



BMI CHART

Date: 22/11/24

Name: Karito Pahi Age: 46 yrs Sex: M/F
 BP: 100/50mmHg Height (cms): 157cm Weight(kgs): 51.8kg BMI: _____

WEIGHT lbs	100	105	110	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215				
kgs	45.5	47.7	50.0	52.3	54.5	56.8	59.1	61.4	63.6	65.9	68.2	70.5	72.7	75.0	77.3	79.5	81.8	84.1	86.4	88.6	90.9	93.2	95.5	97.7				
HEIGHT in/cm	<input type="checkbox"/> Underweight <input type="checkbox"/> Healthy <input type="checkbox"/> Overweight <input type="checkbox"/> Obese <input type="checkbox"/> Extremely Obese																											
5'0" - 152.4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42				
5'1" - 154.9	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
5'2" - 157.4	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
5'3" - 160.0	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39					
5'4" - 162.5	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39					
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38					
5'6" - 167.6	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38					
5'7" - 170.1	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37					
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37					
5'9" - 175.2	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36					
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36					
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35					
6'0" - 182.6	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35					
6'1" - 185.4	13	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34					
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34					
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34					
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33					

Doctors Notes:

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.
Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703
Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220
Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255
For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300
www.fortishealthcare.com |
CIN : U85100MH2005PTC154823
GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL

Fortis Network Hospital

7387696540 (Mon - Sat)

UHID 13103892
Name Mrs Kavita Patil
OPD Dental

Date	22/04/2024	10-5)
Sex	F	Age 46
Health Check Up		

Drug allergy:
Sys illness:

M/H → NH

O/E → stains +, calculus +.

→ Fractured & Dislodged
amalgam restoration 6/

Rx → Adv scaling.

→ Adv RVC 6/

(Signature)

Dr. Nishikant

MDS (Gen)

A-39457



UHID	13103892	Date	22/04/2024		
Name	Mrs Kavita Patil	Sex	F	Age	46
OPD	PAP	Health Check Up			

Dr. Shefali

Drug allergy: → No
Sys illness:

46/F Mrs :: 3 yrs PA do not want to conceive

No Comorbidities.

KMP → Amenorrhoea :: 1 yrs
Menopause :: 1 yrs

No Past major medical / Surgical illness

Pap Smear done in June 2023 → (N)

Father → HTN

Adv

- Sr FSH, Sr Estradiol
- USG A+P
- Flu & reports
- Pap Smear after 2 yrs next in 2026



UHID	13103892	Date	22/04/2024	
Name	Mrs Kavita Patil	Sex	F	Age 46
OPD	Ophthal	Health Check Up		

Chs Vm & low (since childhood)

Drug allergy: → Not known
 Sys illness: → No
 Habit: → No

Hca NO

Unil V → R 6/60, L 6/60 (Blurred)

Ref → R +10.00 / -0.75 x 90° 6/60
 → L +8.00 6/60

Add →

JOP → R → 13.8
 → L → 14.8

(Signature)

PATIENT NAME : MRS.KAVITA ANANT PATIL

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507
 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD003887
PATIENT ID : FH.13103892
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13103892
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female
DRAWN : 22/04/2024 08:34:00
RECEIVED : 22/04/2024 08:34:40
REPORTED : 22/04/2024 13:44:30

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13103892 REQNO-1694238
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150124OPCR021968
 BILLNO-150124OPCR021968

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD : SLS METHOD	10.0 Low	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING	4.14	3.8 - 4.8	mil/ μ L
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD : FLUORESCENCE FLOW CYTOMETRY	8.88	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ μ L
PLATELET COUNT METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION	283	150 - 410	thou/ μ L

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD : CUMULATIVE PULSE HEIGHT DETECTION METHOD	32.4 Low	36.0 - 46.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	78.3 Low	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	24.2 Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	30.9 Low	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	15.1 High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	18.9		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	11.6 High	6.8 - 10.9	fL

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

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 (Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
 Consultant Pathologist



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 Maharashtra, India
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ULR No.22000000916428-0022

