







Lab No. : MRD/03-04-2023/SR7484121

Patient Name : PRIYAKSHI SAHA Age : 35 Y 3 M 17 D

Gender : F

Lab Add. : Newtown, Kolkata-700156

Ref Dr.: Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER **Collection Date:** 03/Apr/2023 11:30AM

Report Date : 03/Apr/2023 03:22PM



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio Ref. Interval	Method		
*CHLORIDE, BLOOD , .						
CHLORIDE,BLOOD	105	mEq/L	99-109 mEq/L	ISE INDIRECT		
POTASSIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM						
POTASSIUM,BLOOD	3.70	mEq/L	3.5-5.5 mEq/L	ISE INDIRECT		
THYROID PANEL (T3, T4, TSH), GEL SERUM						
T3-TOTAL (TRI IODOTHYRONINE)	0.96	ng/ml	0.60-1.81 ng/ml	CLIA		
T4-TOTAL (THYROXINE)	8.7	μg/dL	3.2-12.6 μg/dL	CLIA		
TSH (THYROID STIMULATING HORMON	E) 2.63	μIU/mL	0.55-4.78 μIU/mL	CLIA		

Serum TSH levels exhibit a diurnal variation with the peak occurring during the night and the nadir, which approximates to 50% of the peak value, occurring between 1000 and 1600 hours.[1,2] References:

- 1. Bugalho MJ, Domingues RS, Pinto AC, Garrao A, Catarino AL, Ferreira T, Limbert E and Sobrinho L. Detection of thyroglobulin mRNA transcripts in peripheral blood of
- individuals with and without thyroid glands: evidence for thyroglobulin expression by blood cells. Eur J Endocrinol 2001;145:409-13.
- 2. Bellantone R, Lombardi CP, Bossola M, Ferrante A,Princi P, Boscherini M et al. Validity of thyroglobulin mRNA assay in peripheral blood of postoperative thyroid carcinoma patients in predicting tumor recurrence varies according to the histologic type: results of a prospective study. Cancer 2001;92:2273-9.

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL: [ONLY FOR PREGNANT MOTHERS]

Trimester specific TSH LEVELS during pregnancy:

FIRST TRIMESTER: $0.10-3.00~\mu$ IU/mL SECOND TRIMESTER: 0.20 -3.50 μ IU/mL THIRD TRIMESTER: 0.30 -3.50 μ IU/mL

References:

- 1. Erik K. Alexander, Elizabeth N. Pearce, Gregory A. Brent, Rosalind S. Brown, Herbert Chen, Chrysoula Dosiou, William A. Grobman, Peter Laurberg, John H. Lazarus, Susan J. Mandel, Robin P. Peeters, and Scott Sullivan. Thyroid. Mar 2017.315-389. http://doi.org/10.1089/thy.2016.0457
- 2. Kalra S, Agarwal S, Aggarwal R, Ranabir S. Trimester-specific thyroid-stimulating hormone: An indian perspective. Indian J Endocr Metab 2018;22:1-4.

SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM

SODIUM,BLOOD 140 mEq/L 132 - 146 mEq/L ISE INDIRECT

GLUCOSE, FASTING, BLOOD, NAF PLASMA









Date: 03-04-2023 Lab No.: SR7484121 Name: PRIYAKSHI SAHA Age/G: 35 Y 3 M 17 D / F

GLUCOSE, FASTING

87

mg/dL

Impaired Fasting-100-125 Gluc Oxidase Trinder .~Diabetes- >= 126.~Fasting is defined as no caloric intake for at least 8 hours.

In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, diagnosis requires two abnormal test results from the same sample or in two separate test samples.

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes – 2020. Diabetes Care Volume 43, Supplement 1.

Dr NEEPA CHOWDHURY MBBS MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist

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TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATIO , .						
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.90	g/dL	5.7-8.2 g/dL	BIURET METHOD		
ALBUMIN	4.5	g/dL	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG Dye Binding		
GLOBULIN	3.40	g/dl	1.8-3.2 g/dl	Calculated		
AG Ratio	1.32		1.0 - 2.5	Calculated		
PHOSPHORUS-INORGANIC, BLO	OOD , GEL SERUM					
PHOSPHORUS-INORGANIC,BLOC	D 3.0	mg/dL	2.4-5.1 mg/dL	Phosphomolybdate/UV		
UREA,BLOOD , GEL SERUM	21.4	mg/dL	19-49 mg/dL	Urease with GLDH		
URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUN	1					
URIC ACID,BLOOD	6.00	mg/dL	2.6-6.0 mg/dL	Uricase/Peroxidase		
LIPID PROFILE , GEL SERUM						
CHOLESTEROL-TOTAL	143	mg/dL	Desirable: < 200 mg/dL Borderline high: 200-239 mg/dL High: > or =240 mg/dL	Enzymatic		
TRIGLYCERIDES	153	mg/dL	Normal:: < 150, BorderlineHigh::150-199, High:: 200-499, VeryHigh::>500	GPO-Trinder		
HDL CHOLESTEROL	33	mg/dl	< 40 - Low 40-59- Optimum 60 - High	Elimination/catalase		
LDL CHOLESTEROL DIRECT	99	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: <100 mg/dL, Near optimal/ above optimal: 100-129 mg/dL, Borderline high: 130-159 mg/dL High: 160-189 mg/dL, Very high: >=190 mg/dL	Elimination / Catalase		
VLDL	11	mg/dl	< 40 mg/dl	Calculated		
CHOL HDL Ratio	4.3		LOW RISK 3.3-4.4 AVERAGE RISK 4.47-7.1 MODERATE RISK 7.1-11.0 HIGH RISK >11.0	Calculated		

Reference: National Cholesterol Education Program. Executive summary of the third report of The National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) Expert Panel on detection, evaluation, and treatment of high blood cholesterol in adults (Adult Treatment Panel III). JAMA. May 16 2001;285(19):2486-97.

CALCIUM, BLOOD

CALCIUM,BLOOD 9.10 mg/dL 8.7-10.4 mg/dL Arsenazo III

CREATININE, BLOOD 0.69 mg/dL 0.5-1.1 mg/dL Jaffe, alkaline picrate, kinetic

Dr. SUPARBA CHAKRABARTI MBBS, MD(BIOCHEMISTRY) Consultant Biochemist

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CBC WITH PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT , EDTA WHOLE BLOOD						
HEMOGLOBIN	12.1	g/dL	12 - 15	PHOTOMETRIC		
WBC	7.6	*10^3/µL	4 - 10	DC detection method		
RBC	4.18	*10^6/µL	3.8 - 4.8	DC detection method		
PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT	186	*10^3/µL	150 - 450*10^3/μL	DC detection method/Microscopy		
DI FFERENTI AL COUNT						
NEUTROPHILS	67	%	40 - 80 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy		
LYMPHOCYTES	24	%	20 - 40 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy		
MONOCYTES	07	%	2 - 10 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy		
EOSINOPHILS	02	%	1 - 6 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy		
BASOPHILS	00	%	0-0.9%	Flowcytometry/Microscopy		
CBC SUBGROUP						
HEMATOCRIT / PCV	36.4	%	36 - 46 %	Calculated		
MCV	87.0	fl	83 - 101 fl	Calculated		
MCH	28.8	pg	27 - 32 pg	Calculated		
MCHC	33.2	gm/dl	31.5-34.5 gm/dl	Calculated		
RDW - RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	15.2	%	11.6-14%	Calculated		
PDW-PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	27.0	fL	8.3 - 25 fL	Calculated		
MPV-MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	12.8		7.5 - 11.5 fl	Calculated		
-				Λ.		

Apri

DR. NEHA GUPTA MD, DNB (Pathology) Consultant Pathologist

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ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

1stHour 0.00 - 20.00 mm/hr Westergren

BLOOD GROUP ABO+RH [GEL METHOD], EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

Gel Card ABO

Gel Card RH **POSITIVE**

TECHNOLOGY USED: GEL METHOD

ADVANTAGES:

- Gel card allows simultaneous forward and reverse grouping.
- Card is scanned and record is preserved for future reference.
- Allows identification of Bombay blood group. Daily quality controls are run allowing accurate monitoring.

Historical records check not performed.

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY) CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

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GLUCOSE, PP, BLOOD, NAF PLASMA

GLUCOSE,PP 110 mg/dL Impaired Glucose Tolerance-140 Gluc Oxidase Trinder

to 199. Diabetes>= 200.

The test should be performed as described by the WHO, using a glucose load containing the equivalent of 75-g anhydrous glucose dissolved in water. In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, diagnosis requires two abnormal test results from the same sample or in two separate test samples.

Reference

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes – 2020. Diabetes Care Volume 43, Supplement 1.

