

Quality • Compassion • Trust

 Visit ID
 : MBAR32912

 UHID/MR No
 : ABAR.0000032900

 Patient Name
 : Mr.VIPIN KUMAR

Age/Gender : 32 Y 0 M 0 D /M
Ref Doctor : Dr.NITIN AGARWAL

Client Name : MODERN PATH SERVICES, BARELLY

Client Add : 240, Sanjay Nagar Bareilly (UP)

 Registration
 : 09/Jan/2023 04:20PM

 Collected
 : 09/Jan/2023 04:34PM

 Received
 : 09/Jan/2023 04:36PM

 Reported
 : 09/Jan/2023 05:15PM

Status : Final Report

Client Code : 2423 Barcode No : A3296247

| | DEPARTMENT | OF HORMONE A | ASSAYS | |
|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------------|--------|
| Test Name | Result | Unit | Bio. Ref. Range | Method |

| 25 HYDROXY VITAMIN D | | | | |
|----------------------|------|-------|--------|------|
| Sample Type : SERUM | | | | |
| VITAMIN D | 5.84 | ng/ml | 30-100 | CLIA |

INTERPRETATION:

| LEVEL | REFERENCE RANGE |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Deficiency (serious deficient) | < 10 ng/ml |
| Insufficiency (Deficient) | 10-30 ng/ml |
| Sufficient (adequate) | 30-100 ng/ml |
| Toxicity | > 100 ng/ml |

DECREASED LEVELS:

- -Deficiency in children causes Rickets and in adults leads to Osteomalacia. It can also lead to Hypocalcemia and Tetany.
- -Inadequate exposure to sunlight.
- -Dietary deficiency.
- -Vitamin D malabsorption.
- -Severe Hepatocellular disease.
- -Drugs like Anticonvulsants.
- Nephrotic syndrome.

INCREASED LEVELS:

-Vitamin D intoxication.

COMMENTS:

- -Vitamin D (Cholecalciferol) promotes absorption of calcium and phosphorus and mineralization of bones and teeth. Vitamin D status is best determined by measurement of 25 hydroxy vitamin D, as it is the major circulating form and has longer half life (2-3 weeks) than 1, 25 Dihydroxy vitamin D (5-8 hrs).
- -The assay measures D3 (Cholecaciferol) metabolites of vitamin D.
- -25 (OH) D is influenced by sunlight, latitude, skin pigmentation, sunscreen use and hepatic function.
- -Optimal calcium absorption requires vitamin D 25 (OH) levels exceeding 75 nmol/L.
- -It shows seasonal variation, with values being 40-50% lower in winter than in summer.
- -Levels vary with age and are increased in pregnancy.
- -This is the recommended test for evaluation of vitamin D intoxication.



Quality • Compassion • Trust

Visit ID : MBAR32912

UHID/MR No : ABAR.0000032900

Patient Name : Mr.VIPIN KUMAR Age/Gender : 32 Y O M O D /M

Ref Doctor : Dr.NITIN AGARWAL

Client Name : MODERN PATH SERVICES, BARELLY

Client Add : 240, Sanjay Nagar Bareilly (UP)

Registration : 09/Jan/2023 04:20PM Collected : 09/Jan/2023 04:34PM Received : 09/Jan/2023 04:36PM

Reported : 09/Jan/2023 05:15PM

: Final Report

Client Code : 2423 : A3296247 Barcode No

| DEPARTMENT OF HORMONE ASSAYS | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|------|-----------------|--------|
| Test Name | Result | Unit | Bio. Ref. Range | Method |

Status

| THYROID PROFILE (T3,T4,ULTRASENSITIVE TSH |) | | | |
|---|--|--------|------------|------|
| Sample Type : SERUM | Bit Made direction of in it percentagons is the control of the con | | | |
| Т3 | 1.00 | ng/ml | 0.61-1.81 | CLIA |
| T4 | 6.9 | ug/dl | 5.01-12.45 | CLIA |
| Ultrasensitive TSH | 1.494 | ulU/mL | 0.55-4.78 | CLIA |

INTERPRETATION:

