DIAGNOSTIC REPORT

agilus diagnostics

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED		

ECG

ECG	NORMAL SINUS RHYTHM		

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT		

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS	1.55		mts
WEIGHT IN KGS.	56.3		Kgs
BMI	23	BMI & Weight Status as follows: Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese	kg/sqmts

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL		
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL		
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	HEALTHY		
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE		
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
SKIN	NORMAL		
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL		
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL		
NECK	NORMAL		
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER		
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED		

P. V. Kapadia

Dr.Priyank Kapadia
Physician

Jinal

Dr.Jinal kamodia
Consultant Radiology

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

DIAGNOSTIC REPORT

agilus diagnostics

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL		
PULSE	66/MIN		
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL		
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
BP	130/80 MM HG (SITTING)		mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		
APEX BEAT	NORMAL		
HEART SOUNDS	S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY		
MURMURS	ABSENT		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM			
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL		
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL		
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL		
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)		
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT		
PER ABDOMEN			
APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE		
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE		
CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM			
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL		
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL		
MOTOR SYSTEM	NORMAL		
REFLEXES	NORMAL		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM			
SPINE	NORMAL		
JOINTS	NORMAL		
BASIC EYE EXAMINATION			
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	WITH GLASSES NORMAL		

P. V. Kapadia

Dr.Priyank Kapadia
Physician

Jinal

Dr.Jinal kamodia
Consultant Radiology

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	WITH GLASSES NORMAL		
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT		
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT		
COLOUR VISION	PARTIAL COLOUR BLINDNESS		
SUMMARY			
RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	PARTIAL COLOUR BLINDNESS		
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS	FBS:- HIGH		
	HBA1C:- DIABETIC, MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE:- HIGH		
	TRIGLYCERIDES:- HIGH, HDL:- LOW, VLDL:- HIGH		
RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS	NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED		
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS	1) FBS:- HIGH, HBA1C:- DIABETIC, MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE:- HIGH		
	ADV:- REDUCE INTAKE OF SWEET, SUGAR, STARCH IN DIET, REGULAR PHYSICAL EXERCISE, REPEAT FBS, PPBS AND HBA1C AND DIABETOLOGIST OPINION		
	2) TRIGLYCERIDES:- HIGH, HDL:- LOW, VLDL:- HIGH		
	ADV:- LOW FAT DIET, REGULAR PHYSICAL EXERCISE		

Comments

OUR PANEL DOCTORS FOR NON-PATHOLOGY TESTS:-

CHECK UP DONE BY:- DR. NAMRATA AGRAWAL (M.B.B.S)

REPORT REVIEWED BY:- DR. PRIYANK KAPADIYA (M.B.B.S DNB MEDICINE)

RADIOLOGIST:- DR. SAHIL N SHAH (M.D.RADIOLOGY) / DR. J. S. KAMODIA (M. D. RADIOLOGY)

P. V. Kapadia

Dr.Priyank Kapadia
Physician

Jinal

Dr.Jinal kamodia
Consultant Radiology

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO

2D ECHO:-

1) NORMAL CHAMBERS AND VALVES.

2) GOOD LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION. LVEF 60%. NO RWMA AT REST.

3) NO MR, AR, TR.

4) NORMAL LV COMPLIANCE.

5) NO PAH.

6) NO LV CLOT, VEGETATION OR PERICARDIAL EFFUSION.

7) IAS/IVS INTACT.

Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL

HISTORY-**********

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

****

P. V. Kapadia

Dr.Priyank Kapadia
Physician

Jrnal

Dr.Jinal kamodia
Consultant Radiology

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD : PHOTOMETRIC MEASUREMENT	15.3	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD : COULTER PRINCIPLE	**5.54 High**	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD : COULTER PRINCIPLE	6.45	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD : COULTER PRINCIPLE	264	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD : CALCULATED	47.0	40.0 - 50.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD : DERIVED PARAMETER FROM RBC HISTOGRAM	84.8	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD : CALCULATED	27.5	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD : CALCULATED	32.4	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD : DERIVED PARAMETER FROM RBC HISTOGRAM	**14.9 High**	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	15.3		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD : DERIVED PARAMETER FROM PLATELET HISTOGRAM	9.0	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS METHOD : OPTICAL IMPEDENCE & MICROCSOPY	54	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES METHOD : OPTICAL IMPEDENCE & MICROCSOPY	37	20 - 40	%
MONOCYTES METHOD : OPTICAL IMPEDENCE & MICROCSOPY	5	2.0 - 10.0	%

