



MEDICAL EXAMINATION REPORT (MER)

If the examinee is suffering from an acute life threatening situation, you may be obliged to disclose the result of the medical examination to the examinee.

1. Name of the examinee	: Mr./Mrs./Ms. DEEPU SEBASTIAN EDMOND
2. Mark of Identification	: (Mole/Scar/any other (specify location)):
3. Age/Date of Birth	: 35, 25-09-1987 Gender: F/M
4. Photo ID Checked	: (Passport/Election Card/PAN Card/Driving Licence/Company ID) <u>NA ID</u>

PHYSICAL DETAILS:

a. Height <u>169</u> (cms)	b. Weight <u>85</u> (Kgs)	c. Girth of Abdomen <u>107</u> (cms)
d. Pulse Rate <u>70</u> (/Min)	e. Blood Pressure:	Systolic <u>130</u> Diastolic <u>80</u>
	1 st Reading	
	2 nd Reading	

FAMILY HISTORY:

Relation	Age if Living	Health Status	If deceased, age at the time and cause
Father		/ NS	
Mother			
Brother(s)			
Sister(s)			

HABITS & ADDICTIONS: Does the examinee consume any of the following?

Tobacco in any form	Sedative	Alcohol
—	—	✓

PERSONAL HISTORY

- a. Are you presently in good health and entirely free from any mental or Physical impairment or deformity. If No, please attach details. (Y/N)
- b. Have you undergone/been advised any surgical procedure? (Y/N)
- c. During the last 5 years have you been medically examined, received any advice or treatment or admitted to any hospital? (Y/N)
- d. Have you lost or gained weight in past 12 months? (Y/N)

Have you ever suffered from any of the following?

- Psychological Disorders or any kind of disorders of the Nervous System? (Y/N)
- Any disorders of Respiratory system? (Y/N)
- Any Cardiac or Circulatory Disorders? (Y/N)
- Enlarged glands or any form of Cancer/Tumour? (Y/N)
- Any Musculoskeletal disorder? (Y/N)
- Any disorder of Gastrointestinal System? (Y/N)
- Unexplained recurrent or persistent fever, and/or weight loss (Y/N)
- Have you been tested for HIV/HBsAg / HCV before? If yes attach reports (Y/N)
- Are you presently taking medication of any kind? (Y/N)

• Any disorders of Urinary System?

Y/N

• Any disorder of the Eyes, Ears, Nose, Throat or Mouth & Skin

Y/N

FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES ONLY

NA

a. Is there any history of diseases of breast/genital organs?

Y/N

d. Do you have any history of miscarriage/abortion or MTP

Y/N

b. Is there any history of abnormal PAP Smear/Mammogram/USG of Pelvis or any other tests? (If yes attach reports)

Y/N

e. For Parous Women, were there any complication during pregnancy such as gestational diabetes, hypertension etc

Y/N

c. Do you suspect any disease of Uterus, Cervix or Ovaries?

Y/N

f. Are you now pregnant? If yes, how many months?

Y/N

CONFIDENTIAL COMMENTS FROM MEDICAL EXAMINER

- Was the examinee co-operative? Y/N
- Is there anything about the examinee's health, lifestyle that might affect him/her in the near future with regard to his/her job? Y/N
- Are there any points on which you suggest further information be obtained? Y/N
- Based on your clinical impression, please provide your suggestions and recommendations below;

Medical consult

➤ Do you think he/she is **MEDICALLY FIT** or UNFIT for employment.

FIT

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S DECLARATION

I hereby confirm that I have examined the above individual after verification of his/her identity and the findings stated above are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Name & Signature of the Medical Examiner

[Handwritten Signature]

Seal of Medical Examiner

Dr. GEORGE THOMAS
MD, FCSI, FIAE
MEDICAL EXAMINER
Reg: 86614

Name & Seal of DDRC SRL Branch



Date & Time

14/03/2023

DDRC SRL Diagnostics Private Limited

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Regd. Office: 4th Floor, Prime Square, Plot No.1, Gaiwadi Industrial Estate, S.V. Road, Goregaon (West), Mumbai – 400062.

