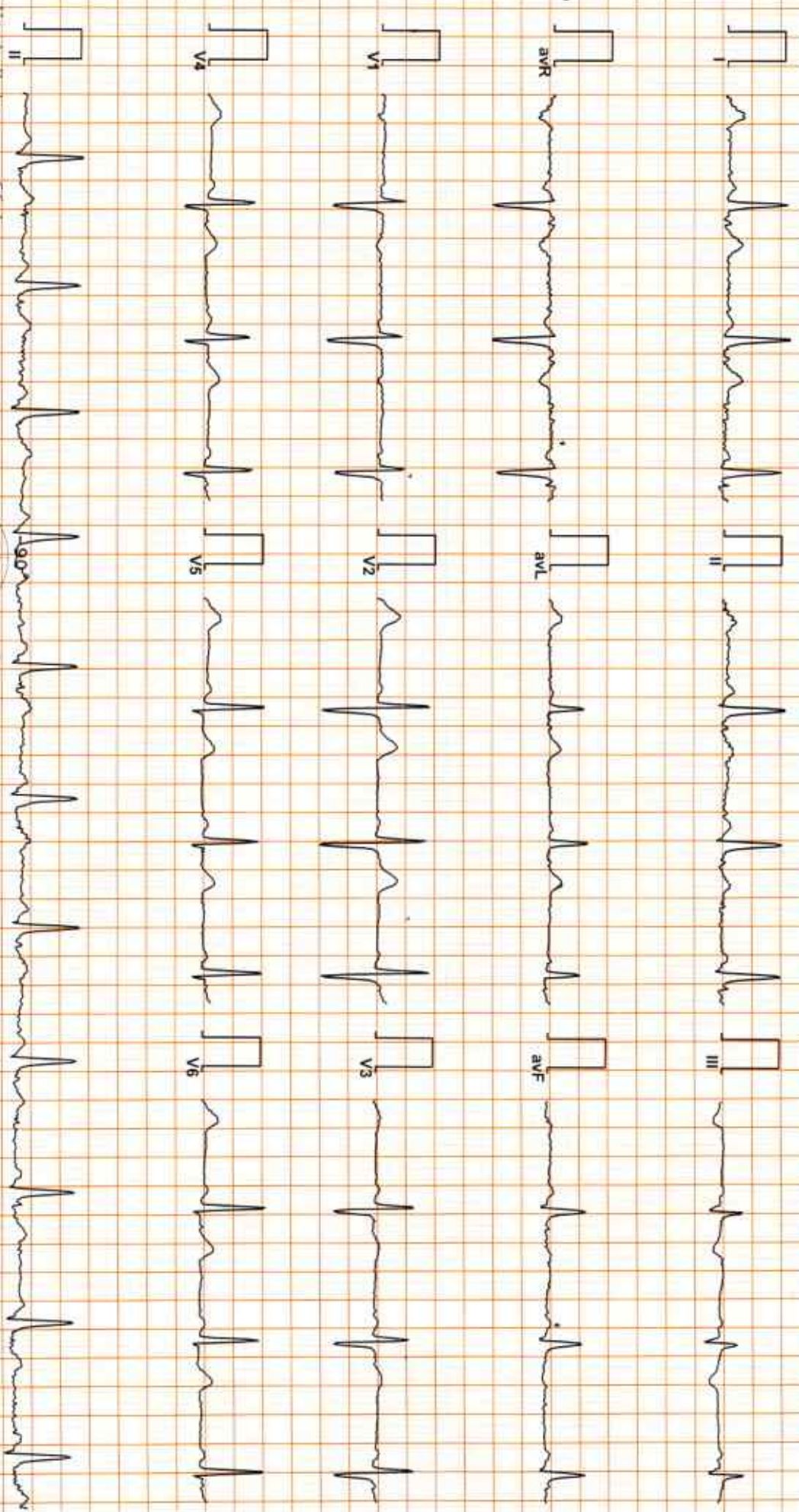
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DR. GOYAL PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER, JAIPUR

ECG

473 / MRS REKHA SAXENA / 57 Yrs / F / Non Smoker
Heart Rate : 66 bpm / Tested On : 08-Oct-21 13:21:51 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s
/ Refd By: BOB



Vent Rate : 66 bpm
PR Interval : 136 ms
QRS Duration : 92 ms
QT/QTc Int : 404/415 ms
P-QRS-T axis: 37.00° 33.00° 2.00°



Reported By: *[Signature]*

Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur
Tele : 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787
Website : www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail : drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 08/10/2021 09:26:32

NAME :- Mrs. REKHA SAXENA

Sex / Age :- Female 57 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12212609

Ref. By Doctor :- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication : 08/10/2021 15:11:53

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE > 50

ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN

Liver is mild enlarged in size (15.5 cm). Echo-texture is bright A simple cyst of size 16x11 mm seen in left lobe of liver. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus & ovaries are not seen H/o hysterectomy . No adnexal mass is seen.

