

BMI CHART

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10 - A. Vashi

Sector 10 - A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703. Tel.: +91-22-3919 9222

Fax: +91-22-3919 9220/21 Email: vashi@vashihospital.con

Date: <u>69 | 04</u> 2

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Name:	n j	Za	hy	1	140	m	or	D	es	ιηĀ		_ Ag	ge:	33	yrs			Sex	:: M /	F		×		
BP: 130/80																			96 7				1	<u>.</u>
WEIGHT Ibs	10	0 10	5 10	0 115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	400	405	400			1 12/2/20		
kgs	45.	5 47		50 52.3							10,000					79.5	81.8	84 1	190	195 88.6			210 95.5	215
HEIGHT in/cm			derw				He		,		-		rweig				Obe			00.0				
5'0" - 152.4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		30	31	32	33	24	100000		100				ly Obe	
5'1" - 154.9	18	_3		21			-	110	101		28	29	30	31	32	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
. 5'2" - 157.4	18			21					181	26	27	28	29	30	31	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	39	40
5'3" - 160.0	17	Child .		20					191	1	26	27	28	29	30	31	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5'4" - 162.5	17	18	-	19	-	-	1		24	11	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18		_	20			23	_		25		27	28	29			32	33	34	35	36	37
5'6" - 167.6	16	17	17		1	100			22		: 31	164	25	26	27	28	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35
5'7" - 170.1	15	16	17	18 -	-	-	A		22			701	141		26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	34
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18		-		21		5000				25	26		29	29	30	31	32	33	33
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17	17				20	-			23			-	27	28	28	29	30	31	32	32
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	17	18	-		20	The same of		_	23				26	27	28	28	29	30		31
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	-	19				22				25	26	27	28	28	29		30
6'0" - 182.8	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	19				21					25	26		28			30
6'1" - 185.4	13	13	14	15	15	16	17	17	18				21						25	-	27	27		29
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16	16	17	18				20								26			28
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18										24				27
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	15	16	17	17	18									23				26
		-							النتا		10	10	13	20	20	212	22	22	23	23	24	25	25	26
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Signature

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com |

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D

UHID	12283960	Date	09/02/20	023	
Name	Mr.Rahul Kumar Das	Sex	Male	Age	33
OPD	Opthal 14	Healt	h Check I	Jр	

Cls, No

MG NO

Drug allergy: -> Not know .

Sys illness: -> No.

J-1/1 Sq. 6/6.

7 Ro. Plum. 6/6.

M. L. Mue 6/6.

WV.

JOP 886. 15.0.
3 loc. 17:2

All Mul

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UHID	12283960	Date	09/02/20	023	
Name	Mr.Rahul Kumar Das	Sex	Male	Age	33
OPD	Dental 12	Healt	h Check I	Jр	-

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

Caries -







FH.12283960

CLIENT CODE: C000045507

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS: FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA

Cert. No. MC-2275

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 1 NAVI MUMBAI, 400703

MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email : -

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years ACCESSION NO:

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

09/02/2023 13:29:23 REPORTED:

PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12283960

DRAWN: 09/02/2023 09:04:00

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 09:04:30

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>			
KIDNEY PANEL - 1			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			mg/dL
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	13	6 - 20	mg/uL
METHOD: UREASE - UV			
CREATININE EGFR- EPI		A (1998) - Vis. 2021	mg/dL
	0.95	0.90 - 1.30	mg/aL
CREATININE METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES			years
AGE	33	Lin Polow	mL/min/1
GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (MALE)	108.39	Refer Interpretation Below	THE THING I
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
BUN/CREAT RATIO		5.00 15.00	
BUN/CREAT RATIO	13.68	5.00 - 15.00	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
URIC ACID, SERUM		3.5 - 7.2	mg/dL
URIC ACID	5.8	3.5 - 7.2	
METHOD: URICASE UV			
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM		6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.5	0.4 - 0.2	O Constitution
METHOD : BIURET			
ALBUMIN, SERUM	1000	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
ALBUMIN	3.8	5.4 5.0	
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING			
GLOBULIN	2.7	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
GLOBULIN	3.7		
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM	140	136 - 145	mmol/L
SODIUM, SERUM	140		
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	4.60	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM	7.00		
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT			











