

Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 08/01/

Name: Mrs Sharda Age: 48 Sex: female

DOB: 10/03/1975

Referred By: BOB

Photo ID: Adham ID #: attached

Ht: 156 (cm)

Wt: 53 (Kg)

Chest (Expiration): 83 (cm)

Abdomen Circumference: 74 (cm)

Blood Pressure: 111/82 mm Hg PR: 80 / min RR: 17 / min Temp: Afebrile

BMI 21.8

Eye Examination: Dis vision 6/6, Near vision M/6

No colour blindness

Other: Not significant

On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No

Signature Of Examinee : शारदा Name of Examinee: _____

Signature Medical Examiner : _____ Name Medical Examiner _____

Dr. Piyush Goyal
M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.
RMC Reg. No. 017998



भारत सरकार

Government of India

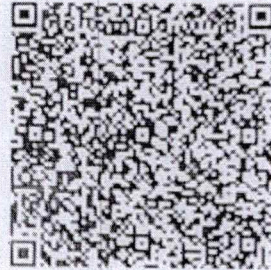


शारदा देवी

Sharda Devi

जन्म वर्ष / Year of Birth : 1975

महिला / Female



6877 0109 0053

आधार - आम आदमी का अधिकार

शारदा

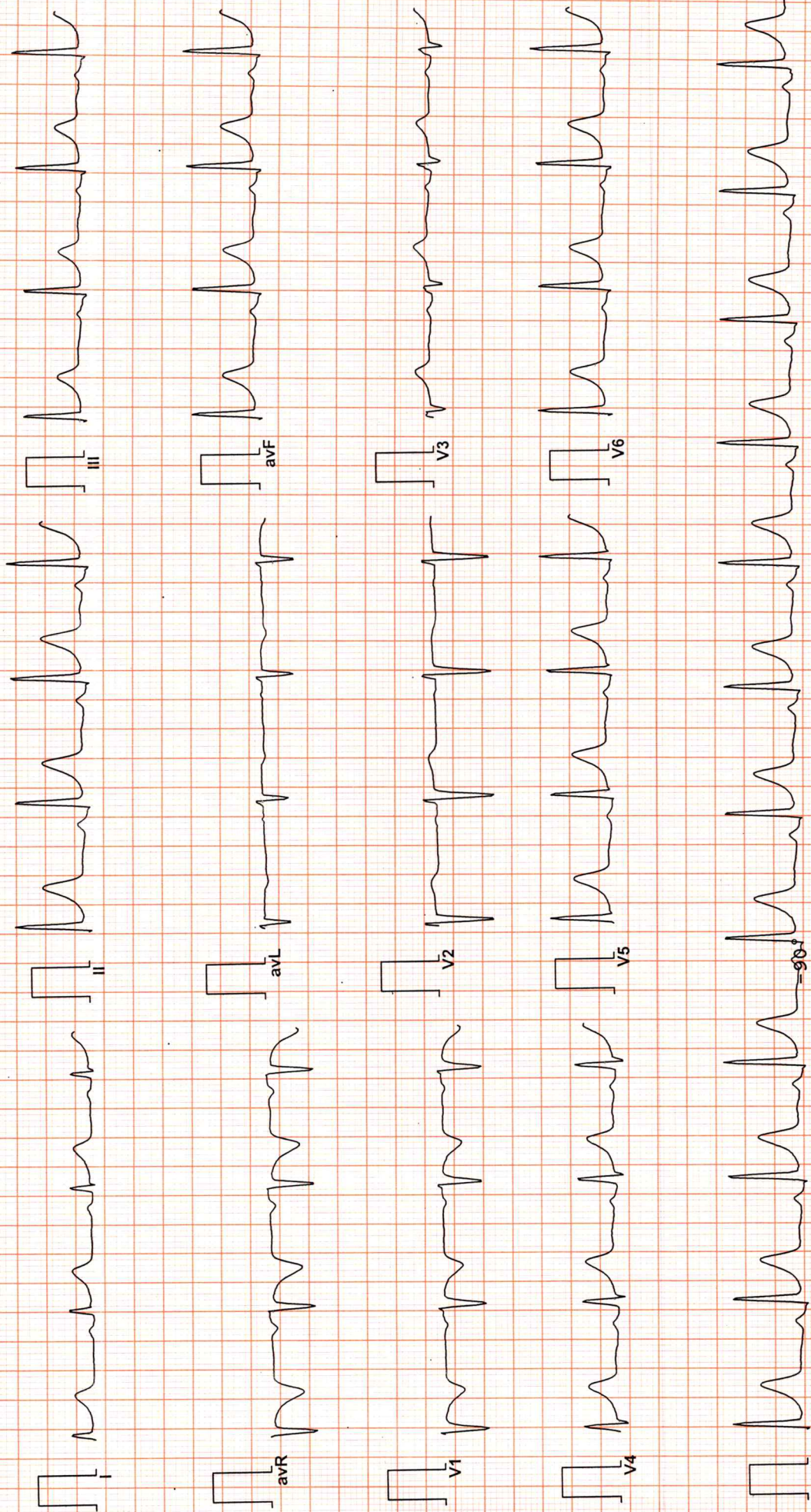
Dr. Piyush Goyal
M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.
MC Reg. No. 017988

DR. GOYAL PATH LAB

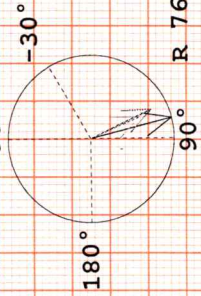
773 / MRS. SHARDA / 48 Yrs / F / Non Smoker

Heart Rate : 70 bpm / Tested On : 08-Jul-23 09:43:00 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By.: BOB

ECG



Vent Rate : 70 bpm
 PR Interval : 156 ms
 QRS Duration : 78 ms
 QT/QTc Int : 404/422 ms
 P-QRS-T axis: 67.00 • 76.00 • 65.00 •



Thakur

D. K. K. Mohan
 RMC No. 35703
 MBBS, DIP. CARDIO (ESCORTS)
 D.E.M. (RCGP-UK)

Reported By:

R 76.00° T 65.00° P 67.00°

DR . GOYALS PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTRE
SODALA JAIPUR RAJ. EMail:

Report



125 / MRS, SHARDA / 48 Yrs / F / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / NonSmoker
 Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM Refd By : BOB Examined By :

| Stage | Time | Duration | Speed(mph) | Elevation | METs | Rate | % THR | BP | RPP | PVC | Comments |
|---------------|-------|----------|------------|-----------|------|------|-------|--------|-----|-----|----------|
| Supine | 00:25 | 0:25 | 01.1 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 076 | 44 % | 130/86 | 098 | 00 | |
| Standing | 01:31 | 1:06 | 01.1 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 083 | 48 % | 130/86 | 107 | 00 | |
| HV | 01:47 | 0:16 | 01.1 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 082 | 48 % | 130/86 | 106 | 00 | |
| Warm Up | 02:01 | 0:14 | 01.1 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 075 | 44 % | 130/86 | 097 | 00 | |
| ExStart | 03:17 | 1:16 | 01.0 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 099 | 58 % | 130/86 | 128 | 00 | |
| BRUCE Stage 1 | 06:17 | 3:00 | 01.7 | 10.0 | 04.7 | 117 | 68 % | 140/90 | 163 | 00 | |
| BRUCE Stage 2 | 09:17 | 3:00 | 02.5 | 12.0 | 07.1 | 138 | 80 % | 150/90 | 207 | 00 | |
| PeakEx | 10:12 | 0:55 | 03.4 | 14.0 | 08.1 | 159 | 92 % | 150/90 | 238 | 00 | |
| Recovery | 11:12 | 1:00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 01.2 | 121 | 70 % | 150/90 | 181 | 00 | |
| Recovery | 12:12 | 2:00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 093 | 54 % | 146/90 | 135 | 00 | |
| Recovery | 13:12 | 3:00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 098 | 57 % | 140/90 | 137 | 00 | |
| Recovery | 14:12 | 4:00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 085 | 49 % | 136/90 | 115 | 00 | |
| Recovery | 15:12 | 5:00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 092 | 53 % | 130/90 | 119 | 00 | |
| Recovery | 15:35 | 5:23 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 01.0 | 092 | 53 % | 130/90 | 119 | 00 | |

FINDINGS :

Exercise Time : 06:55
 Max HR Attained : 159 bpm 92% of Target 172
 Max BP Attained : 150/90 (mm/Hg)
 Max WorkLoad Attained : 8.1 Fair response to induced stress
 Test End Reasons : Test Complete, Heart Rate Achieved

Base line ECG show wnl. There were mild significant ST T changes seen during exercise in inferior leads which reverted to base line within 1 min. of recovery. THT negative for RNS

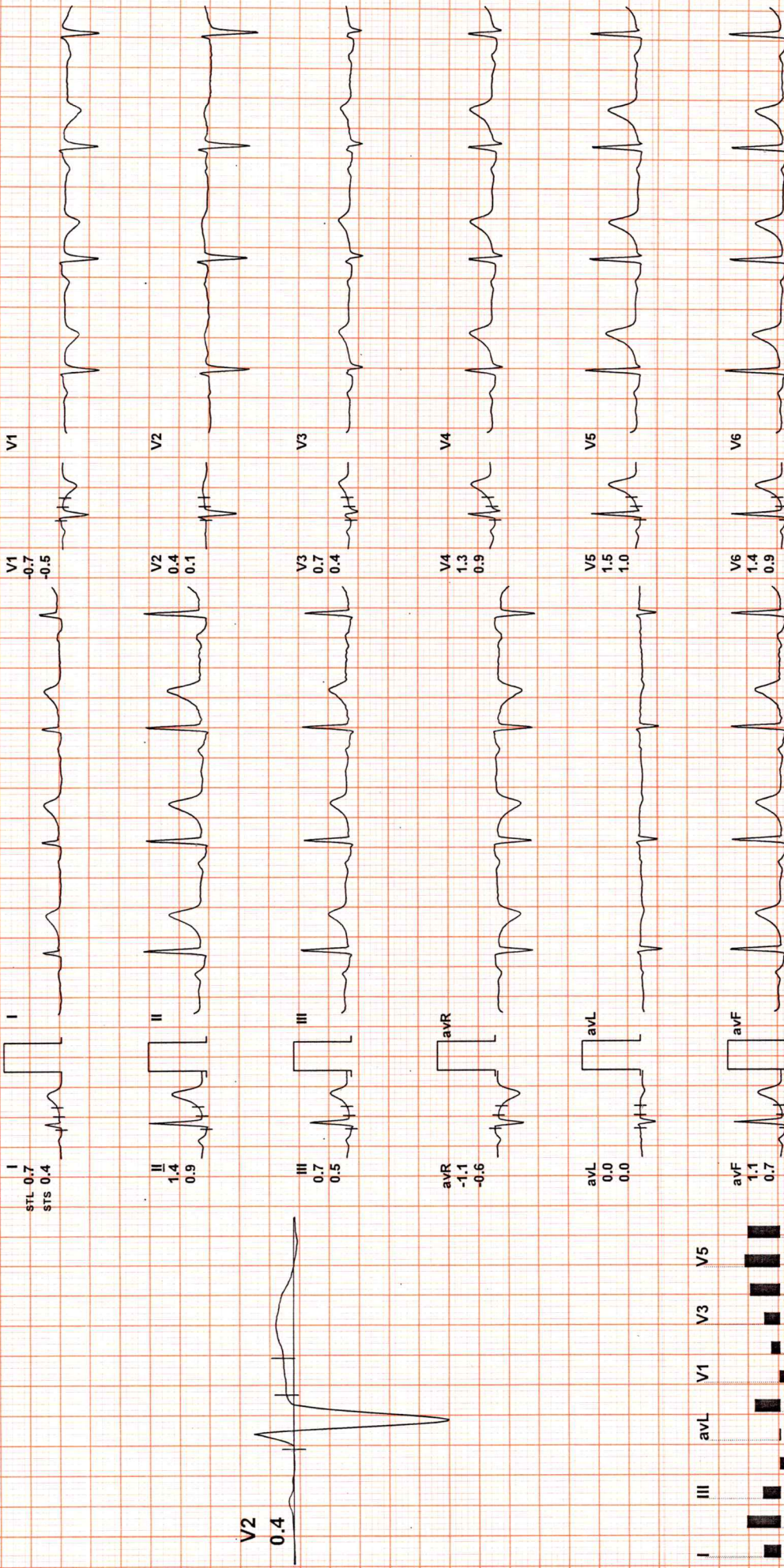
REPORT :

Correlate clinically.

