

# Dr. Goyal's

## Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Pillar No. 109-110, New Sangner Road,  
Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele : 0141-2293346, 4049787, 988704978

### General Physical Examination

Website: www.drgoyalpathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date of Examination: 28/01/2024

Name: Girraj Prasad Meena Age: 44 Sex: male

DOB: 25/11/1979

Referred By: Wardheel

Photo ID: attached ID #: attached

Ht: 167 (cm)

Wt: 75 (Kg)

Chest (Expiration): 93 (cm)

Abdomen Circumference: 95 (cm)

Blood Pressure: 130/80 mm Hg PR: 75 / min

BMI 26.9

Eye Examination: VISION Normal G/G N/G.

No Colour blindness.

Other: Not significant.

On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No

Signature Of Examinee : [Signature] Name of Examinee: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature Medical Examiner: [Signature] Name Medical Examiner \_\_\_\_\_

Piyush Goyal  
B.B.S. D.M.R.C.  
RMC Reg. No.-017

भारत सरकार

गिराज प्रसाद मीना  
Giraj Prasad Meena  
जन्म तिथि/ DOB: 25/11/1979  
लिंग / MALE

7726 3668 6013

आभार - आम आदमी का अधिकार

Piyush Goyal  
A.B.S., D.M.R.U.  
RMC Reg. No.-017

भारत सरकार

आभार - आम आदमी का अधिकार

पता:  
आलय: कालु राम मीना,  
ग्राम सुजानपुर देवाडा की  
बागी, पोस्ट मोहनपुरा,  
तहसील बसल, मोहनपुरा,  
जयपुर,  
राजस्थान - 303301

Address  
S/O: Kalu Ram Meena,  
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RMC Reg. No.-017960

AM

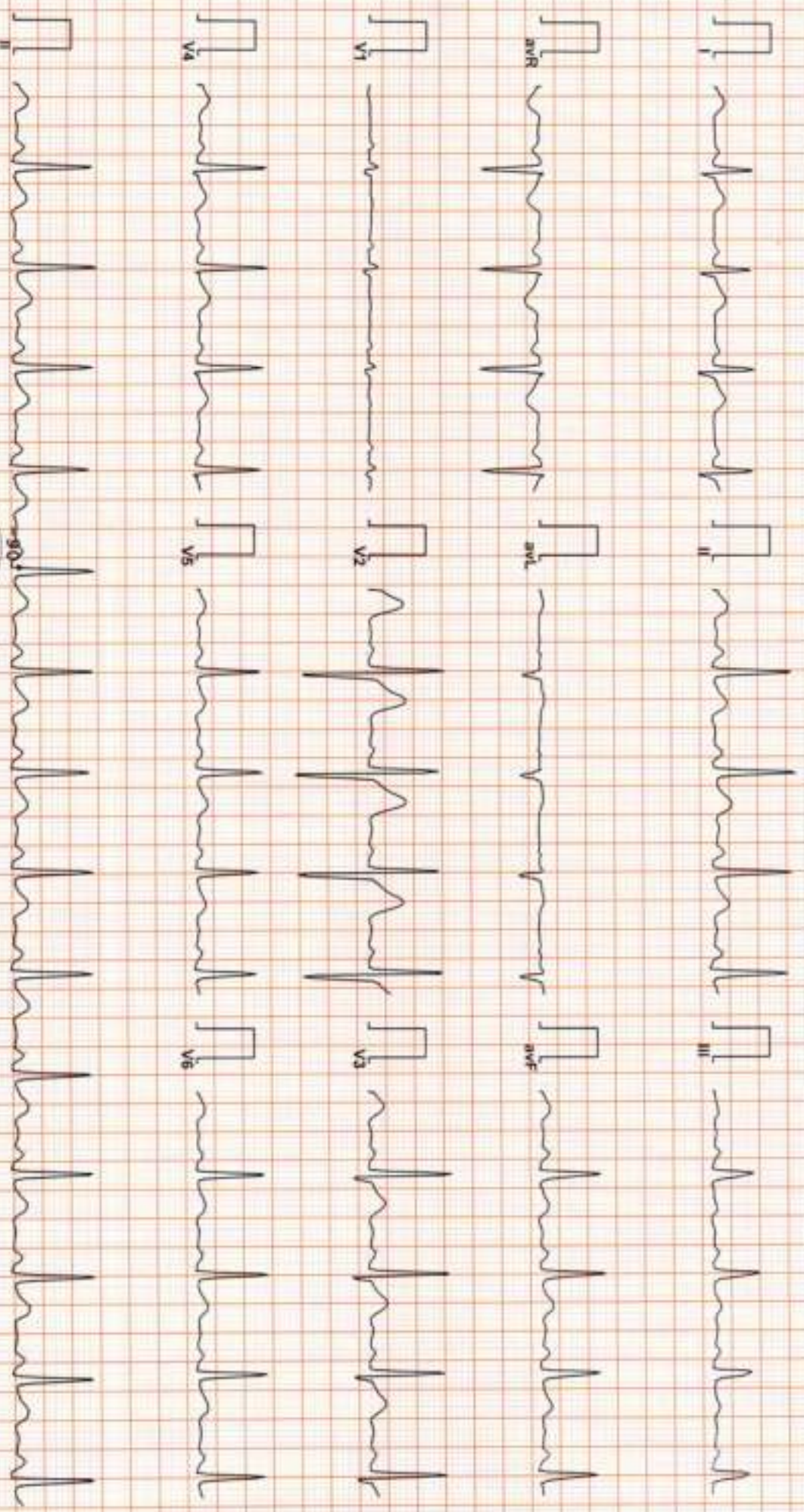


**DR. GOYAL PATH LAB**

3872 / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker

Heart Rate : 85 bpm / Tested On : 28-Jan-24 12:20:26 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By: BOB

**ECG**



Vent Rate : 85 bpm

PR Interval : 152 ms

QRS Duration: 82 ms

QT/QTc Int : 348/394 ms

P-QRS-T axis: 61.00° 65.00° 47.00°



Axis  
R 66.00° T 47.00° P 64.00°

Dr. Naresh Kumar Mohapatra

35703

MBBS, DNB, CARDIO (ESCORT)

Dr. M. (FSG-1)

Reported By:





669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / NonSmoker  
Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM Refd By : BOB Examined By:

Stage	Time	Duration	Speed(mph)	Elevation	METS	Rate	% THR	BP	RPP	PVC	Comments
Supine	00:04	0:04	01.1	00.0	01.0	082	47%	120/80	098	00	
Standing	01:15	1:11	01.1	00.0	01.0	089	51%	120/80	106	00	
HV	02:02	0:47	01.1	00.0	01.0	090	51%	120/80	108	00	
Warm Up	03:01	0:59	01.1	00.0	01.0	086	49%	120/80	103	00	
ExStart	04:39	1:38	01.0	00.0	01.0	116	66%	120/80	139	00	
BRUCE Stage 1	07:39	3:00	01.7	10.0	04.7	138	78%	130/85	179	00	
BRUCE Stage 2	10:39	3:00	02.5	12.0	07.1	156	89%	140/90	218	00	
PeakEx	11:37	0:58	03.4	14.0	08.1	165	94%	140/90	231	00	
Recovery	12:37	1:00	00.0	00.0	01.2	137	78%	140/90	191	00	
Recovery	13:37	2:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	109	62%	140/90	152	00	
Recovery	14:37	3:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	110	62%	135/85	148	00	
Recovery	15:37	4:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	105	60%	125/80	131	00	
Recovery	16:06	4:30	00.0	00.0	01.0	102	58%	125/80	127	00	

**FINDINGS :**

Exercise Time : 06:59  
 Max HR Attained : 165 bpm 94% of Target 176  
 Max BP Attained : 140/90 (mmHg)  
 Max Workload Attained : 8.1 Fair response to induced stress  
 Test End Reasons : Test Complete, Heart Rate Achieved

**REPORT :**

*Test is a Negative for Post*

Dr Nareesh Kumar Mohr~k8  
 PANCHAJANYA (ESCORTS)  
 MBS DPT (RUGBY) IN  
 DR. K. (RUGBY) IN