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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Test Report Status Final	Results	Biological Referen	ce Interval Units
CHLORIDE, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	103	98 - 107	mmol/L

Interpretation(s)

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR

PALE YELLOW

METHOD : PHYSICAL

APPEARANCE

CLEAR

METHOD : VISUAL

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

6.0

4.7 - 7.5

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD

1.003 - 1.035

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

>=1.030

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION) NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE

PROTEIN

GLUCOSE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

KETONES

NOT DETECTED

BLOOD

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE NOT DETECTED METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

BILIRUBIN

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT

NORMAL

UROBILINOGEN

NORMAL

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRLICH REACTION)

NOT DETECTED

NITRITE

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE

LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE











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MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10 SRL Ltd

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -

FH.12283960 PATIENT ID:

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

ACCESSION NO: 0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952			
Test Report Status Final	Results	Biological Reference 1	Interval Units
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION PUS CELL (WBC'S)	0-1	0-5	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	0-5	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION REMARKS	URINARY MICROSCOP CENTRIFUGED SEDIM	PIC EXAMINATION DONE ON MENT.	URINARY

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
CREATININE EGFR- EPI-GFR— Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is a measure of the function of the kidneys. The GFR is a calculation based on a serum creatinine test. Creatinine is a muscle waste product that is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate. When kidney function decreases, Creatinine is excreted and concentrations increase in the blood. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.
A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.
A GFR of 15 or lower may mean kidney disease.
A GFR of 15 or lower may mean kidney failure.
Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney disease (CKD). In adults, eGFR calculated using the Modification of Diet in Re Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney function than serum creatinine alone.
Disease (MDRD) Study equation provides a more clinically useful measure of kidney function than serum creatinine alone.
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Scan to View Rep







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REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Test Report Status

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Final

syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom" rigner-tnan-normal levels may be due to: Chronic innammation or infection, including rity and nepatitis b or C, multiple myeloma, waitenstrom — s disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic

Syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood seru ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood seru ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood seru syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, protein liver liv











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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952	Results	Biological Reference	Interval Units
est Report Status <u>Final</u>			
	HAEMATOLOGY - CI	3C	
BC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD		13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	13.8	13.0 - 17.0	— Ex
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	500 AN = 11	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.92	4.5 5.5	
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µ
WITTE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	5.91	7.0	
METHOD : DOUBLE HYDRODYNAMIC SEQUENTIAL SYSTEM(DHS	SS)CYTOMETRY	Low 150 - 410	thou/µ
PLATELET COUNT	135	150 110	
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES		40 - 50	%
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	42.3	40 - 50	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER		83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	85.9	65 101	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER		27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	28.1	27.0 32.0	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	32.7	51.5	
CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			%
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	15.4	High 11.6 - 14.0	70
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
	17.5		
MENTZER INDEX MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	11.9	High 6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			(272)
	64	40 - 80	%
NEUTROPHILS	652 St		prosecu.
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY	24	20 - 40	%
LYMPHOCYTES			
METHOD : FLOWCYTOMETRY			











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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

	7.	tomal Units
Results	Biological Reference 1	ntervar omes
6	2 - 10	%
6	1 - 6	%
0	0 - 2	%
3.78	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
1.42	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
0.35	0.2 - 1.0	thou/μL
0.35	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
0	Low 0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
2.6		
PREDOMINANT	TLY NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC	
NORMAL MOR	PHOLOGY	
REDUCED ON	SMEAR, MACROPLATELETS SEEN	
	6 0 3.78 1.42 0.35 0.35 PREDOMINANT NORMAL MOR	6 2 - 10 6 1 - 6 0 0 - 2 3.78 2.0 - 7.0 1.42 1.0 - 3.0 0.35 0.2 - 1.0 0.35 0.02 - 0.50 Low 0.02 - 0.10

Interpretation(s)

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>1 from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIEFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive.

uniquiosing a case of Beta triallassaerina trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3,3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positiv











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Test Report Status

Biological Reference Interval Units

patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR

patients. When age = 45.3 years on and NEK = 3.3, 40.170 COVID-15 patients with find disease inight become severe, by contrast, when age < 45.5 years on and NEK 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease. (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 10650 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

HAEMATOLOGY

Results

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

E.S.R

High 0 - 14

mm at 1 hr

METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall
Erythrocyte sedimentation of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) this
(sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) this
are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging.

Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs with ill-defined symptoms directs

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc.), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine,

salicylates) 1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference

the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition. **IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY**

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

TYPE O

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

POSITIVE

RH TYPE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

View Details

Page 7 Of 12 Scan to View Repor







Cert. No. MC-2275

CLIENT CODE: C000045507 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA

ACCESSION NO:

SRL Ltd HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 1 NAVI MUMBAI, 400703

PATIENT ID:

MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO: REPORTED:

09/02/2023 13:29:23

FH.12283960

DRAWN: 09/02/2023 09:04:00

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 09:04:30

CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:12283960

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOODBlood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping	BIOCHEMIST	DV	
	BIOCHEMIST	K1	
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.74	0.2 - 1.0	mg/ac
METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	-5	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.13	0.0 - 0.2	37
METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF		0.1 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.61	0.1 - 1.0	1119/ 42
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	100 ta	64 93	g/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.5	6.4 - 8.2	9, 42
METHOD: BIURET	02 02 0	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
ALBUMIN	3.8	3.4 - 5.0	9, 42
METHOD: BCP DYE BINDING	0.00	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
GLOBULIN	3.7	2.0 - 4.1	9,
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	4.0	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.0	1.0 - 2.1	10.1120
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER		High 15 - 37	U/L
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	52	nigii 15 - 3/	5,2
METHOD: UV WITH P5P		High < 45.0	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	107	riigii < 45.0	.57
METHOD: UV WITH P5P		High 30 - 120	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	122	High 30 - 120	-,-
METHOD: PNPP-ANP	60	15 - 85	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	60	13 - 63	5/ -
METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE			



Page 8 Of 12 Scan to View Repo







Cert. No. MC-2275

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FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email : -

FH.12283960 PATIENT ID :

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

ACCESSION NO:

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

REPORTED:

09/02/2023 13:29:23

CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:12283960

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REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

BILLNO-150123OPCR007952				
Test Report Status Final	Results		Biological Reference Interv	val Units
rest representations	195	High	100 - 190	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD: LACTATE -PYRUVATE	MΔ			
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLAS FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	101	High	74 - 99	mg/dL
METHOD: HEXOKINASE GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA HBA1C	1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD 5.3		Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
METHOD: HB VARIANT (HPLC) ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	105.4		< 116.0	mg/dL

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE
Blirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give
yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg
obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (the bile ducts) tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirub
there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that
may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that
attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transition Teaching a traches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured as a enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is energy found in various parts of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolyt clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of a diagnostic evaluation of is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, and the liver is a part of a diagnostic evaluation of its found. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatic forms and the liver is a common of the liver is a common of the liver.

hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruct Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget'"'s disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget'"'s disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels osteometration is in the kidney, but the liver kidney and seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson'"'s disease, GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, but the liver is considere pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considere pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and serving degrated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, bit source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, bit source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, bit source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, higher than higher and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Evenum GGT activity can be found in disease of the liver, higher than higher and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Level and





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CLIENT CODE: C000045507

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA Cert. No. MC-2275

SRL Ltd

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10

PATIENT ID:

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years ACCESSION NO:

SEX: Male

FH.12283960

DRAWN: 09/02/2023 09:04:00

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 09:04:30

ABHA NO : REPORTED:

09/02/2023 13:29:23

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12283960

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Biological Reference Interval

Units

Test Report Status

Final

Results

enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:
While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1.Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

Diagnosing diabetes.