- 1. Serum T3, T4 and TSH are the measurements form three components of thyroid screening panel and are useful in diagnosing various disorders of thyroid gland function.
- 2. Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by elevated serum T3 and T4 values along with depressed TSH levels. 3. Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by depressed serum T3 and T4 values and elevated serum TSH levels.
- 4. Normal T4 levels accompanied by high T3 levels are seen in patients with T3 thyrotoxicosis. Slightly elevated T3 levels may be found in pregnancy and in estrogen therapy while depressed levels may be encountered in severe illness, mainutrition, renal failure and during therapy with drugs like propanolol and propylthiouracil.
- 5. Although elevated TSH levels are nearly always indicative of primary hypothyroidism, rarely they can result from TSH secreting pituitary tumors (secondary hyperthyroidism).
- 6. Low levels of Thyroid hormones (T3, T4 & FT3, FT4) are seen in cases of primary, secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism and sometimes in non-thyroidal illness also.
- 7. Increased levels are found in Grave's disease, hyperthyroidism and thyroid hormone resistance.
- 8. TSH levels are raised in primary hypothyroidism and are low in hyperthyroidism and secondary hypothyroidism.

9. REFERENCE RANGE:

| PREGNANCY | Ultrasensitive TSH in uIU/mL |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| 1st Trimester | 0.100 - 2.500 |
| 2nd Trimester | 0.200 - 3.000 |
| 3rd Trimester | 0.300 - 3.000 |

(Reference range recommended by the American Thyroid Association)

Comments:

1. During pregnancy, Free thyroid profile (FT3, FT4 & Ultra-TSH) is recommended.

2. TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaches peak levels between 2-4 AM and at a minimum between 6-10 PM. The variation of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.

*** End Of Report ***

Dr. Miti Gupta DNB; MD [Pathology]

A-3, Ekta Nagar, Stadium Road, (Opp. Care Hospital),

Bareilly - 243 122 (U.P.) India Tel.: 07599031977, 09458888448



Reg.NO.

: 142

NAME

: Mr. VIPIN KUMAR GANGWAR

REFERRED BY

: Dr.Nitin Agarwal (D M)

SAMPLE

: BLOOD

DATE : 09/01/2023

: 32 Yrs. AGE

: MALE SEX

| TEST NAME | RESULTS | UNITS | BIOLOGICAL REF. RANGE |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | HAEMATOLOGY | | |
| COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) | | | |
| HAEMOGLOBIN | 13.1 | gm/dl | 12.0-18.0 |
| TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT | 7,300 | /cumm | 4,000-11,000 |
| DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT(DLC) | | | |
| Neutrophils | 70 | % | 40-75 |
| Lymphocytes | 28 | % | 20-45 |
| Eosinophils | 02 | % | 01-08 |
| TOTAL R.B.C. COUNT | 3.64 | million/cur | nm3.5-6.5 |
| P.C.V./ Haematocrit value | 38.6 | % | 35-54 |
| MCV | 106.0 | fL | 76-96 |
| мсн | 36.0 | pg | 27.00-32.00 |
| MCHC | 33.9 | g/dl | 30.50-34.50 |
| PLATELET COUNT | 2.50 | lacs/mm3 | 1.50 - 4.50 |
| E.S.R. (Westergren Method) | 13 | mm/1st hr | . 0 - 20 |
| GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN | 5.4 | | |

EXPECTED RESULTS:

4.0% to 6.0% Non diabetic patients : 6.0% to 7.0% Good Control 7.0% to -8% Fair Control Above 8% Poor Control

*ADA: American Diabetes Association

The glycosylated hemoglobin assay has been validated as a reliable indicator of mean blood glucose levels for period of 8-12 week period prior to HBA1C determination. ADA recommends the testing twice a year in patients with stable blood glucose, and quarterly, if treatment changes, or if blood glucose levels are unstable.

METHOD: ADVANCED IMMUNO ASSAY.

BIOCHEMISTRY

A-3, Ekta Nagar, Stadium Road, (Opp. Care Hospital),

Bareilly - 243 122 (U.P.) India Tel.: 07599031977, 09458888448



Reg.NO.

: 142

NAME

: Mr. VIPIN KUMAR GANGWAR

REFERRED BY

SERUM CALCIUM

: Dr.Nitin Agarwal (D M)

DATE : 09/01/2023

8.5 - 10.5

mg/dl

AGE : 32 Yrs.

