

भारत सरकार
Government of India

लक्ष्मी देवी
Laxmi Devi
जन्म तिथि / DOB: 10/10/1963
महिला / Female

4795 0996 4481

मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान

लक्ष्मी देवी

आधार
भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण
Unique Identification Authority of India

पता: W/O: श्याम लाल माली, 255, शिव नगर 2, मुरलीपुरा स्कीम,
मुरलीपुरा, जयपुर, विश्वकर्मा इंडसट्रियल एरिया, राजस्थान,
302013

Address: W/O: Shyam Lal Mali, 255, shiv nagar
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Dr. PIYUSH GOYAL
MBBS, DMRD (Radiologist)
RMC No-037041



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

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General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 31/08/24

Name: LAXMI DEVI Age: 60yrs DOB: 10/10/1963 Sex: Female

Referred By: BANK OF BARODA

Photo ID: AADHAR CARD ID #: 4481

Ht: 150 (cm)

Wt: 70 (Kg)

Chest (Expiration): 57 (cm)

Abdomen Circumference: 101 (cm)

Blood Pressure: 125/85 mm Hg PR: 89 / min RR: 18 / min Temp: Alebride

BMI 31.1

Eye Examination: R/E 7/6, NIG, NCB
L/E 7/6, NIG, NCB

Other: No

On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes/ No

Signature Of Examinee: _____ Name of Examinee: LAXMI DEVI

Dr. PIYUSH GOYAL
MBBS, DMRD (Radiologist)
RMC No.-037041

Signature Medical Examiner: _____ Name Medical Examiner: DR. PIYUSH GOYAL



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Patient ID 12241074 Patient Mob No.9950890717
NAME Mrs. LAXMI DEVI
Age / Sex Female 60 Yrs 10 Mon 22 Days
Ref. By BANK OF BARODA
Lab/Hosp Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Registered On 31/08/2024 08:27:57
Collected On 31/08/2024 09:14:54
Authorized On 31/08/2024 16:25:23
Printed On 31/08/2024 17:07:39

HAEMOGARAM

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	13.2	g/dL	12.0 - 15.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	7.30	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	50.0	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	42.9 H	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	2.1	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	5.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.0	%	0.0 - 2.0
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.61	$\times 10^6/uL$	3.80 - 4.80
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	40.80	%	36.00 - 46.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	88.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	28.5	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	32.3	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	166	$\times 10^3/uL$	150 - 410
RDW-CV	14.3 H	%	11.6 - 14.0

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DR.TANU RUNGTA
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HAEMATOLOGY

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Method:- Westergreen	10	mm in 1st hr	00 - 20
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The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases. ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein. ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyalgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as

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(CBC): **Methodology:** TLC,DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method,TRBC,PCV,PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH,MCV,MCHC,MENTZER INDEX are calculated. **InstrumentName:** Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L,Japan





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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) **132.0** H mg/dl 70.0 - 115.0
Method:- GLUCOSE OXIDASE/PEROXIDASE

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL

Instrument Name: HORIBA CA60 Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma) **211.5** H mg/dl 70.0 - 140.0
Method:- GLUCOSE OXIDASE/PEROXIDASE

Instrument Name: HORIBA Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

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HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Method:- CAPILLARY with EDTA

8.9 mg%

Non-Diabetic < 6.0
Good Control 6.0-7.0
Weak Control 7.0-8.0
Poor control > 8.0

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

193 H mg/dL

68 - 125

INTERPRETATION

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA)

Reference Group HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults >=18 years < 5.7

At risk (Prediabetes) 5.7 - 6.4

Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

CLINICAL NOTES

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

Some of the factors that influence HbA1c and its measurement [Adapted from Gallagher et al]

1. Erythropoiesis

- Increased HbA1c: iron, vitamin B12 deficiency, decreased erythropoiesis.
- Decreased HbA1c: administration of erythropoietin, iron, vitamin B12, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease.

2. Altered Haemoglobin-Genetic or chemical alterations in hemoglobin: hemoglobinopathies, HbF, methemoglobin, may increase or decrease HbA1c.

