



CLIENT CODE: C000138376 **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:**

Test Report Status

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156

<u>Final</u>

SRL Ltd

PLOT NO.160, POCKET D-11 SECTOR 8, ROHINI

Biological Reference Interval Units

NEW DELHI, 110085 NEW DELHI, INDIA Tel: 9111591115, Fax: CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.pitampura@srl.in

PATIENT NAME: VINAY KUMAR JAIN PATIENT ID: VINAM09056962

ACCESSION NO: 0062VL002387 AGE: 53 Years SEX: Male ABHA NO:

DRAWN: RECEIVED: 20/12/2022 08:09:37 REPORTED: 21/12/2022 15:14:49

Results

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID:

<u> -</u>	Results		Biological Refere	ince Interval Onits
EALTH CHECK UP A	BOVE 40 MALE			
LE BLOOD				
	13.5		13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
NT	4.73		4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
TNUC	4.85		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
	179		150 - 410	thou/µL
OPY				
ES .				
	39.9	Low	40 - 50	%
E (MCV)	84.3		83 - 101	fL
LOBIN (MCH)	28.5		27.0 - 32.0	pg
LOBIN	33.7		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
OTH (RDW)	13.8		11.6 - 14.0	%
	17.8			
V)	10.9		6.8 - 10.9	fL
Г				
	57		40 - 80	%
Υ				
	35		20 - 40	%
Υ				
	05		2 - 10	%
Υ				
	03		1 - 6	%
Υ				
	EALTH CHECK UP A DLE BLOOD NT DUNT ES (MCV) LOBIN (MCH) LOBIN OTH (RDW) V) T Y Y Y	EALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE DLE BLOOD 13.5 NT 4.73 DUNT 4.85 179 DPY ES 39.9 E (MCV) 84.3 LOBIN (MCH) 28.5 LOBIN 33.7 DTH (RDW) 13.8 17.8 V) 10.9 F 57 Y 35 Y 05 Y 03	EALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE DLE BLOOD 13.5 NT 4.73 DUNT 4.85 179 ESS 39.9 Low E (MCV) 84.3 LOBIN (MCH) 28.5 LOBIN (33.7 DTH (RDW) 13.8 17.8 V) 10.9 F 57 Y 35 Y 05 Y 05	EALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE DIE BLOOD 13.5 13.0 - 17.0 NT 4.73 4.5 - 5.5 DUNT 4.85 4.0 - 10.0 179 150 - 410 179 E (MCV) 84.3 83 - 101 LOBIN (MCH) 28.5 27.0 - 32.0 LOBIN 33.7 31.5 - 34.5 DTH (RDW) 17.8 V) 10.9 6.8 - 10.9 T 57 40 - 80 Y 05 2 - 10 Y 03 1 - 6



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BASOPHILS	00		0 - 2	%
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	2.72		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.70		1 - 3	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.24		0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.15		0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0	Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.6			
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESIBLOOD	R),WHOLE			
E.S.R	09		0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD				
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), ED	TA WHOLE			
BLOOD				
HBA1C	5.9	High	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
METHOD: HPLC	122.6	Wigh	z 116 O	ma/dl
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	122.0	nign	< 116.0	mg/dL
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA				
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	104	High	74 - 99	mg/dL
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA				
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	125		70 - 139	mg/dL
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM				
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	158		< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High	mg/dL









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TRIGLYCERIDES	84	< 150 Normal mg/dL 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	57	< 40 Low mg/dL >/=60 High
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE POLYMER-POLYANION		
CHOLESTEROL LDL	84	< 100 Optimal mg/dL 100 - 129 Near optimal/ above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	101	Desirable: Less than 130 mg/dL Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220
CHOL/HDL RATIO	2.8	Low 3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk
LDL/HDL RATIO	1.5	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	16.8	= 30.0 mg/dL</td
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM		
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.37	0.2 - 1.0 mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.11	0.0 - 0.2 mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.26	0.1 - 1.0 mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.5	6.4 - 8.2 g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.0	3.4 - 5.0 g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.5	2.0 - 4.1 g/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER		<u>.</u>
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.6	1.0 - 2.1 RAПО









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METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	21		15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	52	High	< 45.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	75		30 - 120	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	27		15 - 85	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	128		100 - 190	U/L
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	7		6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE KINETIC				
CREATININE, SERUM				
CREATININE	0.66	Low	0.90 - 1.30	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, O-CRESOLPHTHALEIN COM	PLEXONE			
BUN/CREAT RATIO				
BUN/CREAT RAΠΟ	10.61		5.00 - 15.00	
URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID	4.8		3.5 - 7.2	mg/dL
METHOD: URICASE/CATALASE UV				
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM				
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.5		6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN, SERUM				
ALBUMIN	4.0		3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN	2.5		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM, SERUM	142		136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT				
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.55		3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
CHLORIDE, SERUM	103		98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				
Interpretation(s)				

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE



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COLOR	PALE YELLOW		
METHOD: MANUAL			
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		
METHOD: MANUAL			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD: DIPSTICK			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD: DIPSTICK			
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIPSTICK / MANUAL			
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIPSTICK / MANUAL			
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIPSTICK / MANUAL			
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIPSTICK			
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIPSTICK / MANUAL			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD : DIPSTICK / MANUAL			
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIPSTICK			
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	DETECTED (+)	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIPSTICK			
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	8-10	0-5	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	0-5	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPY			
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPY			