SEX : MALE

| SAMPLE : BLOOD | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|-----|
| TEST NAME | RESULTS | UNITS BIOLOGICAL REF. RAN | IGE |
| BLOOD SUGAR F. | 70 | mg/dl 60-100 | |
| Gamma Glutamyl Transferase (GGT) | 19 | U/L 7-32 | |
| | | | |
| SERUM CREATININE | 1.0 | mg/dL. 0.5-1.4 | |
| | | | |
| BLOOD UREA NITROGEN | 18 | mg/dL. 5 - 25 | |
| URIC ACID | 6.8 | mg/dl 3.5-8.0 | |
| | | The second secon | |
| CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE: | | | |
| Analysis of synovial fluid plays a major | role in the diagnosis of | oint disease. | |
| SERUM SODIUM (Na) | 133 | m Eq/litre. 135 - 155 | |
| SERUM POTASSIUM (K) | 4.7 | m Eq/litre. 3.5 - 5.5 | |

9.6

A-3, Ekta Nagar, Stadium Road, (Opp. Care Hospital),

Bareilly - 243 122 (U.P.) India Tel.: 07599031977, 09458888448



Reg.NO. : 142 DATE : **09/01/2023**

NAME : Mr. VIPIN KUMAR GANGWAR AGE : 32 Yrs.

REFERRED BY : Dr. Nitin Agarwal (D M) SEX : MALE

REFERRED BY : Dr.Nitin Agarwal (D M) SEX : M
SAMPLE : BLOOD

| . 52005 | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|-------|-----------------------|
| TEST NAME | RESULTS | UNITS | BIOLOGICAL REF. RANGE |
| LIVER PROFILE | | | |
| SERUM BILIRUBIN | | | |
| TOTAL | 0.7 | mg/dL | 0.3-1.2 |
| DIRECT | 0.4 | mg/dL | 0.2-0.6 |
| INDIRECT | 0.3 | mg/dL | 0.1-0.4 |
| SERUM PROTEINS | | | |
| Total Proteins | 7.1 | Gm/dL | 6.4 - 8.3 |
| Albumin | 4.1 | Gm/dL | 3.5 - 5.5 |
| Globulin | 3 | Gm/dL | 2.3 - 3.5 |
| A: G Ratio | 1.37 | | 0.0-2.0 |
| SGOT | 72 | IU/L | 0-40 |
| SGPT | 69 | IU/L | 0-40 |
| SERUM ALK.PHOSPHATASE | 74 | IU/L | 00-115 |
| | | | |

NORMAL RANGE: BILIRUBIN TOTAL

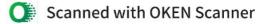
Premature infants. 0 to 1 day: <8 mg/dL Premature infants. 1 to 2 days: <12 mg/dL Adults: 0.3-1 mg/dL.

Premature infants. 3 to 5 days: <16 mg/dL Neonates, 0 to 1 day: 1.4-8.7 mg/dL

Neonates, 1 to 2 days: 3.4-11.5 mg/dL Neonates, 3 to 5 days: 1.5-12 mg/dL Children 6 days to 18 years: 0.3-1.2 mg/dL

COMMENTS-

Total and direct bilirubin determination in serum is used for the diagnosis, differentiation and follow -up of jaundice. Elevation of SGPT is found in liver and kidney diseases such as infectious or toxic hepatitis, IM and cirrhosis. Organs rich in SGOT are heart, liver and skeletal muscles. When any of these organs are damaged, the serum SGOT level rises in proportion to the severity of damage. Elevation of Alkaline Phosphatase in serum or plasma is found in hepatitis , biliary obstructions, hyperparathyroidism, steatorrhea and bone diseases.



A-3, Ekta Nagar, Stadium Road, (Opp. Care Hospital),

Bareilly - 243 122 (U.P.) India Tel.: 07599031977, 09458888448



Reg.NO. : 142 DATE : **09/01/2023**

 Reg.NO.
 : 142
 DATE : 09/01/2023

 NAME
 : Mr. VIPIN KUMAR GANGWAR
 AGE : 32 Yrs.

REFERRED BY : Dr.Nitin Agarwal (D M) SEX : MALE

SAMPLE : BLOOD

| TEST NAME | RESULTS | UNITS | BIOLOGICAL REF. RANGE |
|----------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------|
| LIPID PROFILE | | | |
| SERUM CHOLESTEROL | 145 | mg/dL. | 130 - 200 |
| SERUM TRIGLYCERIDE | 88 | mg/dl. | 30 - 160 |
| HDL CHOLESTEROL | 55 | mg/dL. | 30-70 |
| VLDL CHOLESTEROL | 17.6 | mg/dL. | 15 - 40 |
| LDL CHOLESTEROL | 72.40 | mg/dL. | 00-130 |
| CHOL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO | 2.64 | mg/dl | |
| LDL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO | 1.32 | mg/dl | |
| | | | |

INTERPRETATION

TRIGLYCERIDE level > 250mg/dL is associated with an approximately 2-fold greater risk of coronary vascular disease. Elevation of triglycerides can be seen with obesity, medication, fast less than 12 hrs., alcohol intake, diabetes melitus, and pancreatitis.

