B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



General Physical Examination

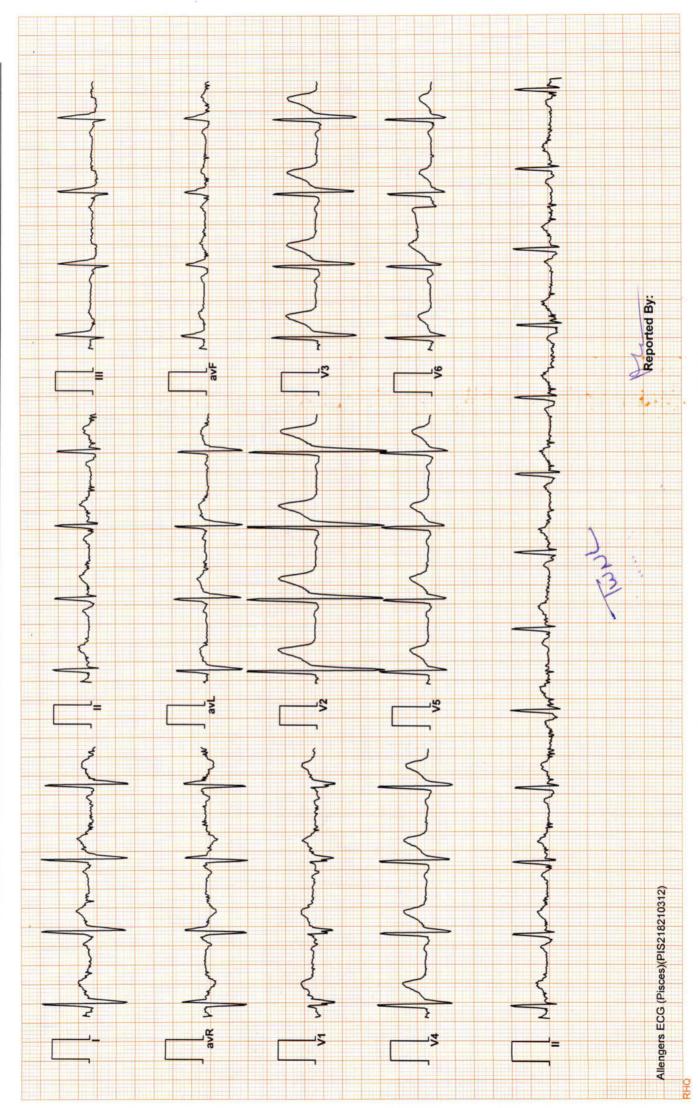
Date of Examination: 10 - 12 - 20 2 2
Name: PRATIK SAMWARIA Age: 33, Sex: Male
DOB: 14-3an-1989.
Referred By:
Photo ID:AADHARD#:attached.
Ht: <u>178</u> (cm) Wt: <u>95</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 104 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: (cm)
Blood Pressure: 154 88 mm Hg PR: 69 min RR: 15/min Temp: Afebrate
BMI 30.0
Eye Examination: VISICO ROSSORAL GLG, N/G, BIL eyes,
houseal Color NIZION,
Other: Not significant
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine: Name of Examinee:
. Name of Examine .
Signature Medical Examiner : Name Medical Examiner



Janward



DR. GOYALS PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER 102221059 / MR SANWARIA PRATEEK / 33 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker Heart Rate : 75 bpm / Tested On : 10-Dec-22 12:45:42 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 100 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By.: BOB



Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Sample Type :- EDTA

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45 Date

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Patient ID: -122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Male 33 Yrs Company :- MediWheel

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:37:57

HAEMATOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE	
HAEMOGARAM	
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb) 16.1 g/dL 13.0 - 17.0	
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT 8.45 /camm 4.00 - 10.00	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	
NEUTROPHIL 56.3 % 40.0 - 80.0	
LYMPHOCYTE 37.9 % 20.0 - 40.0	
EOSINOPHIL 3.3 % 1.0 - 6.0	
MONOCYTE 2.2 % 2.0 - 10.0	
BASOPHIL 0.3 % 0.0 - 2.0	
NEUT# 4.76 10^3/uL 1.50 - 7.00	
LYMPH# 3.21 10^3/uL 1.00 - 3.70	
EO# 0.27 10^3/uL 0.00 - 0.40	
MONO# 0.18 10^3/uL 0.00 - 0.70	
BASO# 0.03 10^3/uL 0.00 - 0.10	
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC) 5.45 * x10^6/uL 4.50 - 5.50	
HEMATOCRIT (HCT) 46.30 % 40.00 - 50.00	
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV) 84.8 fL 83.0 - 101.0	
MEAN CORP HB (MCH) 29.5 pg 27.0 - 32.0	
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC) 34.5 g/dL 31.5 - 34.5	
PLATELET COUNT 243 x10^3/uL 150 - 410	
RDW-CV 14.0 %, 11.6 - 14.0	
MENTZER INDEX 15.56	

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Tech ologist

Page No: 1 of 11



Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

Dr. Goyal

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Date :- 10/12/2022 10:11:45

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Patient ID: -122228494

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sex / Age :- Male , 33 Yrs

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:37:57

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	4	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
	*		,	

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

14 H

mm/hr.

