



# EYE EXAMINATION FORM

Name of the Employee: Sithansho kumar

Age: 39 y

Gender: Male

Female

Mobile Number: 9990492791

Date: 25/05/2024

Employee ID: 4292223

Referred by: Arcofemi Health care Utd

medi wheels

Chief Complaints:

	•	Refract	tion Details		0	
	UVA	SPHERE	CYL	AXIS	ADD	CVA
Right	616				olb	616
Left	616		_		NLP	616

Colour Vision:

y - wy

Signature of the Optometrist.







Name : MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

Age / Gender : 39 Years / Male

Ref.By : SELF

Req.No : BIL4292223

TID/SID : UMR1576721/ 27660968

Registered on : 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM

Collected on : 25-May-2024 / 09:29 AM

Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 15:01 PM

TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY				
Compl	Complete Urine Examination (CUE), Urine			
Investigation	Result	Biological Reference Intervals		
Physical Examination				
Colour	Yellow	Straw to Yellow		
Method:Physical				
Appearance	Clear	Clear		
Method:Physical				
Chemical Examination				
Reaction and pH	Acidic (5.0)	4.6-8.0		
Method:Indicator				
Specific gravity	1.013	1.000-1.035		
Method:Refractometry	Nogotivo	Negativa		
Protein  Method Protein France of all indicators	Negative	Negative		
Method:Protein Error of pH indicators	Negative	Negative		
Glucose Method:Glucose oxidase/Peroxidase	rvegative	Negative		
Blood	Negative	Negative		
Method:Peroxidase	rioganio	ga		
Ketones	Negative	Negative		
Method:Sodium Nitroprusside	Ŭ	Ç		
Bilirubin	Negative	Negative		
Method:Diazonium salt				
Leucocytes	Negative	Negative		
Method:Esterase reaction				
Nitrites	Negative	Negative		
Method:Modified Griess reaction				
Urobilinogen	Negative	Up to 1.0 mg/dl		
Method:Diazonium salt		(Negative)		
Microscopic Examination				
Pus cells (leukocytes)	2-3	2 - 3 /hpf		
Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy				
Epithelial cells	1-2	2 - 5 /hpf		
Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy				
RBC (erythrocytes)	Absent	Absent		
Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy				
Casts	Absent	Occasional hyaline casts may be seen		
Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy				







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TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

be seen

Crystals Absent Phosphate, oxalate, or urate crystals may

Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy

Others Nil Nil

Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy

#### Method: Semi Quantitative test ,For CUE

**Reference:** Godka**r** Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods, First South Asia edition. Product kit literature.

#### Interpretation:

The complete urinalysis provides a number of measurements which look for abnormalities in the urine. Abnormal results from this test can be indicative of a number of conditions including kidney disease, urinary tract infecation or elevated levels of substances which the body is trying to remove through the urine. A urinalysis test can help identify potential health problems even when a person is asymptomatic. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

Dr Shruti Reddy Consultant Pathologist Reg No.TSMC/FMR/22656









TO VERIFY THE REPORT ONLINE

Name : 39 Years / Male Age / Gender

: MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

Ref.By : SELF

: BIL4292223 Reg.No

TID/SID :UMR1576721/ 27660579

Registered on: 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM Collected on : 25-May-2024 / 09:03 AM

Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 15:43 PM

Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -**TEST REPORT** 

## **DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOPATHOLOGY**

## **Blood Grouping ABO And Rh Typing, EDTA Whole Blood**

Results Parameter

Blood Grouping (ABO) O

Positive Rh Typing (D)

Method:Hemagglutination Tube Method by Forward & Reverse Grouping

Method: Hemagglutination Tube Method by Forward & Reverse Grouping

Reference: Tulip kit literature

Interpretation: The ABO grouping and Rh typing test determines blood type grouping (A,B, AB, O) and the Rh factor (positive or negative). A person's blood type is based on the presence or absence of certain antigens on the surface of their red blood cells and certain antibodies in the plasma. ABO antigens are poorly expresses at birth, increase gradually in strength and become fully expressed around 1 year of age.