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NEUTROPHILS		73	40.0 - 80.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
LYMPHOCYTES		14 Low	20.0 - 40.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
MONOCYTES		6	2.0 - 10.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
EOSINOPHILS		7 High	1 - 6	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
BASOPHILS		0	0 - 2	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT		6.48	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		1.24	1.0 - 3.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		0.53	0.2 - 1.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		0.62 High	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT		0 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)		5.2		
METHOD : CALCULATED				

MORPHOLOGY

RBC MILD HYPOCHROMASIA, MILD MICROCYTOSIS, MILD ANISOCYTOSIS
 METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

WBC NORMAL MORPHOLOGY
 METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PLATELETS ADEQUATE
 METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

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		CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13103892	
		ABHA NO :	

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Interpretation(s)

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.
 WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
 (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504
 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

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HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD

E.S.R **26 High** **0 - 20** **mm at 1 hr**
METHOD : WESTERGRN METHOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C **5.9 High** **Non-diabetic: < 5.7** **%**
Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4
Diabetics: > or = 6.5
Therapeutic goals: < 7.0
Action suggested : > 8.0
(ADA Guideline 2021)
METHOD : HB VARIANT (HPLC)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) **122.6 High** **< 116.0** **mg/dL**
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculitides, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr (62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr (95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs (Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased : Poikilocytosis (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

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REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition;2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin;3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition, GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2. Diagnosing diabetes.
3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :


1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).
3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c) HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

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IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

TYPE O

RH TYPE

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

POSITIVE


Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

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BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.48	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.10	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.38	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	7.1	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING	3.6	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.5	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.0	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT) METHOD : UV WITH P5P	22	15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD : UV WITH P5P	36 High	< 34.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD : PNPP-ANP	73	30 - 120	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYL CARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	34	5 - 55	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUVATE	139	81 - 234	U/L

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

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FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD003887

PATIENT ID : FH.13103892

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13103892

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female

DRAWN : 22/04/2024 08:34:00

RECEIVED : 22/04/2024 08:34:40

REPORTED : 22/04/2024 13:44:30

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13103892 REQNO-1694238
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR021968
BILLNO-150124OPCR021968

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	93	(Normal <100, Impaired fasting glucose: 100 to 125, Diabetes mellitus: >=126 (on more than 1 occasion) (ADA guidelines 2024))		
METHOD : HEXOKINASE				

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	11	6 - 20		mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE - UV				

CREATININE EGFR- EPI

CREATININE	0.70	0.60 - 1.10		mg/dL
METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES				

AGE	47			years
-----	----	--	--	-------

GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (FEMALE)	107.28	Refer Interpretation Below		mL/min/1.73m ²
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				


BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO	15.71 High	5.00 - 15.00		
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID	3.0	2.6 - 6.0		mg/dL
METHOD : URICASE UV				

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Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



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ULR No.22000000916428-0022

PATIENT NAME : MRS.KAVITA ANANT PATIL

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507
 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
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TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

TOTAL PROTEIN	7.1	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
---------------	-----	-----------	------

METHOD : BIURET

ALBUMIN, SERUM

ALBUMIN	3.6	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
---------	-----	-----------	------

METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING

GLOBULIN

GLOBULIN	3.5	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
----------	-----	-----------	------

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM

SODIUM, SERUM	143	136 - 145	mmol/L
---------------	-----	-----------	--------

METHOD : ISE INDIRECT

POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.02	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
------------------	------	-------------	--------

METHOD : ISE INDIRECT

CHLORIDE, SERUM	107	98 - 107	mmol/L
-----------------	-----	----------	--------

METHOD : ISE INDIRECT

Interpretation(s)

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Interpretation(s)

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. **Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in: Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in: Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g. galactosemia), Drugs-insulin, ethanol, propranolol, sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE EGFR- EPI-- Kidney disease outcomes quality initiative (KDOQI) guidelines state that estimation of GFR is the best overall indices of the Kidney function.

- It gives a rough measure of number of functioning nephrons. Reduction in GFR implies progression of underlying disease.

- The GFR is a calculation based on serum creatinine test.

- Creatinine is mainly derived from the metabolism of creatine in muscle, and its generation is proportional to the total muscle mass. As a result, mean creatinine generation is higher in men than in women, in younger than in older individuals, and in blacks than in whites.