 भारत सरकार
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA




दीपू सेबस्टियन एडमोंद
Deepu Sebastian Edmond
जन्म तिथि/DOB: 25/09/1987
पुरुष/ MALE
Mobile No: 9771452848

8146 0380 8974
VID : 9137 0130 2556 3873

मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान


(Handwritten signature)






 भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण
UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION AUTHORITY OF INDIA

पता: एड्डिन डेल, चर्च रोड, तिल्लेरी, कोल्लम, कोल्लम, केरला - 691001
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Download Date: 17/12/2019
Issue Date: 18/10/2019



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Mr. Deepu Sebastian Edmund
35/ Male

Mediwheel Arcofemi Healthcare Limited

Date - 11/03/2023

Acc. No. 4126WC003747

Treadmill test not done





Patient Ref. No. 66600003701536

 CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL
 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL HEALTHCARE LIMITED

 MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED
 F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,
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 KERALA, INDIA
 Tel : 93334 93334
 Email : customercare.ddrc@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : MR. DEEPU SEBASTIAN EDMOND

 PATIENT ID : **DEEPM1103884126**

 ACCESSION NO : **4126WC003747** AGE : 35 Years SEX : Male

ABHA NO :

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 11/03/2023 09:34

REPORTED : 11/03/2023 17:04

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT
TREADMILL TEST

TREADMILL TEST

CANCELLED



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MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT**BUN/CREAT RATIO**

BUN/CREAT RATIO 17.3

CREATININE, SERUM
 CREATININE 1.04 18 - 60 yrs : 0.9 - 1.3 mg/dL
 METHOD : JAFFE KINETIC METHOD
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA
 GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA 94
 Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 200. mg/dL
 Impaired Glucose tolerance/
 Prediabetes : 140 - 199.
 Hypoglycemia : < 55.

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA
 GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA 80
 Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 126. mg/dL
 Impaired fasting Glucose/
 Prediabetes : 101 - 125.
 Hypoglycemia : < 55.

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD
 GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.0
 Normal : 4.0 - 5.6%. %
 Non-diabetic level : < 5.7%.
 Diabetic : >6.5%

 Glycemic control goal
 More stringent goal : < 6.5 %.
 General goal : < 7%.
 Less stringent goal : < 8%.
Glycemic targets in CKD :-
 If eGFR > 60 : < 7%.
 If eGFR < 60 : 7 - 8.5%.
 < 116.0 mg/dL

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE 96.8

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM
 CHOLESTEROL 242 High Desirable : < 200 mg/dL
 Borderline : 200-239
 High : >or= 240

METHOD : CHOD-POD



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TRIGLYCERIDES		160	mg/dL
		High Normal : < 150 High : 150-199 Hypertriglyceridemia : 200-499 Very High : > 499	
HDL CHOLESTEROL		38	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT ENZYME CLEARANCE		Low General range : 40-60	
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL		173	mg/dL
		High Optimum : < 100 Above Optimum : 100-139 Borderline High : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very High : > or = 190	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL		204	mg/dL
		High Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN		32.0	mg/dL
		Desirable value : 10 - 35	
CHOL/HDL RATIO		6.4	
		High 3.3-4.4 Low Risk 4.5-7.0 Average Risk 7.1-11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
LDL/HDL RATIO		4.6	
		High 0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	



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Interpretation(s)

- 1) Cholesterol levels help assess the patient risk status and to follow the progress of patient under treatment to lower serum cholesterol concentrations.
- 2) Serum Triglyceride (TG) are a type of fat and a major source of energy for the body. Both quantity and composition of the diet impact on plasma triglyceride concentrations. Elevations in TG levels are the result of overproduction and impaired clearance. High TG are associated with increased risk for CAD (Coronary artery disease) in patients with other risk factors, such as low HDL-C, some patient groups with elevated apolipoprotein B concentrations, and patients with forms of LDL that may be particularly atherogenic.
- 3) HDL-C plays a crucial role in the initial step of reverse cholesterol transport, this considered to be the primary atheroprotective function of HDL
- 4) LDL -C plays a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and, in particular, coronary sclerosis. The majority of cholesterol stored in atherosclerotic plaques originates from LDL, thus LDL-C value is the most powerful clinical predictor.
- 5) Non HDL cholesterol: Non-HDL-C measures the cholesterol content of all atherogenic lipoproteins, including LDL hence it is a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies. Non-HDL-C also covers, to some extent, the excess ASCVD risk imparted by the sdLDL, which is significantly more atherogenic than the normal large buoyant particles, an elevated non-HDL-C indirectly suggests greater proportion of the small, dense variety of LDL particles

Serum lipid profile is measured for cardiovascular risk prediction. Lipid Association of India recommends LDL-C as primary target and Non HDL-C as co-primary treatment target.

