B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

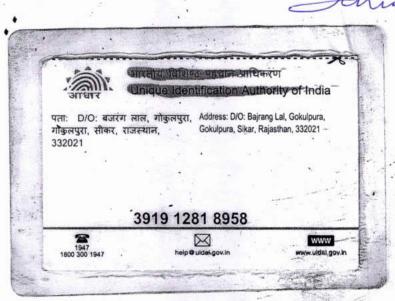
Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787
Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: dGeneraliiPhysical Examination

Date of Examination: 09 09 23	and the second s
Name: Sonia Khichan	Age: 33 Sex:female
DOB: 04/06/1990	
Referred By: BOB. (Meolinhe	eel)
Photo ID: Adhan ID#: attache	<u>oj</u>
Ht:(cm)	Wt: <u>61</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration):(cm)	Abdomen Circumference: 85 (cm)
Blood Pressure: 110/10 mm Hg PR: 16 min	RR: 17 min Temp: Alebaile
BMI	
Eye Examination: <u>ViSion normal</u>	
Other:	
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally	y fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine : Samuleluiha	Name of Examinee:
Signature Medical Examinery W.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. M.B.B.S., No. 017998	Name Medical Examiner



Sons Ichieha

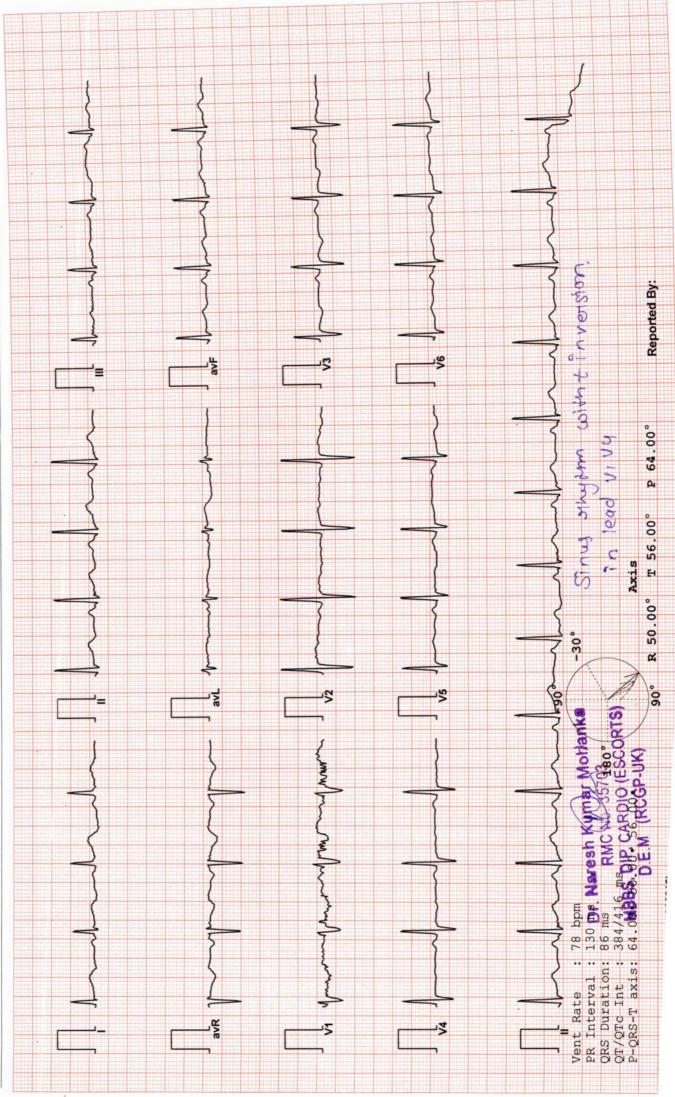


C' RIVUEN GOV 31 N. B.B.S. No. 017996



DR.GOYAL PATH LAB 1725 / MS. SONIA KHICHAR / 33 Yrs / F/ Non Smoker

Heart Rate: 78 bpm / Tested On: 09-Sep-23 08:59:03 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By:: MEDI WHEEL





Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 09/09/2023 08:20:47

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company :-

MediWheel

Patient ID: -12232835

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 11:44:04

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression: - Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Dr. NAVNEET AGARWAL (MD,DNB) (RADIO-DIAGNOSIS) (RMC No. 33613 / 14911)

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517. | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019 MC- 5509

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 09/09/2023 08:20:47 Date NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Patient ID: -12232835

33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days Sex / Age :- Female

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 13:12:42

HAEMATOLOGY

Biological Ref Interval Value Unit **Test Name**

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C) 5.6

%

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0

Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE Method:- Calculated Parameter

114

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 12



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

CONDITIONS OF REPORTING SEE OVER LEAF"

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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 09/09/2023 08:20:47

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Patient ID: -12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 13:12:42

HAEMATOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

IIAE/IIAI OEOO I					
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval		
HAEMOGARAM					
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	13.4	g/dL	12.0 - 15.0		
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	6.64	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00		
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT					
NEUTROPHIL	59.9	%	40.0 - 80.0		
LYMPHOCYTE	32.1	%	20.0 - 40.0		
EOSINOPHIL	4.3	%	1.0 - 6.0		
MONOCYTE	3.3	%	2.0 - 10.0		
BASOPHIL	0.4	%	0.0 - 2.0		
NEUT#	3.98	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00		
LYMPH#	2.14	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70		
EO#	0.28	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40		
MONO#	0.21	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70		
BASO#	0.03	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10		
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.78	x10^6/uL	3.80 - 4.80		
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	40.50	%	36.00 - 46.00		
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	84.7	fL	83.0 - 101.0		
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	28.0	pg	27.0 - 32.0		
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	33.1	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5		
PLATELET COUNT	259	x10^3/uL	150 - 410		
RDW-CV	13.7	%	11.6 - 14.0		
MENTZER INDEX	17.72				

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 2 of 12



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 09/09/2023 08:20:47

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Patient ID :-12232835 Ref. By Dr:- BOB Sex / Age :- Female

Sample Type :- EDTA

33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 13:12:42

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

43 H

mm/hr.

00 - 20

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation : ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC) in the delegated Table Plucescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 3 of 12





Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 09/09/2023 08:20:47 Date NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

Patient ID: -12232835 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 10:49:43

BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEM	ISTICI	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	154.51	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	108.63	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	43.57	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	92.83	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	21.73	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.55		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.13		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	476.81	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLI Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 4 of 12



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

"CONDITIONS OF REPORTING SEE OVER LEAF"



Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

- 09/09/2023 08:20:47 Date

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 10:49:43 Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.45	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days = 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.10	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 >- 1 month - <0.2
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.35	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	36.6 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	45.2 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	109.40	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	22.00	U/L	7.00 - 32.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.20	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.47	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.73	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.64		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology: Colorimetric method InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of hum

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rs. Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 5 of 12



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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 09/09/2023 08:20:47

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 10:39:02

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54 IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval		
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE					
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.250	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690		
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	7.860	ug/dl	5.500 - 11.000		
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	2.030	$\mu IU/mL$	0.350 - 5.500		

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

AJAYKUMAR Technologist

Page No: 6 of 12





Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 09/09/2023 08:20:47 Date

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- URINE

Patient ID: -12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 11:32:37

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Test Name	value		Divident Net Interval
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YE	LLOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH) Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicatior blue reaction)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY Method:- Reagent Strip(bromthymol blue)	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)	NIL		NIL
GLUCOSE Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified ehrlich reaction)	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitropruside) Rothera's	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
NITRITE Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

Page No: 7 of 12



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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 09/09/2023 08:20:47 Date

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- STOOL

Patient ID: -12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54 Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 11:32:37

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval**

STOOL ANALYSIS

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

MUCUS

BLOOD

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

RBC's

WBC/HPF

OVA

CYSTS

OTHERS Collected Sample Received

/HPF

/HPF

VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

Page No: 8 of 12



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 09/09/2023 08:20:47 Date

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company:- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 14:25:14