In case of Rh(D) - Du(weak positive) or Weak D positive, the individual must be considered as Rh positive as donor and Rh negative as recipient.

Note: Records of previous blood grouping/Rh typing not available. Please verify before transfusion.

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory. Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

Dr Shruti Reddy **Consultant Pathologist** Reg No.TSMC/FMR/22656





Name
Age / Gender

: MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

: 39 Years / Male

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Reg.No : BIL4292223

TID/SID : UMR1576721/ 27660579

Registered on: 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM Collected on: 25-May-2024 / 09:03 AM

Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 13:32 PM

TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

## **DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOPATHOLOGY**

## Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR), Sodium Citrate Whole Blood

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals
ESR 1st Hour	12	<=10 mm/hour

Method:Westergren/Vesmatic

## Complete Blood Count (CBC), EDTA Whole Blood

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals
Hemoglobin	13.2	13.0-17.0 g/dL
Method:Cyanide Free Lyse Hemoglobin		
PCV/HCT	39.6	40.0-50.0 vol%
Method:Calculated		
Total RBC Count	4.40	4.50-5.50 mill /cu.mm
Method:Electrical Impedance		
MCV	90.0	83.0-101.0 fL
Method:Calculated		
MCH	29.9	27.0-32.0 pg
Method:Calculated		
MCHC	33.2	31.5-34.5 g/dL
Method:Calculated		
RDW (CV)	14.4	11.6-14.0 %
Method:Calculated		
MPV	13.7	7.0-10.0 fL
Method:Calculated	0040	4000 40000 11-7-
Total WBC Count	8040	4000-10000 cells/cumm
Method:Electrical Impedance	1.59	1.50-4.10 lakhs/cumm
Platelet Count	1.59	1:50-4:10 lakiis/cuiiiii
Method:Electrical Impedance  Differential count		
	54.1	40.0-80.0 %
Neutrophils Method:Microscopy	V 11.1	10.0 00.0 /0
Lymphocytes	33.6	20.0-40.0 %
Method:Microscopy		
Eosinophils	4.7	1.0-6.0 %
Monocytes	7.0	2.0-10.0 %
	0.6	< 1.0-2.0 %
Basophils	0.0	< 1.0-∠.0 /o





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Absolute Neutrophil Count Method:Calculated	4350	2000-7000 cells/cumm
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (ALC)	2701	1000-3000 cells/cumm
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC)	378	20-500 cells/cumm
Absolute Monocyte Count Method:Calculated	563	200-1000 cells/cumm
Absolute Basophil Count Method:Calculated	48	20-100 cells/cumm
Neutrophil - Lymphocyte Ratio(NLR)  Method:Calculated	1.61	0.78-3.53

Method: Automated Hematology Cell Counter, Microscopy

**Reference:** Dacie and Lewis Practical Hematology,12th Edition. Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests, Soth Asian Edition.

**Interpretation:** A Complete Blood Picture (CBP) is a screening test which can aid in the diagnosis of a variety of conditions and diseases such as anemia, leukemia, bleeding disorders and infections. This test is also useful in monitoring a person's reaction to treatment when a condition which affects blood cells has been diagnosed. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

**Note:** These results are generated by a fully automated hematology analyzer and the differential count is computed from a total of several thousands of cells. Therefore the differential count appears in decimalised numbers and may not add upto exactly 100. It may fall between 99 and 101.

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

Dr Shruti Reddy Consultant Pathologist Reg No.TSMC/FMR/22656





TO VERIFY THE REPORT ONLINE

:UMR1576721/ 27660580

Name : MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

Age / Gender : 39 Years / Male

Ref.By : SELF

Investigation

Method:Calculated

: BIL4292223 Reg.No

Registered on: 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM Collected on : 25-May-2024 / 09:03 AM Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 14:08 PM

Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -**TEST REPORT** 

TID/SID

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I** Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN), Serum Observed Value Biological Reference Interval 8 6-20 mg/dL Blood Urea Nitrogen.