Dr. Naresh Kumar Mohanika
 RMC No. 35703
 MBBS, DIP, CARDIO (ESCORTS)
 D.E.M. (RCGP-UK)



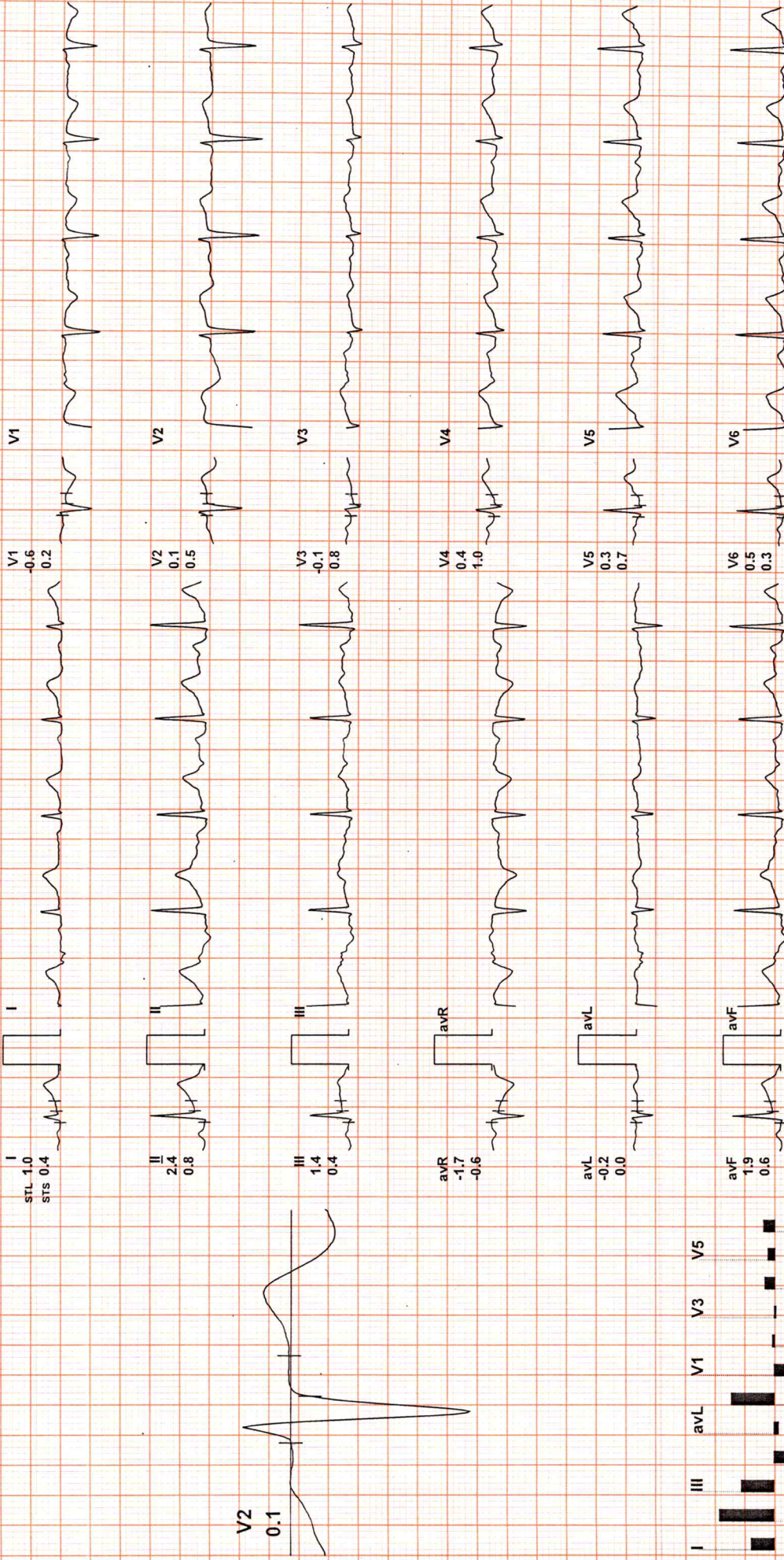
Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0/ 76 bpm 44% of THR BP: 130/86 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mph, 0.0%
 4X 80 mS Post J 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:



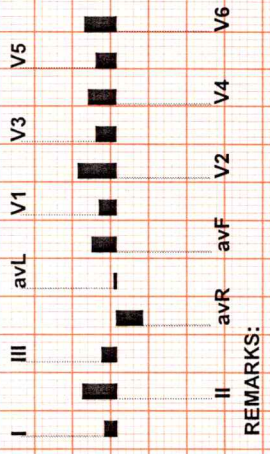
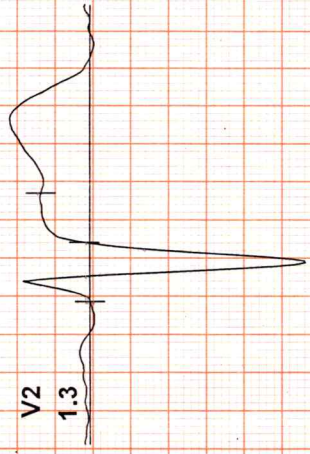
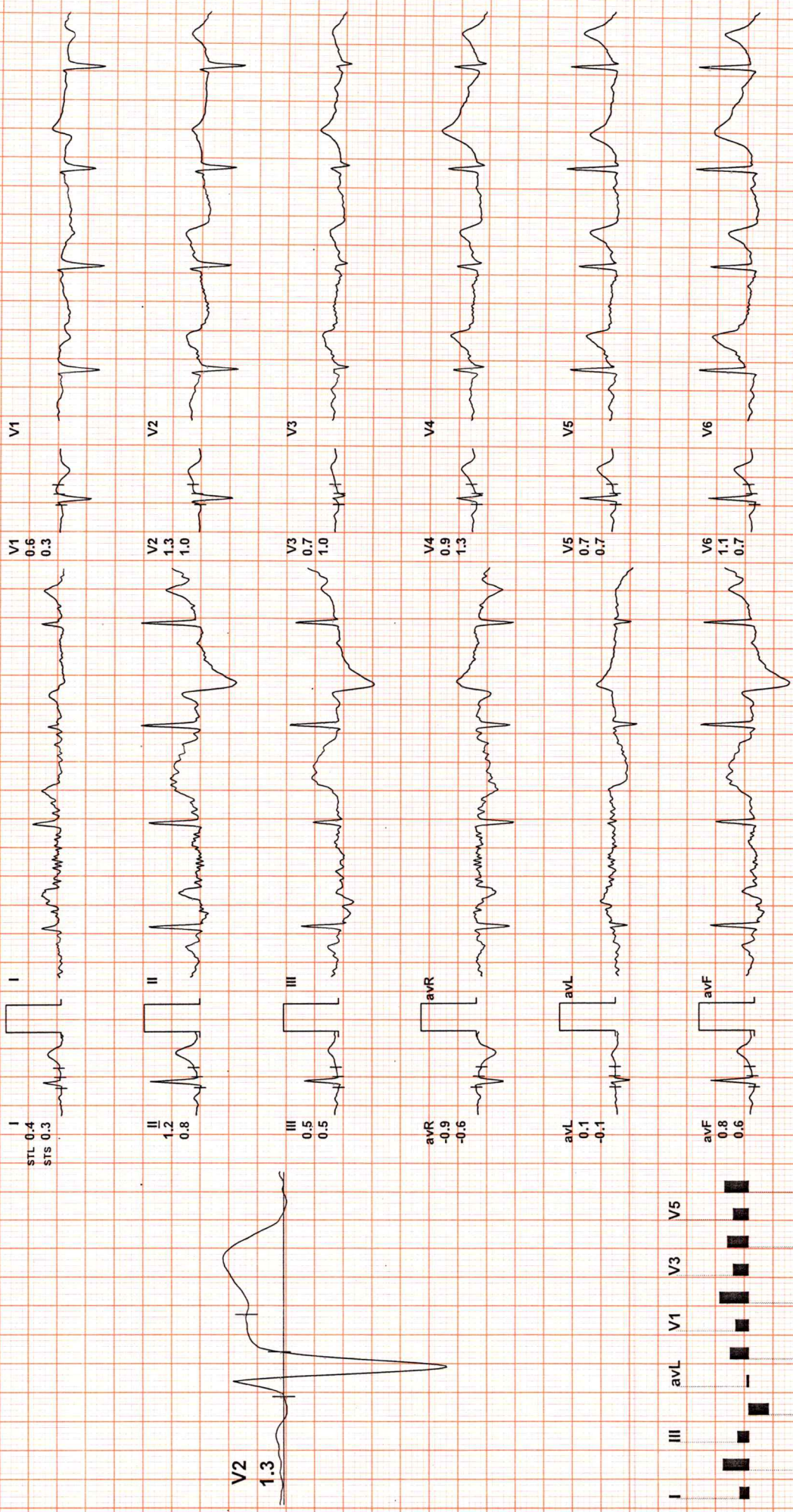
Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0 / 83 bpm 48% of THR BP: 130/86 mmHg Raw ECG/BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz
 4X 80 mS Post J ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mph, 0.0%
 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:
 I III avL avF V1 V3 V5
 II avR avF V2 V4 V6



Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0 / 82 bpm 48% of THR BP: 130/86 mmHg Raw ECG/BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz
 4X 80 mS Post J ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mph, 0.0%
 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:

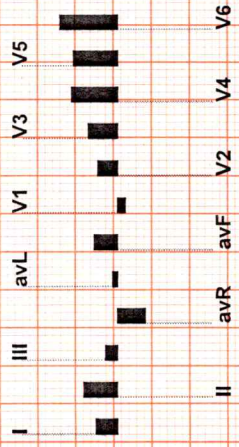
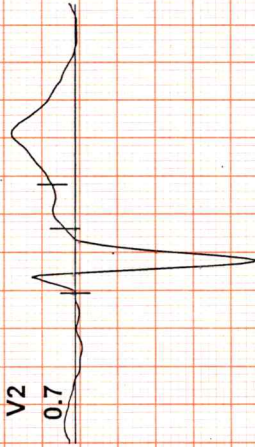
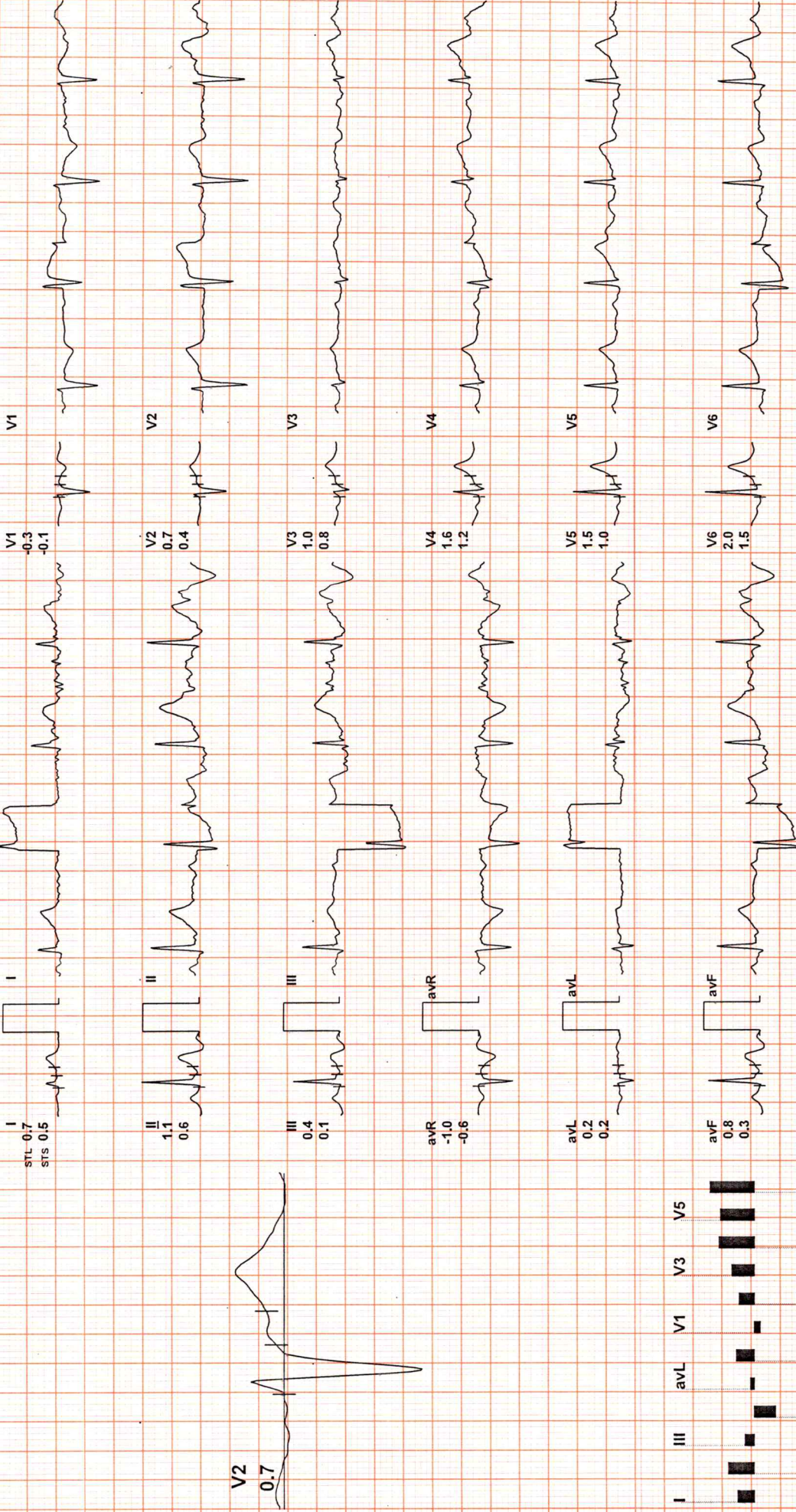


Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0 / 75 bpm 44% of THR BP: 130/86 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mph, 0.0%

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV

4X 80 mS Post J



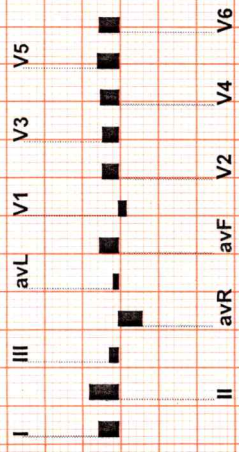
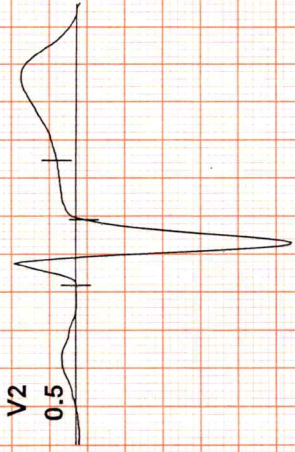
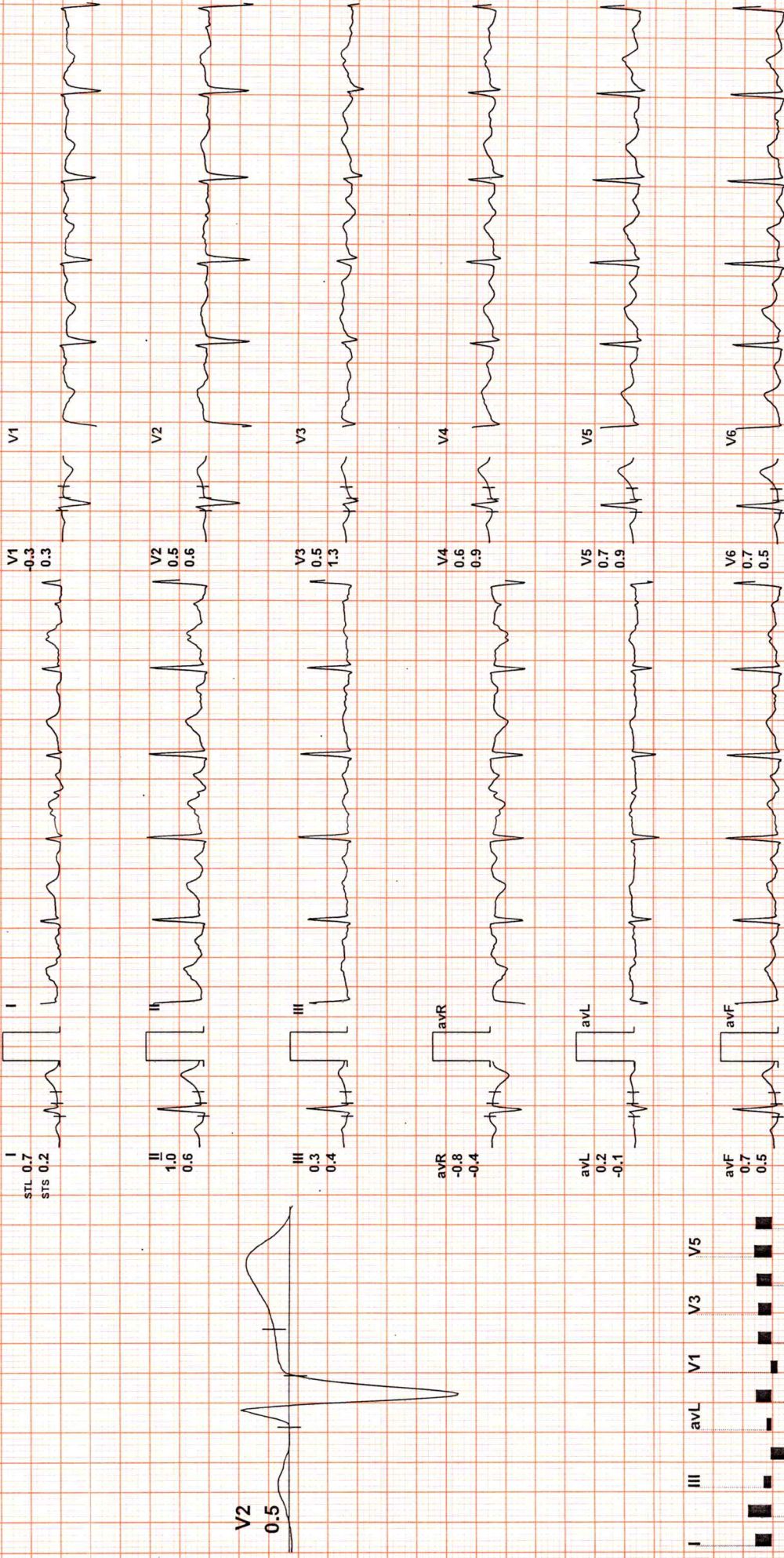
REMARKS:



ExTime: 00:00 1.0 mph, 0.0%
 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV

Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0 / 99 bpm 58% of THR BP: 130/86 mmHg Raw ECG/BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

4X 80 mS Post.J



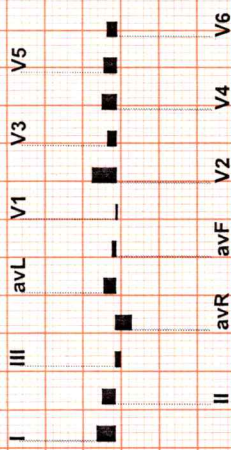
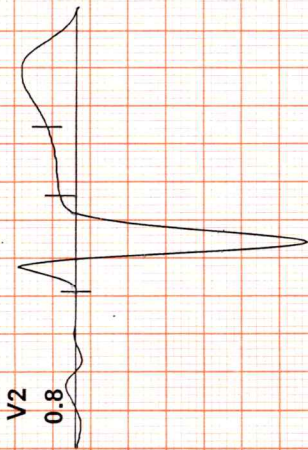
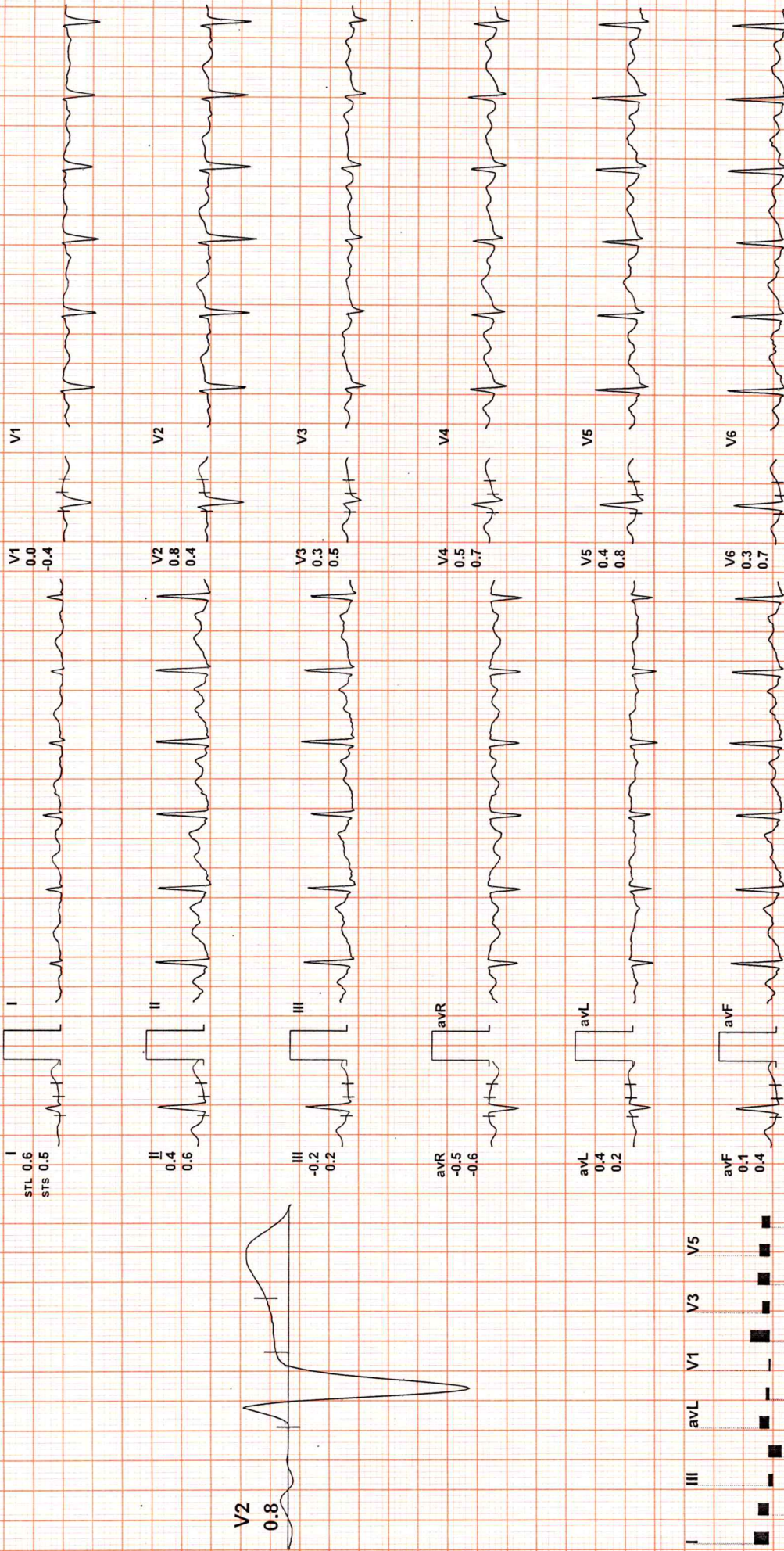
REMARKS:



Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 4.71 117 bpm 68% of THR BP: 140/90 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz ExTime: 03:00 1.7 mph, 10.0%

4X 80 mS Post J

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



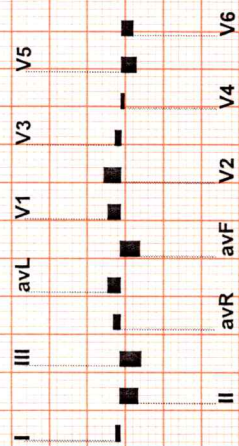
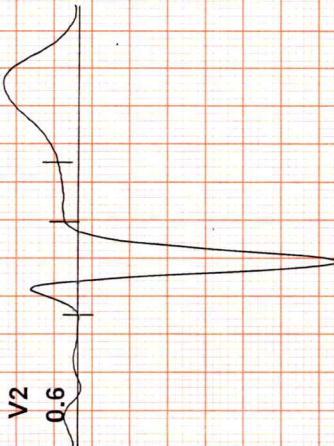
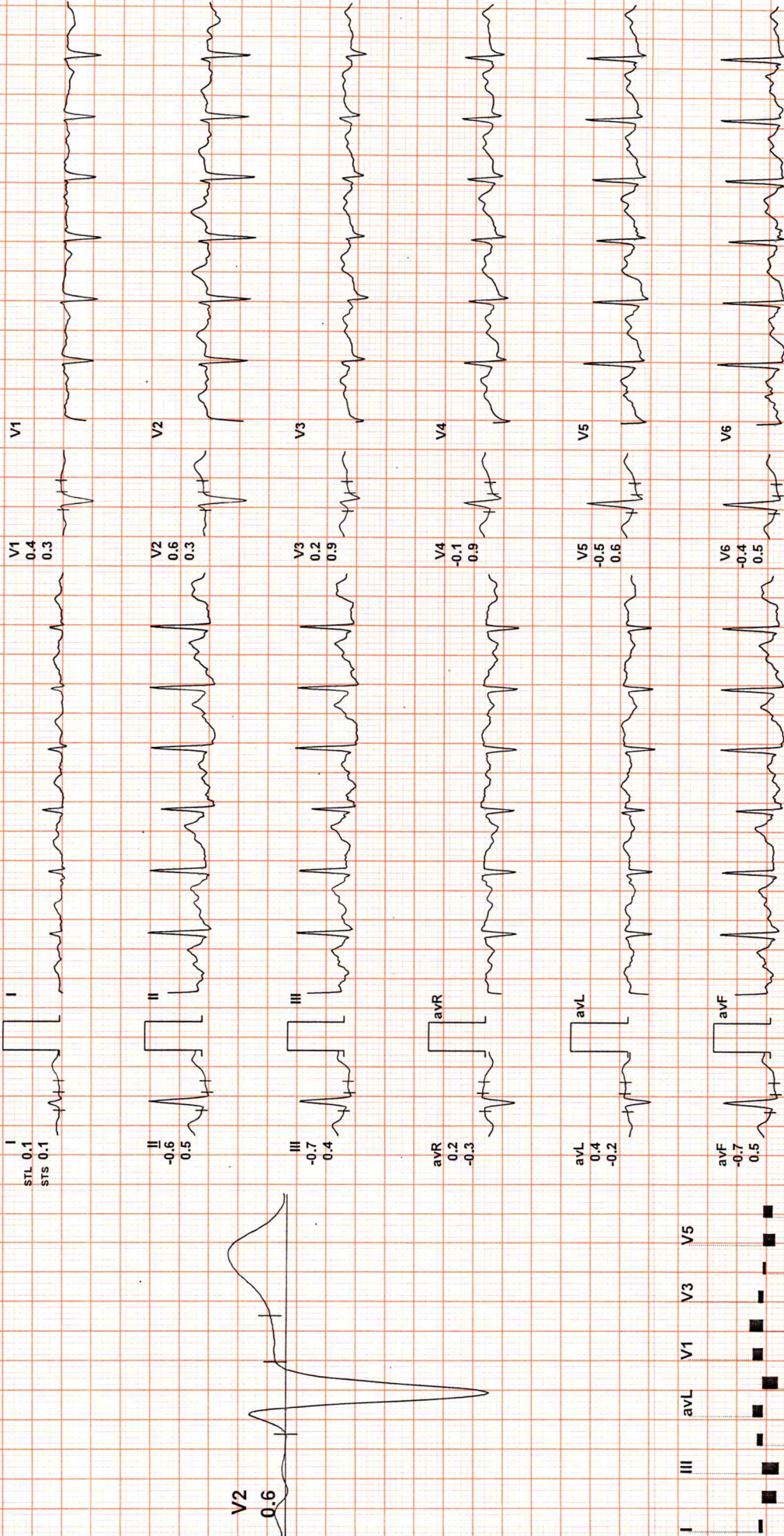
REMARKS:



Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 7.1/ 138 bpm 80% of THR BP: 150/90 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz ExTime: 06:00 2.5 mph, 12.0%

4X 60 mS Post J

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:

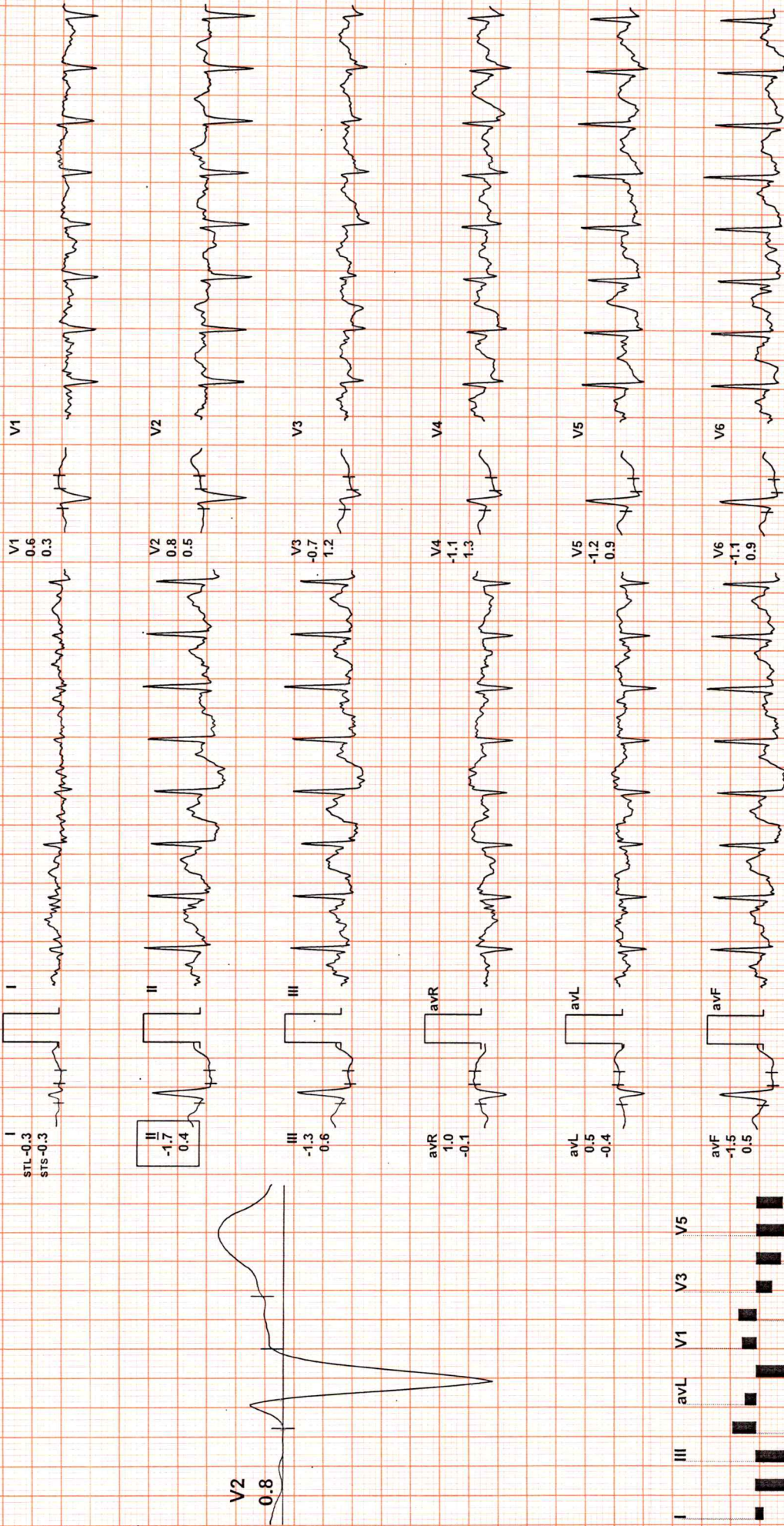


Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 8.1/ 159 bpm 92% of THR BP: 150/90 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