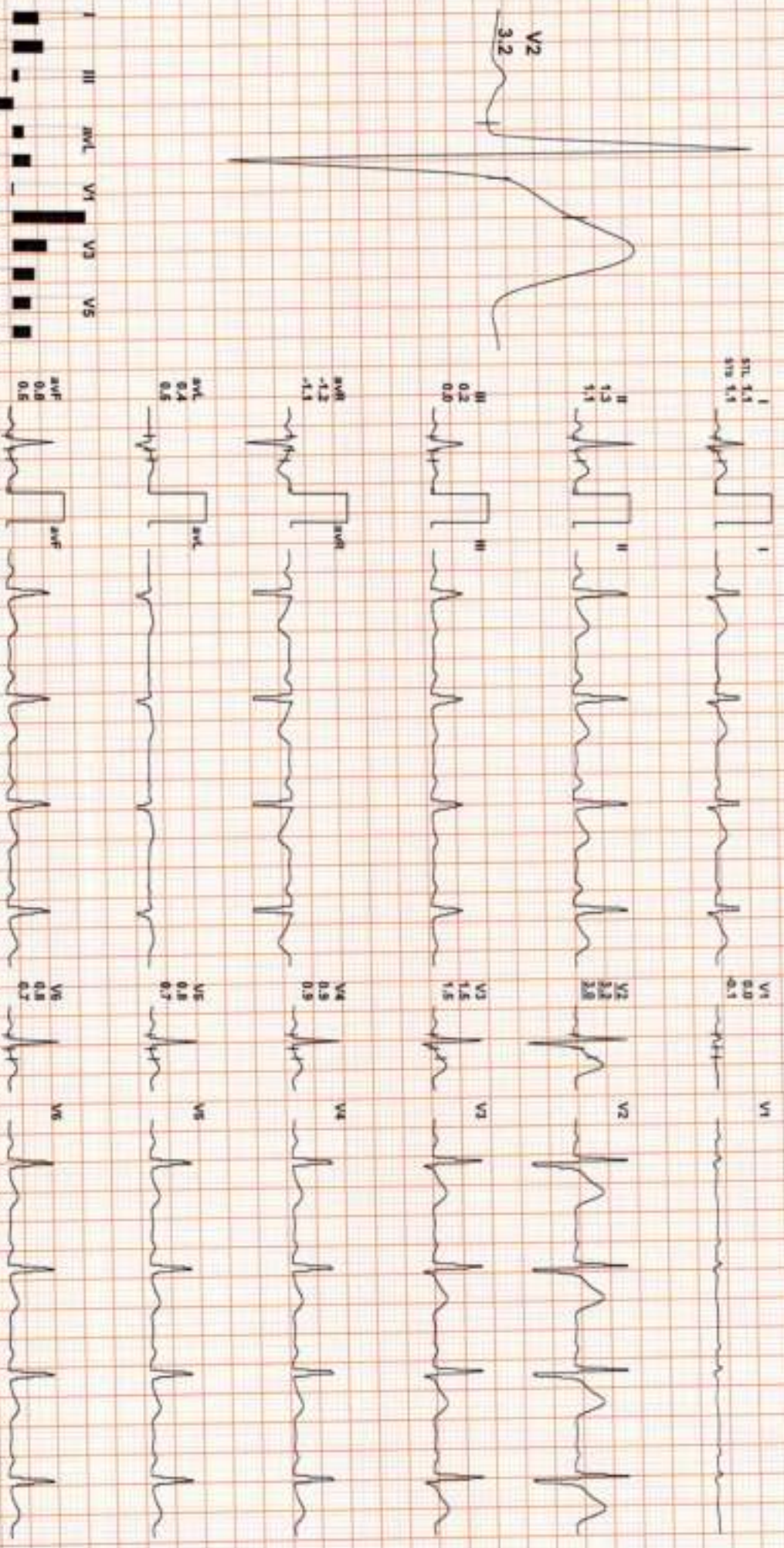


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 82

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.07 82 bpm 47% of THR BP: 120/80 mmHg Combined Medians/ S/L/C Cav Natch Cav HF: 0.05 H/L/LF: 36 HF:

4X R0 m15 Post J

ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mph, 0.0%  
25 mm/Sec -10 Cm/Div



REMARKS:



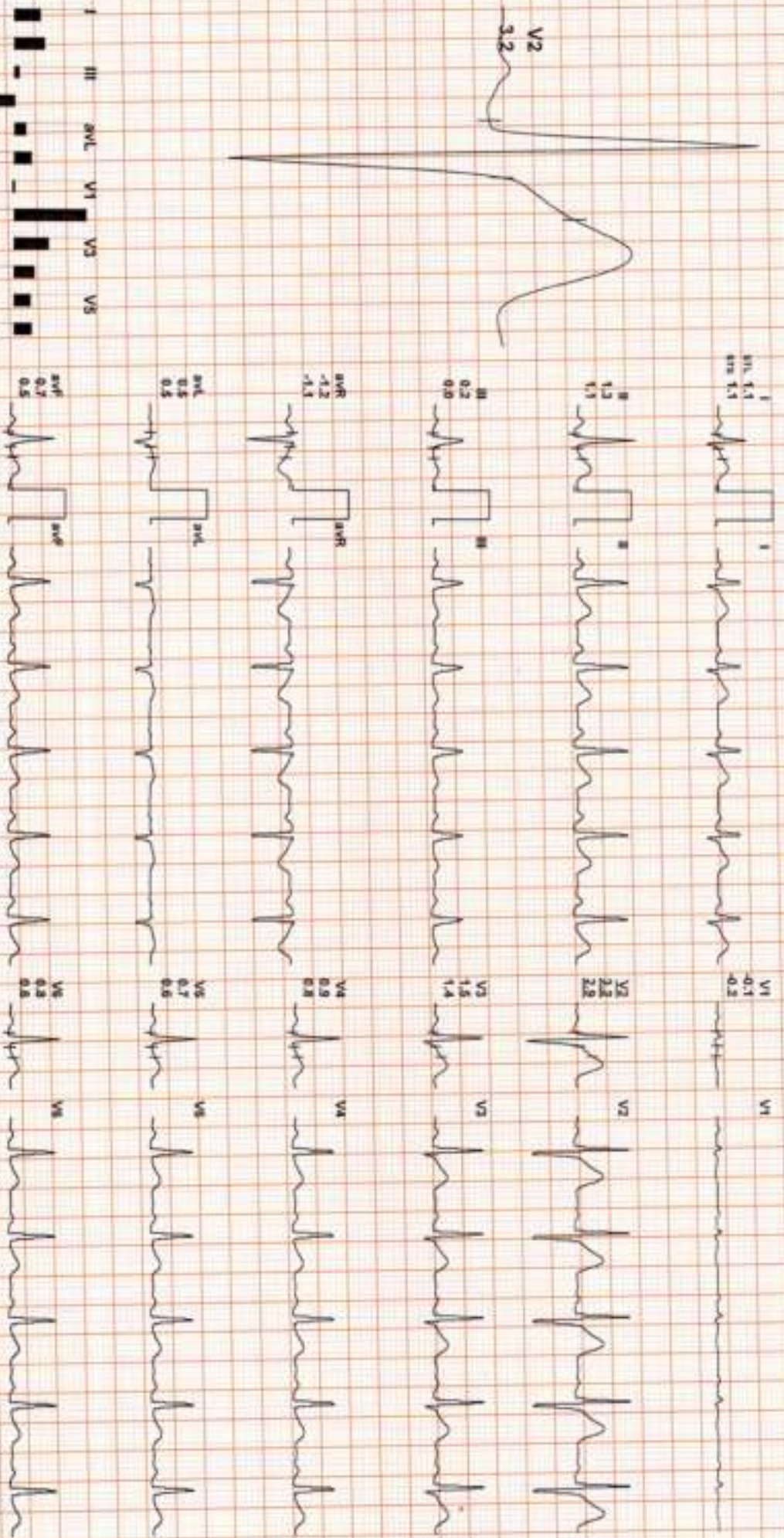


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 89

Date: 26 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.0/ 89 bpm 51% of THR BP: 120/80 mmHg Combined Modifiers BLC Div Notch Div HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

4X 80 ms Post J

ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mps, 0.0%  
25 mm/Sec. 1.5 Cm/Div



REMARKS:



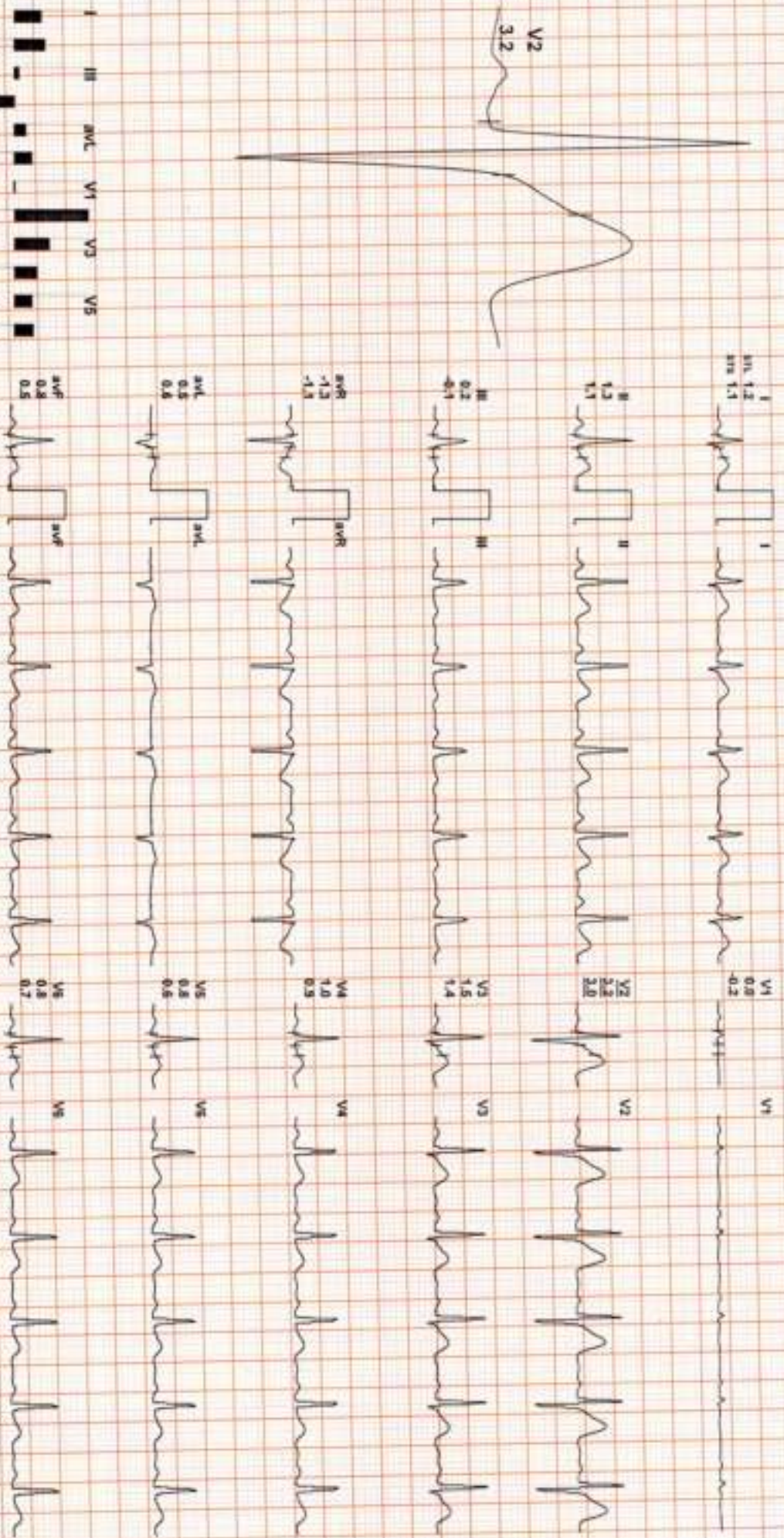


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 90

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.0/ 90 bpm 51% of THR BP: 120/80 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC On/ Match On/ HF: 0.05 Hx/LF: 35 Hz

4X 20 m/s Post J

ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mph, 0.0%  
25 mm/sec: 1.9 Cm/mV



REMARKS:





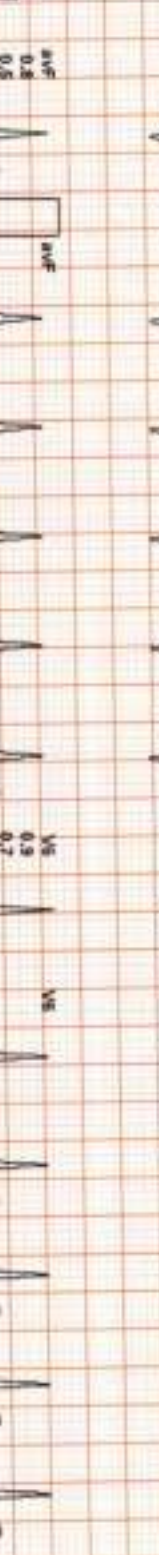
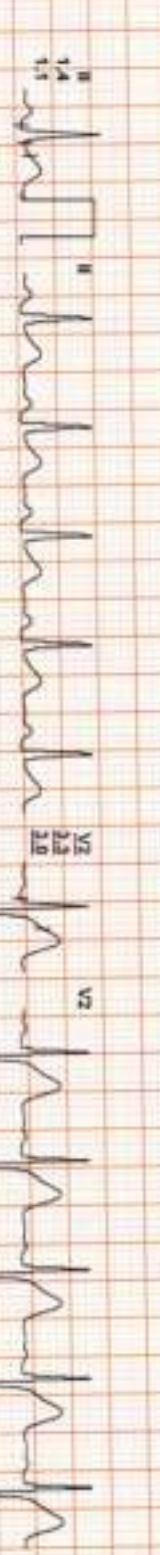
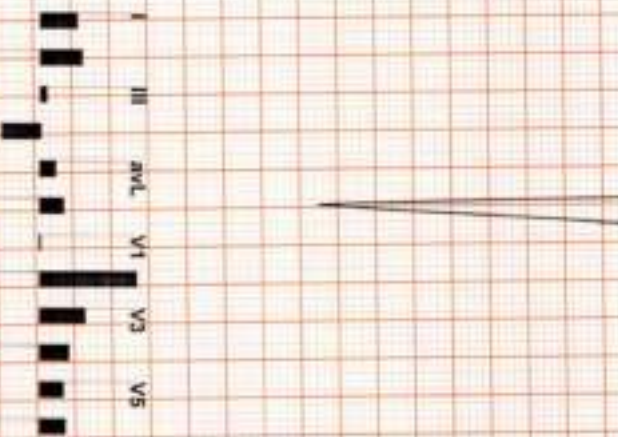
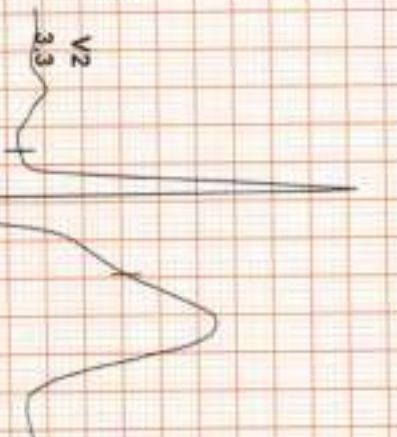
669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 86

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.07 86 bpm 49% of THR BP: 120/80 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC Grv/ Noch Grv/ HF: 0.05 Hz/ LF 35 Hz

ExTime: 00:00 5.1 mph, 0.0%

4X 80 mts Post J

25 mm/sec: 1.5 Cm/Div



REMARKS:

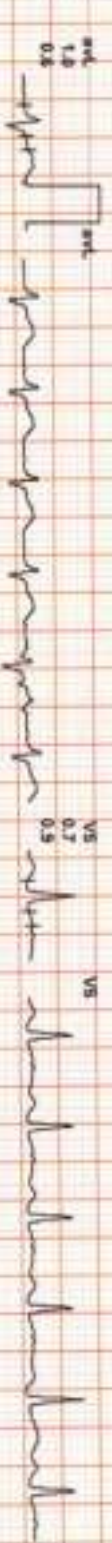
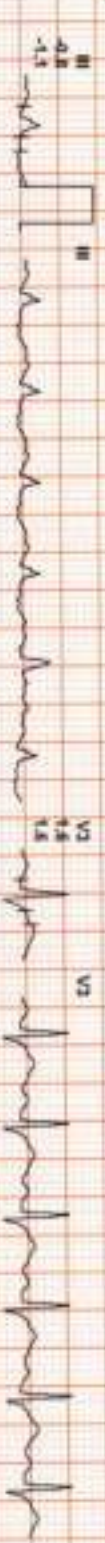
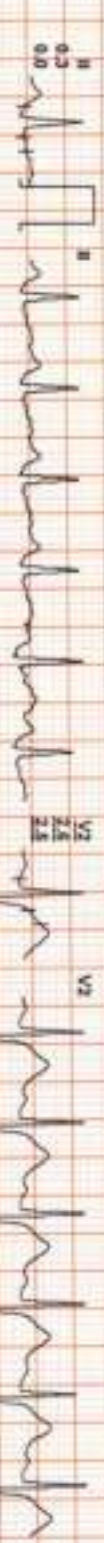
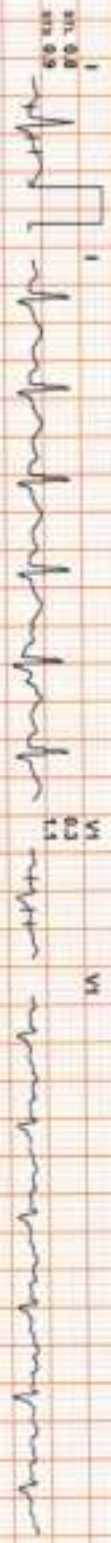
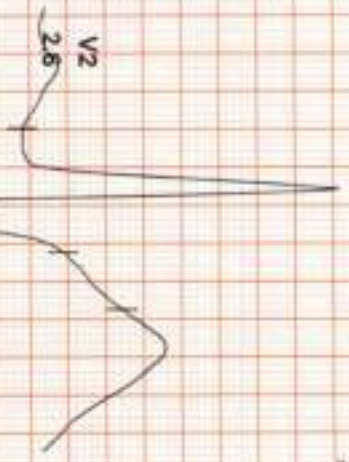




