



CLIENT CODE: C000138381 **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:**

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

DELHI INDIA 8800465156

SRL Wellness Centre, SCO. 13, Sector 16 Market, Faridabad

FARIDABAD, 121001 Haryana, INDIA Tel: 9111591115, Fax:

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

PATIENT NAME: GAURAV PANTHRI PATIENT ID: GAURM31039227

ACCESSION NO: 0071VF000315 AGE: 30 Years SEX: Male

RECEIVED: 11/06/2022 09:21 13/06/2022 12:06 DRAWN: REPORTED:

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID:

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval Units** <u>Final</u>

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				
HEMOGLOBIN	15.0		13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	4.90		4.5 - 5.5	mil/μL
METHOD: IMPEDANCE				
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	6.80		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				
PLATELET COUNT	245		150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES				
HEMATOCRIT	44.6		40 - 50	%
METHOD : CALCULATED				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	91.0		83 - 101	fL
METHOD: DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.	30.6		27.0 - 32.0	20
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	30.6		27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	33.6		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
CONCENTRATION	33.0		31.3 31.3	9/ 42
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MENTZER INDEX	18.6			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	12.1		11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE				_
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	11.1	High	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE				
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR			4000	0.4
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	50		40 - 80	%
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	3.42		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED	5.42		2.0 - 7.0	tilou/µL
LYMPHOCYTES	42	Hiah	20 - 40	%
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	72		20 10	70
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.83		1 - 3	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED				/ [-
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.2			
METHOD : CALCULATED				



EOSINOPHILS

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%

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METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTC		0.45		0.00 0.50	
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHI		0.15		0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTO	DMETRY, CALCULATED	_			
MONOCYTES		6		2 - 10	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTO					
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE		0.39		0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTO	OMETRY, CALCULATED				
BASOPHILS		0		0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE					
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL	COUNT	0.01	Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTO	DMETRY, CALCULATED				
ERYTHRO SEDIMENT	TATION RATE, BLOOD				
SEDIMENTATION RATE	E (ESR)	8		0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : AUTOMATED (PH	OTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOP	PED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS	5)		
GLUCOSE, FASTING,	PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, FASTING, P	PLASMA	91		74 - 99	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, HEXOKINASE				
GLYCOSYLATED HEM	OGLOBIN, EDTA WHO	LE BLOOD			
GLYCOSYLATED HEMO	GLOBIN (HBA1C)	5.7		Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%
METHOD : CAPILLARY ELEC	TROPHORESIS				
MEAN PLASMA GLUCO	SE	116.9	High	< 116	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAI	RAMETER				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRA	ANDIAL, PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRAN	IDIAL, PLASMA	114		Normal: 70 -139 Pre-Diabetic: 140 -199 Diabetic: > or = 200	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, HEXOKINASE				
CORONARY RISK PR	OFILE (LIPID PROFILI	E), SERUM.			
CHOLESTEROL		185		Desirable cholesterol	mg/dL

level : < 200 Borderline high

cholesterol: 200 - 239 High cholesterol : > or = 240









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TRIGLYCERIDES METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, GPO-POD METHOD	141		Normal: < 150 Borderline high : 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High : > /= 500	mg/dL	
HDL CHOLESTEROL	34	Low	Low HDL cholesterol	mg/dL	
TIDE CHOLESTEROE	34	LOW	< 40 High HDL cholesterol > or = 60	mg/uc	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, HOMOGENEOUS DIRECT ENZ	YMATIC COLORIMETRIC				
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL	138.00	High	Adult Optimal: < 100 Near Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline High: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: > or = 190	mg/dL	
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ELIMINATION / CATALASE					
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	151	High	Desirable: < 130 Above Desirable: 130 -159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			, 3		
CHOL/HDL RATIO	5.4	High	Low Risk: 3.3 - 4.4 Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.0 Moderate Risk: 7.1 - 11.0 High Risk: > 11.0		
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
LDL/HDL RATIO	4.1	High	Desirable/Low Risk: 0.5 - 3.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk: 3.1 - 6.0 High Risk: > 6.0		
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	28.2		< or = 30	mg/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM					
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, VANADATE OXIDATION	0.6		0.2 - 1.2	mg/dL	
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, VANADATE OXIDATION	0.2		0.01 - 0.30	mg/dL	
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.40		0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.7		5.7 - 8.2	g/dL	





