

BMI CHART

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10 - A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703.

Tel.: +91-22-3919 9222 Fax: +91-22-3919 9220/21

Email: vashi@vashihospital.com

Date: 17/01/23

Signature

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MITIGUET IN A	100	105	100	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215
WEIGHT lbs kgs	2.50			52.3			59.1	61.4	63.6	65.9	68.2	70.5	72.7	75.0	77.3	79.5	81.8	84.1	86.4	88.6	50.5	33.2	00.0	37.1
				ght	(3)		Heal	thy				Oven	weigh	t			Obes	е			Extr	remel	y Obe	10000
HEIGHT in/cm	40			22		24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
5'0" - 152.4	_	_		21				25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	39	40
5'1" - 154.9	_			21.				24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5'2" - 157.4	GGG			20		1	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
5'3" - 160.0	17	18			20		22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
5'4" - 162.5	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	34	34
5'6" - 167.6	15	16	17	18	7		1	_	22		23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	32
5'7" - 170.1	15	16	16	17	18			20		22		23	11000			26	27	28	177.2	29	30	31	32	31
5'8" - 172.7	14	15	16	17	17	18	19		20							25	26 .	27	28	28	29	30	31	30
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	15	16	17	18	18	19	20			-1					25	26	27	28	28	29	30	30
5'10" - 177.8	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19			21			23	4	1	2	26	27	28	28	28	29
5'11" - 180.3	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	19					23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	27	28
6'0" - 182.8	13	13	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	19		20		- V.D	22			-	A	25	26	26	27	27
6'1" - 185.4	12	13	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25				26
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	24	25	25	#=
6'3" - 190.5 6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	23	24	23	23	
04 - 195.0			7:					•						211	*			2					2	
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Iiranandani Healtheare Pvt. Ltd. Iini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

toard Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 | mergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

or Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

/ww.fortishealthcare.com |

IN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

3ST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D



17/01/2023 Date 12240821 UHID 34 Sex Male Age Mr.Shyam Kamble Name Health Check Up Opthal 14 OPD

> Drug allergy: Sys illness:

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd. Mini Sea Shore Read, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 9 1 1 2

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcure.com

CIN : U85100MI 12005PTC154823

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TITTE	12240821	Date	17/01/20	023	
ULLUL	Mr.Shyam Kamble	Sex	Male	Age	34
OPD	Dental 12	Health Check Up			

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

in auticior region ath affortion. 1 Cross bite

Thatment

Ads implemed -

Ads sugred fernous

Adv. of hodortic treatment for coss bite

par caps III

Ad old prophleras.



PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID : FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO: 0022WA00336

AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 17/01/2023 08:25:00

RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 08:31:41

REPORTED: 17/01/2023 14:58:20

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

				R1404 - 1280-
Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

	HAEMATOLOGY -	СВС		
CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	r central en en 1995 i 199			
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	15.7		13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				#004 DEMONSTRAM
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	5.28		4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE				79
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	4.27		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD ; DOUBLE HYDRODYNAMIC SEQUENTIAL SYSTEM(DE			Taranan Na Garage	Telescovou
PLATELET COUNT	169		150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE				
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES				11200
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	46.0		40 - 50	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				2
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	87.0		83 - 101	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	29.6		27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	34.0		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	13.9		11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MENTZER INDEX	16.5			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	10.9		6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	48		40 - 80	%
METHOD : FLOWCYTOMETRY				
LYMPHOCYTES	34		20 - 40	%
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY				
MONOCYTES	7		2 - 10	%
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY				
EOSINOPHILS	11	High	1 - 6	%
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY				

SRL Ltd HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10,

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703

MAHARASHTRA, INDIA Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -



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PATIENT ID:

FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO:

0022WA00336

AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Male

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CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