Risk Stratification for ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) by Lipid Association of India

Risk Category	
Extreme risk group	A. CAD with > 1 feature of high risk group B. CAD with > 1 feature of Very high risk group or recurrent ACS (within 1 year) despite LDL-C < or = 50 mg/dl or polyvascular disease
Very High Risk	1. Established ASCVD 2. Diabetes with 2 major risk factors or evidence of end organ damage 3. Familial Homozygous Hypercholesterolemia
High Risk	1. Three major ASCVD risk factors. 2. Diabetes with 1 major risk factor or no evidence of end organ damage. 3. CKD stage 3B or 4. 4. LDL >190 mg/dl 5. Extreme of a single risk factor. 6. Coronary Artery Calcium - CAC >300 AU. 7. Lipoprotein a >= 50mg/dl 8. Non stenotic carotid plaque
Moderate Risk	2 major ASCVD risk factors
Low Risk	0-1 major ASCVD risk factors
Major ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) Risk Factors	
1. Age > or = 45 years in males and > or = 55 years in females	3. Current Cigarette smoking or tobacco use
2. Family history of premature ASCVD	4. High blood pressure
5. Low HDL	

Newer treatment goals and statin initiation thresholds based on the risk categories proposed by LAI in 2020.

Risk Group	Treatment Goals		Consider Drug Therapy	
	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)



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Extreme Risk Group Category A	<50 (Optional goal <OR = 30)	< 80 (Optional goal <OR = 60)	>OR = 50 >OR = 80
Extreme Risk Group Category B	<OR = 30	<OR = 60	> 30 >60
Very High Risk	<50	<80	>OR= 50 >OR= 80
High Risk	<70	<100	>OR= 70 >OR= 100
Moderate Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 100 >OR= 130
Low Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 130* >OR= 160

*After an adequate non-pharmacological intervention for at least 3 months.

References: Management of Dyslipidaemia for the Prevention of Stroke: Clinical Practice Recommendations from the Lipid Association of India. Current Vascular Pharmacology, 2022, 20, 134-155.
LIVER FUNCTION TEST WITH GGT

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD : DIAZO METHOD	0.37	General Range : < 1.1	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD : DIAZO METHOD	0.15	General Range : < 0.3	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.22	0.00 - 0.60	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.6	Ambulatory : 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant : 6 - 7.8	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.6	20-60yrs : 3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN	3.0	2.0 - 4.0 Neonates - Pre Mature: 0.29 - 1.04	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.5	1.00 - 2.00	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	26	Adults : < 40	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD : IFCC WITHOUT PDP	56	Adults : < 45	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD : IFCC	70	Adult(<60yrs) : 40 -130	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	45	Adult (Male) : < 60	U/L
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	7.6	Ambulatory : 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant : 6 - 7.8	g/dL
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	7.0	Adults : 3.4-7	mg/dL



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PATIENT NAME : MR. DEEPU SEBASTIAN EDMOND

PATIENT ID : DEEPM1103884126

ACCESSION NO : 4126WC003747 AGE : 35 Years SEX : Male

ABHA NO :

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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE A
METHOD : GEL CARD METHOD

RH TYPE POSITIVE

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN 14.7 13.0 - 17.0 g/dL
METHOD : NON CYANMETHHEMOGLOBIN

RED BLOOD CELL COUNT 4.87 4.5 - 5.5 mil/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE

WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT 6.07 4.0 - 10.0 thou/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE

PLATELET COUNT 254 150 - 410 thou/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT 43.6 40 - 50 %
METHOD : CALCULATED

MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL 89.4 83 - 101 fL
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE

MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB. 30.3 27.0 - 32.0 pg
METHOD : CALCULATED

MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION 33.8 31.5 - 34.5 g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED

RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH 14.1 12.0 - 18.0 %

MENTZER INDEX 18.4

MEAN PLATELET VOLUME 9.1 6.8 - 10.9 fL
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS 46 40 - 80 %
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY

LYMPHOCYTES 43 High 20 - 40 %
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY

MONOCYTES 8 2 - 10 %
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY

EOSINOPHILS 3 1 - 6 %
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY



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BASOPHILS		0	0 - 2 %
METHOD : IMPEDANCE			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT		2.79	2.0 - 7.0 thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		2.61	1 - 3 thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		0.49	0.20 - 1.00 thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		0.18	0.02 - 0.50 thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT		0.00	0.00 - 0.10 thou/ μ L
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)		1.1	
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD			
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)		07	0 - 14 mm at 1 hr
METHOD : WESTERGREIN METHOD			
SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL			
SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
T3		120.80	80 - 200 ng/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE			
T4		7.98	5.1 - 14.1 μ g/dl
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE			
TSH 3RD GENERATION		1.530	21-50 yrs : 0.4 - 4.2 μ IU/mL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE			



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Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, Free T4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3) Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre (3) Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4 replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2. Guidelines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011.
 NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3, Free T4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4. TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid-binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. and troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR

AMBER

APPEARANCE

CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH

5.0

4.8 - 7.4

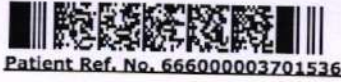


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Page 8 Of 15



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Patient Ref. No. 66600003701536

CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,
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DELHI INDIA
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PANAMPALLY NAGAR, 682036
KERALA, INDIA
Tel : 93334 93334
Email : customercare.ddrc@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : MR. DEEPU SEBASTIAN EDMOND

PATIENT ID : DEEPM1103884126

ACCESSION NO : 4126WC003747 AGE : 35 Years SEX : Male

ABHA NO :

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 11/03/2023 09:34

REPORTED : 11/03/2023 17:04

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Units
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.025	1.015 - 1.030
PROTEIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN		NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
WBC		1-2	0-5 /HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS		1-2	0-5 /HPF
CASTS		NOT DETECTED	
CRYSTALS		NOT DETECTED	
BACTERIA		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
YEAST		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED



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ABHA NO :

DRAWN :

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REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Units
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Interpretation(s)

The following table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in urine

Presence of	Conditions
Proteins	Inflammation or immune illnesses
Pus (White Blood Cells)	Urinary tract infection, urinary tract or kidney stone, tumors or any kind of kidney impairment
Glucose	Diabetes or kidney disease
Ketones	Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA), starvation or thirst
Urobilinogen	Liver disease such as hepatitis or cirrhosis
Blood	Renal or genital disorders/trauma
Bilirubin	Liver disease
Erythrocytes	Urological diseases (e.g. kidney and bladder cancer, urolithiasis), urinary tract infection and glomerular diseases
Leukocytes	Urinary tract infection, glomerulonephritis, interstitial nephritis either acute or chronic, polycystic kidney disease, urolithiasis, contamination by genital secretions
Epithelial cells	Urolithiasis, bladder carcinoma or hydronephrosis, ureteric stents or bladder catheters for prolonged periods of time
Granular Casts	Low intratubular pH, high urine osmolality and sodium concentration, interaction with Bence-Jones protein
Hyaline casts	Physical stress, fever, dehydration, acute congestive heart failure, renal diseases
Calcium oxalate	Metabolic stone disease, primary or secondary hyperoxaluria, intravenous infusion of large doses of vitamin C, the use of vasodilator naftidrofuryl oxalate or the gastrointestinal lipase inhibitor orlistat, ingestion of ethylene glycol or of star fruit (Averrhoa carambola) or its juice
Uric acid	arthritis
Bacteria	Urinary infection when present in significant numbers & with pus cells.
Trichomonas vaginalis	Vaginitis, cervicitis or salpingitis

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN

18

Adult (<60 yrs) : 6 to 20

mg/dL

METHOD : UREASE - UV

SUGAR URINE - FASTING

SUGAR URINE - FASTING

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL

COLOUR

BROWN

CONSISTENCY

WELL FORMED



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Patient Ref. No. 666000003701536

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CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Units
MUCUS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
VISIBLE BLOOD		ABSENT	ABSENT
ADULT PARASITE		NOT DETECTED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, STOOL			
PUS CELLS		0-1	/hpf
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
CYSTS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
OVA		NOT DETECTED	
LARVAE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
TROPHOZOITES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
FAT		ABSENT	
VEGETABLE CELLS		ABSENT	
CHARCOT LEYDEN CRYSTALS		ABSENT	



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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Units
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Interpretation(s)

Stool routine analysis is only a screening test for disorders of gastrointestinal tract like infection, malabsorption, etc. The following table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in stool.