12.8-42.8 mg/dL 16.8 Urea. Method:Urease/UV

Interpretation: Urea is a waste product formed in the liver when protein is metabolized. Urea is released by the liver into the blood and is carried to the kidneys, where it is filtered out of the blood and released into the urine. Since this is a continuous process, there is usually a small but stable amount of urea nitrogen in the blood. However, when the kidneys cannot filter wastes out of the blood due to disease or damage, then the level of urea in the blood will rise. The blood urea nitrogen (BUN) evaluates kidney function in a wide range of circumstances, to diagnose kidney disease, and to monitor people with acute or chronic kidney dysfunction or failure. It also may be used to evaluate a person's general health status as well.

Reference: Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics

### Creatinine, Serum

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval	
Creatinine.	0.68	0.70-1.20 mg/dL	
Method:Alkaline Picrate			
Note	Kindly correlate clinically		

#### Interpretation:

Creatinine is a nitrogenous waste product produced by muscles from creatine. Creatinine is majorly filtered from the blood by the kidneys and released into the urine, so serum creatinine levels are usually a good indicator of kidney function. Serum creatinine is more specific and more sensitive indicator of renal function as compared to BUN because it is produced from muscle at a constant rate and its level in blood is not affected by protein catabolism or other exogenous products. It is also not reabsorbed and very little is secreted by tubules making it a reliable marker. Serum creatinine levels are increased in pre renal, renal and post renal azotemia, active acromegaly and gigantism. Decreased serum creatinine levels are seen in pregnancy and increasing age.

## Run/Creatinine Ratio Serum

	Duil/Oreatifilite fit	illo, Seruili	
Investigation	Observed Val	ne	
BUN/Creatinine Ratio Method:Calculated	12	10-20	





:UMR1576721/ 27660580

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Reg.No : BIL4292223

Collected on : 25-May-2024 / 09:03 AM Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 14:08 PM

Registered on: 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM

TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

TID/SID

### Interpretation:

The BUN/Creatinine ratio blood test is used to diagnose acute or chronic renal disease. BUN (blood urea nitrogen) and creatinine are both filtered in the kidneys and excreted in urine. The two together are used to measure overall kidney function

- 1. Increased ratio (>20) with normal creatinine occurs in the following conditions:
- a) Increased BUN (prerenal azotemia), heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration
- b) Catabolic states with tissue breakdown
- c) GI hemorrhage
- d) Impaired renal function plus excess protein intake, production, or tissue breakdown
- 2. Increased ratio (>20) with elevated creatinine occurs in the following conditions:
- a) Obstruction of urinary tract
- b) Prerenal azotemia with renal disease
- 3. Decreased ratio (<10) with decreased BUN occurs in the following conditions:
- a) Acute tubular necrosis
- b) Decreased urea synthesis as in severe liver disease or starvation
- c) Repeated dialysis
- d) SIADH
- e) Pregnancy
- 4. Decreased ratio (<10) with increased creatinine occurs in the following conditions:
- a) Phenacemide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine)
- b) Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine)
- c) Muscular patients who develop renal failure

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---







Name : MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

Age / Gender : 39 Years / Male Ref.By : SELF

Req.No : BIL4292223

TID/SID : UMR1576721/ 27660581-F Registered on : 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM Collected on : 25-May-2024 / 09:03 AM Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 13:54 PM

TEST REPORT

Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

# Glucose Fasting (FBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma

Glucose Fasting (FBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma		
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glucose Fasting Method:Hexokinase	90	Normal: <100 mg/dL Impaired FG: 100-125 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >/=126 mg/dL

**Interpretation:** It measures the Glucose levels in the blood with a prior fasting of 9-12 hours. The test helps screen a symptomatic/ asymptomatic person who is at risk for Diabetes. It is also used for regular monitoring of glucose levels in people with Diabetes.

Reference: American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---









:UMR1576721/ 27660581-P

Name : MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

Age / Gender : 39 Years / Male

Ref.By : SELF

Req.No : BIL4292223

Collected on : 25-May-2024 / 12:13 PM Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 15:19 PM

Registered on: 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM

TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

TID/SID

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

## Glucose Post Prandial (PPBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma

Giucose Post Platidiai (PPD3), Sodidili Pluolide Plasilia			
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval	
Glucose Post Prandial Method:Hexokinase	125	Normal : <140 mg/dL Impaired PG: 140-199 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >/=200 mg/dL	

**Interpretation:** This test measures the blood sugar levels 2 hours after a normal meal. Abnormally high blood sugars 2 hours after a meal reflect that the body is not producing sufficient insulin which is indicative of Diabetes.