2.Diagnosing diabetes.
3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiate addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in a. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is

recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL

126

< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High mg/dL

>/= 240 High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE

TRIGLYCERIDES

71

< 150 Normal

mg/dL

150 - 199 Borderline High

200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC ASSAY











FH.12283960

Cert. No. MC-2275

CLIENT CODE: C000045507 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS: FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10 NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

PATIENT ID:

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email : -

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

09/02/2023 13:29:23 REPORTED:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12283960

ACCESSION NO:

DRAWN: 09/02/2023 09:04:00

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 09:04:30

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952		0.0 0.000 2.000
Test Report Status Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
HDL CHOLESTEROL	36	Low < 40 Low mg/dL >/=60 High
METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE - PEG LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	76	< 100 Optimal mg/dL 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High
METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	90	Desirable: Less than 130 mg/dL Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	14.2	= 30.0 mg/dL</td
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.5	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER LDL/HDL RATIO	2.1	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER		

Interpretation(s)

End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession











FH.12283960

CLIENT CODE: C000045507 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS: FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10 SRL Ltd NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

PATIENT ID:

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

ACCESSION NO:

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 09:04:30

09/02/2023 13:29:23 REPORTED:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12283960

DRAWN: 09/02/2023 09:04:00 REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571 CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

Dr.Akta Dubey Counsultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD Microbiologist











CLIENT CODE: C000045507

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA Cert. No. MC-2275

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 1

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -

FH.12283960 PATIENT ID:

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

ACCESSION NO:

0022WB001644 AGE: 33 Years

Final

SEX: Male

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 11:25:00

ABHA NO:

REPORTED:

09/02/2023 12:33:18

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12283960

REFERRING DOCTOR:

Test Report Status

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

DRAWN: 09/02/2023 11:25:00

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Recults

Biological Reference Interval Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

88

70 - 139

mg/dL

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

Comments

NOTE: POST PRANDIAL PLASMA GLUCOSE VALUES. TO BE CORRELATE WITH CLINICAL, DIETETIC AND THERAPEUTIC HISTORY.

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycaemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c **End Of Report**

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr.Akta Dubey Counsultant Pathologist











FH.12283960

Cert. No. MC-2984

CLIENT CODE: C000045507 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS: FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA BHOOMI TOWER, 1ST FLOOR, HALL NO.1, PLOT NO.28 SECTOR 4, KHARGHAR NAVI MUMBAI, 410210 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 9111591115, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

ACCESSION NO: DRAWN: 09/02/2023 09:04:00

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 09:04:30

09/02/2023 13:44:42 REPORTED:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12283960

PATIENT ID:

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Biological Reference Interval Units Results Final

Test Report Status SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE ng/dL THYROID PANEL, SERUM 80 - 200 117.20 **T3** METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY µg/dL 5.1 - 14.1 **T4** METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY µIU/mL High 0.270 - 4.200 4.580 TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

Comments

NOTE: PLEASE CORRELATE VALUES OF THYROID FUNCTION TEST WITH THE

CLINICAL & TREATMENT HISTORY OF THE PATIENT.

Interpretation(s)











Cert. No. MC-2984

CLIENT CODE: C000045507 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001 MAHARASHTRA INDIA BHOOMI TOWER, 1ST FLOOR, HALL NO.1, PLOT NO.28 SECTOR 4, KHARGHAR

PATIENT ID:

NAVI MUMBAI, 410210 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

PATIENT NAME: MR.RAHUL KUMAR DAS

ACCESSION NO:

0022WB001632 AGE: 33 Years

RECEIVED: 09/02/2023 09:04:30

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

REPORTED:

09/02/2023 13:44:42

FH.12283960

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12283960

DRAWN: 09/02/2023 09:04:00 REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION: UID:12283960 REQNO-1369571

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR007952 BILLNO-1501230PCR007952

Test Report Status

Final

Pecults

Biological Reference Interval

Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - TUMOR MARKER

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN

1.170

< 1.4

ng/mL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)
PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM-- PSA is detected in the male patients with normal, benign hyperplastic and malignant prostate tissue and in patients with prostate SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM-- PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (because of radical prostatectomy or cystoprostatectomy) and also in the

temale patient.

- It a suitable marker for monitoring of patients with Prostate Cancer and it is better to be used in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures.

- It a suitable marker for monitoring of patients with Prostate Cancer and it is better to be used in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures.

- Serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy and useful in

detecting residual disease and early recurrence of tumor.

- Elevated levels of PSA can be also observed in the patients with non-malignant diseases like Prostatitis and Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia.

- Specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for the prostate gland may lead to elevated I specimens for the prostate gland may lead to elevate gland may lead to el

range can be used as a guide lines-

Reference range (ng/ml)

Age of male 40-49 years 50-59 years 0-2.5

60-69 years

(* conventional reference level (< 4 ng/ml) is already mentioned in report, which covers all agegroup with 95% prediction interval)

References- Teitz ,textbook of clinical chemiistry, 4th edition) 2.Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Swapnil Sirmukaddam Consultant Pathologist

62 irmbadlan



Page 2 O Scan to View Re

33 Years	Мале			
Rate 94 PR 141	. Sinus rhythm	leadssr >0.15mV in V1-V4		withus
ORSD 98 OT 342 OTC 428			5	John J
AXIS P 48			S	
QRS 69		- BORDERLINE ECG -	2	
Lead;	Standard Placement	Unconfirmed Diagnosis		
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	avi	ZA	AS CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO	
	aVE	EA.	90	
		7-		
H				
			P	S

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D (For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)





DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 09/Feb/2023

Name: Mr. Rahul Kumar Das

Age | Sex: 33 YEAR(S) | Male Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 12283960 | 8167/23/1501 Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2302/16724 | 09-Feb-2023 Admitted On | Reporting Date : 09-Feb-2023 13:28:25

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF.

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY TRANSTHORACIC

FINDINGS:

- No left ventricle regional wall motion abnormality at rest.
- Normal left ventricle systolic function. LVEF = 60%.
- No left ventricle diastolic dysfunction.
- No left ventricle Hypertrophy. No left ventricle dilatation.
- Structurally normal valves.
- · No mitral regurgitation.
- No aortic regurgitation. No aortic stenosis.
- No tricuspid regurgitation. No pulmonary hypertension.
- · Intact IAS and IVS.
- No left ventricle clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.
- · Normal right atrium and right ventricle dimensions.
- Normal left atrium and left ventricle dimension.
- Normal right ventricle systolic function. No hepatic congestion.

M-MODE MEASUREMENTS:

LA	33	mm	
AO Root	28	mm	
AO CUSP SEP	20	mm	
LVID (s)	33	mm mm	
LVID (d)	48		
IVS (d)	09	mm	
LVPW (d)	08	- mm	
RVID (d)	21	mm	
RA	30	mm	
LVEF	60	%	

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Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

DOPPLER STUDY:

E WAVE VELOCITY: 0.7 m/sec. A WAVE VELOCITY: 0.5 m/sec

E/A RATIO:1.4

	PEAK	MEAN (mmHg)	V max (m/sec)	GRADE OF REGURGITATION
	NI NI	(Nil
MITRAL VALVE	10			Nil
AORTIC VALVE	06			Nil
TRICUSPID VALVE	N_			Nil
PULMONARY VALVE	2.0			1111

Final Impression:

Normal 2 Dimensional and colour doppler echocardiography study.

DR. PRASHANT PAWAR DNB(MED), DNB (CARDIOLOGY) Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 09/Feb/2023

Name: Mr. Rahul Kumar Das Age | Sex: 33 YEAR(S) | Male

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 12283960 | 8167/23/1501 Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2302/16724 | 09-Feb-2023 Admitted On | Reporting Date : 09-Feb-2023 13:15:15

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appear normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax appears unremarkable.

DR. ADITYA NALAWADE

M.D. (Radiologist)

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

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Name: Mr. Rahul Kumar Das

Age | Sex: 33 YEAR(S) | Male

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





Date: 09/Feb/2023

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

UHID | Episode No : 12283960 | 8167/23/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2302/16724 | 09-Feb-2023

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 09-Feb-2023 12:11:43 Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF.

US-WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size and echogenicity. No IHBR dilatation. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal in caliber.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection. CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is mildly enlarged in size (12.7 cm).

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal.

No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 10.0 x 4.4 cm.

Left kidney measures 9.5 x 4.5 cm.

PANCREAS: Head of pancreas appears unremarkable. Rest of the pancreas is obscured.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical calculi.

PROSTATE is normal in size & echogenicity. It measures ~ 15 cc in volume. Few tiny specks of calcifications noted.

No evidence of ascites.

IMPRESSION:

Mild splenomegaly.

DR. YOGINI SHAH DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)