ExTime: 06:55 3.4 mph, 14.0%

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV

4X 60 mS Post J



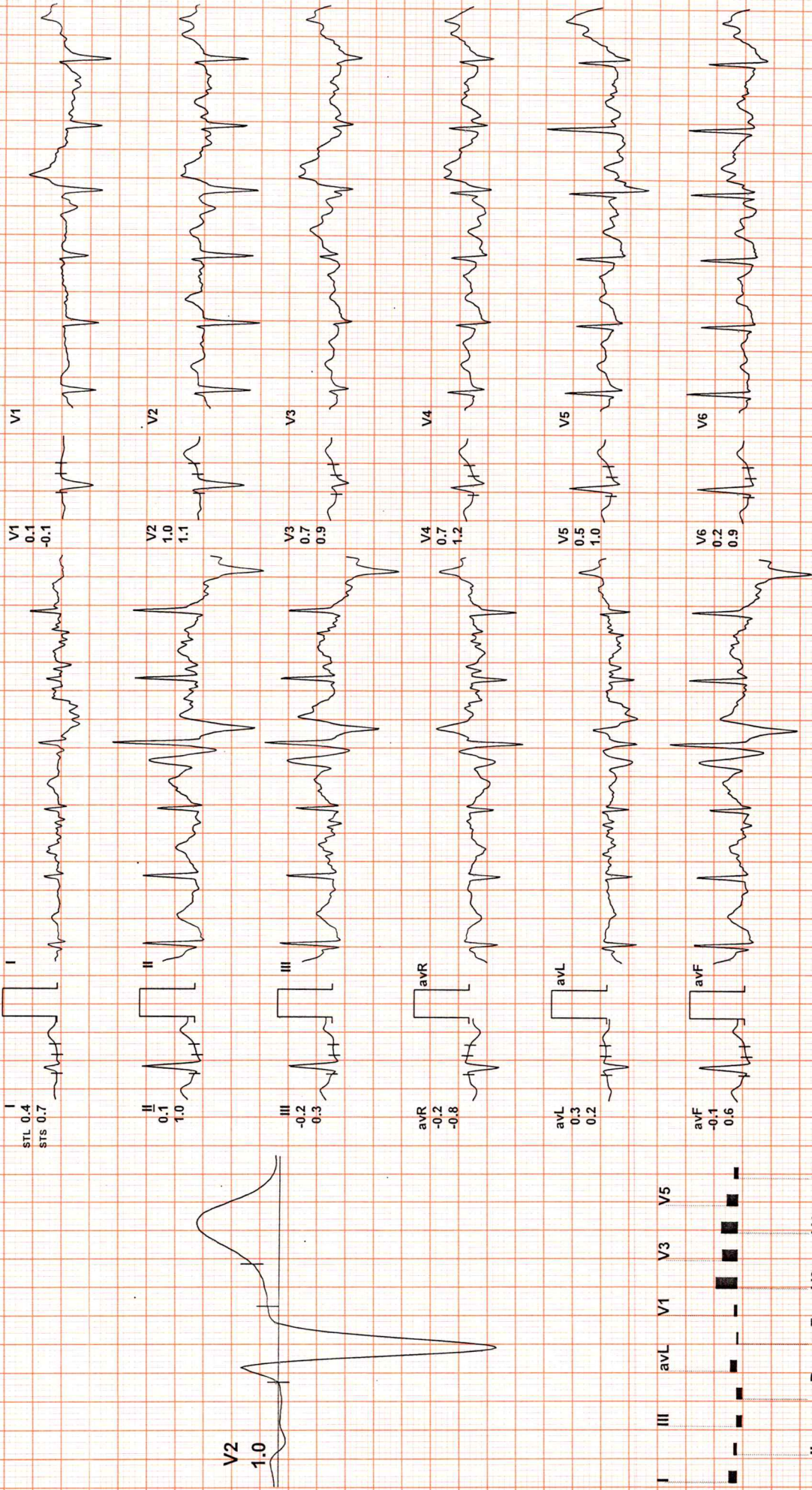
REMARKS:



Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.2/ 121 bpm 70% of THR BP: 150/90 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz ExTime: 06:55 0.0 mph, 0.0%

4X 60 mS Post J

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:

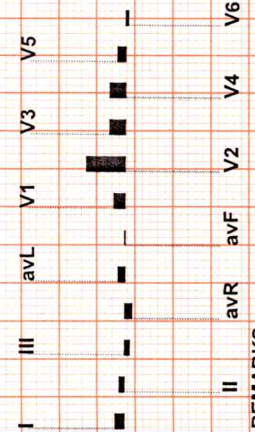
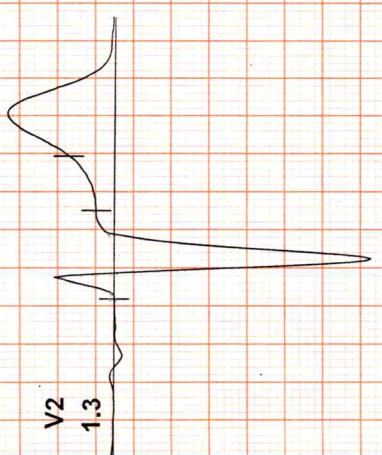
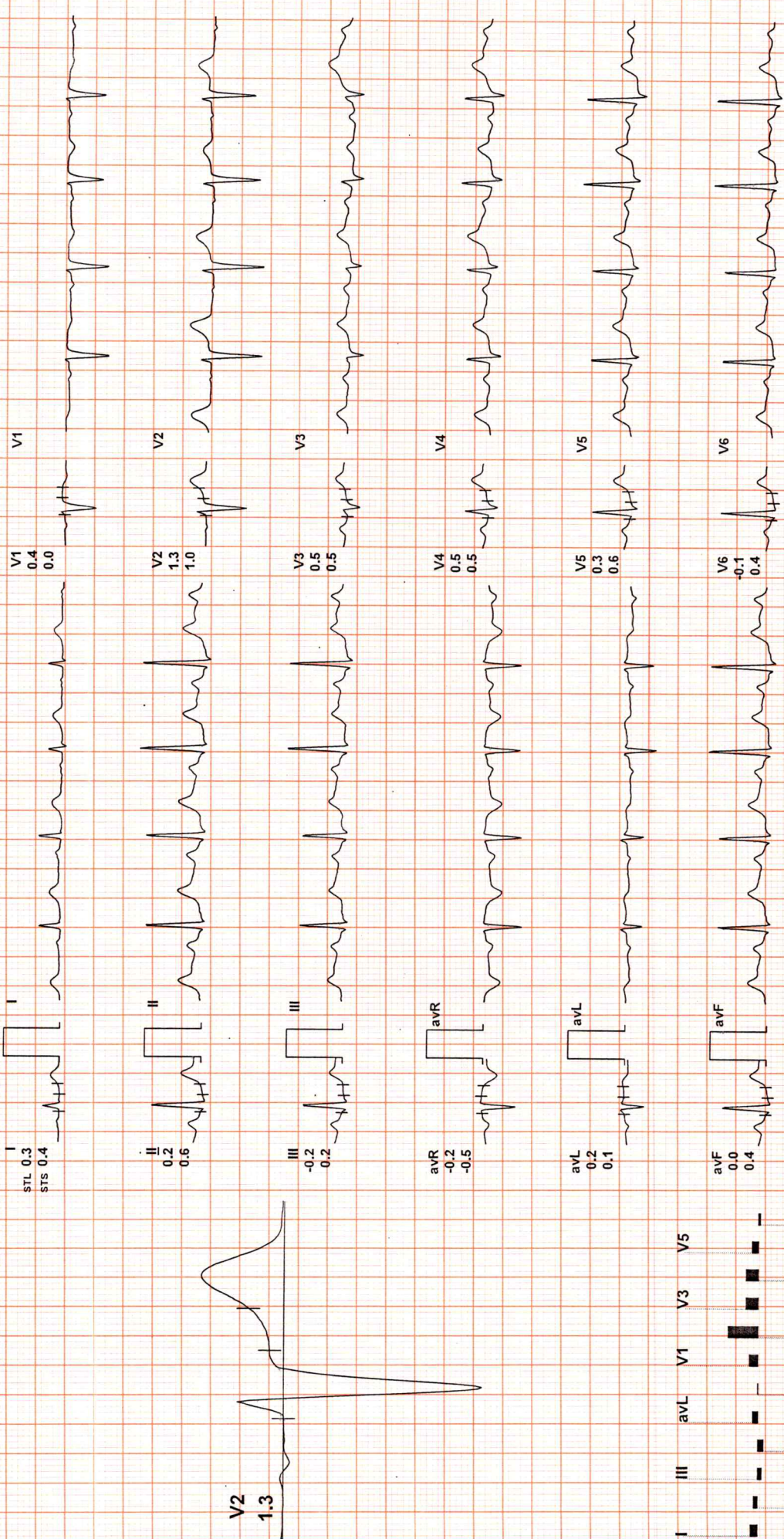


ExTime: 06:55 0.0 mph, 0.0%

Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0/ 93 bpm 54% of THR BP: 146/90 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

4X 80 mS Post J

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:

DR . GOYALS PATH LAB & IMGING CENTRE

125 / MRS, SHARDA / 48 Yrs / F / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 98

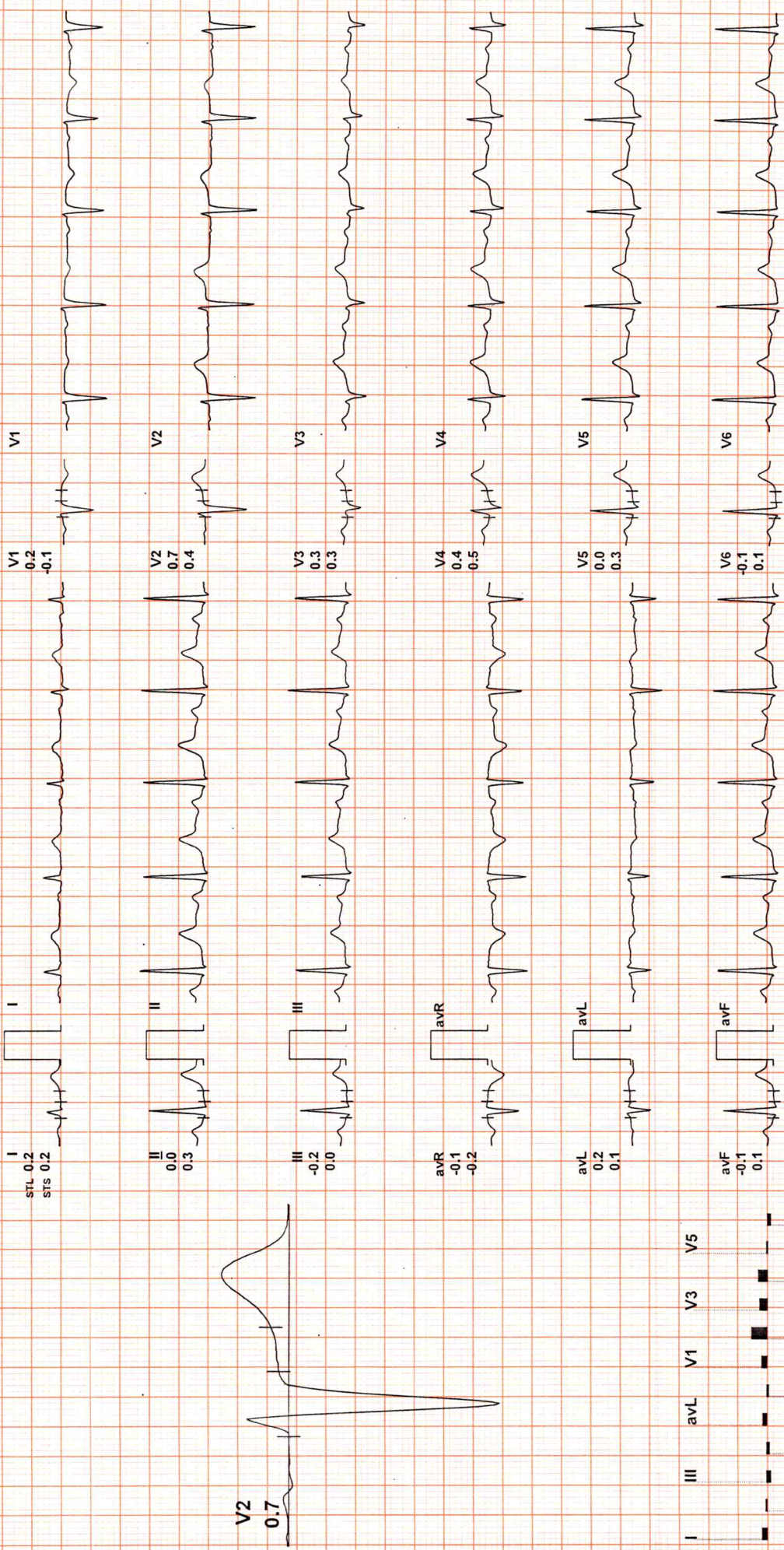
Recovery(3:00)



Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0/ 98 bpm 57% of THR BP: 140/90 mmHg Raw ECG/BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz ExTime: 06:55 0.0 mph, 0.0%

4X 80 mS Post J

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:

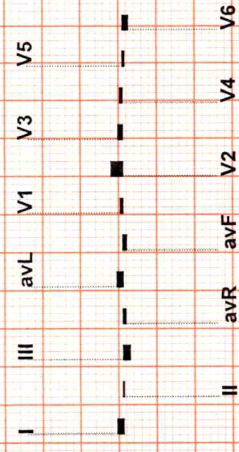
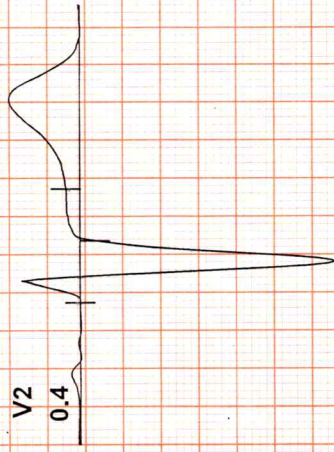
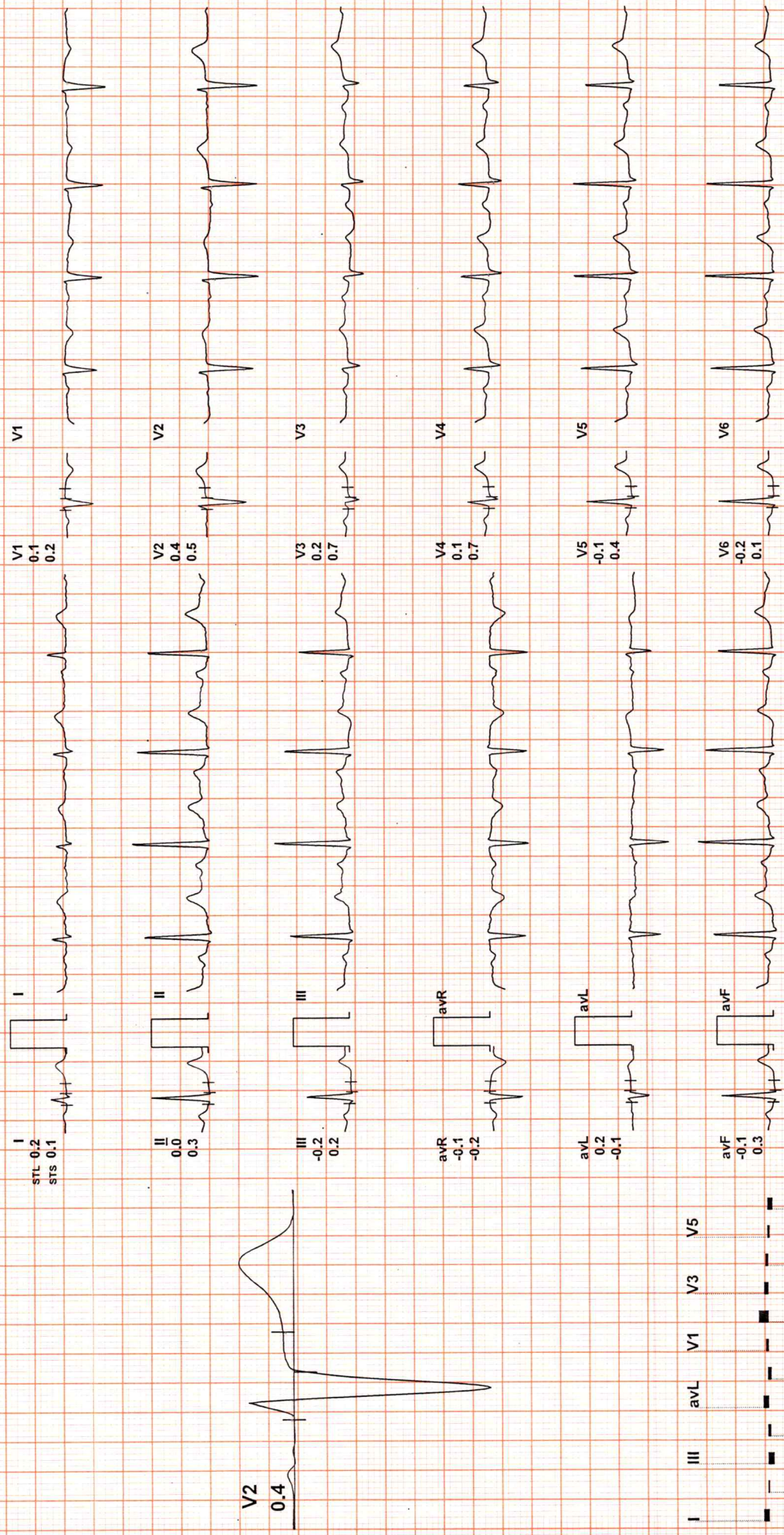


Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0/ 85 bpm 49% of THR BP: 136/90 mmHg Raw ECG/BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

ExTime: 06:55 0.0 mph, 0.0%

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV

4X 80 mS Post J

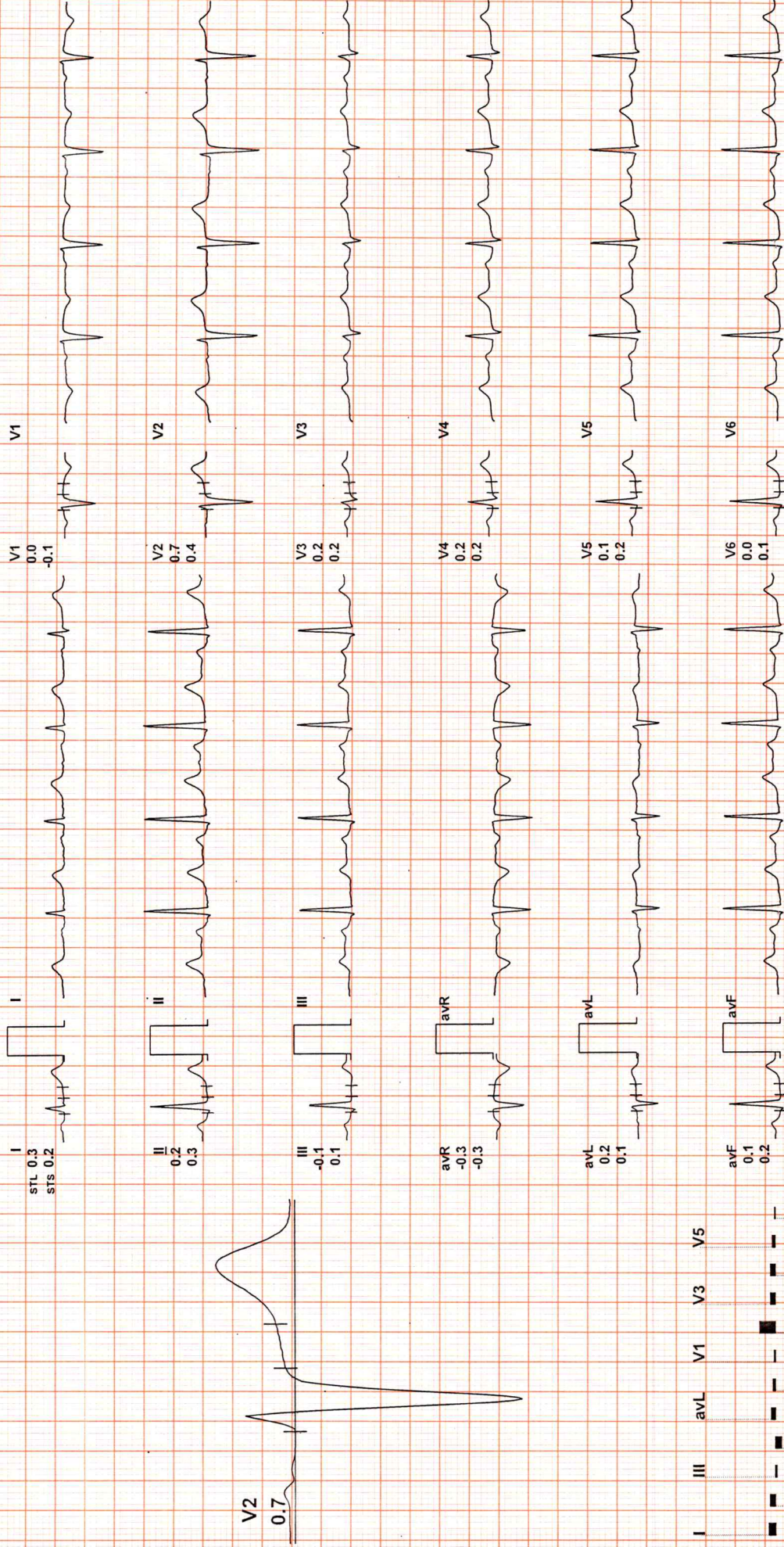


REMARKS:



Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0 / 92 bpm 53% of THR BP: 130/90 mmHg Raw ECG/ BLC-On/ HF 0.05 Hz LF 35 Hz
 ExTime: 06:55 0.0 mph, 0.0%
 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV

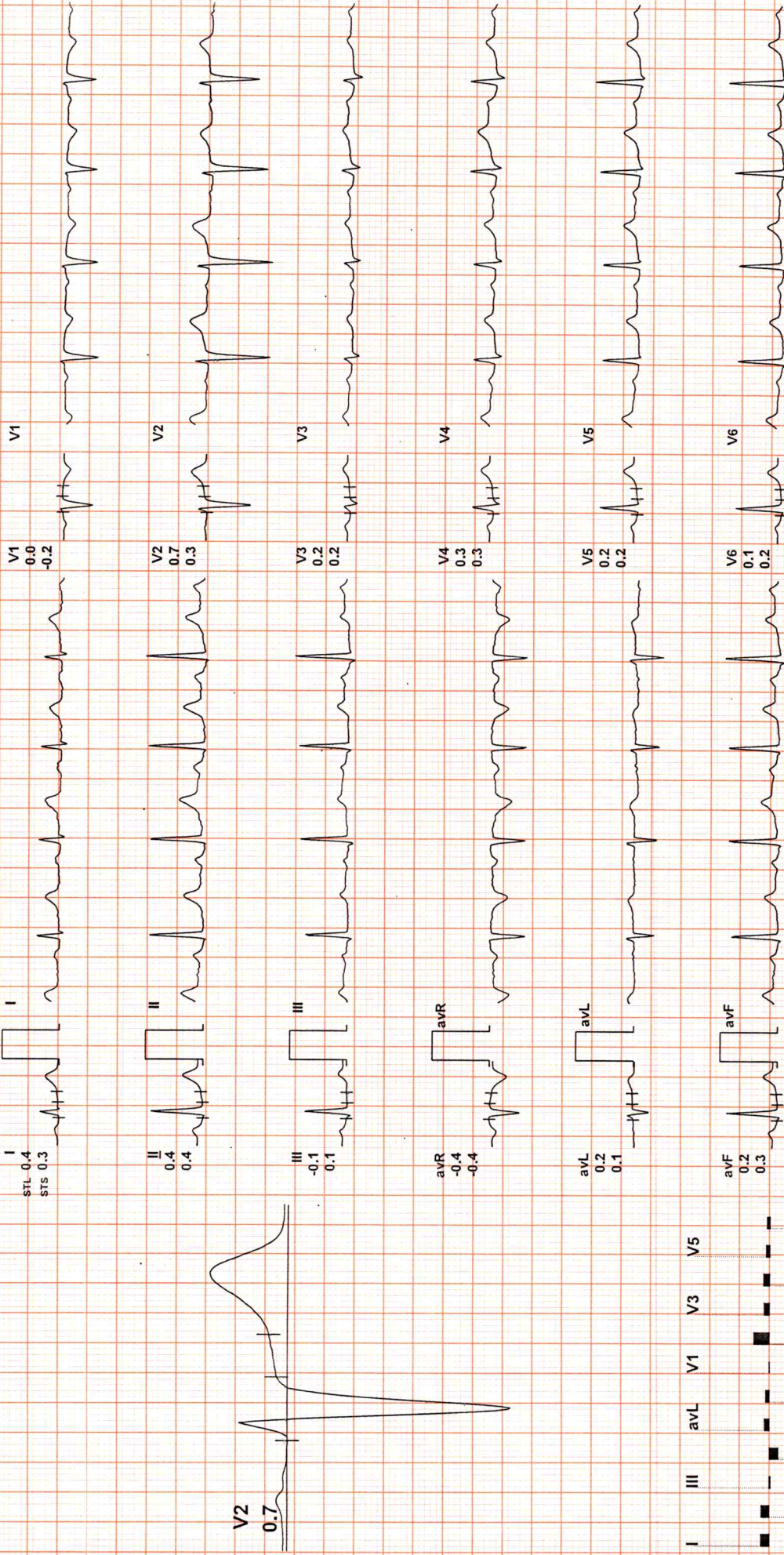
4X 80 mS Post J



REMARKS:
 I III avL avF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6
 II avR avF V2 V4 V6



Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM METS: 1.0 / 92 bpm 53% of THR BP: 130/90 mmHg Raw ECG/BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz
 4X 80 mS Post J ExTime: 06:55 0.0 mph, 0.0%



REMARKS:

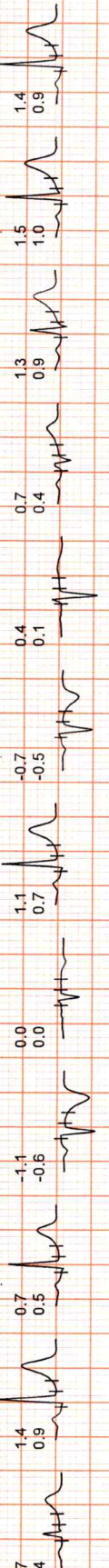


Date: 08 / 07 / 2023 09:44:04 AM

I II III aVR avR avL avF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6

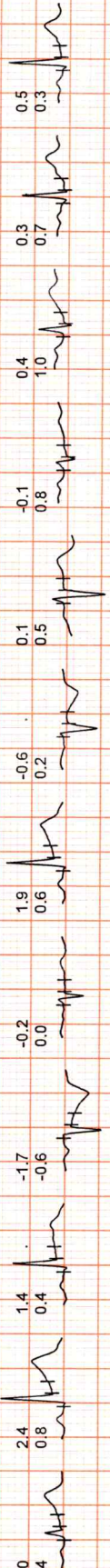
Supine

(1) 0:00
(2) 0:00
78 bpm



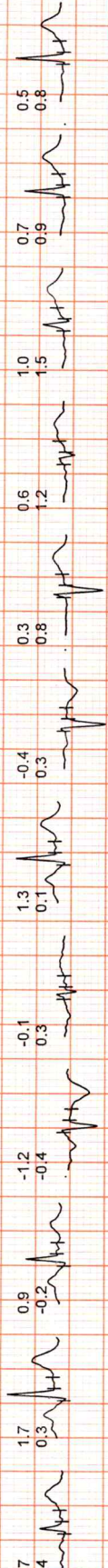
Standing

(1) 0:00
(2) 0:00
83 bpm



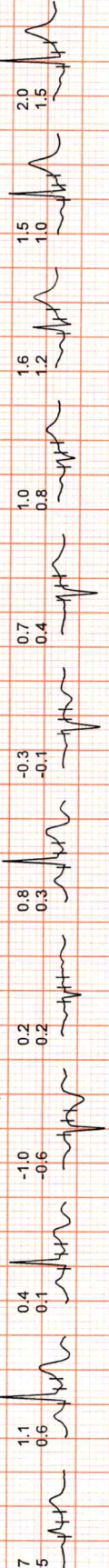
HV

(1) 0:00
(2) 0:00
82 bpm



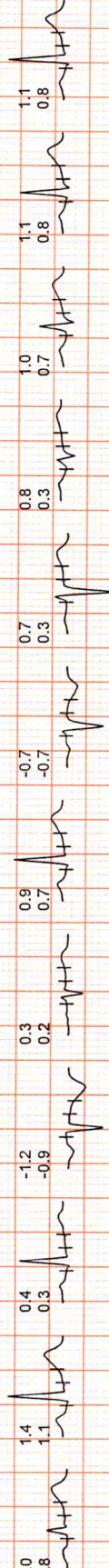
Warm Up

(1) 0:00
(2) 0:00
082 bpm



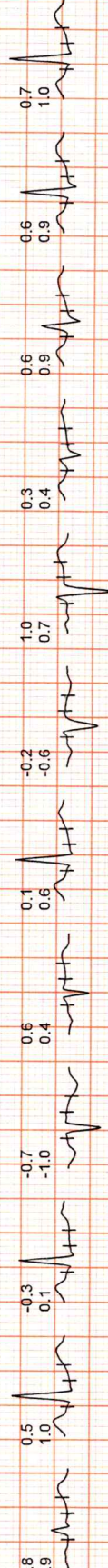
ExStart

(1) 0:00
(2) 0:00
099 bpm



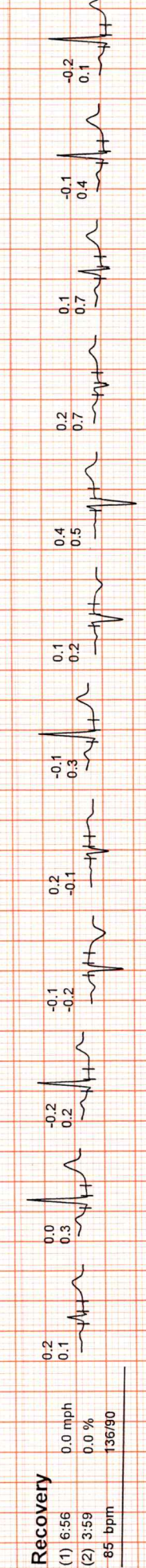
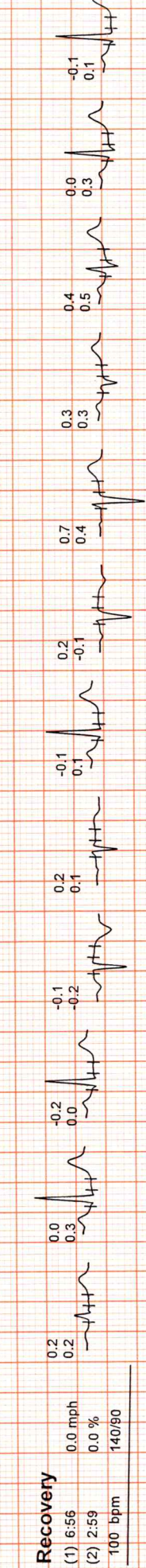
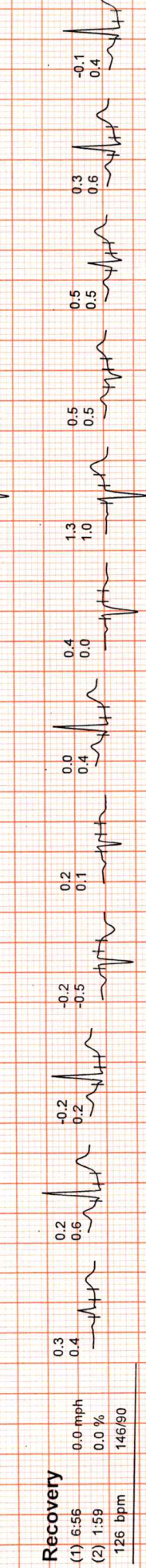
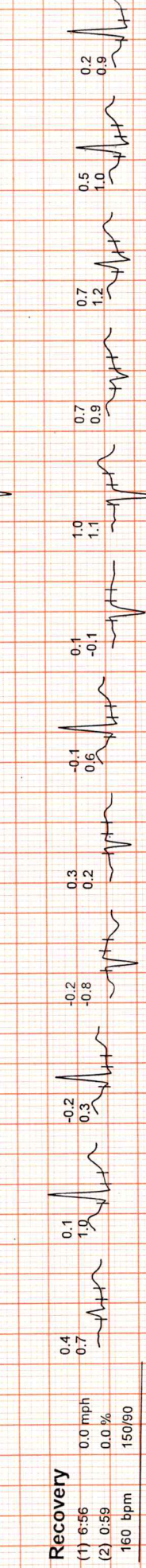
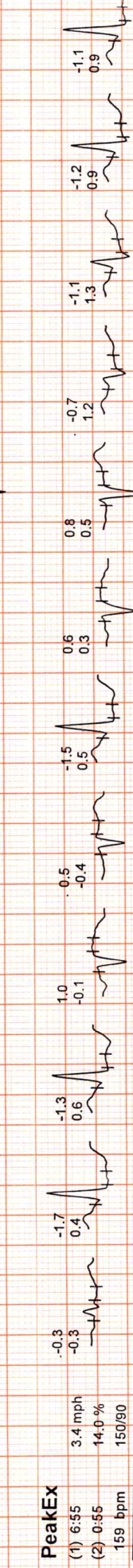
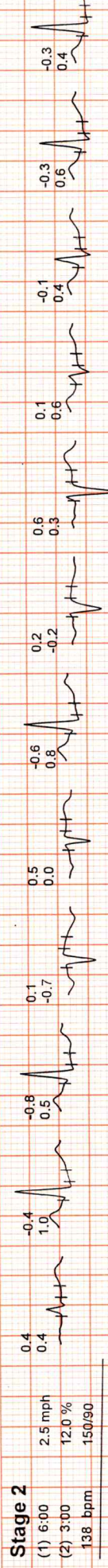
Stage 1

(1) 3:00
(2) 3:00
119 bpm





I II III avR avL avF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6



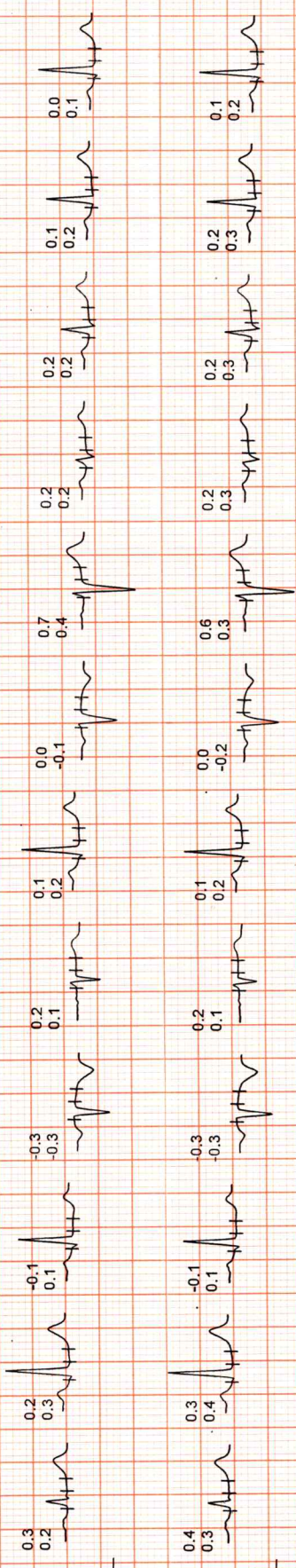
I II III avR avL avF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6

Recovery

(1) 6:56 0.0 mph
(2) 4:59 0.0 %
997 bpm 130/90

Recovery

(1) 6:56 0.0 mph
(2) 5:23 0.0 %
92 bpm 130/90



Dr. Goyal's

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Tele : 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787
Website : www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail : drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29
NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA
Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon
Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720
Ref. By Doctor :- BOB
Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 10:34:46

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE ABOVE 40

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal
(D.M.R.D.) BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal
M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.
RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poonam Gupta
MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)
RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary
MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)
Fetal Medicine Consultant

FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain
MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis)
RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.

Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalpathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

MC- 5509

Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29

NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA

Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon

Company :- MediWHEEL

Patient ID :- 12231720

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 12:08:51

HAEMATOLOGY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------|
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------|

BOB PACKAGE FEMALE ABOVE 40

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Method:- HPLC

6.1 H %

Non-diabetic: < 5.7
Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4
Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher
ADA Target: 7.0
Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable Schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasma glucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHb depends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean of HbA1C. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c measurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb variant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

128 H mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL
Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL
Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH
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Page No: 1 of 13



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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29

NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA

Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 12:08:51

HAEMATOLOGY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|-------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| HAEMOGARAM | | | |
| HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb) | 11.1 L | g/dL | 12.0 - 15.0 |
| TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT | 4.84 | /cumm | 4.00 - 10.00 |
| DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT | | | |
| NEUTROPHIL | 57.0 | % | 40.0 - 80.0 |
| LYMPHOCYTE | 36.3 | % | 20.0 - 40.0 |
| EOSINOPHIL | 2.8 | % | 1.0 - 6.0 |
| MONOCYTE | 3.6 | % | 2.0 - 10.0 |
| BASOPHIL | 0.3 | % | 0.0 - 2.0 |
| NEUT# | 2.76 | 10 ³ /uL | 1.50 - 7.00 |
| LYMPH# | 1.76 | 10 ³ /uL | 1.00 - 3.70 |
| EO# | 0.13 | 10 ³ /uL | 0.00 - 0.40 |
| MONO# | 0.18 | 10 ³ /uL | 0.00 - 0.70 |
| BASO# | 0.01 | 10 ³ /uL | 0.00 - 0.10 |
| TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC) | 4.55 | x10 ⁶ /uL | 3.80 - 4.80 |
| HEMATOCRIT (HCT) | 34.90 L | % | 36.00 - 46.00 |
| MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV) | 76.8 L | fL | 83.0 - 101.0 |
| MEAN CORP HB (MCH) | 24.3 L | pg | 27.0 - 32.0 |
| MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC) | 31.7 | g/dL | 31.5 - 34.5 |
| PLATELET COUNT | 180 | x10 ³ /uL | 150 - 410 |
| RDW-CV | 17.5 H | % | 11.6 - 14.0 |
| MENTZER INDEX | 16.88 | | |

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

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Page No: 2 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29
NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA
Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon
Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720
Ref. By Dr:- BOB
Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 12:08:51

HAEMATOLOGY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------|
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------|

| | | | |
|---|----|--------|---------|
| Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) | 14 | mm/hr. | 00 - 20 |
|---|----|--------|---------|

(ESR) Methodology : Measurement of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Independent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation : ESR test is a non-specific indicator of inflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test is used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g. tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction). Levels are higher in pregnancy due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR" $\times > 100$ value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC); Methodology: TLC, DLC, Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. Instrument Name: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

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Page No: 3 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29
NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA
 Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon
 Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-12231720
 Ref. By Dr:- BOB
 Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 11:56:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| LIPID PROFILE | | | |
| TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method | 179.07 | mg/dl | Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High > 240 |
| TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP | 57.34 | mg/dl | Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500 |
| DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method | 41.98 | mg/dl | Low < 40 High > 60 |
| DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method | 127.53 | mg/dl | Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190 |
| VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated | 11.47 | mg/dl | 0.00 - 80.00 |
| T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated | 4.27 | | 0.00 - 4.90 |
| LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated | 3.04 | | 0.00 - 3.50 |
| TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED | 481.27 | mg/dl | 400.00 - 1000.00 |
| TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Radox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders. | | | |
| TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName:Radox Rx Imola Interpretation : Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction. | | | |
| DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Radox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods. | | | |
| DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Radox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture. | | | |
| TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED | | | |

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 4 of 13



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MC- 5509

Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29

NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA

Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-12231720

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 11:56:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT | | | |
| SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method | 0.48 | mg/dl | Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020) |
| SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method | 0.17 | mg/dL | Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 >- 1 month - <0.2 |
| SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated | 0.31 | mg/dl | 0.30-0.70 |
| SGOT Method:- IFCC | 21.7 | U/L | Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0 |
| SGPT Method:- IFCC | 26.5 | U/L | Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0 |
| SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer | 71.80 | IU/L | 30.00 - 120.00 |
| SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC | 24.40 | U/L | 7.00 - 32.00 |
| SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent | 7.24 | g/dl | 6.40 - 8.30 |
| SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green | 4.23 | g/dl | 3.80 - 5.00 |
| SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION | 3.01 | gm/dl | 2.20 - 3.50 |
| A/G RATIO | 1.41 | | 1.30 - 2.50 |

Total Bilirubin Methodology: Colorimetric method Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver (e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct) and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actually treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular atrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobiliary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra- or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal).

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Page No: 5 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29

NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA

Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 12:16:19

IMMUNOASSAY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|---|-------|--------|-------------------------|
| TOTAL THYROID PROFILE | | | |
| SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay) | 1.180 | ng/ml | 0.970 - 1.690 |
| SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay) | 7.620 | ug/dl | 5.500 - 11.000 |
| SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay | 4.070 | μIU/mL | 0.350 - 5.500 |

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation : The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter T4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation : TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

| PREGNANCY | REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association) |
|---------------|---|
| 1st Trimester | 0.10-2.50 |
| 2nd Trimester | 0.20-3.00 |
| 3rd Trimester | 0.30-3.00 |

AJAYKUMAR
Technologist

Page No: 6 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29

NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA

Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 11:41:27

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|--|-------------|------|-------------------------|
| Urine Routine | | | |
| <u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u> | | | |
| COLOUR | PALE YELLOW | | PALE YELLOW |
| APPEARANCE | Clear | | Clear |
| <u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u> | | | |
| REACTION(PH) Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicator blue reaction) | 5.5 | | 5.0 - 7.5 |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY Method:- Reagent Strip(bromthymol blue) | 1.015 | | 1.010 - 1.030 |
| PROTEIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test) | NIL | | NIL |
| GLUCOSE Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict) | NIL | | NIL |
| BILIRUBIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction) | NEGATIVE | | NEGATIVE |
| UROBILINOGEN Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified ehrlich reaction) | NORMAL | | NORMAL |
| KETONES Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitropruside) Rothera's | NEGATIVE | | NEGATIVE |
| NITRITE Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction) | NEGATIVE | | NEGATIVE |
| RBC Method:- Reagent Strip (Peroxidase like activity) | NIL | | NIL |
| <u>MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION</u> | | | |
| RBC/HPF | NIL | /HPF | NIL |
| WBC/HPF | 2-3 | /HPF | 2-3 |
| EPITHELIAL CELLS | 2-3 | /HPF | 2-3 |
| CRYSTALS/HPF | ABSENT | | ABSENT |
| CAST/HPF | ABSENT | | ABSENT |
| AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT | ABSENT | | ABSENT |
| BACTERIAL FLORA | ABSENT | | ABSENT |
| YEAST CELL | ABSENT | | ABSENT |
| OTHER | ABSENT | | ABSENT |

VIJENDRAMEENA
Technologist

Page No: 7 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29
NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA
 Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon
 Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720
 Ref. By Dr:- BOB
 Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na Sulfur Dioxide, PLASMA/URINE
 Date of Test :- 08/07/2023 12:50:33

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 14:10:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------|
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------|

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)
 Method:- GOD PAP

107.6 mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT) | 111 - 125 mg/dL |
| Diabetes Mellitus (DM) | > 126 mg/dL |

111 - 125 mg/dL
 > 126 mg/dL

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola **Interpretation:** Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)
 Method:- GOD PAP

138.7 mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola **Interpretation:** Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

SERUM CREATININE
 Method:- Colorimetric Method

0.73 mg/dl

Men - 0.6-1.30
 Women - 0.5-1.20

SERUM URIC ACID
 Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric

2.91 mg/dl

Men - 3.4-7.0
 Women - 2.4-5.7

SURENDRAXHANGA

Page No: 9 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29

NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA

Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- EDTA, URINE, URINE-PP

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 15:00.46

HAEMATOLOGY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|--|---------------|------|-------------------------|
| BLOOD GROUP ABO | "AB" NEGATIVE | | |
| BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology : Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name : Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone) | | | |
| URINE SUGAR (FASTING) Collected Sample Received | Nil | | Nil |
| URINE SUGAR PP Collected Sample Received | Nil | | Nil |

AJAYSINGH, VIJENDRAMEENA
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Page No: 11 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29

NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA

Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 11:56:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Ref Interval |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------|
| BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN) | 6.9 | mg/dl | 0.0 - 23.0 |

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 12 of 13



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Date :- 08/07/2023 08:30:29
NAME :- Mrs. SHARDA
Sex / Age :- Female 48 Yrs 4 Mon
Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12231720
Ref. By Dr:- BOB
Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- SWAB

Sample Collected Time 08/07/2023 08:52:21

Final Authentication : 08/07/2023 15:50:36

PAP SMEAR

PAP SMEAR FOR CYTOLOGY EXAMINATION

Microscopic & diagnosis,

Smears show predominantly superficial & intermediate squamous epithelial cells along with few parabasal cells in the background of mild acute inflammation.

No endocervical cells seen.

No atypical or malignant cells seen.

IMPRESSION : Negative for intraepithelial lesion.

Note: Please note papanicolaou smear study is a screening procedure for cervical cancer with inherent false negative result, hence should be interpreted with caution.

Slides will be kept for one month only.

*** End of Report ***

SURESHSAINI
Technologist

Page No: 13 of 13



Dr. Rashmi Bakshi
MBBS, MD (Path)
RMC No. 17975-008828

| | | | |
|--------|--------------------------------|------|------------|
| NAME: | MRS. PREETI SINGHAL – 12231750 | AGE | 30 YRS |
| REF.BY | MR. STAR HEALTH | DATE | 08/07/2023 |

ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN

Liver is of enlarged in size ~15.3 cm. Echo-texture is bright. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is anteverted and normal in size and measures 58 x 43 x 30 mm. Myometrium shows normal echo - pattern. No focal space occupying lesion is seen. Endometrial echo is normal. **Endometrial thickness is 11.7 mm.**

Both ovaries are visualized and mildly enlarged in size having multiple 10-12 small follicles 2-3 mm in size arranged at periphery with hyperechoic central stroma.

Right ovary measures 33 x 28 x 27 mm, volume 13.3 cc

Left ovary measures 36 x 31 x 21 mm, volume 12.5 cc

No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of Douglas.

IMPRESSION:

- * Hepatomegaly with fatty changes.
- * ? Bilateral polycystic ovarian morphology (Adv.: Hormonal assay).
- Needs clinical correlation & further evaluation