669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 116

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.0l / 116 bpm 60% of THR BP: 120/80 mmHg Combined Medians/ B/C Over Notch On 1st 0.05 Hz V.F. 35 Hz  
 4X 60 mS Post J

ExTime: 00:00 1.0 mV, 0.0%  
 25 mm/Sec, 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:



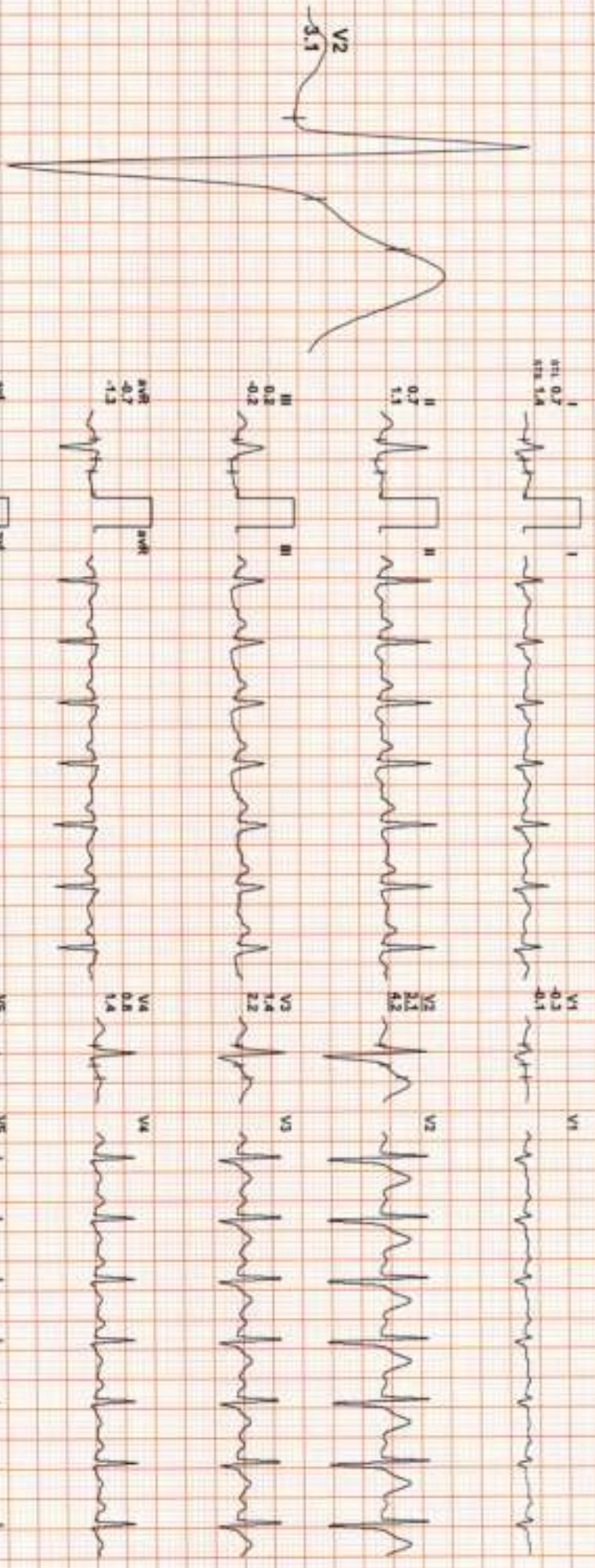


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 138

Date: 26 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 4.71 138 bpm 78% of THR BE-13085 mmHg Combined Meds: BLC On: NOICH On: HF 0.05 HCLF 35 Hz

4X 60 ms Post J

EXTIME: 03:00 1.7 mph, 10.6%  
25 minutes, 1.8 Grams



REMARKS:



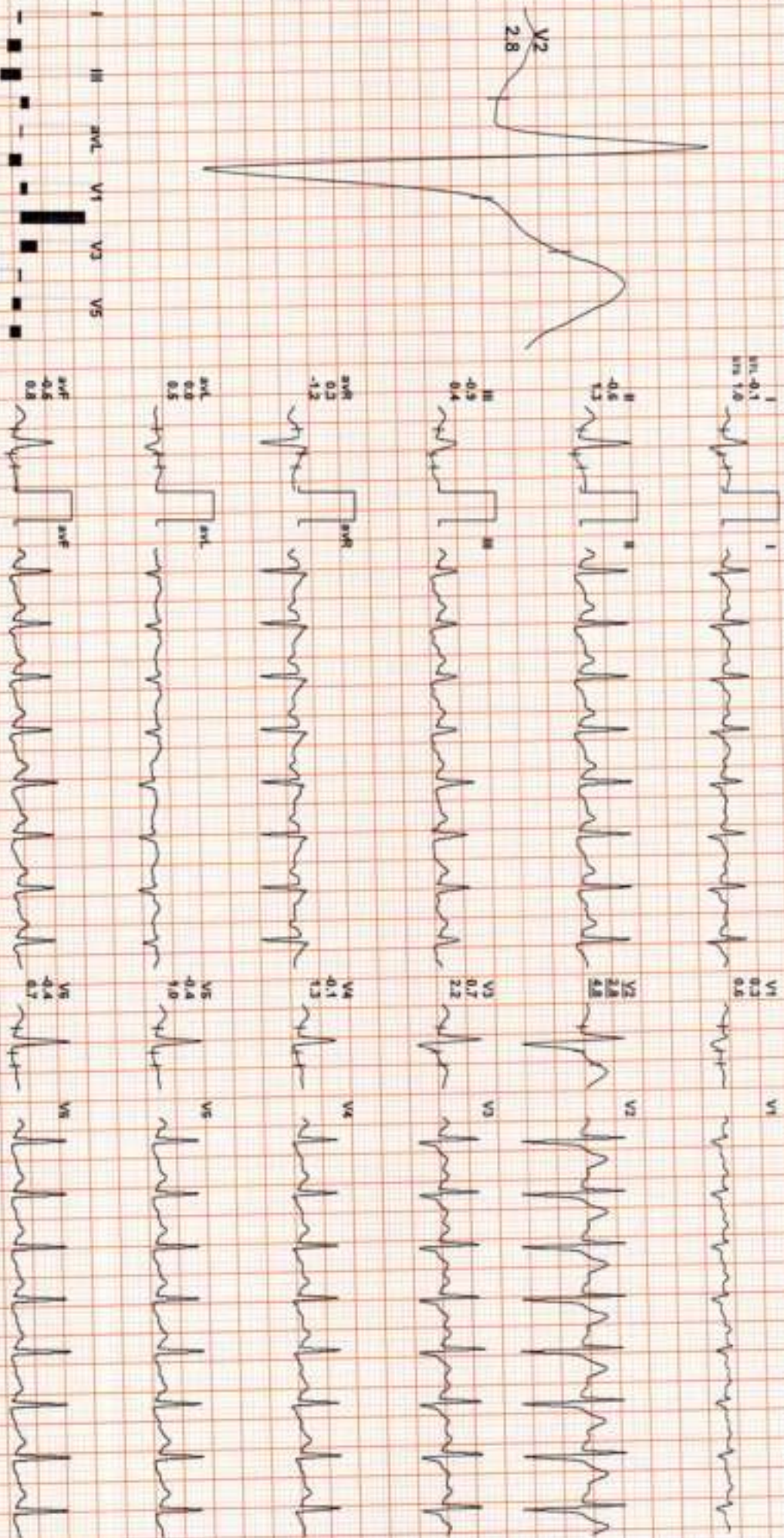


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / O Cms / O Kg / HR : 156

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 7.11 156 bpm 89% of THR BP: 140/90 mmHg Combined Medications/ B/LC On/ Natch On/ HF: 0.05 HALLF: 35 Hz