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
EOSINOPHILS METHOD : OPTICAL IMPEDENCE & MICROCSOPY	3	1.0 - 6.0	%
BASOPHILS METHOD : IMPEDANCE	1	0 - 1	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED	3.48	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.39	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.32	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED	0.19	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED	0.06	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.5		
MORPHOLOGY			
RBC METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC		
WBC METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NORMAL MORPHOLOGY		
PLATELETS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	ADEQUATE		
REMARKS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NO PREMATURE CELLS ARE SEEN. MALARIAL PARASITE NOT DETECTED.		

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait
(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients A.-P. Yang, et al. International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD			
E.S.R	07	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : WESTERGREN METHOD			
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HBA1C	**13.9 High**	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
METHOD : HPLC			
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	**352.2 High**	< 116.0	mg/dL

Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD-**TEST DESCRIPTION** :-
Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.
TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.
Finding a very accelerated ESR**(>100 mm/hour)** in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).
In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.
Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased : Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine,

salicylates)

REFERENCE :
1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2. Diagnosing diabetes.

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :
1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss,hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results.Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
2.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results.(possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia,uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism,chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods,falsely increasing results.
4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP	TYPE B		
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION			
RH TYPE	POSITIVE		
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION			

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) METHOD : HEXOKINASE	**285 High**	74 - 99	mg/dL

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) METHOD : HEXOKINASE	**361 High**	70 - 140	mg/dL

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL METHOD : ENZYMATIC, COLORIMETRIC	168	Desirable: < 200 BorderlineHigh: 200 - 239 High: > or = 240	mg/dL
TRIGLYCERIDES METHOD : ENZYMATIC, COLORIMETRIC	**233 High**	Desirable: < 150 BorderlineHigh: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: > or = 500	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL	**28 Low**	< 40 Low > or = 60 High	mg/dL
CHOLESTEROL LDL	93	Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal: 100-129 Borderline high : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	**140 High**	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	**46.6 High**	< or = 30	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	**6.0 High**	3.3 - 4.4	

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
LDL/HDL RATIO	**3.3 High**	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	

Interpretation(s)

Serum lipid profile is measured for cardiovascular risk prediction. Lipid Association of India recommends LDL-C as primary target and Non HDL-C as co-primary treatment target.

Risk Stratification for ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) by Lipid Association of India

Risk Category	
Extreme risk group	A.CAD with > 1 feature of high risk group
	B. CAD with > 1 feature of Very high risk group or recurrent ACS (within 1 year) despite LDL-C < or = 50 mg/dl or polyvascular disease
Very High Risk	1. Established ASCVD 2. Diabetes with 2 major risk factors or evidence of end organ damage 3. Familial Homozygous Hypercholesterolemia
High Risk	1. Three major ASCVD risk factors. 2. Diabetes with 1 major risk factor or no evidence of end organ damage. 3. CKD stage 3B or 4. 4. LDL >190 mg/dl 5. Extreme of a single risk factor. 6. Coronary Artery Calcium - CAC >300 AU. 7. Lipoprotein a >/= 50mg/dl 8. Non stenotic carotid plaque
Moderate Risk	2 major ASCVD risk factors
Low Risk	0-1 major ASCVD risk factors

Major ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) Risk Factors	
1. Age > or = 45 years in males and > or = 55 years in females	3. Current Cigarette smoking or tobacco use
2. Family history of premature ASCVD	4. High blood pressure
5. Low HDL	

Newer treatment goals and statin initiation thresholds based on the risk categories proposed by LAI in 2020.

Risk Group	**Treatment Goals**		**Consider Drug Therapy**	
	LDL-C (mg/dl)	**Non-HDL (mg/dl)**	**LDL-C (mg/dl)**	**Non-HDL (mg/dl)**
Extreme Risk Group Category A	<50 (Optional goal < OR = 30)	< 80 (Optional goal <OR = 60)	>OR = 50	>OR = 80
Extreme Risk Group Category B	<OR = 30	<OR = 60	> 30	>60
Very High Risk	<50	<80	>OR= 50	>OR= 80
High Risk	<70	<100	>OR= 70	>OR= 100
Moderate Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 100	>OR= 130
Low Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 130*	>OR= 160

*After an adequate non-pharmacological intervention for at least 3 months.