	3ILLNO-1501230PCR003249		
Biological Reference Interval Unit	Results	BILLNO-1501230PCR003249	
0 - 2	0	Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	
2.0 - 7.0 thou/μL	2.05	BASOPHILS METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY	
1.0 - 3.0 thou/μL	1.45	ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER COUNT	
0.2 - 1.0 thou/μL	0.30	ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER MONOCYTE COUNT	
0.02 - 0.50 thou/μL	0.47	ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	
Low 0.02 - 0.10 thou/μL	0	METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	
	1.4	METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	
NTLY NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC	PREDOMINANTLY	METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER MORPHOLOGY RBC	
IA PRESENT	EOSINOPHILIA P	METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION WBC	
	ADEQUATE	METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION PLATELETS	
	ADEQUATE		

Email: -

Interpretation(s)
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait
(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, scope.)

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AGE: 34 Years SEX: Male ABHA NO:

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UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Biological Reference Interval

Test Report Status

Final

Results

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

F.S.R

07

0 - 14

mm at 1 hr

METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

ERTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Physical and Physical Paragraphs agent a paragraphs.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc.), Hypercholesterolemia
False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc.), Hypercholesterolemia
False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Quinine, False Decreased: Polkilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, False Decreased: Polkilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, False Decreased: Polkilocytosis, Counts)

salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

TYPE B

RH TYPE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION POSITIVE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOODBlood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

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NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

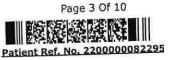
Email: -



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PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID:

FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO: 0022WA00336

AGE: 34 Years RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 08:31:41

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UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249							
BILLNO-1501230PCR003249	Results	Biological Reference Interval					
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>			······································				
	BIOCHEMISTRY						
KIDNEY PANEL - 1			6.11				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM	11	6 - 20	mg/dL				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	(all all)						
METHOD : UREASE - UV		V 4047	mg/dL				
CREATININE EGFR- EPI	1.08	0.90 - 1.30	11. 31 E				
CREATININE METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES			years				
	34	Refer Interpretation Below	mL/min/1.73m2				
AGE GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (MALE)	92.35	Refer Interpretation Determine					
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER		5					
BUN/CREAT RATIO	10.19	5.00 - 15.00					
BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O				
URIC ACID, SERUM	8.6	High 3.5 - 7.2	mg/dL				
URIC ACID							

URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE UV	8.6	High 3.5 - 7.2	mg/dc
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.79	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.13	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.66	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER TOTAL PROTEIN	7.7	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD: BIURET ALBUMIN	4.1	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING	3.6	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL

1.1

29

GLOBULIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)

METHOD: UV WITH P5P

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1.0 - 2.1

15 - 37

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RATIO

U/L



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CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference Interval			
est vehour states Timer				S + 92°		
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	37		< 45.0	U/L		
METHOD : UV WITH PSP				U/L		
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	89		30 - 120	0/L		
METHOD: PNPP-ANP		******	AT OF	U/L		
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	88	High	15 - 85	S-fa =		
METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	(Title)		100 - 190	U/L		
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	155		100 - 150			
METHOD: LACTATE -PYRIJVATE						
KIDNEY PANEL - 1						
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM	77		6.4 - 8.2	g/dL		
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.7		201			
METHOD : BIURET						
ALBUMIN, SERUM	2.4		3.4 - 5.0	g/dL		
ALBUMIN	4.1		5 513			
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING						
GLOBULIN	2.6		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL		
GLOBULIN	3.6		2.0			
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER						
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM	126		136 - 145	mmol/L		
SODIUM, SERUM	136		120 1.5			
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT	3.92		3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L		
POTASSIUM, SERUM	3.32		8			
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	100		98 - 107	mmol/L		
CHLORIDE, SERUM						
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT						
Interpretation(s)	Ų.					
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA		2v=		mg/dL		
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	109	Hig	gh 74 - 99	nig/ac		
METHOD : HEXOKINASE						