3. Glycation

- Increased HbA1c: alcoholism, chronic renal failure, decreased intraerythrocytic pH.
- Decreased HbA1c: certain hemoglobinopathies, increased intra-erythrocyte pH

4. Erythrocyte destruction

- Increased HbA1c: increased erythrocyte life span: Splenectomy.
- Decreased A1c: decreased RBC life span: hemoglobinopathies, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs such as antiretrovirals, ribavirin & dapsone.

5. Others

- Increased HbA1c: hyperbilirubinemia, carbamylated hemoglobin, alcoholism, large doses of aspirin, chronic opiate use, chronic renal failure
- Decreased HbA1c: hypertriglyceridemia, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease, aspirin, vitamin C and E, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs

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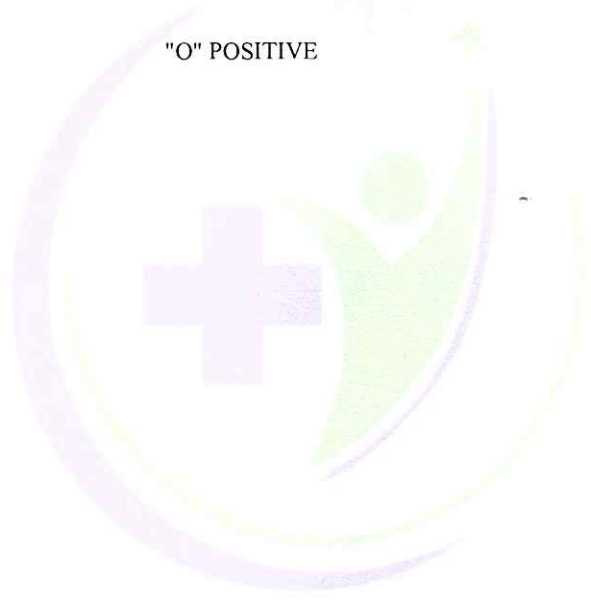
HAEMATOLOGY

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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BLOOD GROUP ABO
Method:- Haemagglutination reaction

"O" POSITIVE



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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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LIPID PROFILE

SERUM TOTAL CHOLESTEROL 203.00 mg/dl
Method:- CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE/PEROXIDASE

Desirable <200
Borderline 200-239
High > 240

InstrumentName:HORIBA **Interpretation:** Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

SERUM TRIGLYCERIDES 156.00 H mg/dl
Method:- GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE/PREOXIDASE

Normal <150
Borderline high 150-199
High 200-499
Very high >500

InstrumentName:Ranox Rx Imola **Interpretation :** Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL 65.10 mg/dl
Method:- Direct clearance Method

MALE- 30-70
FEMALE - 30-85

Instrument Name:Rx Daytona plus **Interpretation:** An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

LDL CHOLESTEROL 111.90 mg/dl
Method:- Calculated Method

Optimal <100
Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129
Borderline High 130-159
High 160-189
Very High > 190

VLDL CHOLESTEROL 31.20 mg/dl
Method:- Calculated

0.00 - 80.00

T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO 3.12
Method:- Calculated

0.00 - 4.90

LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO 1.72
Method:- Calculated

0.00 - 3.50

TOTAL LIPID 634.25 mg/dl
Method:- CALCULATED

400.00 - 1000.00

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BIOCHEMISTRY

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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- 1 Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serialsamples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL& LDL Cholesterol.
- 2 As per NCEP guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended
- 3 Low HDL levels are associated with Coronary Heart Disease due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.

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LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT

SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- DIAZOTIZED SULFANILIC	0.56	mg/dL	Infants : 0.2-8.0 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- DIAZOTIZED SULFANILIC	0.18	mg/dL	Up to 0.40 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.38	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	22.6	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	24.5	U/L	0.0 - 35.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- DGKC - SCE	83.00	U/L	64.00 - 306.00

InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS **Interpretation:**Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobiliary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- Szasz methodology Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola	16.00	U/L	5.00 - 32.00
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Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal) are observed with infectious hepatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- BIURET	6.18	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- BROMOCRESOL GREEN	4.97	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	1.21 L	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	4.11 H		1.30 - 2.50

Interpretation : Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

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BIOCHEMISTRY

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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Note :- These are group of tests that can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, distinguish among different types of liver disorders, gauge the extent of known liver damage, and monitor the response to treatment. Most liver diseases cause only mild symptoms initially, but these diseases must be detected early. Some tests are associated with functionality (e.g., albumin), some with cellular integrity (e.g., transaminase), and some with conditions linked to the biliary tract (gamma-glutamyl transferase and alkaline phosphatase). Conditions with elevated levels of ALT and AST include hepatitis A,B ,C ,paracetamol toxicity etc Several biochemical tests are useful in the evaluation and management of patients with hepatic dysfunction. Some or all of these measurements are also carried out (usually about twice a year for routine cases) on those individuals taking certain medications, such as anticonvulsants, to ensure that the medications are not adversely impacting the person's liver.

