

भारत सरकार GOVERNMENT OF INDIA



सौरभ कुमार जैन Sourabh Kumar Jain जन्म िथे/ DOB: 27/11/1988 पुरुष 'MALE

9952 3964 0383



मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान







भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION AUTHORITY OF INDIA

पताः

S/O नरेन्द्र कुमार जैन, हुँ भगत सिंह सर्कल जैन भवन, हुँ बस स्टॅंड, लक्ष्मणगढ, हैं अलवर,

ूँ राजस्थान - **321607**

Address :

S/O Narendra Kumar Jain, bhagat singh circle jain bhawan, bus stand, Laxmangarh, Alwar, Rajasthan - 321607

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MBBS, DMBB (Radiologist) RMC No.-037041

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

 B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

⑥ +91 141 4824885 ② maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: <u>02 03 202</u> 4	
Name: SOURABH KUMAR TAILAge	:: 35 x49 DOB: 27/11/1988 Sex: Mele
Referred By: BARODA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Photo ID: AAPHAR CARD ID#: 038	3
Ht: <u>(64</u> (cm)	Wt: <u>78</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 96 (cm)	Abdomen Circumference: 95 (cm)
Blood Pressure: 130/85 mm Hg PR: 89/m	in RR: 18 / min Temp: Apebrile
вмі_ 😕 🐧	
Eye Examination: Coith Colass EYE Examination: Coith Colass EYE Examination: Coith Colass	616, N/6, NCB 616 N/6 NCB
Other:	
On examination he/she appears physically and menta	lly fit: LYes No
Signature Of Examine :	Name of Examinee: SourebH Ku Mare Juin
Signature Medical Examiner PIYUSH GOYA MBBS, DMRD Radiologis RMC No037041	Name Medical Examiner Du. Piyosh Cybyel



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NAME :- Mr. SOURABH KUMAR JAIN

Age:- 35 Yrs 3 Mon 5 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-12234764

Date :- 02/03/2024

09:49:22

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- N

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 02/03/2024 18:00:44

HAEMATOLOGY

HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.4	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	6.00	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	55.0	% -	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	40.0	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	2.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	3.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.0	%	0.0 - 2.0
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.87	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	44.00	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	90.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	29.5	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	32.7	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	212	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	13.4	%	11.6 - 14.0
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Technologist MGR Page No: 2 of 11



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HAEMATOLOGY

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Methord:- Westergreen

12

mm in 1st hr

00 - 15

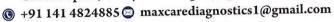
The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases.ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein. ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyalgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as



<u>Cechnologist</u> MGR Page No: 3 of 11



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Age:- 3

35 Yrs 3 Mon 5 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-12234764

Date :- 02/03/2024

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HAEMATOLOGY

(CBC): Methodology: TLC,DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method,TRBC,PCV,PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH,MCV,MCHC,MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L,Japan



MGR Page No: 4 of 11



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Male

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Sex :-

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

Methord:- GOD POD

86.4

mg/dl

70.0 - 115.0

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT) 111 - 125 mg/dL
Diabetes Mellitus (DM) > 126 mg/dL

Instrument Name: HORIBA CA60 Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic

hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result

from excessive insulin

therapy or various liver diseases.



Technologist MGR Page No: 9 of 11



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HAEMATOLOGY

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methord:- Haemagglutination reaction "B" POSITIVE



Technologist MGR Page No: 5 of 11



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
RENAL PROFILE WITHOUT ELECT	TROLYTES		
SERUM UREA Methord:- Urease/GLDH	32.20	mg/dl	10.00 - 50.00
SERUM CREATININE Methord:- Jaffe's Method	1.07	mg/dl	Males : 0.6-1.50 mg/dl Females : 0.6 -1.40 mg/dl
SERUM URIC ACID	5.69	mg/dl	2.40 - 7.00
SERUM CALCIUM Methord:- Arsenazo III Method	9.25	mg/dL	8.80 - 10.20
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Methord:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.95	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Methord:- Bromocresol Green	4.35	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Methord:- CALCULATION	2.60	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO INTERPRETATION	1.67		1.30 - 2.50