No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of douglas.

There is anterior abdominal wall defect 11.8 mm on right paramedian at infra umbilical region herniating omentum & mesentric fat through it which is increasing in size on cough reflex.

IMPRESSION:

*Mild hepatomegaly with fatty changes with simple hepatic cyst

*Infraumbilical hernia

Needs clinical correlation & further evaluation

Page No: 1 of 2

ANITASHARMA

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RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Pooam Gupta
MBBS/MD (Radio Diagnosis)
RMC No. 32495

Dr. Uma Mathuria
M.B.B.S.- M.D.
RMC Reg No. 22541

Dr. Hitesh Kumar Sharma
M.B.B.S.- D.M.R.D.
RMC Reg No. 27380

Transcript by.

Print Copy

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ULTRASONOGRAPHY report : Breast and axilla

Right breast:

Skin , subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal

Fibro glandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retro mammary regions are unremarkable .

A cyst of size 5x4 mm seen in the right superior medial quadrant.

Axillary lymph nodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

Left breast:

Skin , subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal

Fibro glandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retro mammary regions are unremarkable .

A cyst of size 6x3 mm seen in the left superior lateral quadrant.

Axillary lymph nodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

IMPRESSION : Bilateral breast simple cyst

*** End of Report ***

Dr. Goyal's

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Final Authentication : 08/10/2021 13:16:34

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE > 50

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Expiratory film.

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

KANARAM

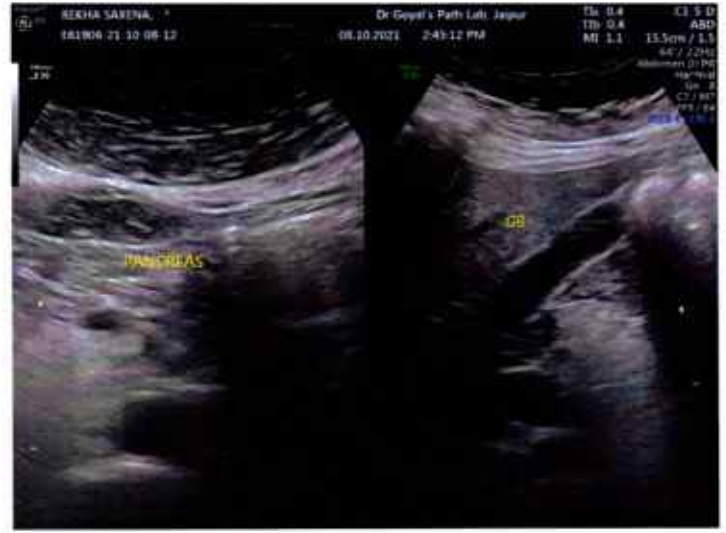
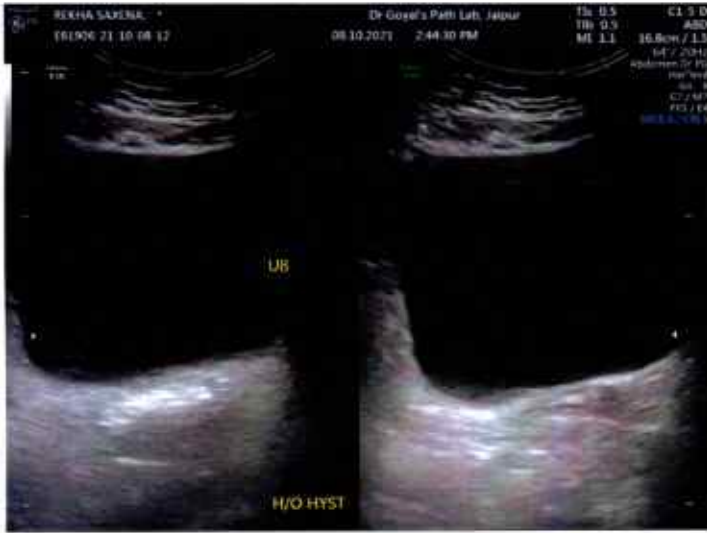
Dr. Piyush Goyal
(D.M.R.D.)