PRESENCE OF	CONDITION
Pus cells	Pus in the stool is an indication of infection
Red Blood cells	Parasitic or bacterial infection or an inflammatory bowel condition such as ulcerative colitis
Parasites	Infection of the digestive system. Stool examination for ova and parasite detects presence of parasitic infestation of gastrointestinal tract. Various forms of parasite that can be detected include cyst, trophozoite and larvae. One negative result does not rule out the possibility of parasitic infestation. Intermittent shedding of parasites warrants examinations of multiple specimens tested on consecutive days. Stool specimens for parasitic examination should be collected before initiation of antidiarrheal therapy or antiparasitic therapy. This test does not detect presence of opportunistic parasites like Cyclospora, Cryptosporidia and Isospora species. Examination of Ova and Parasite has been carried out by direct and concentration techniques.
Mucus	Mucus is a protective layer that lubricates, protects & reduces damage due to bacteria or viruses.
Charcot-Leyden crystal	Parasitic diseases.
Ova & cyst	Ova & cyst indicate parasitic infestation of intestine.
Frank blood	Bleeding in the rectum or colon.
Occult blood	Occult blood indicates upper GI bleeding.
Macrophages	Macrophages in stool are an indication of infection as they are protective cells.
Epithelial cells	Epithelial cells that normally line the body surface and internal organs show up in stool when there is inflammation or infection.
Fat	Increased fat in stool maybe seen in conditions like diarrhoea or malabsorption.
pH	Normal stool pH is slightly acidic to neutral. Breast-fed babies generally have an acidic stool.

ADDITIONAL STOOL TESTS :

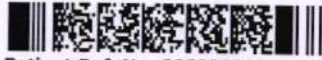
- Stool Culture**:- This test is done to find cause of GI infection, make decision about best treatment for GI infection & to find out if treatment for GI infection worked.
- Fecal Calprotectin**: It is a marker of intestinal inflammation. This test is done to differentiate Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) from Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS).
- Fecal Occult Blood Test (FOBT)**: This test is done to screen for colon cancer & to evaluate possible cause of unexplained anaemia.
- Clostridium Difficile Toxin Assay**: This test is strongly recommended in healthcare associated bloody or watery diarrhoea, due to overuse of broad spectrum antibiotics which alter the normal GI flora.
- Biofire (Film Array) GI PANEL**: In patients of Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Rice watery Stool, FDA approved, Biofire Film Array Test, (Real Time Multiplex PCR) is strongly recommended as it identifies organisms, bacteria, fungi, virus, parasite and other opportunistic pathogens, Vibrio cholera infections only in 3 hours. Sensitivity 96% & Specificity 99%.
- Rota Virus Immunoassay**: This test is recommended in severe gastroenteritis in infants & children associated with watery



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PATIENT NAME : MR. DEEPU SEBASTIAN EDMOND

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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------

diarrhoea, vomiting & abdominal cramps. Adults are also affected. It is highly contagious in nature.

Interpretation(s)

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA- TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), Infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic Index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2. Diagnosing diabetes.
3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

- I. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
- II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).
- III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addition are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
- IV. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in
 - a. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
 - b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
 - c. HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease

Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic



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CIN : U85190MH2006PTC161480

(Refer to "CONDITIONS OF REPORTING" Overleaf)



Patient Ref. No. 66600003701536

 CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL
 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS: TUCADE LIMITED

 MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED
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PATIENT NAME : MR. DEEPU SEBASTIAN EDMOND

PATIENT ID : DEEPM1103884126

ACCESSION NO : 4126WC003747 AGE : 35 Years SEX : Male

ABHA NO :

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 11/03/2023 09:34

REPORTED : 11/03/2023 17:04

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status **Final**

Results

Units

syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A, B, O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer Index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia (>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION**Increase** in: Infections, Vasculitides, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr (62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr (95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia**LIMITATIONS****False elevated ESR** : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs (Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia**False Decreased** : Poikilocytosis, (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)**REFERENCE :**