- Creatinine is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate.

- When kidney function is compromised, excretion of creatinine decreases with a consequent increase in blood creatinine levels. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

- This equation takes into account several factors that impact creatinine production, including age, gender, and race.

- CKD EPI (Chronic kidney disease epidemiology collaboration) equation performed better than MDRD equation especially when GFR is high (>60 ml/min per 1.73m2).. This formula has less bias and greater accuracy which helps in early diagnosis and also reduces the rate of false positive diagnosis of CKD.

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Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
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References:

National Kidney Foundation (NKF) and the American Society of Nephrology (ASN).
 Estimated GFR Calculated Using the CKD-EPI equation-<https://testguide.labmed.uw.edu/guideline/egfr>
 Ghuman JK, et al. Impact of Removing Race Variable on CKD Classification Using the Creatinine-Based 2021 CKD-EPI Equation. *Kidney Med* 2022, 4:100471. 35756325
 Harrison's Principle of Internal Medicine, 21st ed. pg 62 and 334
 URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis
 TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.
Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma,Waldenstroms disease.
Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
 ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. **Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:** Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.

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BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	278 High	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE			
TRIGLYCERIDES	84	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >=500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY			
HDL CHOLESTEROL	56	< 40 Low >=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE - PEG			
LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	190 High	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >= 190 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT			
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	222 High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	16.8	<= 30.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
CHOL/HDL RATIO	5.0 High	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

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LDL/HDL RATIO	3.4 High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

Interpretation(s)

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CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS**KIDNEY PANEL - 1****PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE**

COLOR PALE YELLOW

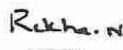
METHOD : PHYSICAL

APPEARANCE SLIGHTLY HAZY

METHOD : VISUAL

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	6.0	4.7 - 7.5
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	>=1.030	1.003 - 1.035
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION)		
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE		
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD		
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE		
BLOOD	DETECTED (++)	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN		
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT		
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRlich REACTION)		
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE		
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY		


Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
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Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
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Microbiologist

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MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	5 - 7	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S) METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	3-5	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	5-7	0-5	/HPF
CASTS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
REMARKS	URINARY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY CENTRIFUGED SEDIMENT		

Interpretation(s)

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SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3

109.8

Non-Pregnant Women ng/dL
 80.0 - 200.0
 Pregnant Women
 1st Trimester: 105.0 - 230.0
 2nd Trimester: 129.0 - 262.0
 3rd Trimester: 135.0 - 262.0

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE

T4

7.06

Non-Pregnant Women µg/dL
 5.10 - 14.10
 Pregnant Women
 1st Trimester: 7.33 - 14.80
 2nd Trimester: 7.93 - 16.10
 3rd Trimester: 6.95 - 15.70

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)

1.160

Non Pregnant Women µIU/mL
 0.27 - 4.20
 Pregnant Women (As per
 American Thyroid Association)
 1st Trimester 0.100 - 2.500
 2nd Trimester 0.200 - 3.000
 3rd Trimester 0.300 - 3.000

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

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 Email : -



ULR No.22000000916428-0022

PATIENT NAME : MRS.KAVITA ANANT PATIL

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507
 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD003915
PATIENT ID : FH.13103892
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13103892
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female
DRAWN : 22/04/2024 11:10:00
RECEIVED : 22/04/2024 11:10:20
REPORTED : 22/04/2024 12:06:18

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13103892 REQNO-1694238
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150124OPCR021968
 BILLNO-150124OPCR021968

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	107	70 - 140	mg/dL
METHOD : HEXOKINASE			

Interpretation(s)

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
 (Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
 Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
 Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
 Navi Mumbai, 400703
 Maharashtra, India
 Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322, Fax :
 CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
 Email : -



ULN No.22000000916456-0022

female

HC

Rate 97 . Sinus rhythm.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99
 . Probable left atrial enlargement.....P >50ms, <-0.10mV V1
 . Probable left ventricular hypertrophy.....multiple LVH criteria

Handwritten notes:
 ST-segment depression
 ST-T is (normal) ST-T
 ST-segment depression