BIOCHEMISTRY

Biological Ref Interval Value Unit **Test Name** 95.7 mg/dl 75.0 - 115.0 FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT) 111 - 125 mg/dL Diabetes Mellitus (DM) > 126 mg/dL

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na Sabbipte IO6Hettpe LTANIN/SE/189/8023 12:05:24

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Method: GOD PAP Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

SERUM CREATININE SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric 0.81

108.9

mg/dl

mg/dl

Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20

6.13 H

Men - 3.4-7.0

Women - 2.4-5.7

MUKESHSINGH, SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 9 of 12



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Date :- 09/09/2023 08:20:47

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

AHSAN, AJAYKUMAR, AJAYSINGH, ANITASHARMA, BILAL, MUKESHSINGH, SURENDRAKHANGA, VIJENDRAMEENA

Page No: 10 of 12





Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 09/09/2023 08:20:47

NAME :- Ms. SONIA KHICHAR

Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, URINE

Patient ID :-12232835

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 13:12:42

HAEMATOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"O"POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

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B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019 Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787 Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 09/09/2023 08:20:47

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

Patient ID: -12232835

NAME: Ms. SONIA KHICHAR
Sex / Age: Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 09/09/2023 08:30:54

9.1

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 10:49:43

0.0 - 23.0

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

*** End of Report ***

mg/dl

SURENDRAKHANGA

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Sex / Age :- Female 33 Yrs 3 Mon 7 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12232835

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 10:25:29

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALV	VE	NOR	MAL	TRICUS	SPID VALVE		NORMAL	
AORTIC VAL	VE	NOR	MAL	PULMO	PULMONARY VALVE		NORMAL	
		M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					
AO	22	mm	LA	25	Mm	IVS-D	9	mm
IVS-S	12	mm	LVID	36	Mm	LVSD	23	mm
LVPW-D	10	mm	LVPW-S	17	Mm	RV		mm
RVWT		mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml
LVEF	67%			RWMA		ABSENT		
				CH.	AMBERS:			
1.0	NORN	441	DΛ			NODAMAL		

Marin Control		<u>CH</u>	AIVIBERS:	
LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL	
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL	
PERICARDI	UM	NORMAL		

COLOUR DOPPLER:

	MI	TRAL VALVE						
E VELOCITY	1.0	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT			Mm	Mm/hg	
A VELOCITY	0.49	m/sec	MEAN	GRADIEN	т.	Mm/hg		
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA BY PLANIME		ETRY	Cm2		
MITRAL REGURGITAT	ION				ABSENT			
	AC	RTIC VALVE			*			
PEAK VELOCITY	0.84	m/s	ec	PEAK G	RADIENT	mr	n/hg	
AR VMAX		m/s	ec	ec MEAN GRADIENT		mr	mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITAT	ION			ABSENT				
	TRIC	USPID VALV	/E					
PEAK VELOCITY	0.48	3 1	n/sec	PEAK G	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY		r	n/sec	MEAN GRADIENT		mm/h		
VMax VELOCITY								
TRICUSPID REGURGI	TATION			ABSENT				
	PU	LMONARY V	ALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.68		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY					MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGUR	GITATION				ABSENT			

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ANITASHARA

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687 Transcript by.



Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



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Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12232835 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 09/09/2023 10:25:29

Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 67 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion. (Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

ANITASHARI



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



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Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication : 09/09/2023 09:38:17

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas. Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is anteverted and normal in size and measures 72x48x38 mm.

Myometrium shows normal echo - pattern. No focal space occupying lesion is seen.

Endometrial echo is normal. Endometrial thickness is 10.3 mm.

Both Ovaries are visualized and mildly enlarged in size having multiple 10-12 small follicles 2-3 mm in size arranged at periphery with hyperechoic central stroma.

Right ovary measures 33x30x19 mm vol 10.4 cc

Left Ovary measures 37x29x26 mm Vol 16.0 cc

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of douglas.

IMPRESSION:

*Bilateral polycystic ovarian morphology (Adv: Hormonal assay).

Needs clinical correlation & further evaluation

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

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AHSAN

This report is not valid for medico-legal purpose.