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator of inflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR" x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC) retrogology disease. Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 2 of 11



Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Patient ID :-122228494 · Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KSawhyde-College-Trine UURIINZE2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 17:27:42

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"B" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

92.9

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

Method:- GOD PAP

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL	

Instrument Name: Randon Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hypefglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

139.6

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Method:- GOD PAP Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, KAUSHAL, VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

DR.HANSA Page No: 3 of 11



Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Rashmi Bakshi Dr. Chandrika Gupta

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Date

:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs

Ref. By Dr:- BOB Lab/Hosp :-

Patient ID: -122228494

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- STOOL

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 12:27:52

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval Test Name**

STOOL ANALYSIS

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

MUCUS

BLOOD

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

RBC's

WBC/HPF

OVA

CYSTS

OTHERS Collected Sample Received

/HPF

/HPF

VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist** DR.HANSA Page No: 4 of 11



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Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45

Patient ID :-122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:03:13

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	207.14 H	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	93.83	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	54.75	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	136.75	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159
•			High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL* Method:- Calculated	18.77	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.78		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.50		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	581.48	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLInstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture
TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

KAUSHAL

Page No: 5 of 11



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45 Date

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Patient ID: -122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:03:13

BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEMI	DIN	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT		,	
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.66	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.26	mg/đL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.40	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	35.4	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	69.8 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer	106.70	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	63.70 H	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.47	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.59	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.88	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO •	1.59		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans
ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the iagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

KAUSHAL

Page No: 6 of 11



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45 NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK Patient ID: -122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Male ' 33 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:03:13

RIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEM	ISTRI	
Test Name	Value	Uniț	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.98	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	8.22 H	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

KAUSHAL

Page No: 7 of 11



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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 10/12/2022, 10:11:45

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:03:13

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)	10.7	mg/dl	0.0 - 23.0

KAUSHAL

Page No: 8 of 11



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Date NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45

Patient ID: -122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs

Company:- MediWheel Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:37:57

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Method:- HPLC

Biological Ref Interval

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

5.5

Value

%

Unit

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measureof the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 9 of 11



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Patient ID :-122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Male Company :- MediWheel

33 Yrs

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 12:27:52

Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YE	LLOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH)	5.5	1	5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIV	VE	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAI	L	NORMAL
KETONES ,	NEGATIV	VE •	NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIV	VE .	NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT	0	ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT	1	ABSENT
OTHER ,	ABSENT		

VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist** DR.HANSA Page No: 10 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45 Date

Patient ID: -122228494

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Male

Company:-

MediWheel

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:14:45

Sample Collected Time 10/12/2022 10:24:06

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.241	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	9.265	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA + Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	1.180	μΙU/mL	0.550 - 4.780

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation :TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY +	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

*** End of Report ***

KAUSHAL **Technologist**

Page No: 11 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Lab/Hosp:-



:- 10/12/2022 10:11:45 Patient ID :-122228494

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK Sex / Age :- Male 33 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 14:41:50

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Podnam Gupta Dr. Piyush Goyal MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC No. 32495 RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.

BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.)



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Date :- 10/12/2022 10:11:45

NAME :- Mr. SANWARIA PRATEEK

Sex / Age :- Male 33 Yrs Company :- MediWheel Patient ID :-122228494 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 11:47:24

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. **Echo-texture** is **bright**. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. Showing multiple (4-5 in number) calculi 5mm to 10mm with distal acoustic shadowing in gall bladder lumen. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size (11 gms) with normal echo-texture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

- *Grade I fatty liver.
- *Cholelithiasis.

Needs clinical correlation for further evaluation

*** End of Report ***

rage Not 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996 Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495 Dr. Ashish Choudhary
MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)
Fetal Medicine Consultant
CME ID - 200517 J. RMC No 224

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687 Transcript by.

AHSAN



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Sex / Age :- Male

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Final Authentication: 10/12/2022 11:51:23

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVI	E	NOR	MAL	TRICUS	TRICUSPID VALVE			NORMAL	
AORTIC VALVE		NOR	NORMAL		PULMONARY VALVE			17	
		M.MODE	EXAMITATION:						
AO	23	mm	LA	28	Mm	IVS-D	8	mm	
IVS-S	16	mm	LVID	51	Mm	LVSD	33	mm	
LVPW-D	10	mm	LVPW-S	18	Mm	RV		mm	
RVWT		mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml	
LVEF	64%			RWMA		ABSENT			
				CII	ANADEDC.				

CHAMBERS:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL	
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL	
PERICARDIUM		NORMAL		

COLOUR DOPPLER:

	MI	TRAL VALVE						
E VELOCITY	0.86	m/sec	PEAK GRADIEN			Mn	Mm/hg	
A VELOCITY	0.70	m/sec	MEAN	GRADIEN	r	Mm/hg		
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA BY PLANIME		ETRY	Cm	Cm2	
MITRAL REGURGITAT	ION				ABSENT			
	AC	RTIC VALVE			-			
PEAK VELOCITY 1.1		m/:	m/sec I		PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
AR VMAX		m/sec		MEAN GRADIENT		m	mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITAT	ION			ABSENT				
	TRIC	CUSPID VAL	VE					
PEAK VELOCITY	0.4	0.47		PEAK GRADIENT			mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY		1	m/sec	MEAN	GRADIENT		mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY								
TRICUSPID REGURGI	TATION			ABSENT				
	PU	LMONARY V	/ALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.95		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY					MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGURGITATION					ABSENT			

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Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 64 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion. (Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

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