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BIOCHEMISTRY

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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RFT / KFT WITH ELECTROLYTES

SERUM UREA Method:- UREASE / GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE	18.30	mg/dl	10.00 - 50.00
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InstrumentName: HORIBA CA 60 **Interpretation :** Urca measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain renal and metabolic diseases.

SERUM CREATININE Method:- JAFFE	0.56 L	mg/dl	Males : 0.6-1.50 mg/dl Females : 0.6 -1.40 mg/dl
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Interpretation :

Creatinine is measured primarily to assess kidney function and has certain advantages over the measurement of urea. The plasma level of creatinine is relatively independent of protein ingestion, water intake, rate of urine production and exercise. Depressed levels of plasma creatinine are rare and not clinically significant.

SERUM URIC ACID Method:- URICASE/PEROXIDASE	3.20	mg/dl	2.40 - 7.00
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InstrumentName:HORIBA YUMIZEN CA60 Daytona plus **Interpretation: Elevated Urate:**High purine diet,Alcohol• Renal insufficiency,Drugs , Polycythaemia vera, Malignancies,Hypothyroidism,Rare enzyme defects ,Downs syndrome, Metabolic syndrome, Pregnancy,Gout.

SODIUM Method:- ISE	133.9 L	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
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POTASSIUM Method:- ISE	3.50	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
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CHLORIDE Method:- ISE	104.8	mmol/L	94.0 - 110.0
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SERUM CALCIUM Method:- Arsenazo III Method	9.50	mg/dL	8.80 - 10.20
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InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS **Interpretation:** Serum calcium levels are believed to be controlled by parathyroid hormone and vitamin D. Increases in serum PTH or vitamin D are usually associated with hypercalcemia .Hypocalcemia may be observed in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis and pancreatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- BIURET	6.18	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
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SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- BROMOCRESOL GREEN	4.97	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
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BIOCHEMISTRY

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	1.21 L	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	4.11 H		1.30 - 2.50

Interpretation : Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

INTERPRETATION

Kidney function tests are group of tests that can be used to evaluate how well the kidneys are functioning. Creatinine is a waste product that comes from protein in the diet and also comes from the normal wear and tear of muscles of the body. In blood, it is a marker of GFR. In urine, it can remove the need for 24-hour collections for many analytes or be used as a quality assurance tool to assess the accuracy of a 24-hour collection. Higher levels may be a sign that the kidneys are not working properly. As kidney disease progresses, the level of creatinine and urea in the blood increases. Certain drugs are nephrotoxic hence KFT is done before and after initiation of treatment with these drugs.

Low serum creatinine values are rare, they almost always reflect low muscle mass.

Apart from renal failure Blood Urea can increase in dehydration and GI bleed.

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Registered On 31/08/2024 08:27:57