Kidney function tests are group of tests that can be used to evaluate how well the kidneys are functioning. Creatinine is a waste product that comes from protein in the diet and also comes from the normal wear and tear of muscles of the body. In blood, it is a marker of GFR .in urine, it can remove the need for 24-hourcollections for many analytes or be used as a quality assurance tool to assess the accuracy of a 24-hour collection Higher levels may be a sign that the kidneys are not working properly. As kidney disease progresses, the level of creatinine and urea in the bloodincreases. Certain drugs are nephrotoxic hence KFT is done before and after initiation of treatment with these drugs.

Low serum creatinine values are rare; they almost always reflect low muscle mass.

Technologist MGR Page No: 6 of 11



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Date :- 02/03/2024

Optimal <100

High 160-189 Very High > 190 0.00 - 80.00

0.00 - 4.90

0.00 - 3.50

400.00 - 1000.00

100-129

Near Optimal/above optimal

Borderline High 130-159

09:49:22

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Lab/Hosp:-

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BIOCHEMISTRY

LIPID PROFILE

Methord:- Calculated

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Methord:- CHOD-PAP methodology	146.00	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Methord:- GPO-PAP	123.00	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Methord:- Direct clearance Method	41.10	mg/dl	
			MALE- 30-70 FEMALE - 30-85

LDL CHOLESTEROL	84.40	mg/dl
Methord:- Calculated Method		

VLDL CHOLESTEROL Methord:- Calculated	24.60	mg/dl
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO	3.55	

LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO 2.05

TOTAL LIPID mg/dl Methord:- CALCULATED 1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL& LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NCEP guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is

471.86

3. Low HDL levels are associated with Coronary Heart Disease due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated fromperipheral tissues

Technologist Page No: 7 of 11

DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology) RMC No. 17226

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GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

T ()	The state of the s		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Methord:- CAPILLARY with EDTA	5.6	mg%	Non-Diabetic < 6.0 Good Control 6.0-7.0 Weak Control 7.0-8.0 Poor control > 8.0
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE Methord:- Calculated Parameter	110	mg/dL	68 - 125

INTERPRETATION

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA)

Reference Group HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults >=18 years < 5.7

At risk (Prediabetes) 5.7 - 6.4

Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

CLINICAL NOTES

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings. Some of the factors that influence HbA1c and its measurement [Adapted from Gallagher et al]

- 1. Erythropoiesis
- Increased HbA1c: iron, vitamin B12 deficiency, decreased erythropoiesis.
 Decreased HbA1c: administration of erythropoietin, iron, vitamin B12, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease.
- 2. Altered Haemoglobin-Genetic or chemical alterations in hemoglobin: hemoglobinopathies, HbF, methemoglobin, may increase or decrease HbA1c
- 3. Glycation
- Increased HbA1c: alcoholism, chronic renal failure, decreased intraerythrocytic pH.
- Decreased HbA1c: certain hemoglobinopathies, increased intra-erythrocyte pH
- .4. Erythrocyte destruction
- Increased HbA1c; increased erythrocyte life span; Splenectomy.

 Decreased A1c; decreased RBC life span; hemoglobinopathies, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs such as antiretrovirals, ribavirin & dapsone.
- Increased HbA1c: hyperbilirubinemia, carbamylated hemoglobin, alcoholism, large doses of aspirin, chronic opiate use, chronic renal failure
 Decreased HbA1c: hypertriglyceridemia, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease, aspirin, vitamin C and E, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs

Technologist MGR Page No: 1 of 11

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BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER FUNCTION TEST			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Methord:- DMSO/Diazo	0.69	mg/dL	Infants: 0.2-8.0 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Methord:- DMSO/Diazo	0.19	mg/dL	Up to 0.40 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Methord:- Calculated	0.50	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Methord:- IFCC	23.5	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT Methord:- IFCC	26.8	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Methord:- DGKC - SCE	89.50	U/L	53.00 - 141.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Methord:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.95	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Methord:- Bromocresol Green	4.35	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Methord:- CALCULATION	2.60	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50