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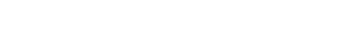
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, BIURET					
ALBUMIN	,	4.9	High	3.2 - 4.8	g/dL	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, BROMOCRESOL GREEN(BC	CG) - DYE BINDING			3,	
GLOBULIN		2.8		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PAI	RAMETER					
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN R	ATIO	1.8		1.0 - 2.1	RATIO	
METHOD : CALCULATED PAI	RAMETER					
ASPARTATE AMINOTRA	ANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	44	High	< 34.0	U/L	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY,MODIFIED IFCC					
ALANINE AMINOTRANS	SFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	81	High	10 - 49	U/L	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY,MODIFIED IFCC					
ALKALINE PHOSPHATA	SE	70		30 - 120	U/L	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, IFCC STANDARDIZATION					
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TR	ANSFERASE (GGT)	49		< 73.0	U/L	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY,MODIFIED IFCC					
LACTATE DEHYDROGE	NASE	159		120 - 446	U/L	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, LACTATE TO PYRUVATE /	NICOTINAMIDE ADENINE DIN	UCLEOTIDE (NA	D).		
SERUM BLOOD UREA	NITROGEN					
BLOOD UREA NITROGE	ΞN	8.4		6 - 20	mg/dL	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, UREASE WITH GLDH					
CREATININE, SERUM	1					
CREATININE		0.90		0.90 - 1.30	mg/dL	
METHOD : JAFFE, ALKALINE	PICRATE, KINETIC WITH BLANK	RATE CORRECTION				
BUN/CREAT RATIO						
BUN/CREAT RATIO		9.33	Low	10 - 20		
METHOD : CALCULATED PAI	RAMETER					
URIC ACID, SERUM						
URIC ACID		8.0		3.7 - 9.2	mg/dL	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, URICASE/PEROXIDASE				-	
TOTAL PROTEIN, SE	RUM					
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.7		5.7 - 8.2	g/dL	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, BIURET				5.	
ALBUMIN, SERUM						
ALBUMIN		4.9	High	3.2 - 4.8	g/dL	
	METRY, BROMOCRESOL GREEN(BC		-		<i>3,</i> -	
GLOBULIN	`					
GLOBULIN		2.8		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PAI	RAMETER	-		· · · -	3/ ~-	



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ELECTROLYTES (NA/	(K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM	DATED MULTICENCOD TECHNOLOGY (TA	139	136 - 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM	RATED MULTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY (IN	4.3	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/I
	RATED MULTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY (IN		3.3 - 3.1	mmol/L
CHLORIDE	TOTAL TOTAL SON TECHNOLOGY (I	105	98 - 107	mmol/L
PHYSICAL EXAMINA	TION, URINE			
COLOR	,	PALE YELLOW		
APPEARANCE		CLEAR		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.025	1.003 - 1.035	
0. 201. 10 0.0		1.010	1.000	
Comments				
	AMINATION OF URINE IS PERFORM	IED ON CENTRIFUGED		
URINARY SEDIMENT. IN NORMAL URINE SAMPL	ES CAST AND CRYSTALS ARE NOT	F DETECTED.		
CHEMICAL EXAMINA	TION, URINE			
PH		6.0	4.7 - 7.5	
PROTEIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
GLUCOSE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
KETONES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BLOOD		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BILIRUBIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
UROBILINOGEN		NORMAL	NORMAL	
NITRITE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAM	IINATION, URINE			
PUS CELL (WBC'S)		0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS		0-1	0-5	/HPF
ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S	S)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
CASTS		NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS		NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: DIP STICK/MICRO SCOPY/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
THYROID PANEL, SE	RUM			
T3		108.4	60 - 181	ng/dL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESC	CENCE			
T4		6.00	4.50 - 10.90	μg/dL



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METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE

TSH 3RD GENERATION 2.368 0.550 - 4.780 μIU/mL

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE STOOL: OVA & PARASITE

REMARK SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP AB

METHOD: HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE

RH TYPE RH+

METHOD: HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE

XRAY-CHEST

»» BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR

»» BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR

»» BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL

»» CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL»» BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL

»» VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL

IMPRESSION NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO REPORT ENCLOSED

ECG

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT PAST HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY MARRIED, 1 CHILDERNS./NON VEGETERIAN

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY FATHER- HTN/DM MOTHER- CANCER

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY B.COM

HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.76 mts WEIGHT IN KGS. 82 Kgs





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BMI 26 BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE **NORMAL** PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS **HEALTHY BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE** FACIAL APPEARANCE NORMAL SKIN **NORMAL** UPPER LIMB **NORMAL** LOWER LIMB NORMAL **NECK** NORMAL

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

THYROID GLAND NOT ENLARGED

CAROTID PULSATION NORMAL TEMPERATURE NORMAL

PULSE 83 MIN/REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT

RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP 137/88 MM HG mm/Hg

(SITTING) NORMAL

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT NORMAL

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

MURMURS ABSENT

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST

MOVEMENTS OF CHEST

BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL









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VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT

LIVER NOT PALPABLE
SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE
HERNIA NORMAL

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL
CRANIAL NERVES NORMAL
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS NORMAL
SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL
MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL
REFLEXES NORMAL

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL JOINTS NORMAL

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

CONJUNCTIVA **NORMAL EYELIDS NORMAL** EYE MOVEMENTS **NORMAL CORNEA NORMAL** DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES 6/24 DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES 6/9 DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/6. DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/6.