4X 60 ms Post J

Extra: 06:00 2.5 mph: 12.0%  
25 min: 3ec: 1.8 Cms/mv



REMARKS:  
I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6



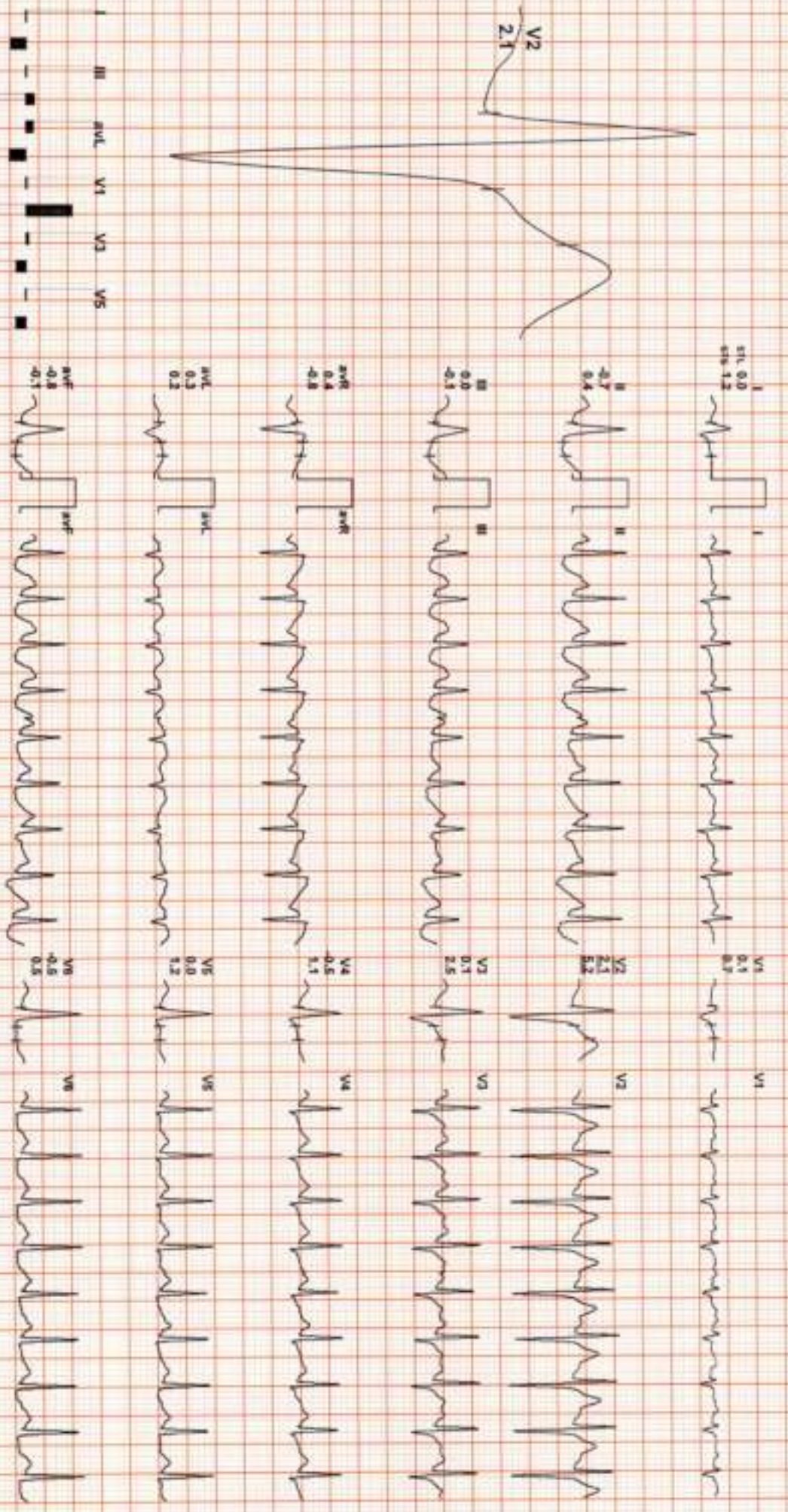


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 165

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 8.17 165 bpm 94% of THR BP: 140/90 mmHg Combined Mediana/ SLC QW Nalck QW 1st 0.05 Hz/UF 35 Hz

4X 60 mg Front J

EXTime: 06:58 3.4 min, 14.0% 25 mm/Sec, 1.0 Cm/Div



REMARKS:



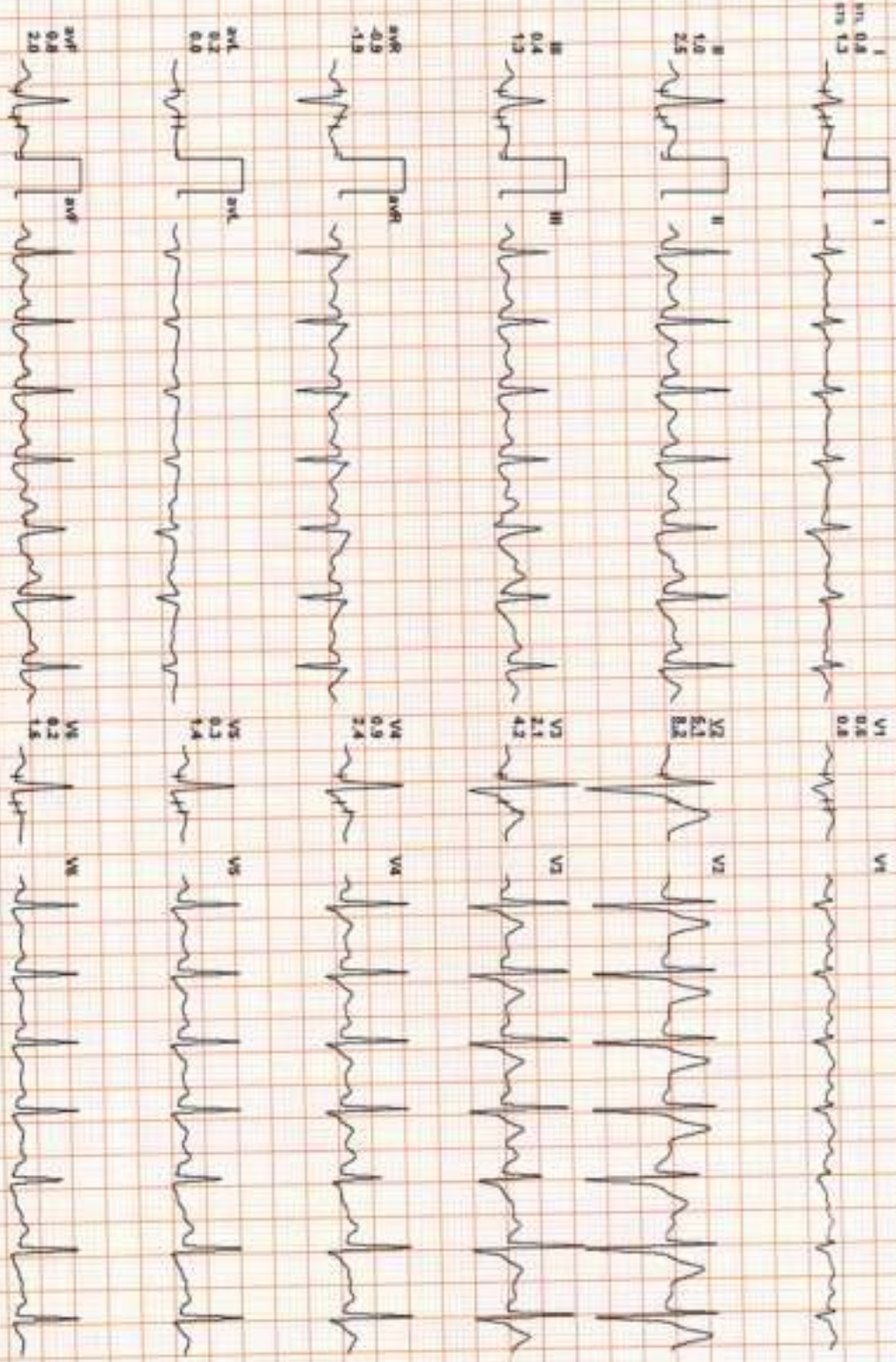
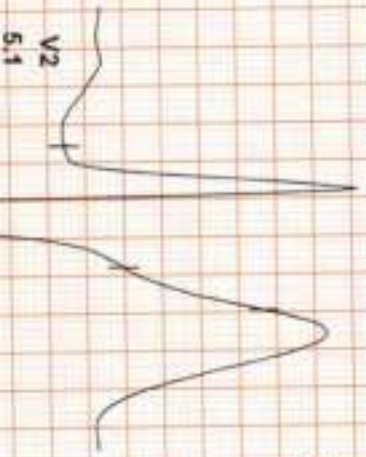


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 137

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.29 137 bpm 78% of THR BP: 140/90 mmHg Combined Median/ BLC Ch/ Nuch Ch/ HF 0.05 HOLF 35 Hz

4X 40 ms Post J

ExTime: 06:58 0.0 mV 0.9% 25 mm/sec 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:



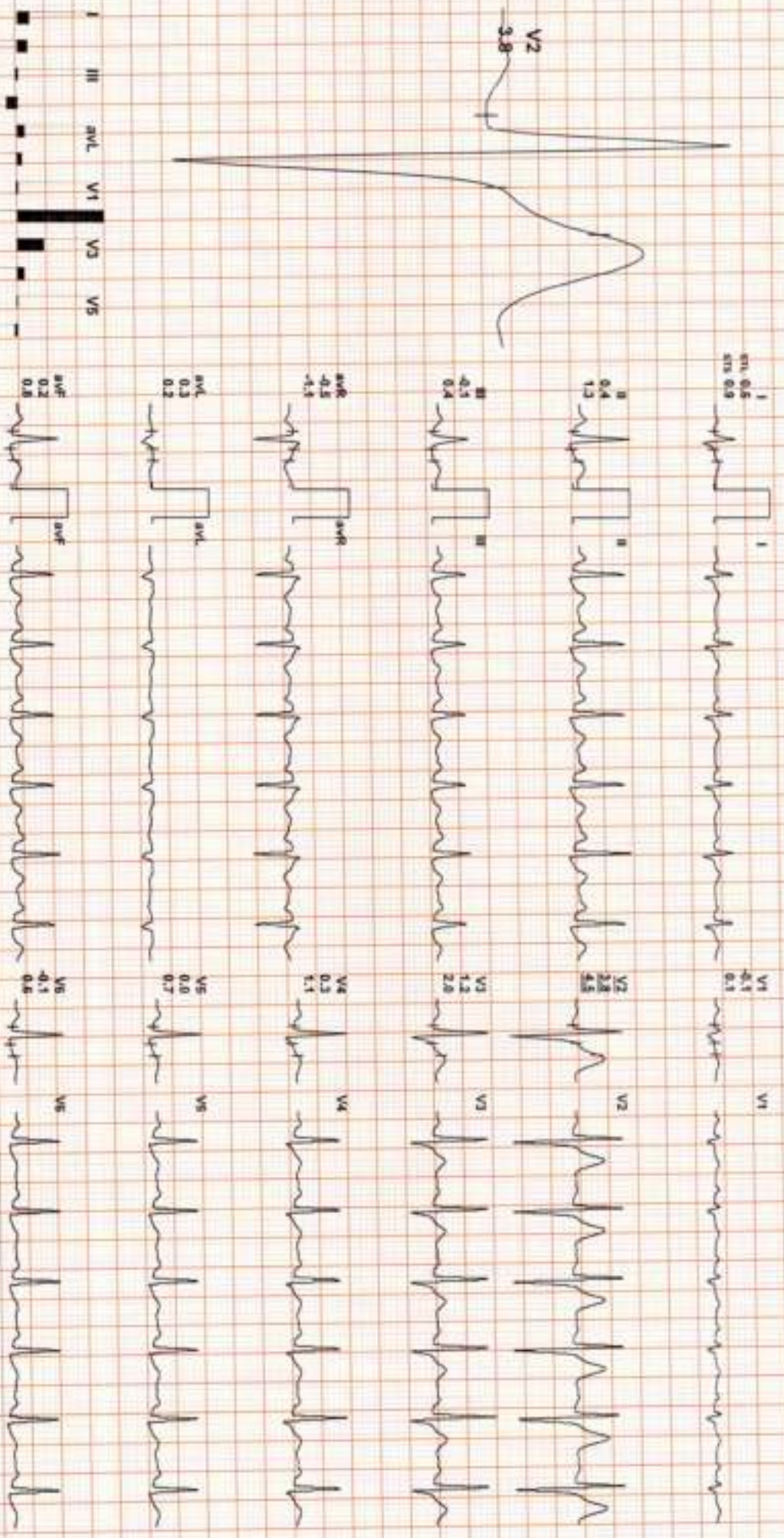


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 109

Date: 28/01/2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.0/ 109 bpm 62% of THR BP: 140/90 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC Day Watch Day HF 0.06 Hb/LF 35 Hz

4X 79 ms Print J

ExTime 06:58 0.0 min 0.0%  
25 mm/Sec 1.0 Cm/mV



REMARKS:



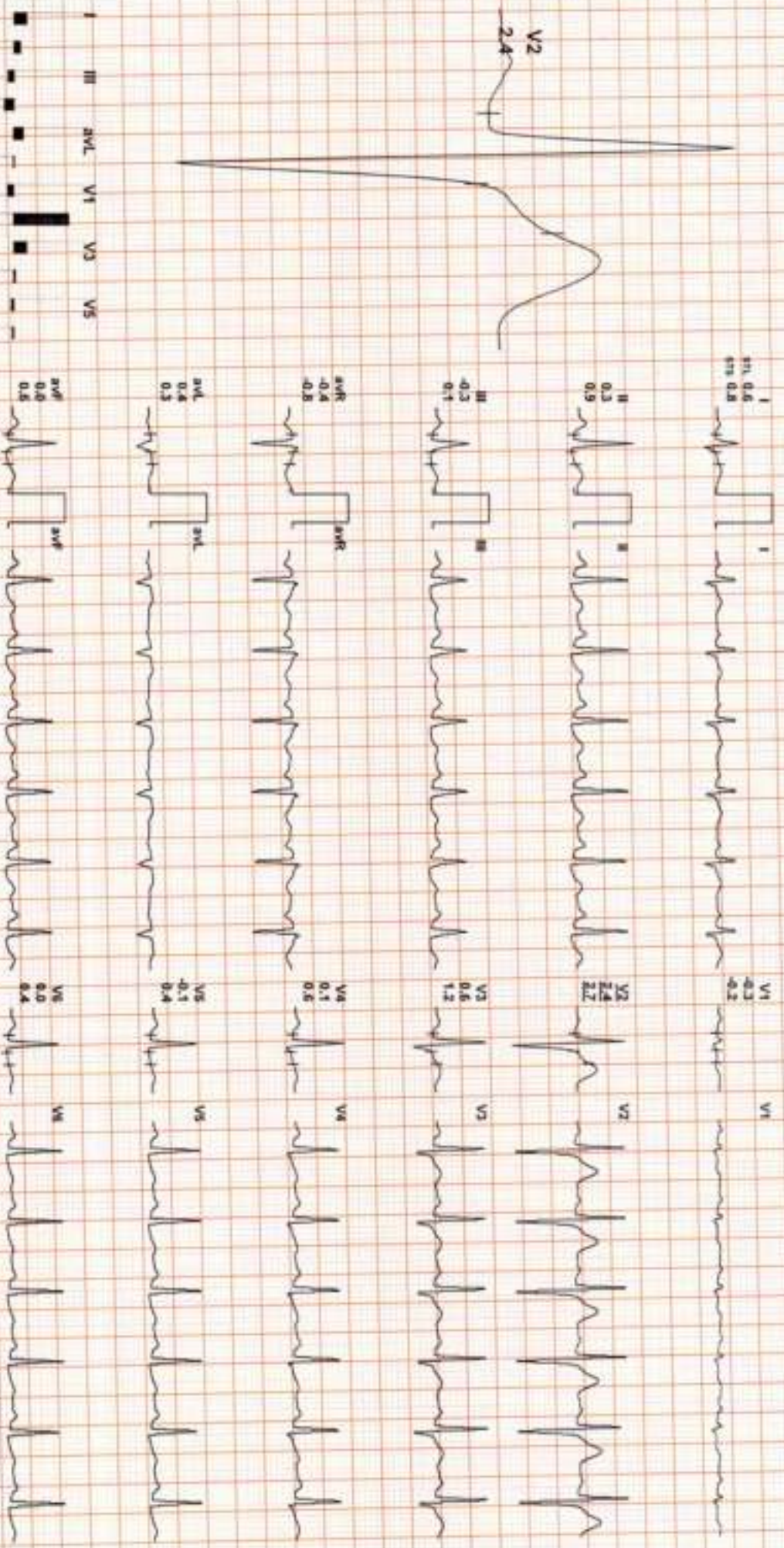


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 110

Date: 26 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.0V 110 bpm 62% of THR BP: 135/85 mmHg Combined Median/BLG Cav Nech. Cav HF 0.05 Hx/H/F 35 Hr