References: Management of Dyslipidaemia for the Prevention of Stroke: Clinical Practice Recommendations from the Lipid Association of India. Current Vascular Pharmacology, 2022, 20, 134-155.

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.54	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	**0.21 High**	Upto 0.2	mg/dL

METHOD : DIAZO COLORIMETRIC

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364
ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI
NEW DELHI 110030
8800465156

ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434**
PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321
CLIENT PATIENT ID:
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Male
DRAWN : 08/07/2023 00:00:00
RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08
REPORTED : 10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.33	0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.8	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC			
ALBUMIN	4.0	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN			
GLOBULIN	2.8	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.4	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT)	11	0 - 40	U/L
METHOD : IFCC WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE			
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	20	0 - 41	U/L
METHOD : IFCC WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE			
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	101	40 - 129	U/L
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC			
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	31	8 - 61	U/L
METHOD : ENZYMATIC, COLORIMETRIC			
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	135	135 - 225	U/L
METHOD : UV ASSAY METHOD			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	7	6 - 20	mg/dL
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE	0.70	0.70 - 1.30	mg/dL
METHOD : JAFFE ALKALINE PICRATE			
BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO	10.00	5.0 - 15.0	
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	4.0	3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.8	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC			
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	4.0	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN			
GLOBULIN			
GLOBULIN	2.8	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM

SODIUM, SERUM	**135.4 Low**	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.55	3.3 - 5.1	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	100.3	98 - 106	mmol/L
METHOD : ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE TECHNOLOGY			

Interpretation(s)

Sodium	Potassium	Chloride
Decreased in:CCF,cirrhosis, vomiting, diarrhea, excessive sweating, salt-losing nephropathy,adrenal insufficiency, nephrotic syndrome, water intoxication, SIADH. Drugs: thiazides, diuretics, ACE inhibitors, chlorpropamide,carbamazepine,anti depressants (SSRI), antipsychotics.	**Decreased in:** Low potassium intake,prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, RTA types I and II, hyperaldosteronism, Cushing's syndrome,osmotic diuresis (e.g., hyperglycemia),alkalosis, familial periodic paralysis,trauma (transient).Drugs: Adrenergic agents, diuretics.	**Decreased in:** Vomiting, diarrhea, renal failure combined with salt deprivation, over-treatment with diuretics, chronic respiratory acidosis, diabetic ketoacidosis, excessive sweating, SIADH, salt-losing nephropathy, porphyria, expansion of extracellular fluid volume, adrenalinsufficiency, hyperaldosteronism,metabolic alkalosis. Drugs: chronic laxative,corticosteroids, diuretics.
Increased in: Dehydration (excessivesweating, severe vomiting or diarrhea),diabetes mellitus, diabetesinsipidus, hyperaldosteronism, inadequate water intake. Drugs: steroids, licorice,oral contraceptives.	**Increased in:** Massive hemolysis, severe tissue damage, rhabdomyolysis, acidosis, dehydration,renal failure, Addison' s disease, RTA type IV, hyperkalemic familial periodic paralysis. Drugs: potassium salts, potassium- sparing diuretics,NSAIDs, beta-blockers, ACE inhibitors, high-dose trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole.	**Increased in:** Renal failure, nephrotic syndrome, RTA,dehydration, overtreatment with saline,hyperparathyroidism, diabetes insipidus, metabolic acidosis from diarrhea (Loss of HCO3-), respiratory alkalosis,hyperadrenocorticism. Drugs: acetazolamide,androgens, hydrochlorothiazide,salicylates.
Interferences: Severe lipemia or hyperproteinemi, if sodium analysis involves a dilution step can cause spurious results. The serum sodium falls about 1.6 mEq/L for each 100 mg/dL increase in blood glucose.	**Interferences:** Hemolysis of sample, delayed separation of serum, prolonged fist clenching during blood drawing, and prolonged tourniquet placement. Very high WBC/PLT counts may cause spurious. Plasma potassium levels are normal.	**Interferences:**Test is helpful in assessing normal and increased anion gap metabolic acidosis and in distinguishing hypercalcemia due to hyperparathyroidism (high serum chloride) from that due to malignancy (Normal serum chloride)