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL NORMAL TYMPANIC MEMBRANE NORMAL

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES CLEAR

THROAT NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS









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NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS NONE

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS FIT (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

Comments

OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

GENERAL PHYSICIAN - DR. MUKUL GOSWAMI CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST - DR. D.R. CHUGH CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST: DR. SANDEEP KUMAR

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATION AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOODThe cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLRThe optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to

show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope. ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

- Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition
 Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
 The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows:

Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of









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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

PATIENT NAME: GAURAV PANTHRI PATIENT ID: GAURM31039227

0071VF000315 30 Years ACCESSION NO: AGE: SEX: Male

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testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations.'

References

- 1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006,
- 2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.
 3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184. GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5 minutes.

CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM-

Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk.It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely. HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease.

Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE quidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary

Recommendations:

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult. LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic

hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to:



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Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulone phritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-

Causes of Increased levels

Pre renal

• High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal

• Renal Failure Post Renal

• Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels

- · Liver disease
- SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-

Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- · Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:
• Myasthenia Gravis

- Muscular dystrophy URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels

- Dietary
 High Protein Intake.
- Prolonged Fasting,
- Rapid weight loss Gout

Lesch nyhan syndrome.

Type 2 DM.

Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels

- Low Zinc IntakeOCP's
- Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels

- Drink plenty of fluidsLimit animal proteins
- High Fibre foodsVit C Intake
- Antioxidant rich foods

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUMSerum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc. ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-

Sodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism, liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion. Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfuction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting,



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THYROID PANEL, SERUM-

Triiodothyronine T3 , is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated

concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

Levels in TOTAL T4 TSH3G TOTAL T3

Pregnancy First Trimester (µg/dL) (µIU/mL) (ng/dL) 81 - 190 100 - 260 100 - 260 6.6 - 12.4 0.1 - 2.5 0.2 - 3.0 2nd Trimester 6.6 - 15.5 0.3 - 3.0 3rd Trimester 6.6 - 15.5 Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T3 and T4.

Ť4 (μg/dL) 1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9 1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9 (ng/dL) New Born: 75 - 260

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well

documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.

Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

Reference:

- 1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition. 2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
- 3. Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE-

Acute infective diarrhoea and gastroenteritis (diarrhoea with vomiting) are major causes of ill health and premature death in developing countries. Loss of water and electrolytes from the body can lead to severe dehydration which if untreated, can be rapidly fatal in young children, especially that are malnourished, hypoglycaemic, and generally in poor health.

Laboratory diagnosis of parasitic infection is mainly based on microscopic examination and the gross examination of the stool specimen. Depending on the nature of the parasite, the microscopic observations include the identification of cysts, ova, trophozoites, larvae or portions of adult structure. The two classes of parasites that cause human infection are the Protozoa and Helminths. The protozoan infections include amoebiasis mainly caused by Entamoeba histolytica and giardiasis caused by Giardia lamblia. The common helminthic parasites are Trichuris trichiura, Ascaris lumbricoides, Strongyloides stercoralis, Taenia sp. etc ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.
Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

- Fit (As per requested panel of tests) SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the
- specific test panel requested for.
 Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's
- Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly





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elevated blood sugars, etc.





[•] Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.





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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN
ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN
REPORT ENCLOSED

End Of Report
Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Arpita Roy, MD
Section Head-Hematology

Dr. Mamta Kumari, MBBS,MD Consultant Microbiologist Dr. Chandan Hazarika Microbiologist

Dr.Geeta Pathologist

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- 2. All Tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of services (DOS).
- 3. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
- a. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - b. Incorrect specimen type
- c. Request for testing is withdrawn by the ordering doctor or patient
- d. There is a discrepancy between the label on the specimen container and the name on the test requisition form

- 5. The results of a laboratory test are dependent on the quality of the sample as well as the assay technology.
- 6. Result delays could be because of uncontrolled circumstances. e.g. assay run failure.
- 7. Tests parameters marked by asterisks are excluded from the "scope" of NABL accredited tests. (If laboratory is accredited).
- 8. Laboratory results should be correlated with clinical information to determine Final diagnosis.
- 9. Test results are not valid for Medico- legal purposes.
 10. In case of queries or unexpected test results please call at SRL customer care (Toll free: 1800-222-000). Post proper investigation repeat analysis may be carried out.

SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062





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