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACCPress, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

SUGAR URINE - FASTING-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST



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CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------

MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT**ECG WITH REPORT****REPORT**

TEST COMPLETED

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS**REPORT**

TEST COMPLETED

CHEST X-RAY WITH REPORT**REPORT**

TEST COMPLETED

****End Of Report****Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

 ANCY ABRAHAM,
 MSC MICROBIOLOGY
 Senior Microbiologist

 DR.HARI SHANKAR, MBBS MD
 (Reg No - TCMC:62092)
 HEAD - Biochemistry &
 Immunology

 DR.VIJAY K N, MBBS MD(PATH)
 (Reg No - KMC:91816)
 HEAD-HAEMATOLOGY &
 CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

 Dr.ASWATHY VARGHESE,
 MBBS, MD(MICROBIOLOGY)
 (Reg No - TCMC:50839)
 CONSULTANT
 MICROBIOLOGIST


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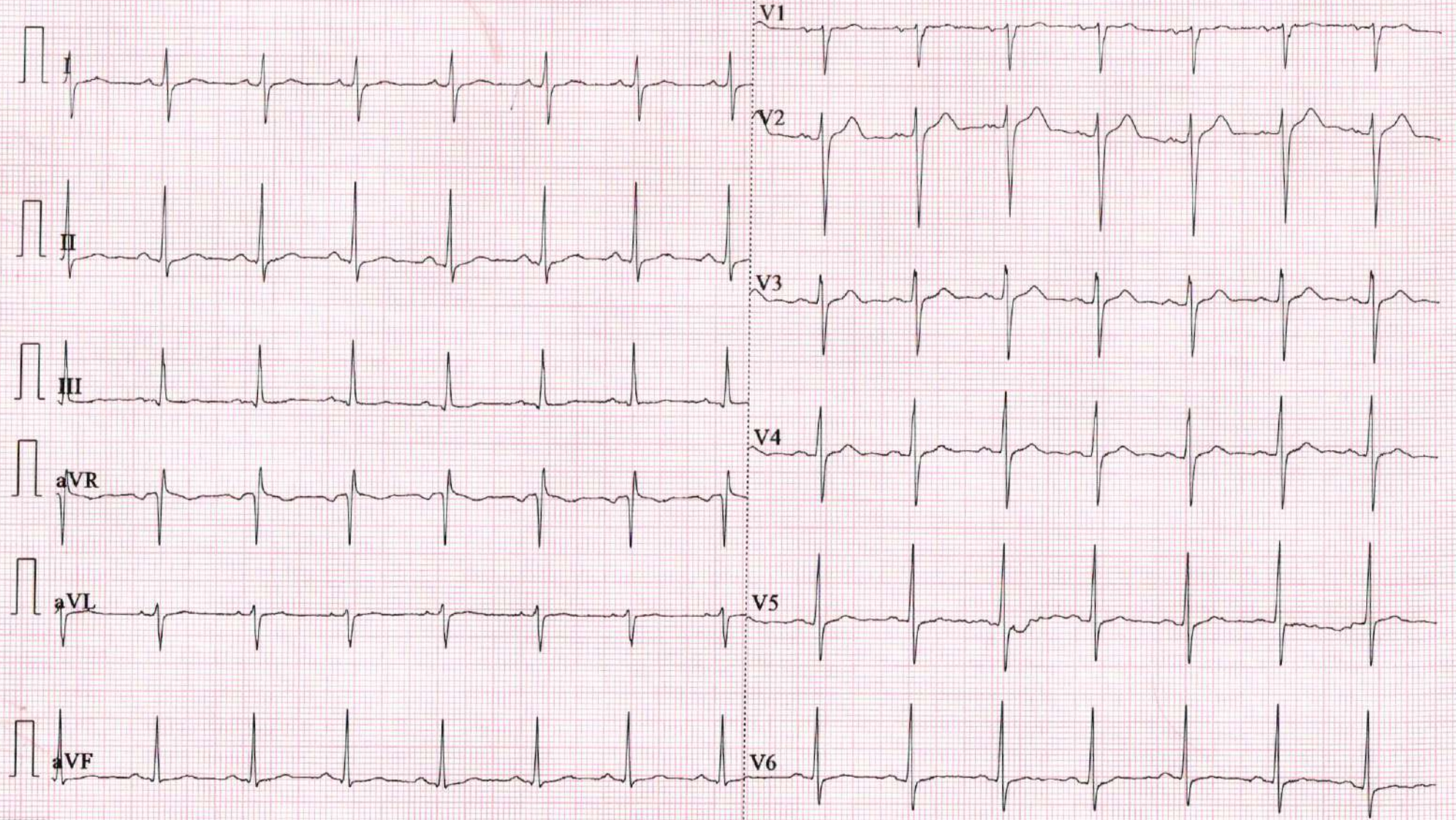
ID: 3747
DEEPU S EDMOND
Male 35Years