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-**TEST DESCRIPTION**
Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.
Increased in:Diabetes mellitus, Cushing' s syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.
Decreased in :Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency,hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy(adrenocortical,stomach,fibrosarcoma),infant of a diabetic mother,enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g.galactosemia),Drugs-insulin,ethanol,propranolol sulfonylureas,tolbutamide,and other oral hypoglycemic agents.
NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values),there is wide fluctuation within individuals.Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment,Renal Glyosuria,Glycaemic index & response to food consumed,Alimentary Hypoglycemia,Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-
Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice.**Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.
AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver,liver cancer,kidney failure,hemolytic anemia,pancreatitis,hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis,sometimes due to a viral infection,ischemia to the liver,chronic hepatitis,obstruction of bile ducts,cirrhosis.
ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues.Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver,bile ducts and bone.Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilsons disease.
GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine,spleen,heart, brain and seminal vesicles.The highest concentration is in the kidney,but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity.Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction.Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver,biliary system and pancreas.Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease,high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.
Total Protein also known as total protein,is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstroms disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-**Causes of Increased** levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)
Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
CREATININE, SERUM-**Higher than normal level may be due to:**
• Blockage in the urinary tract, Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow, Loss of body fluid (dehydration), Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers, Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)
Lower than normal level may be due to:• Myasthenia Gravis, Muscuophy
URIC ACID, SERUM-**Causes of Increased levels:**-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome **Causes of decreased levels**-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.
Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma,Waldenstroms disease.
Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. **Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:** Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX : 35 Years Male DRAWN : 08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED : 10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR	Yellow		
APPEARANCE	Clear		

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.0	4.7 - 7.5	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	<=1.005	1.003 - 1.035	
PROTEIN METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE	
GLUCOSE METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	**DETECTED (++)**	NOT DETECTED	
KETONES METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BLOOD METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
UROBILINOGEN METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NORMAL	NORMAL	
NITRITE METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S) METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	1-2	0-5	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
REMARKS	MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS CARRIED OUT ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.		

Interpretation(s)

The following table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in urine

Presence of	Conditions
Proteins	Inflammation or immune illnesses
Pus (White Blood Cells)	Urinary tract infection, urinary tract or kidney stone, tumors or any kind of kidney impairment
Glucose	Diabetes or kidney disease
Ketones	Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA), starvation or thirst
Urobilinogen	Liver disease such as hepatitis or cirrhosis
Blood	Renal or genital disorders/trauma
Bilirubin	Liver disease
Erythrocytes	Urological diseases (e.g. kidney and bladder cancer, urolithiasis), urinary tract infection and glomerular diseases
Leukocytes	Urinary tract infection, glomerulonephritis, interstitial nephritis either acute or chronic, polycystic kidney disease, urolithiasis, contamination by genital secretions
Epithelial cells	Urolithiasis, bladder carcinoma or hydronephrosis, ureteric stents or bladder catheters for prolonged periods of time
Granular Casts	Low intratubular pH, high urine osmolality and sodium concentration, interaction with Bence-Jones protein
Hyaline casts	Physical stress, fever, dehydration, acute congestive heart failure, renal diseases
Calcium oxalate	Metabolic stone disease, primary or secondary hyperoxaluria, intravenous infusion of large doses of vitamin C, the use of vasodilator naftidrofuryl oxalate or the gastrointestinal lipase inhibitor orlistat, ingestion of ethylene glycol or of star fruit (Averrhoa carambola) or its juice

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	**Results**	**Biological Reference Interval**	**Units**
Uric acid	arthritis		
Bacteria	Urinary infectionwhen present in significant numbers & with pus cells.		
Trichomonas vaginalis	Vaginitis, cervicitis or salpingitis		

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL

COLOUR	BROWN		
CONSISTENCY	WELL FORMED		
MUCUS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
VISIBLE BLOOD	ABSENT	ABSENT	
ADULT PARASITE	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL

STOOL PH	NEGATIVE		
OCCULT BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : HEMOSPOT			

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STOOL

PUS CELLS	NOT DETECTED		/hpf
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
CYSTS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
OVA	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
LARVAE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
TROPHOZOITES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
FAT	ABSENT		
VEGETABLE CELLS	ABSENT		
CHARCOT LEYDEN CRYSTALS	ABSENT		

Interpretation(s)

Stool routine analysis is only a screening test for disorders of gastrointentestinal tract like infection, malabsorption, etc.The following table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in stool.