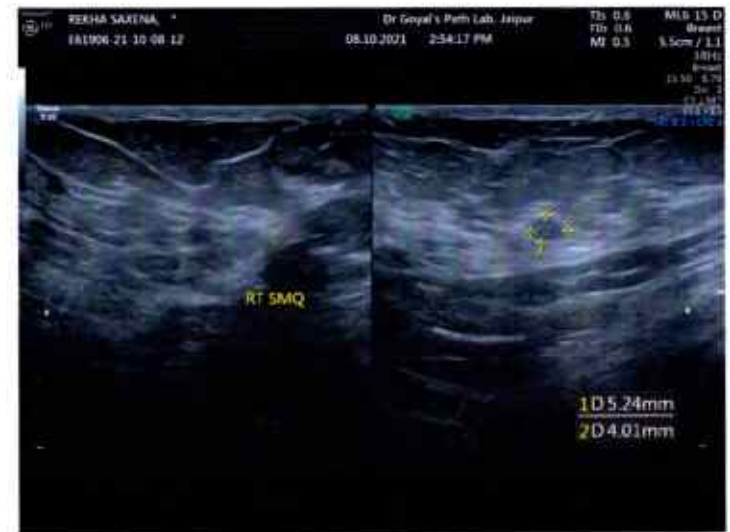
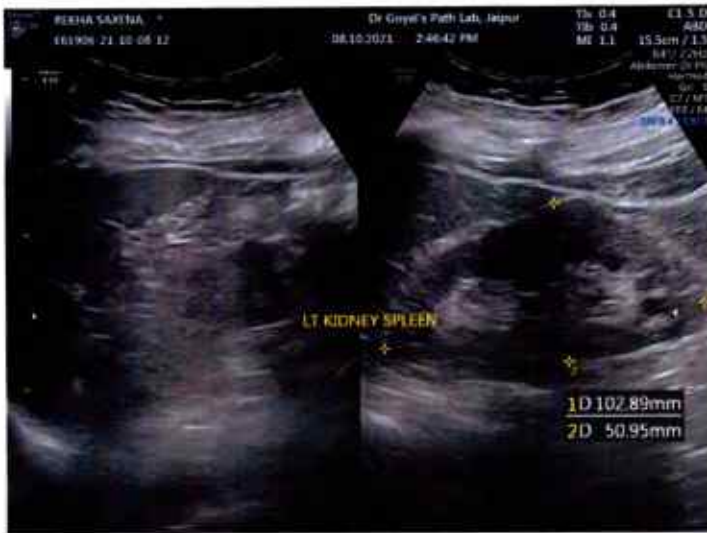
Dr. Poonam Gupta
MD (Radiodiagnosis)

Dr. Shankar Tejwani
(M.D. Radiodiagnosis)

Dr. Uma Mathuria
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Ref. By Dr.- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 57 Yrs

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :-

Sample Collected Time

Final Authentication : 08/10/2021 14:42:39

BOB PACKAGE FEMALE > 50

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY 2D (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVE	NORMAL	TRICUSPID VALVE	NORMAL
AORTIC VALVE	NORMAL	PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL

M.MODE EXAMINATION:

AO	35	mm	LA	37	Mm	IVS-D	9	mm
IVS-S	11	mm	LVID	41	Mm	LVSD	28	mm
LVPW-D	9	mm	LVPW-S	12	Mm	RV		mm
RVWT		mm	EDV		ml	LVVS		ml
LVEF	60%		RWMA			ABSENT		

CHAMBERS:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		

COLOUR DOPPLER:

MITRAL VALVE				
E VELOCITY	0.96	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT	Mm/hg
A VELOCITY		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT	Mm/hg
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA BY PLANIMETRY	Cm2
MITRAL REGURGITATION		ABSENT		
AORTIC VALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY	1.0	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT	mm/hg
AR VMAX		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT	mm/hg
AORTIC REGURGITATION		ABSENT		
TRICUSPID VALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY	0.69	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT	mm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT	mm/hg
VMax VELOCITY				
TRICUSPID REGURGITATION		MILD		
PULMONARY VALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY	0.82	M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT	Mm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY			MEAN GRADIENT	Mm/hg
PULMONARY REGURGITATION		ABSENT		

PRATHVI1

Page No: 1 of 2

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Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :-

Sample Collected Time

Final Authentication : 08/10/2021 14:42:39

Impression--

1. Normal LV size & contractility
2. No RWMA, LVEF 60 %.
3. Normal cardiac chamber.
4. Normal valve, Mild TR-PASP 41mmHg.
5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.

(Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

PRATHVI1

Page No: 2 of 2

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Transcript by

Dr. Goyal's Path Lab

Name **REKHA SAXENA**
 Patient Id **REKHA33_33314**

Date **10/08/2021**
 Diagnosis Dr.