NAME Mrs. LAXMI DEVI

Collected On 31/08/2024 09:14:54

Age / Sex Female 60 Yrs 10 Mon 22 Days

Authorized On 31/08/2024 16:25:23

Ref. By BANK OF BARODA

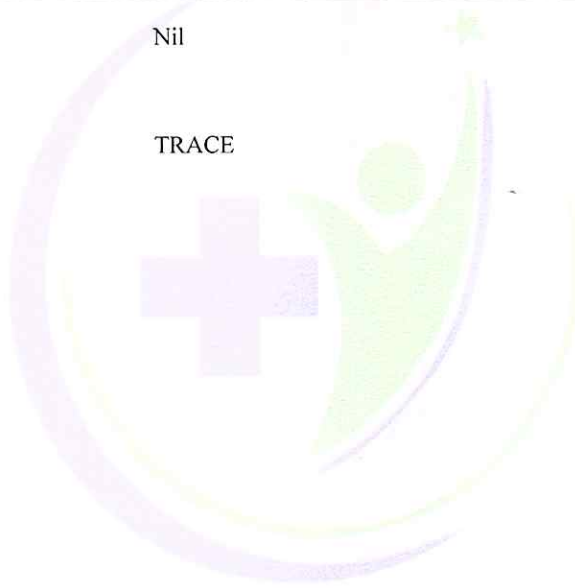
Printed On 31/08/2024 17:07:39

Lab/Hosp Mr.MEDIWHEEL

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
URINE SUGAR (FASTING) Collected Sample Received	Nil		Nil
URINE SUGAR PP Collected Sample Received	TRACE		Nil



Technologist
Page No. 14 of 16

DR.TANU RUNGTA
MD (Pathology)
RMC No. 17226



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

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Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur-302 023

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IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
THYROID-TRIIODOTHYRONINE T3 Method:- ECLIA	1.24	ng/mL	0.70 - 2.04
THYROID - THYROXINE (T4) Method:- ECLIA	9.15	ug/dl	5.10 - 14.10
TSH Method:- Chemiluminescence	2.570	μIU/mL	

*** End of Report ***

Technologist
Page No. 16 of 16

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
<u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
REACTION(PH)	6.0		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
<u>MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION</u>			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	3-4	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		ABSENT

Technologist

Page No. 13 of 16

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NAME:	MRS. LAXMI DEVI	AGE	60 YRS/F
REF.BY	BANK OF BARODA	DATE	31/08/2024

CHEST X RAY (PA VIEW)

Bilateral lung fields appear clear.

Bilateral costo-phrenic angles appear clear.

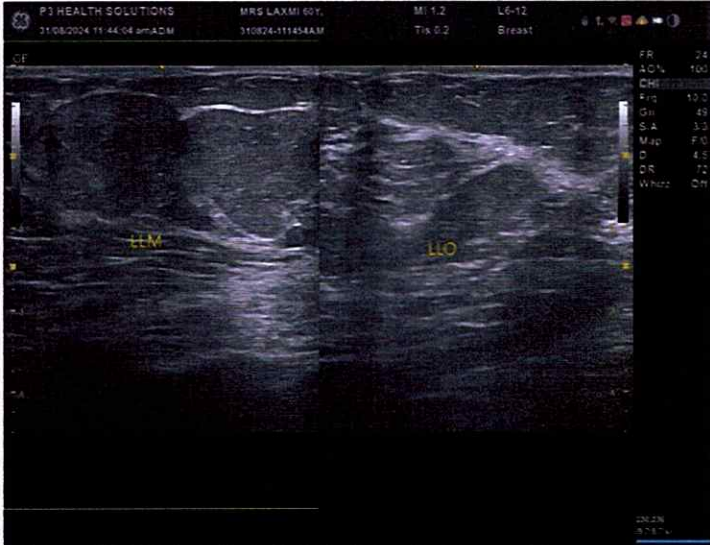
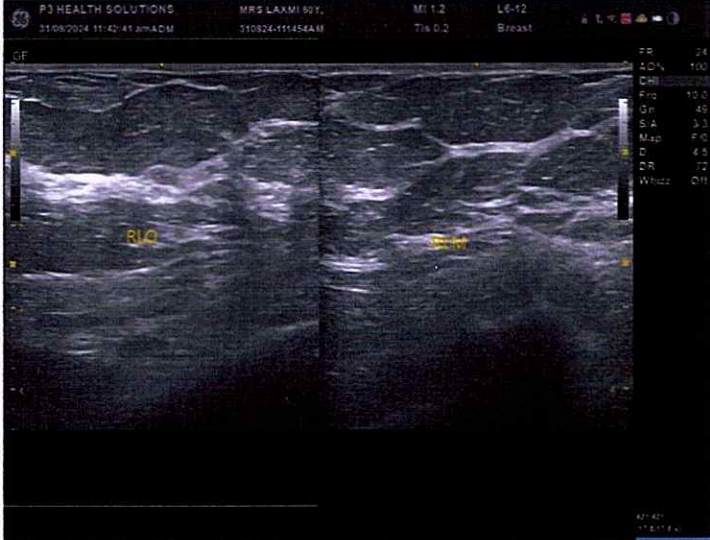
Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Thoracic soft tissue and skeletal system appear unremarkable.