4X No mS Post J

External: DC: 50 0.0 reqn 0.0%  
25 mm/Sec 1m Channel



REMARKS:  
I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6



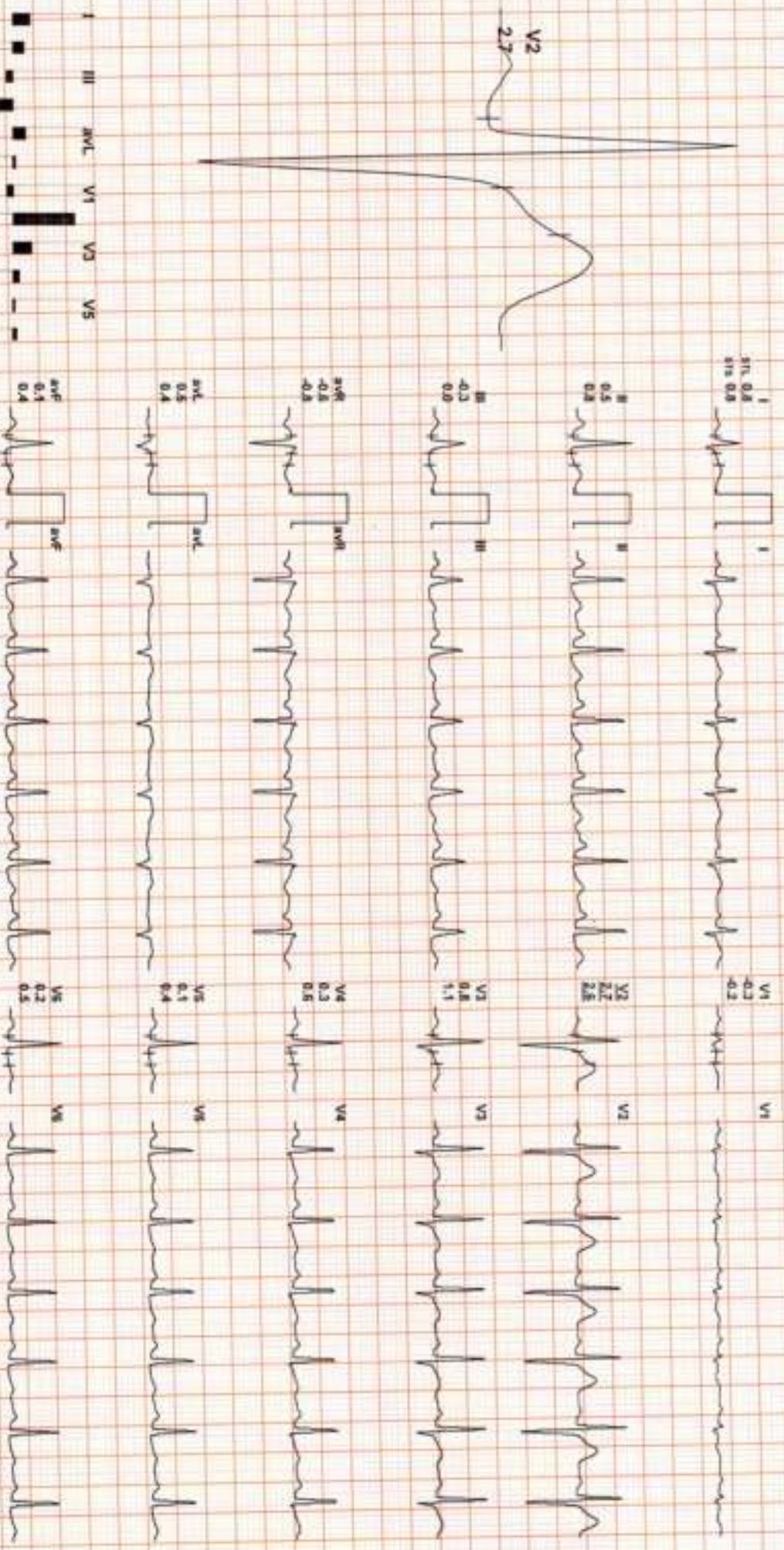


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 105

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.0/ 105 bpm 60% of THR BP: 125/80 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC Dm/ Netch Dm HF 0.05 Hb/LF 35 H+

4X to med Post J

E=Time: 06:56 0.0 mph 0.0%  
 25 minutes: 1.0 Cms/mv



REMARKS:  
 I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6



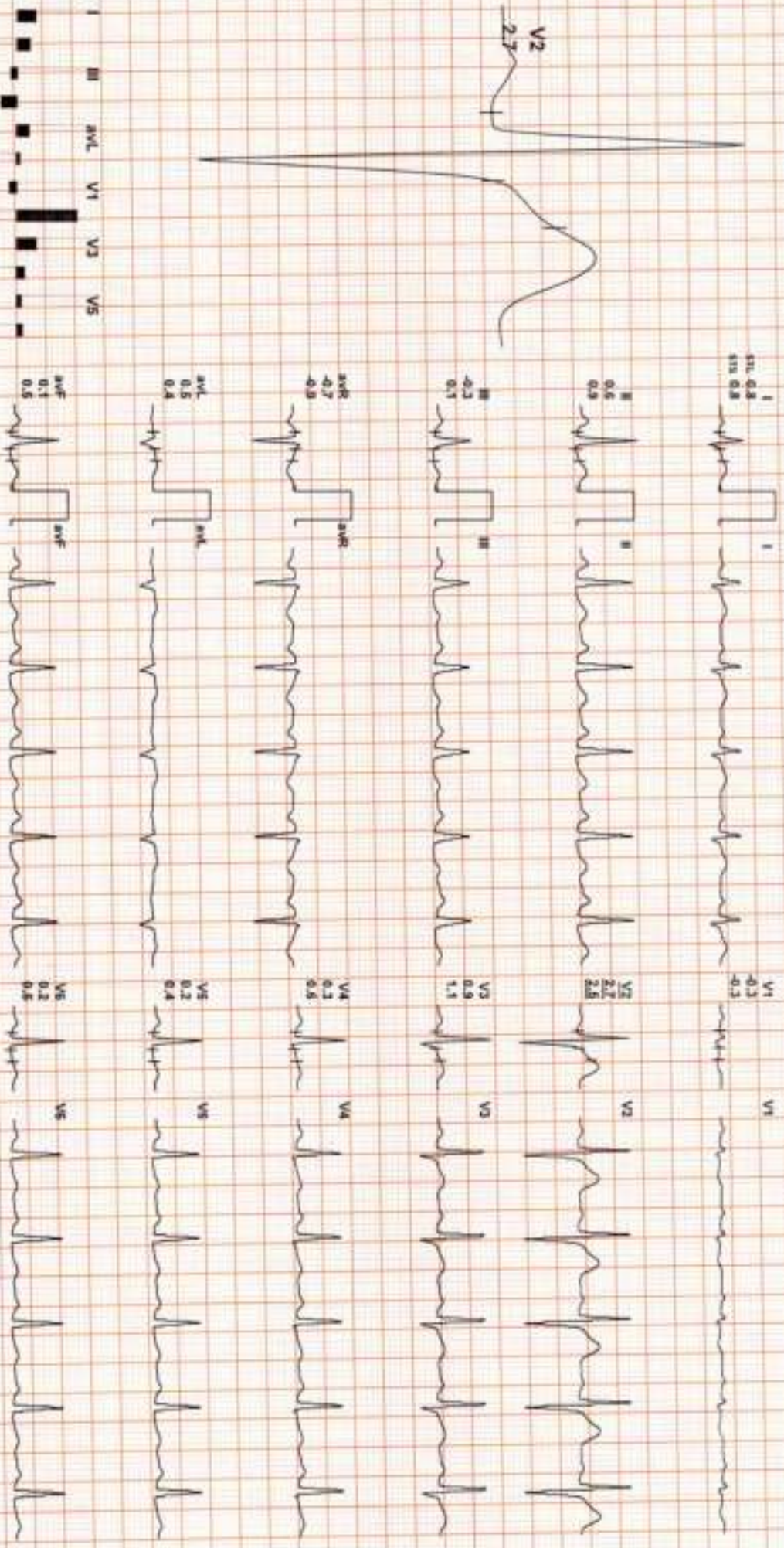


669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / O Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 102

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM METS: 1.0V 102 bpm 58% of THR BP: 125/80 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC Cnv/ Natch Cnv/ HF: 0.95 Hz/ LF: 35 Hz

4X NO rPS Ppdt J

ExTime: 08:58 8.8 mph 0.8%  
25 mm/Sec 1.8 Cm/mV



REMARKS: I II aVR aVL V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6





669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 90

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6







669 (113) / MR GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA / 44 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 90

Date: 28 / 01 / 2024 12:21:53 PM I

II

III

aVR

aVL

aVF

V1

V2

V3

V4

V5

V6









# Dr. Goyal's

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Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele : 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalplyush@gmail.com

Date :- 28/01/2024 09:47:44

Patient ID :-12235488



NAME :- Mr. GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 44 Yrs 2 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 12:44:49

### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>HAEMOGARAM</b>			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	15.0	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	4.91	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
<b>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</b>			
NEUTROPHIL	47.1	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	41.1 H	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	7.7 H	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	3.8	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.3	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	2.32	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	2.02	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.38	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.18	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.01	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	5.05	x10 <sup>6</sup> /uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	47.10	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	93.3	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	29.6	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	31.8	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
<b>PLATELET COUNT</b>	155	x10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	13.9	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	18.48		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH  
Technologist