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final** **Results** **Biological Reference Interval** **Units**

PRESENCE OF	CONDITION
Pus cells	Pus in the stool is an indication of infection
Red Blood cells	Parasitic or bacterial infection or an inflammatory bowel condition such as ulcerative colitis
Parasites	Infection of the digestive system. Stool examination for ova and parasite detects presence of parasitic infestation of gastrointestinal tract. Various forms of parasite that can be detected include cyst, trophozoite and larvae. One negative result does not rule out the possibility of parasitic infestation. Intermittent shedding of parasites warrants examinations of multiple specimens tested on consecutive days.Stool specimens for parasitic examination should be collected before initiation of antidiarrheal therapy or antiparasitic therapy. This test does not detect presence of opportunistic parasites like Cyclospora, Cryptosporidia and Isospora species. Examination of Ova and Parasite has been carried out by direct and concentration techniques.
Mucus	Mucus is a protective layer that lubricates, protects& reduces damage due to bacteria or viruses.
Charcot-Leyden crystal	Parasitic diseases.
Ova & cyst	Ova & cyst indicate parasitic infestation of intestine.
Frank blood	Bleeding in the rectum or colon.
Occult blood	Occult blood indicates upper GI bleeding.
Macrophages	Macrophages in stool are an indication of infection as they are protective cells.
Epithelial cells	Epithelial cells that normally line the body surface and internal organs show up in stool when there is inflammation or infection.
Fat	Increased fat in stool maybe seen in conditions like diarrhoea or malabsorption.
pH	Normal stool pH is slightly acidic to neutral. Breast-fed babies generally have an acidic stool.

ADDITIONAL STOOL TESTS :

1. **Stool Culture**:- This test is done to find cause of GI infection, make decision about best treatment for GI infection & to find out if treatment for GI infection worked.
2. **Fecal Calprotectin**: It is a marker of intestinal inflammation. This test is done to differentiate Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) from Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS).
3. **Fecal Occult Blood Test(FOBT):** This test is done to screen for colon cancer & to evaluate possible cause of unexplained anaemia.
4. **Clostridium Difficile Toxin Assay**: This test is strongly recommended in healthcare associated bloody or waterydiarrhoea, due to overuse of broad spectrum antibiotics which alter the normal GI flora.
5. **Biofire (Film Array) GI PANEL:** In patients of Diarrhoea, Dysentry, Rice watery Stool, FDA approved, Biofire Film Array Test,(Real Time Multiplex PCR) is strongly recommended as it identifies organisms, bacteria,fungi,virus ,parasite and other opportunistic pathogens, Vibrio cholera infections only in 3 hours. Sensitivity 96% & Specificity 99%.
6. **Rota Virus Immunoassay**: This test is recommended in severe gastroenteritis in infants & children associated with watery diarrhoea, vomitting& abdominal cramps. Adults are also affected. It is highly contagious in nature.

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

DIAGNOSTIC REPORT

agilus diagnostics

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3 METHOD : ECLIA	157.60	80.0 - 200.0	ng/dL
T4 METHOD : ECLIA	10.62	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) METHOD : ECLIA	1.290	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL

Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3 , **Thyroxine T4,** and **Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH** are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.
Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.
Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.
In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low.
Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3.Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism.Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3) Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre (3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4 replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675

PATIENT NAME : NIRBHAYA ASHOKKUMAR MERVANA **REF. DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : **0321WG001434** PATIENT ID : NIRBM031087321 CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX :35 Years Male DRAWN :08/07/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 08/07/2023 08:13:08 REPORTED :10/07/2023 13:56:57

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association duriing pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011.
NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

****End Of Report****
Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the AGILUS Directory of Services.
3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
4. A requested test might not be performed if:
   i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
   ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
   iii. Incorrect specimen type
   iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form
5. AGILUS Diagnostics confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

.

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII,
Mohali 160062

Dr.Miral Gajera
Consultant Pathologist

View Details View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi,
Ahmedabad, 380015
Gujrat, India
Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@agilus.in

Patient Ref. No. 775000003829675