CHOLESTEROL, its fractions and triglycerides are the important plasma lipids indefining cardiovascular risk factors and in the management of cardiovascular disease. Highest acceptable and optimum values of cholesterol values of cholesterol vary with age. Values above 220 mgm/dl are associated with increased risk of CHD regardless of HDL & LDL values.

HDL-CHOLESTEROL level <35 mg/dL is associated with an increased risk of coronary vascular disease even in the face of desirable levels of cholesterol and LDL - cholesterol.

LDL - CHOLESTEROL& TOTAL CHOLESTEROL levels can be strikingly altered by thyroid, renal and liver disease as well as hereditary factors. Based on total cholesterol, LDL- cholesterol, and total cholesterol/HDL - cholesterol ratio, patients may be divided into the three risk categories.

HAEMATOLOGY

BLOOD GROUP

Blood Group O

Rh POSITIVE

BIOCHEMICAL

Report is not valid for medicolegal purpose

Page 4 of 7



A-3, Ekta Nagar, Stadium Road, (Opp. Care Hospital),

Bareilly - 243 122 (U.P.) India Tel.: 07599031977, 09458888448



Reg.NO.

: 142

NAME

: Mr. VIPIN KUMAR GANGWAR

REFERRED BY

: Dr.Nitin Agarwal (D M)

; BLOOD SAMPLE

DATE : 09/01/2023

AGE : 32 Yrs.

: MALE SEX

TEST NAME

RESULTS

UNITS

BIOLOGICAL REF. RANGE

Prostatic Specific Antigen

2.1

ng/ml

0-4

Prostatic Specific Antigen (P.S.A)

Comment: The fact of PSA is unique to prostate tissue makes it a suitable marker for monitoring men with cancer of the prostate. PSA is also useful for determining possible recurrence after therapy. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with bening prostatic hypertrophy.

URINE EXAMINATION

Report is not valid for medicolegal purpose

Page 5 of 7

Lab. Timings: 9.00 a.m. to 8.00 p.m. Sunday: 10.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m. Home Sample Collection Facility Available



Quality controlled report with external quality assurance

A-3, Ekta Nagar, Stadium Road, (Opp. Care Hospital),

Bareilly - 243 122 (U.P.) India Tel.: 07599031977, 09458888448



DATE : 09/01/2023

: 142 Reg.NO.

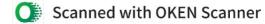
: 32 Yrs. AGE : Mr. VIPIN KUMAR GANGWAR NAME : MALE **SEX**

: Dr.Nitin Agarwal (D M) REFERRED BY SAMPLE : BLOOD **BIOLOGICAL REF. RANGE UNITS RESULTS TEST NAME URINE EXAMINATION REPORT** PHYSICAL EXAMINATION TRANSPARENCY 25 Volume Light Yellow Colour Nil NIL **Appearence** NIL Odour Nil Sediments 1.015-1.025 1.015 Specific Gravity NIL Reaction **BIOCHEMICAL EXAMINATION** NIL Nil **UROBILINOGEN** NEGATIVE Nil **BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE** Nil **URINE KETONE** Nil Nil Sugar Nil Nil Albumin Nil NIL **Phosphates** MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION /H.P.F. Nil Red Blood Cells /H.P.F. 1-2 Pus Cells /H.P.F. 0 - 1**Epithelial Cells** NIL NIL Crystals /H.P.F. Nil Casts NIL

Report is not valid for medicolegal purpose

Page 6 of 7

DEPOSITS



A-3, Ekta Nagar, Stadium Road, (Opp. Care Hospital), Bareilly - 243 122 (U.P.) India Tel.: 07599031977, 09458888448



Reg.NO.

: 142

NAME

: Mr. VIPIN KUMAR GANGWAR

REFERRED BY

: Dr.Nitin Aganval (D M)

SAMPLE

: BLOOD

DATE : 09/01/2023

AGE : 32 Yrs.

SEX : MALE

TEST NAME

RESULTS

--{End of Report}--

UNITS

BIOLOGICAL REF. RANGE

Dr. Shweta Agarwal, M.D.

sheveta

(Pathologist)