PDF Attached

GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.1

***FOR BIOLOGICAL
REFERENCE INTERVAL
DETAILS , PLEASE REFER TO
THE BELOW MENTIONED
REMARKS/NOTE WITH
ADDITIONAL CLINICAL
INFORMATION ***

HbA1c (IFCC) 32.0 mmol/mol HPLC

Clinical Information and Laboratory clinical interpretation on Biological Reference Interval:

Low risk / Normal / non-diabetic : <5.7% (NGSP) / < 39 mmol/mol (IFCC) Pre-diabetes/High risk of Diabetes : 5.7%- 6.4% (NGSP) / 39 - < 48 mmol/mol (IFCC) Diabetics-HbA1c level : >/= 6.5% (NGSP) / > 48 mmol/mol (IFCC)

Analyzer used: Bio-Rad-VARIANT TURBO 2.0

Method: HPLC Cation Exchange

Recommendations for glycemic targets

- Ø Patients should use self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) and HbA1c levels to assess glycemic control.
- Ø The timing and frequency of SMBG should be tailored based on patients' individual treatment, needs, and goals.
- Ø Patients should undergo HbA1c testing at least twice a year if they are meeting treatment goals and have stable glycemic control.
- Ø If a patient changes treatment plans or does not meet his or her glycemic goals, HbA1c testing should be done quarterly.
- \varnothing For most adults who are not pregnant, HbA1c levels should be <7% to help reduce microvascular complications and macrovascular disease . Action suggested >8% as it indicates poor control.
- Ø Some patients may benefit from HbA1c goals that are stringent.

Result alterations in the estimation has been established in many circumstances, such as after acute/ chronic blood loss, for example, after surgery, blood transfusions, hemolytic anemia, or high erythrocyte turnover; vitamin B_{12} / folate deficiency, presence of chronic renal or liver disease; after administration of high-dose vitamin E / C; or erythropoietin treatment.

Reference: Glycated hemoglobin monitoring BMJ 2006; 333;586-8

References:

1. Chamberlain JJ, Rhinehart AS, Shaefer CF, et al. Diagnosis and management of diabetes: synopsis of the 2016 American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes. Ann Intern Med. Published online 1 March 2016. doi:10.7326/M15-3016.

2. Mosca A, Goodall I, Hoshino T, Jeppsson JO, John WG, Little RR, Miedema K, Myers GL, Reinauer H, Sacks DB, Weykamp CW. International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, IFCC Scientific Division. Global standardization of glycated hemoglobin measurement: the position of the IFCC Working Group. Clin Chem Lab Med. 2007;45(8):1077-1080.

DR. ANANNYA GHOSH MBBS, MD (Biochemistry)

Consultant Biochemist

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Report Date : 04/Apr/2023 04:22PM



DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY REPORT OF E.C.G.

DATA

HEART RATE : 82 bpm

PR INTERVAL : 146 ms

QRS DURATION : 82 ms

QT INTERVAL : 384 ms

QTC INTERVAL : 448 ms

AXIS

P WAVE : 45 degree

QRS WAVE : 39 degree

T WAVE : 21 degree

IMPRESSION : Normal sinus rhythm.

Normal ECG.

Dr. A C RAY

Department of Non-invasive

Cardiology

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Patient Name : PRIYAKSHI SAHA Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Age : 35 Y 3 M 17 D Collection Date:

Gender: F **Report Date**: 04/Apr/2023 08:52AM



X-RAY REPORT OF CHEST (PA)

FINDINGS:

No active lung parenchymal lesion is seen.

Both the hila are normal in size, density and position.

Mediastinum is in central position. Trachea is in midline.

Domes of diaphragm are smoothly outlined. Position is within normal limits.

Lateral costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardio-thoracic ratio is normal.

Bony thorax reveals no definite abnormality.

IMPRESSION:

Normal study.

Dr. Anoop Sastry
MBBS, DMRT(CAL)
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST
Registration No.: WB-36628

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SURAKSHA DIAGNOSTIC, RAJARHAT, KOLKATA BIO-RAD VARIANT-II TURBO CDM5.4. SN-16122

PATIENT REPORT V2TURBO_A1c_2.0

Patient Data Analysis Data

Sample ID: C02135106379 Analysis Performed: 03/APR/2023 14:16:20

 Patient ID:
 SR7484121
 Injection Number:
 9886U

 Name:
 Run Number:
 218

 Physician:
 Rack ID:
 0004

 Sex:
 Tube Number:
 7

DOB: Report Generated: 03/APR/2023 14:25:59

Operator ID: ASIT

Comments:

	NGSP		Retention	Peak
Peak Name	%	Area %	Time (min)	Area
A1a		1.0	0.159	12598
A1b		1.1	0.220	13873
F		0.7	0.270	8816
LA1c		1.7	0.394	22153
A1c	5.1		0.498	51831
P3		3.2	0.778	41878
P4		1.1	0.860	13819
Ao		87.4	0.993	1147102

Total Area: 1,312,069

<u>HbA1c (NGSP) = 5.1 %</u> HbA1c (IFCC) = 32 mmol/mol