Note: These are group of tests that can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, distinguish among different types of liver disorders, gauge the extent of known liver damage, and monitor the response to treatment. Most liver diseases cause only mild symptoms initially, but these diseases must be detected early. Some tests are associated with functionality (e.g., albumin), some with cellular integrity (e.g., transaminase), and some with conditions linked to the biliary tract (gamma-glutamyl transferase and alkaline phosphatase). Conditions with elevated levels of ALT and AST include hepatitis A,B,C paracetamol toxicity etc. Several biochemical tests are useful in the evaluation and management of patients with hepatic dysfunction. Some or all of these measurements are also carried out (usually about twice a year for routine cases) on those individuals taking certain medications, such as anticonvulsants, to ensure that the medications are not adversely impacting the person's liver

1.67

<u> Lechnologist</u> ge No: 8 of 11

A/G RATIO

DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology) RMC No. 17226

1.30 - 2.50



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
THYROID-TRIIODOTHYRONINE T3 Methord:- ECLIA	0.72	ng/mL	0.70 - 2.04
THYROID - THYROXINE (T4) Methord:- ECLIA	7.20	ug/dl	5.10 - 14.10
TSH Methord:- ECLIA	3.400	μIU/mL	0.350 - 5.500

4th Generation Assay, Reference ranges vary between laboratories

PREGNANCY - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH IN ulU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)

1st Trimester: 0.10-2.50 uIU/mL 2nd Trimester: 0.20-3.00 uIU/mL 3rd Trimester: 0.30-3.00 uIU/mL

The production, circulation, and disintegration of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

NOTE-TSH levels are subject to circardian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measures serum TSH concentration. Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result.

INTERPRETATION

- 1.Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by †serum T3 & T4 values along with \ TSH level.
- 2.Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by ↓ serum T3 and T4 values & ↑serum TSH levels
- 3.Normal T4 levels accompanied by ↑ T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis
- 4.Normal or ↓ T3 & ↑T4 levels indicate T4 Thyrotoxicosis (problem is conversion of T4 to T3)
- 5.Normal T3 & T4 along with | TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism

. COMMENTS: Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radionuclide scan within 7-14 days before the test.

Disclaimer-TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction. Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unrecognized thyroid disease in the elderly

. Reference ranges are from Teitz fundamental of clinical chemistry 8th ed (2018

Test performed by Instrument: Beckman coulter Dxi 800

Note: The result obtained relate only to the sample given/ received & tested. A single test result is not always indicative of a disease, it has to be correlated with clinical data for interpretation.

echnologist e No: 10 of 11 DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology) RMC No. 17226

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YELLO)W	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH)	6.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL	2010	NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT	The state of the s	ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

*** End of Report ***

Technologist MGR Page No: 11 of 11



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MR. SOURABH KUMAR JAIN	35 Y/M
Registration Date: 02/03/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

CHEST X RAY (PA VIEW)

Bilateral lung fields appear clear.

Bilateral costo-phrenic angles appear clear.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Thoracic soft tissue and skeletal system appear unremarkable.

Soft tissue shadows appear normal.

IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality is detected.

Shallni _

DR.SHALINI GOEL
M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)

RMC no.: 21954

וems (ד) בנם P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP B-14, Vidhyadhar nahar , Jaipur 128541925460997/Mr Sourabh Kumar Jain 35Yrs-11Months/Male Comments Vent Rate: 82 bpm; PR Interval: 150 ms; QRS Duration: 106 ms; QT/QTc Int: 328/384 ms P-QRS-T axis: 56 • 53 • 20 • (Deg) FINDINGS: Normal Sinus Rhythm 52 · 10mm/mV Kgs/ Cms 25mm/Sec BP: mmHg HR: 82 ppm MAN 6 5 d PR Interval: 150 ms QRS Duration: 106 ms QT/QTc: 328/384ms P-QRS-T Axis: 56 - 53 - 20 (Deg) RMC No.: 35703 (ESCORTS)
BBS, DIP CARDIO (ESCORTS)
D.E.M. (RCGP-UK) Mohanka