11-03-2023 12:18:24 PM
HR : 88 bpm
P : 104 ms
PR : 157 ms
QRS : 91 ms
QT/QTc : 342/415 ms
P/QRS/T : 52/93/47 °
RV5/SV1 : 1.390/0.765 mV

Diagnosis Information:

Within normal limits
Dr. George Thomas MD, FCSI, FIAE
Cardiologist

Technician : ALEENA
Ref-Phys. : MEDIWHEEL
Report Confirmed by:



NAME: MR DEEPU SEBASTIAN EDMOND	STUDY DATE 11/03/2023
AGE / SEX :35 YRS / M	REPORTING DATE :11/03/2023
REFERRED BY : MEDIWHEEL	ACC NO : 4126WC003747

X - RAY - CHEST PA VIEW

- Both the lung fields are clear.
- B/L hila and mediastinal shadows are normal.
- Cardiac silhouette appears normal.
- Cardio - thoracic ratio is normal.
- Bilateral CP angles and domes of diaphragm appear normal.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL STUDY

Kindly correlate clinically

**Dr. NAVNEET KAUR, MBBS,MD**
Consultant Radiologist.

Date...11.03.2023

OPHTHALMOLOGY REPORT

This is to certify that I have examined

Mr / Ms : Deepu Sebastian Edmond.....Aged...35.....and his / her

visual standards is as follows :

Visual Acuity:

For far vision

R: 6/6.....

L: 6/6.....

For near vision

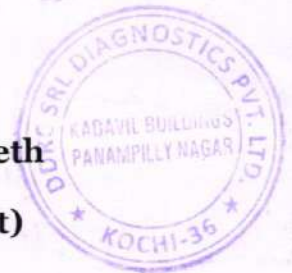
R: N6.....

L: N6.....

Color Vision : Normal.....

.....

Nannu Elizabeth
Nannu Elizabeth
(Optometrist)



NAME	MR DEEPU SEBASTAIN EDMOND	AGE	35 YRS
SEX	MALE	DATE	March 11, 2023
REFERRAL	MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI	ACC NO	4126WC003747

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER	Measures ~ 15.4 cm. Bright echotexture. Smooth margins and no obvious focal lesion within. No IHBR dilatation. Portal vein normal in caliber.
GB	Contracted.
SPLEEN	Measures ~ 9.8 cm, normal to visualized extent. Splenic vein normal.
PANCREAS	Normal to visualized extent. PD is not dilated.
KIDNEYS	RK: 11.2 x 4.1cm, appears normal in size and echotexture LK: 10.6 x 4.7 cm, appears normal in size and echotexture. No focal lesion / calculus within. Maintained corticomedullary differentiation and normal parenchymal thickness. No hydroureteronephrosis.
BLADDER	Normal wall caliber, no internal echoes/calculus within.
PROSTATE	Normal in volume and echopattern.
NODES/FLUID	Nil to visualized extent.
BOWEL	Visualized bowel loops appear normal.
IMPRESSION	↓ Hepatomegaly with grade I/II fatty liver.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Navneet
Dr. NAVNEET KAUR MBBS . MD
 Consultant Radiologist

Thank you for referral. Your feedback will be appreciated.

NOTE: This report is only a professional opinion based on the real time image finding and not a diagnosis by itself. It has to be correlated and interpreted with clinical and other investigation findings.
 Review scan is advised, if this ultrasound opinion and other clinical findings / reports don't correlate.