Soft tissue shadows appear normal.

IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality is detected

DR. ROHAN GAUR
M.B.B.S, M.D (Radiodiagnosis)
RMC no. 17887





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Mrs. LAXMI DEVI	60 Yrs./Female
Registration Date: 31/08/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

Ultrasonography report: Breast and Axilla

Right breast:-

Skin, subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal.

Fibro glandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retro mammary regions are unremarkable.

No obvious cyst, mass or architectural distortion visualized.

Axillary lymph nodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

Left breast:-

Skin, subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal.

Fibro glandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retro mammary regions are unremarkable.

No obvious cyst, mass or architectural distortion visualized.

Axillary lymph nodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

IMPRESSION: No abnormality detected.

DR. ROHAN GAUR
M.B.B.S, M.D (Radiodiagnosis)
RMC no. 17887





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Mrs. LAXMI DEVI	60 Yrs./Female
Registration Date: 31/08/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

ULTRASOUND OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size (14.0 cm). **Diffuse fatty infiltration.** No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is well distended. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Right kidney is measuring approx. 9.0 x 4.1 cm.

Left kidney is measuring approx. 9.7 x 5.2 cm.

Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is senile atrophic. Bilateral adnexa unremarkable.

No enlarged nodes are visualized. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified.
No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of Douglas.

IMPRESSION:

- Grade II fatty liver.

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Mrs. LAXMI DEVI	60 Yrs./Female
Registration Date: 31/08/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:
FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVE	NORMAL	TRICUSPID VALVE	NORMAL
AORTIC VALVE	NORMAL	PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL

M.MODE EXAMINATION:

AO	3.2	Cm	LA	2.9	cm	IVS-D	1.3	cm
IVS-S	1.7	cm	LVID	4.1	cm	LVSD	3.0	cm
LVPW-D	1.3	cm	LVPW-S	1.5	cm	RV		cm
RVWT		cm	EDV		ml	LVVS		ml
LVEF	55-60%		RWMA			ABSENT		

CHAMBERS:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		

COLOUR DOPPLER:

MITRAL VALVE					
E VELOCITY	0.60	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg
A VELOCITY	0.81	m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA BY PLANIMETRY		Cm2
MITRAL REGURGITATION				ABSENT	
AORTIC VALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY	1.20	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg
AR VMAX		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT		mm/hg
AORTIC REGURGITATION				ABSENT	
TRICUSPID VALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT		mm/hg
VM _{max} VELOCITY					
TRICUSPID REGURGITATION				MILD	
PULMONARY VALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY	0.51	M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY			MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg
PULMONARY REGURGITATION				ABSENT	

Impression—

- NORMAL LV SIZE & CONTRACTILITY.
- CONCENTRIC LVH.
- NO RWMA, LVEF 55-60%.
- MILD TR/ PAH (RVSP 27 MMHG+ RAP).
- GRADE I DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION.
- NO CLOT, NO VEGETATION, NO PERICARDIAL EFFUSION.

(Cardiologist)

(P3 HEALTH SOLUTION LLP)

B-14 VIDHYDHAR NAGAR, (JAIPUR)

1225362/Mrs Laxmi Devi 60Yrs/Female

Ref.: BANK OF BARODA

Test Date: 31-Aug-2024(12:10:54)