Page No: 2 of 13



Dr. Chandrika Gupta  
MBBS.MD ( Path )  
RMC NO. 21021/008037



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Tele : 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787  
Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalplyush@gmail.com

RMC-5509

Date :- 28/01/2024 09:47:44  
**NAME :- Mr. GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA**  
Sex / Age :- Male 44 Yrs 2 Mon 5 Days  
Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-12235488  
Ref. By Dr:- BOB  
Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time:28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 12:44:49

### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------

BOB PACKAGE ABOVE 40MALE

**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)**  
Method:- HPLC

5.9

%

Non-diabetic: < 5.7  
Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4  
Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher  
ADA Target: 7.0  
Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

#### Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable Schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasma glucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHb depends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean of HbA1C. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c measurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb variant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

**MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE**  
Method:- Calculated Parameter

123

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL  
Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL  
Diabetic 125 mg/dL or Higher

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Technologist

Page No: 1 of 13



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Date :- 28/01/2024 09:47:44

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Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

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### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	18 H	mm/hr.	00 - 13
--------------------------------------	------	--------	---------

**(ESR) Methodology** : Measurement of ESR by cells aggregation.

**Instrument Name** : Independent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

**Interpretation** : ESR test is a non-specific indicator of inflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test is used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction)

Levels are higher in pregnancy due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR "  $\times > 100$  value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia

(CBC), Microbiology, TLC, DLC, Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused impedance, and

MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. **Instrument Name**: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

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Technologist

Page No: 3 of 13



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Sodala, Jaipur-302019  
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Website: www.drgoyalpathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 28/01/2024 09:47:44  
**NAME :- Mr. GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA**  
Sex / Age :- Male 44 Yrs 2 Mon 5 Days  
Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-12235488  
Ref. By Dr:- BOB  
Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time:28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 11:48:33

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>LIPID PROFILE</b>			
<b>TOTAL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	<b>260.51</b> H	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High > 240
<b>TRIGLYCERIDES</b> Method:- GPO-PAP	<b>211.01</b> H	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
<b>DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method:- Direct clearance Method	38.81	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
<b>DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method:- Direct clearance Method	<b>186.53</b> H	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
<b>VLDL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method:- Calculated	42.20	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
<b>T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO</b> Method:- Calculated	<b>6.71</b> H		0.00 - 4.90
<b>LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO</b> Method:- Calculated	<b>4.81</b> H		0.00 - 3.50
<b>TOTAL LIPID</b> Method:- CALCULATED	819.81	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00
<b>TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation:</b> Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.			
<b>TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation:</b> Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.			
<b>DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation:</b> An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.			
<b>DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation:</b> Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.			
<b>TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED</b>			

SURENDRAXHANGA

Page No: 4 of 13



**Dr. Chandrika Gupta**  
MBBS.MD ( Path )  
RMC NO. 21021/008037





Date :- 28/01/2024 09:47:44

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NAME :- Mr. GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA

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Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time: 28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 11:48:33

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT</b>			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.64	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.17	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 >- 1 month - <0.2
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.47	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	38.8 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	67.8 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer	100.20	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	68.00 H	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.28	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.58	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.70	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.70		1.30 - 2.50

**Total Bilirubin** Methodology: Colorimetric method Instrument Name: Randox Rx Inova Interpretation: An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in those incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

**AST Aspartate Aminotransferase** Methodology: IFCC Instrument Name: Randox Rx Inova Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

**ALT Alanine Aminotransferase** Methodology: IFCC Instrument Name: Randox Rx Inova Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminase can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

**Alkaline Phosphatase** Methodology: AMP Buffer Instrument Name: Randox Rx Inova Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatochyl disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

**TOTAL PROTEIN** Methodology: Biuret Reagent Instrument Name: Randox Rx Inova Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

**ALBUMIN (ALB)** Methodology: Bromocresol Green Instrument Name: Randox Rx Inova Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

**Instrument Name:** Randox Rx Inova **Interpretation:** Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra- or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 3 times normal).

SURENDRAKHANGA

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Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 12:17:38

### IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>TOTAL THYROID PROFILE</b>			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.280	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	7.540	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	1.900	uIU/mL	0.350 - 5.500

**Interpretation:** Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

**Interpretation:** The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

**Interpretation:** TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

### INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

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Page No: 6 of 13



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Sex / Age :- Male 44 Yrs 2 Mon 5 Days  
Company :- Medi/Wheel

Patient ID :-12235488  
Ref. By Dr:- BOB  
Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 11:10:06

### CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>Urine Routine</b>			
<b>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</b>			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
<b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</b>			
REACTION(PH)	6.0		5.0 - 7.5
Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicator blue reaction)			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
Method:- Reagent Strip(bromothymol blue)			
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)			
GLUCOSE	NIL		NIL
Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)			
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified ehrlich reaction)			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitroprusside) Rother's			
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)			
RBC	NIL		NIL
Method:- Reagent Strip (Peroxidase like activity)			
<b>MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION</b>			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		ABSENT

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Page No: 7 of 13



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Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12235488  
Ref. By Dr:- BOB  
Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type -> KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na Fluoride-F, BUN, SERUM/024 13:57:26

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 14:32:44

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method- GOD PAP	114.2	mg/dl	75.0 - 115.0
<b>Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)</b>		111 - 125 mg/dL	
<b>Diabetes Mellitus (DM)</b>		> 126 mg/dL	
<p><b>Instrument Name:</b> Randox Rx Imola <b>Interpretation:</b> Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.</p>			
BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma) Method- GOD PAP	119.4	mg/dl	70.0 - 140.0
<p><b>Instrument Name:</b> Randox Rx Imola <b>Interpretation:</b> Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.</p>			
SERUM CREATININE Method- Colorimetric Method	1.05	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method- Enzymatic colorimetric	7.38 H	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 9 of 13



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NAME :- Mr. GIRRAJ PRASAD MEENA

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Sex / Age :- Male 44 Yrs 2 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type > EDTA, URINE, URINE-PP

Sample Collected Time 28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 15:23:59

### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BLOOD GROUP ABO	"B" POSITIVE		
BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology : Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name : Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone)			
URINE SUGAR (FASTING) Collected Sample Received	Nil		Nil
URINE SUGAR PP Collected Sample Received	Nil		Nil

AJAYSINGH, VIJENDRAMEENA  
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Page No: 11 of 13



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Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 11:48:33

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)	9.6	mg/dl	0.0 - 23.0

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Page No: 12 of 13



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Sample Collected Time 28/01/2024 09:56:37

Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 12:17:38

### IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL PSA Method:- Chemiluminescence	0.950	ng/ml	0.000 - 4.000

**InstrumentName:** ADVIA CENTAUR CP **Interpretation :** Elevated serum PSA concentrations are found in men with prostate cancer, benign prostatic hypertrophy (BHP) or inflammatory conditions of other adjacent genitourinary tissues, but not in apparently healthy men or in men with cancers other than prostate cancer. PSA has been demonstrated to be an accurate marker for monitoring advancing clinical stage in untreated patients and for monitoring response to therapy by radical prostatectomy, radiation therapy and anti-androgen therapy. PSA is also important in determining the potential and actual effectiveness of surgery or other therapies. Progressive disease is defined by an increase of at least 25%. Sampling should be repeated within two to four weeks for additional evidence. Different assay methods cannot be used interchangeably.

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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Page No: 13 of 13



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Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 14:27:31

BOB PACKAGE ABOVE 40MALE

### X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Bilateral mild apical pleural thickening is seen.

Left hilar shadow is prominent.

Rest of lung fields appears clear.

Trachea is in midline.

Right hilar shadow is normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)



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EX-SR NEURO-RADIOLOGY AIIMS NEW DELHI  
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\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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(D.M.R.D.) BILAL



Transcript by.

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Dr. Navneet Agarwal  
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Dr. Poorvi Malik  
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Final Authentication : 28/01/2024 11:17:56

BOB PACKAGE ABOVE 40MALE

### USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

**Liver** is of normal size. **Echo-texture is bright with focal fatty sparing.** No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

**Gall bladder** is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

**Pancreas** is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

**Spleen** is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

**Kidneys** are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation on left side.

**There is mild dilatation of left pelvicalyceal system. Rest of the ureter could not visualised due to bowel gases.**

**Urinary bladder** is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

**Pre void:- 250 ml Post void:-33 ml (insignificant).**

**Prostate** is normal in size with normal echo-texture and outline. No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

#### IMPRESSION:

- \* Grade I fatty liver.
- \* Left sided mild hydronephrosis. (Adv. X- Ray KUB/ CT KUB)

*Needs clinical correlation.*

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Page No: 1 of 1

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