Reference: American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---







TID/SID



PLEASE SCAN QR CODE TO VERIFY THE REPORT ONLINE

:UMR1576721/ 27660579

Name : MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

Age / Gender : 39 Years / Male

Ref.By : SELF

Reg.No : BIL4292223

Registered on: 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM Collected on: 25-May-2024 / 09:03 AM Reported on: 25-May-2024 / 12:51 PM

Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

**TEST REPORT** 

## Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1C), EDTA Whole Blood

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Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) Method:High-Performance Liquid Chromatography	4.8	Non-diabetic: <= 5.6 % Pre-diabetic: 5.7 - 6.4 % Diabetic: >= 6.5 %
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)  Method:Calculated	91	mg/dL

#### Interpretation:

It is an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and a measure of the risk for developing microvascular complications in patients with diabetes. Absolute risks of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean HbA1c concentration. In persons without diabetes, HbA1c is directly related to risk of cardiovascular disease.

- 1) Low glycated haemoglobin (below 4%) in a non-diabetic individual are often associated with systemic inflammatory diseases, chronic anaemia (especially severe iron deficiency & haemolytic), chronic renal failure and liver diseases. Clinical correlation suggested.
- 2) Interference of Hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimatiion:
- A. For HbF > 25%, an alternate platform (Fructosamine) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
- B. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy is detected, fructosamine is recommended for monitoring diabetic status
- C. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS and HbC trait).
- 3) In known diabetic patients, HbA1c can be considered as a tool for monitoring the glycemic control.

Excellent Control - 6 to 7 %,

Fair to Good Control - 7 to 8 %,

Unsatisfactory Control - 8 to 10 %

and Poor Control - More than 10 %.

Reference: American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022.

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory,

Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---





:UMR1576721/ 27660580

Name : MR.SITANSHU KUMAR

Age / Gender : 39 Years / Male

Ref.By : SELF

Req.No : BIL4292223

Collected on : 25-May-2024 / 09:03 AM Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 14:08 PM

Registered on: 25-May-2024 / 09:00 AM

TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

TID/SID

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

## Lipid Profile, Serum

	Lipia i follic, octui	11
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Total Cholesterol Method:Cholesterol Oxidase	125	Desirable: <200 mg/dL Borderline: 200-239 mg/dL High: >/=240 mg/dL
HDL Cholesterol Method:Direct Measurement	57	Low: <40 mg/dL High: >/=60 mg/dL
VLDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	13.60	6.0-38.0 mg/dL
LDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	54.4	Optimum: <100 mg/dL Near/above optimum: 100-129 mg/dL Borderline: 130-159 mg/dL High: 160-189 mg/dL Very high: >/=190 mg/dL
Triglycerides Method:Glycerol LPL/GK	68	Normal:<150 mg/dL Borderline: 150-199 mg/dL High: 200-499 mg/dL Very high: >/=500 mg/dL
Chol/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	2.19	Low Risk: 3.3-4.4 Average Risk: 4.5-7.1 Moderate Risk: 7.2-11.0
LDL Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	0.95	Desirable: 0.5-3.0 Borderline Risk: 3.0-6.0 High Risk: >6.0

Interpretation: Lipids are fats and fat-like substances which are important constituents of cells and are rich sources of energy. A lipid profile typically includes total cholesterol, high density lipoproteins (HDL), low density lipoprotein (LDL), chylomicrons, triglycerides, very low density lipoproteins (VLDL), Cholesterol/HDL ratio .The lipid profile is used to assess the risk of developing a heart disease and to monitor its treatment. The results of the lipid profile are evaluated along with other known risk factors associated with heart disease to plan and monitor treatment. Treatment options require clinical correlation.

**Reference:** Third Report of the National Cholesterol Education program (NCEP) Expert Panel on Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Cholesterol in Adults (Adult Treatment Panel III), JAMA 2001.