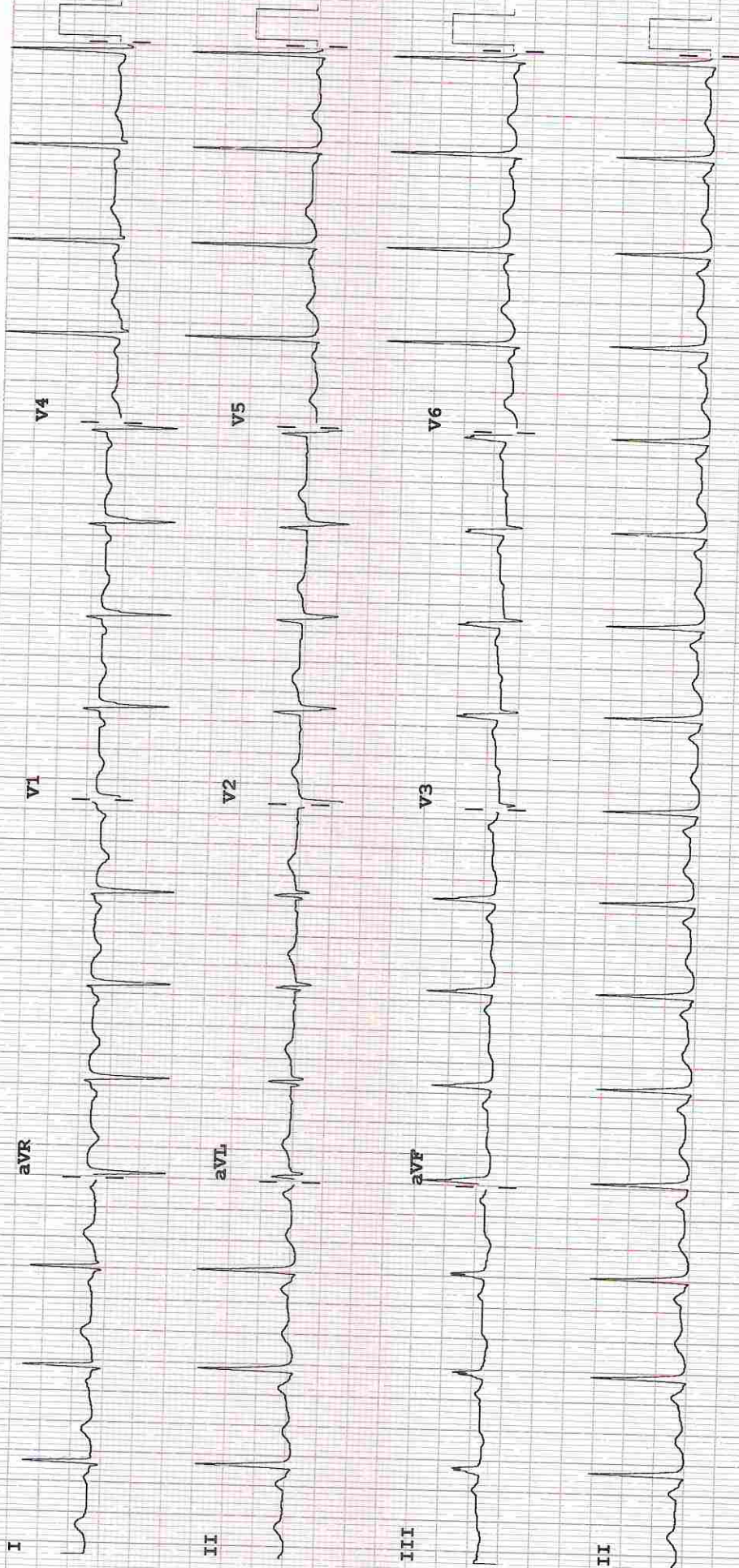
--AXIS--

P 56
 QRS 58
 T 2

12 Lead; Standard Placement

- ABNORMAL ECG -

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



Device:

Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10 mm/mV Chest: 10.0 mm/mV

F 50~ 0.50-100 Hz W

100B CL P?



DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 22/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Kavita Anant Patil

Age | Sex: 47 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 13103892 | 22444/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/46638 | 22-Apr-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Apr-2024 10:39:04

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY TRANSTHORACIC

FINDINGS:

- No left ventricle regional wall motion abnormality at rest.
- Normal left ventricle systolic function. LVEF = 60%.
- Grade I left ventricle diastolic dysfunction. No e/o raised LVEDP.
- Trivial mitral regurgitation.
- No aortic regurgitation. No aortic stenosis.
- Trivial tricuspid regurgitation. No pulmonary hypertension. PASP = 25 mm of Hg.
- Intact IVS and IAS.
- No left ventricle clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.
- Normal right atrium and right ventricle dimension.
- Normal left atrium and left ventricle dimension.
- Normal right ventricle systolic function. No hepatic congestion.
- IVC measures 16 mm with normal inspiratory collapse .

M-MODE MEASUREMENTS:

LA	28	mm
AO Root	18	mm
AO CUSP SEP	15	mm
LVID (s)	25	mm
LVID (d)	43	mm
IVS (d)	10	mm
LVPW (d)	11	mm
RVID (d)	27	mm
RA	31	mm
LVEF	60	%

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG

PAN NO : AABCH5894D



DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 22/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Kavita Anant Patil

Age | Sex: 47 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 13103892 | 22444/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/46638 | 22-Apr-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Apr-2024 10:39:04

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

DOPPLER STUDY:

E WAVE VELOCITY: 0.8 m/sec.

A WAVE VELOCITY: 0.9 m/sec

E/A RATIO: 1.0

	PEAK (mmHg)	MEAN (mmHg)	V max (m/sec)	GRADE OF REGURGITATION
MITRAL VALVE	N			Trivial
AORTIC VALVE	05			Nil
TRICUSPID VALVE	25			Nil
PULMONARY VALVE	2.0			Nil

Final Impression :

- No RWMA.
- Grade I Diastolic Dysfunction .
- Trivial MR , No TR. No PH.
- Normal LV and RV systolic function.

DR. PRASHANT PAWAR
DNB(MED), DNB (CARD)


DR. AMIT SINGH,
MD(MED),DM(CARD)

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PAN NO : AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL

(A Fortis Network Hospital)

(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 22/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Kavita Anant Patil

Age | Sex: 47 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 13103892 | 22444/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/46638 | 22-Apr-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Apr-2024 11:05:37

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Suspicious tiny nodules are seen in the left mid zone at the periphery. *Kindly correlate clinically.*
Rest of the lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

DR. YOGINI SHAH

DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)



Patient Name	: Kavita Anant Patil	Patient ID	: 13103892
Sex / Age	: F / 47Y 2M 19D	Accession No.	: PHC.7962713
Modality	: US	Scan DateTime	: 22-04-2024 11:53:40
IPID No	: 22444/24/1501	ReportDatetime	: 22-04-2024 12:03:45

USG – WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size and echogenicity. No IHBR dilatation. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal in caliber.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection. **CBD** appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 9.6 x 3.4 cm.

Left kidney measures 9.5 x 3.6 cm.

PANCREAS: Head and body of pancreas is visualised and appears normal. Rest of the pancreas is obscured.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical calculi.

UTERUS – post menopausal status, measuring 4.2 x 4.1 x 2.8 cm.

Endometrium measures 3 mm in thickness.

Both adnexae are clear.

No evidence of ascites.

Impression:

- No significant abnormality is detected.

DR. KUNAL NIGAM
M.D. (Radiologist)

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

about:blank

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG

PAN NO : AABCH5894D



DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 22/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Kavita Anant Patil

Age | Sex: 47 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 13103892 | 22444/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/46638 | 22-Apr-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Apr-2024 12:27:40

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF.

US - BOTH BREAST

Findings:

A simple cyst is seen in right breast, measuring 2.3 x 1.4 mm at 10 O' clock position.

A simple cyst is seen in left breast, measuring 2.6 x 1.2 mm at 12 O' clock position.

Rest of the breast parenchyma appears normal.

No dilated ducts are noted.

The fibroglandular architecture is well maintained.

Retromammory soft tissues appear normal.

No evidence of axillary lymphadenopathy.

Impression:

- Simple cysts in both breasts as described.

DR. YOGINI SHAH
DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)