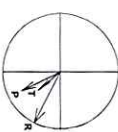
Notch: 50Hz

0.05Hz - 100Hz

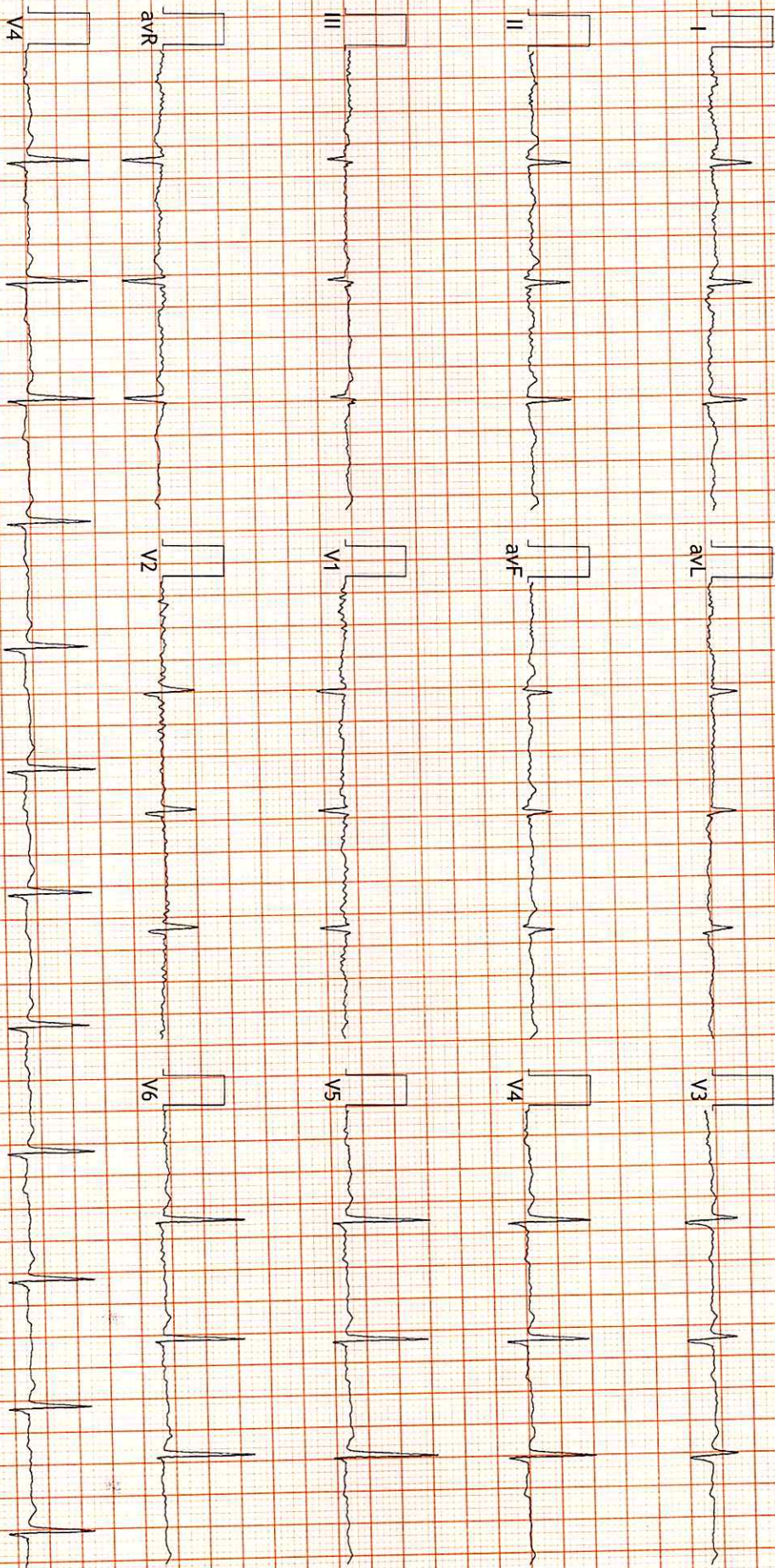
10mm/mV

25mm/Sec

HR: 73 bpm



PR Interval: 166 ms
QRS Duration: 98 ms
QT/QTc: 363/401ms
P-QRS-T Axis: 63 - 26 - 50 (Deg)



FINDINGS: BorderLine ECG with Non Specific ST Changes and 3 PAC/min Observed
Vent Rate : 73 bpm; PR Interval : 166 ms; QRS Duration: 98 ms; QT/QTc Int : 363/401 ms
P-QRS-T axis: 63 - 26 - 50 (Deg)
Comments :

Step off 2nd

MS

Dr. NARESH KUMAR MOHANKA

RMC No.: 35703

MBBS, DIP. CARDIO (ESCORTS)

D.E.M. (RCGP-UK)

DR. NARESH MOHANKA



1074 LAXMI DEVI 60Y REF BY. BANK OF BARODA F
31.AUG.2024
MAXCARE DIAGNOSTIC (ASSOCIATES OF P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP)