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CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPY			
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: MICROSCOPY			
REMARKS	NOTE:- MICROSCOPI CENTRIFUGE URINARY SEDIMENT.	IC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS I	PERFORMED BY
METHOD: MANUAL			
Interpretation(s)			
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
T3	129.20	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL
T4	8.45	5.10 - 14.10	μg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	1.540	0.270 - 4.200	μIU/mL









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Interpretation(s)

8800465156

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low. owidetlparowidetlparBelow mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hypothyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
		25			Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid
					hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto
					thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical
					inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and
					dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre
					(3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid
					hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4
					replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent
					treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. **NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.**TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL

COLOUR BROWN
CONSISTENCY SEMI FORMED



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MUCUS		ABSENT	NOT DETECTED	
VISIBLE BLOOD		ABSENT	ABSENT	
ADULT PARASITE		NOT DETECTED		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMI	NATION,STOOL			
PUS CELLS		1-2		/hpf
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
CYSTS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
OVA		NOT DETECTED		
LARVAE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
TROPHOZOITES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
Interpretation(s)				
ABO GROUP & RH TYP	E, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
ABO GROUP		TYPE O		

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE **POSITIVE**

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

XRAY-CHEST

BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR

BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR

BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL

CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL

VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL

IMPRESSION NORMAL

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO **NORMAL**

ECG

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY HYPERTENSION- 20 YRS; POLIOMYELITIS AT 1 & 1/2 YR OF AGE



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RELEVANT PAST HISTORY RENAL CALCULI - B/L- 2020 RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY MARRIED, 02 CHILD, EGG.

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY BOTH PARENTS- HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE.

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY BANKER.

HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS **ANTIHYPERTENSIVE**

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.73 mts WEIGHT IN KGS. 83.60 Kgs BMI 28 BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight

18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS **HEALTHY BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE** FACIAL APPEARANCE **NORMAL** SKIN NORMAL UPPER LIMB **NORMAL** LOWER LIMB NORMAL **NECK** NORMAL

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

NOT ENLARGED THYROID GLAND

CAROTID PULSATION **NORMAL** BREAST (FOR FEMALES) **NORMAL TEMPERATURE NORMAL**

PULSE 77/MIN REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID

BRUIT

NORMAL RESPIRATORY RATE

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM



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BP	98/62 MM HG (SITTING)	mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL	
APEX BEAT	NORMAL	
HEART SOUNDS	S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY	•
MURMURS	ABSENT	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL	
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL	
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL	
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)	
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT	
PER ABDOMEN		
APPEARANCE	NORMAL	
VENOUS PROMINENCE	ABSENT	
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE	
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE	
HERNIA	ABSENT	
ANY OTHER COMMENTS	NIL	
CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM		
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL	
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL	
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL	
SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL	
MOTOR SYSTEM	NORMAL	
REFLEXES	NORMAL	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM		
SPINE	NORMAL	
JOINTS	NORMAL	
BASIC EYE EXAMINATION		
CONJUNCTIVA	NORMAL	









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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: customercare.pitampura@srl.in

FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

PATIENT ID: **PATIENT NAME: VINAY KUMAR JAIN** VINAM09056962

ACCESSION NO: 0062VL002387 AGE: 53 Years SEX: Male ABHA NO:

RECEIVED: 20/12/2022 08:09:37 21/12/2022 15:14:49 DRAWN: REPORTED:

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID:

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
EYELIDS	NORMAL	
EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL	
CORNEA	NORMAL	
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	6/9	
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	6/12	
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	N/6	
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	N/6	
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL	
BASIC ENT EXAMINATION		
EXTERNAL EAR CANAL	NORMAL	
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	NORMAL	
NOSE	NO ABNORMALITY DETECT	ED
SINUSES	NORMAL	
THROAT	NORMAL	
TONSILS	NOT ENLARGED	
BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION		
TEETH	NORMAL	
GUMS	HEALTHY	
ANY OTHER COMMENTS	NIL	
SUMMARY		
RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS	PL. GL ABOVE NORMAL	LIMITS; URINE- PUS CELLS - 8-10 / HPF
RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS	NO ABNORMALITIES DETE	CTED
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS		INCREASE WATER INTAKE; HROLOGIST CONSULTATION
FITNESS STATUS	,	



FITNESS STATUS







CLIENT CODE: C000138376 **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:**

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI **NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA** 8800465156

SRL Ltd

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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

Liver is normal in size, outline & shows grade I fatty changes. No obvious focal parenchymal lesion/biliary dilatation is seen. Hepatic veins and portal venous radicals are normal.

Gall bladder- Post operative.

Pancreas

Pancreas is normal in size, outline and echotexture. No evidence of any focal lesion or calcification is seen. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

Spleen

Spleen is normal in size, outline and echotexture .No focal lesion/ calcification is seen.

Both kidneys are normal in size, outline and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is well maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No hydronephrosis is seen on either side. One to two concretions measuring upto 3mm are seen in both kidneys.

No significant retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy/ascites is seen.

Urinary Bladder

Urinary bladder is well distended with normal outline.

Prostate

Prostate is normal in size.

Correlate clinically

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for

diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait. WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.



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(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-**TEST DESCRIPTION**:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum. Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients. 2. Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss,hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results.Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy
GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing' s syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.



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GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstrom's disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH. CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

• Blockage in the urinary tract

- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- · Mvasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, ŚERUM
Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein,also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom''s disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc. ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.



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Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units Final

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

- Fit (As per requested panel of tests) SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
- Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary
- iffestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.

 Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.
- Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Kamlesh I Prajapati **Consultant Pathologist**



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CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- 2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.
- 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
 - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
 - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - iii. Incorrect specimen type
 - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

- 5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- 6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
- 7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
- 8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
- 9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062



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