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---





:UMR1576721/ 27660580

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TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

TID/SID

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

## Liver Function Test (LFT), Serum

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Total Bilirubin. Method:Diazo method	0.42	<1.2 mg/dL
Direct Bilirubin. Method:Diazo method	0.23	<0.30 mg/dL
Indirect Bilirubin. Method:Calculated	0.19	<0.9 mg/dL
Alanine Aminotransferase ,(ALT/SGPT) Method:UV wtihout P5P	18	<45 U/L
Aspartate Aminotransferase,(AST/SGOT) Method:UV wtihout P5P	18	<35 U/L
ALP (Alkaline Phosphatase).  Method:PNPP-AMP Buffer	123	40-129 U/L
Gamma GT.  Method:Gamma-Glutamyl - 3 - Carbossi - 4 - Nitroanilide (GCNA)	23	10-71 U/L
Total Protein. Method:Biuret	7.5	6.6-8.7 g/dL
Albumin. Method:Bromocresol Green (BCG)	4.4	3.5-5.2 g/dL
Globulin. Method:Calculated	3.1	1.8-3.8 g/dL
A/GRatio.  Method:Calculated	1.42	0.8-2.0

**Interpretation:** Liver functions tests help to identify liver disease, its severity, and its type. Generally these tests are performed in combination, are abnormal in liver disease, and the pattern of abnormality is indicative of the nature of liver disease. An isolated abnormality of a single liver function test usually means a non-hepatic cause. If several liver function tests are simultaneously abnormal, then hepatic etiology is likely.

--- End Of Report ---

<sup>\*</sup> Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad





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TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

TID/SID

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

## Thyroid Profile (T3,T4,TSH), Serum

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval	
Triiodothyronine Total (T3) Method:ECLIA	1.45	0.80-2.00 ng/mL	
Thyroxine Total (T4) Method:ECLIA	10.5	5.1-14.1 μg/dL	
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH)  Method:ECLIA	2.04	0.27-4.20 μIU/mL	

#### Interpretation:

A thyroid profile is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism due to various thyroid disorders. T4 and T3 are hormones produced by the thyroid gland. They help control the rate at which the body uses energy, and are regulated by a feedback system. TSH from the pituitary gland stimulates the production and release of T4 (primarily) and T3 by the thyroid. Most of the T4 and T3 circulate in the blood bound to protein. A small percentage is free (not bound) and is the biologically active form of the hormones.

Reference: Tietz textbook of Clinial Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, Nader Rifia, Andrea Ritas Horvath, Carl T. Wittwer.

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---







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Reported on : 25-May-2024 / 14:08 PM

TEST REPORT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I  Uric Acid, Serum				
Uric Acid. Method:Uricase	6.1	3.4-7.0 mg/dL		

#### Interpretation

It is the major product of purine catabolism. Hyperuricemia can result due to increased formation or decreased excretion of uric acid which can be due to several causes like metabolic disorders, psoriasis, tissue hypoxia, preeclampsia, alcohol, lead poisoning, acute or chronic kidney disease, etc. Hypouricemia may be seen in severe hepato cellular disease and defective renal tubular reabsorption of uric acid.

\* Sample processed at National Referral Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---







PLEASE SCAN OR CODE

Name : Mr. SITANSHU KUMAR TID : UMR1576721

Age/Gender : 39 Years/Male Registered On : 25-May-2024 09:00 AM

Ref By : Self Reported On : 25-May-2024 03:11 PM

Reg.No : BIL4292223 Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd

- Medi Whe

# DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY X-Ray Chest PA View

Lung fields appear normal.

Cardiac size is within normal limits.

Aorta and pulmonary vasculature is normal.

Bilateral domes of diaphragm and costophrenic angles are normal.

Visualised bones and soft tissues appear normal.

## **IMPRESSION:**

\* Normal study.

Suggested clinical correlation and follow up.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

Dr Nikesh Kumar Consultant Radiologist



SITANSHU KUMAR 39Y/M 4292223 CHEST PA 25-05-2024 TENET DIAGNOSTICS KOTHAPET.