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C

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5.3

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Non-diabetic: < 5.7

Page 5 Of 10

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Patient Ref. No. 2200000082295



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PATIENT ID:

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ACCESSION NO:

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Final

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CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

Test Report Status

CLINICAL INFORMATION: UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD: HB VARIANT (HPLC)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)

105.4

< 116.0

mg/dL

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Liver disease, SIADH.
Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
CREATININE EGFR- EPI-GFR— Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is a measure of the function of the kidneys. The GFR is a calculation based on a serum creatinine test.
CREATININE EGFR- EPI-GFR— Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is a measure of the function of the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate. When kidney function decreases, less Creatinine is a muscle waste product that is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate. When kidney function decreases, less creatinine is excreted and concentrations increase in the blood. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.

creatinine is excreted and concentrations increase in the blood. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.

A GFR below 60 may mean kidney disease.

A GFR of 15 or lower may mean kidney failure.

Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney disease (CKD). In adults, eGFR calculated using the Modification of Diet in Renal Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney function than serum creatinine alone.

Disease (MDRD) Study equation provides a more clinically useful measure of kidney function than serum creatinine alone.

The CKD-EPI creatinine equation is based on the same four variables as the MDRD Study equation, but uses a 2-slope spline to model the relationship between estimated The CKD-EPI creatinine, and a different relationship for age, sex and race. The equation was reported to perform better and with less bias than the MDRD Study equation, GFR and serum creatinine, and a different relationship for age, sex and race. The equation was reported to perform better and with less bias than the MDRD Study equation, GFR in patients with higher GFR. This results in reduced misclassification of CKD.

The CKD-EPI creatinine equation has not been validated in children & will only be reported for patients = 18 years of age. For pediatric and childrens, Schwartz Pediatric GFR requires only serum creatinine and height.

Bedside GFR (2009) formulae is used. This revised "bedside" pediatric GFR requires only serum creatinine and height.

Bedside GFR (2009) formulae is used. This revised "bedside" pediatric GFR requires only serum creatinine and height.

Browner of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic Syndrome

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic Syndrome
Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE
Billirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Billirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give
Billirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Billirubin is elevated levels may give
Billirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Billirubin is elevated levels may give
Billirubin is allowed in jeunal metabolism (eg.) hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) billirubin is elevated more than unconjugated
(indirect) billirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) billirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) billirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolism termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that
may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that
attaches sugar molecules to billirubin.
AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured
AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is level increase during dronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic
clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT
anemia, pancreastitis, hemochromatosis, AST levels may also increase after a hear

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Patient Ref. No. 2200000082295

Email: -



PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID:

FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO:

0022WA00336

AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO :

DRAWN: 17/01/2023 08:25:00

RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 08:31:41

REPORTED:

17/01/2023 14:58:20

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom""s disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN. SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. This produced in the liver. Albumin serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. This produced in the liver.

syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally the plurese conceptation in extracellular fluid is closely regulated to that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no plurese is extracellular fluid is closely regulated to that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no plurese is extraced in the SECUCIOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE FLASTIANTES I DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides. Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides. Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides. Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides. Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides. Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides. Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:
While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.
High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

1.Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in placetic patients.

2.Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for the well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

Lishortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will faisely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II. Vitamin C & E are reported to faisely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbillrubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates in the properties of interfere with some assay methods, faisely increasing results.

IV. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in a. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c. HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL

204

High < 200 Desirable

mg/dL

200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE

TRIGLYCERIDES

High < 150 Normal

mg/dL

150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High

>/=500 Very High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC ASSAY

HDL CHOLESTEROL

31

Low < 40 Low >/=60 High mg/dL

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NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -



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PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID:

FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

ACCESSION NO:

0022WA00336

SFX: Male AGE: 34 Years RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 08:31:41 ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 17/01/2023 08:25:00

REPORTED:

17/01/2023 14:58:20

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

BILLNO-1501230PCR0	03249					
Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference Interval		
METHOD: DIRECT MEASUR LDL CHOLESTEROL, D.		75		< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High	mg/dL	
METHOD: DIRECT MEASUR NON HDL CHOLESTER	E WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT	173	High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PA		NOT CALCULATED		= 30.0</td <td>mg/dL</td>	mg/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PA	ARAMETER	6.6	High	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk		
METHOD : CALCULATED P. LDL/HDL RATIO	ARAMETER	2.4		0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate F >6.0 High Risk	Risk	

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Comments

NOTE - SERUM SPECIMEN RECEIVED IS LIPAEMIC, VLDL IS CALCULATED VALUE. IF TRIGLYCERIDES VALUE IS >400, THEN THE FORMULA IS NOT VALID. HENCE VLDL IS REPORTED AS NOT CALCULATED.

Interpretation(s)

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

URINALYSIS

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR

PALE YELLOW

METHOD : PHYSICAL

APPEARANCE

CLEAR

METHOD: VISUAL

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -



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PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID : FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO: 0022WA00336 AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

REPORTED: 17/01/2023 14:58:20

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CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference I	nterval
	-			
PH		6.0	4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE S	PECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOU	BLE INDICATOR METHOD		
CDECIEIC CRAVITY		<=1.005	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE S	PECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPA	ARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELE	CTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CON-	CENTRATION)
PROTEIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE S	PECTROPHOTOMETRY - PRO	OTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE		
GLUCOSE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE S	PECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOU	BLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/PC	OD.	
KETONES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE S	PECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROT	HERA'S PRINCIPLE		
BLOOD		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD - REFLECTANCE S	SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PER	OXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN		
BILIRUBIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: PEFLECTANCE S	SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIA	ZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH	DIAZOTIZED SALT	
UROBILINOGEN		NORMAL	NORMAL	
	DECTROPHOTOMETRY (MO	DIFIED EHRLICH REACTION)		
NITRITE	J. 2011.01.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
	CDECTROPHOTOMETRY CON	NVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE		
		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
LEUKOCYTE ESTERAS		TERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY		
MICROSCOPIC EXA				
	MINATION, OKIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED		***
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC	EXAMINATION	1-2	0-5	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)		1-2		Z. C.
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC	EXAMINATION	2.2	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS		2-3	0-5	<i>y</i>
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC	EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
CASTS		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC	EXAMINATION			
CRYSTALS		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC	EXAMINATION	1 g y 2 g 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d	NOT DETECTED	
BACTERIA		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC	EXAMINATION		NOT DETECTED	
YEAST		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIO	EXAMINATION		THE THE TANK THE PARTY OF THE P	IDTNIABY

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REMARKS

Email: -



CENTRIFUGED SEDIMENT

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URINARY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY

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PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID:

FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

SEX: Male

ACCESSION NO:

0022WA00336

AGE: 34 Years

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 17/01/2023 08:25:00

RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 08:31:41

REPORTED:

17/01/2023 14:58:20

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Interpretation(s)

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Dr.Akta Dubey

Counsultant Pathologist

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HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10, NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

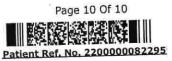
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PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

FH.12240821 PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO: 0022WA00336

SEX: Male AGE: 34 Years

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 17/01/2023 08:25:00

RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 08:31:41

REPORTED:

17/01/2023 15:38:22

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

BILLINO-13012301 Cita			Biological Reference Interval	Units
Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological References	

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

124.5

80 - 200

ng/dL

T3 METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

T4

7.36

5.1 - 14.1

µg/dL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

1.800

0.270 - 4.200

uIU/mL

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)







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PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID:

FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO:

0022WA00336

AGE: 34 Years

ABHA NO :

DRAWN: 17/01/2023 08:25:00

SEX: Male RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 08:31:41

REPORTED:

17/01/2023 15:38:22

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - TUMOR MARKER

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN

0.279

< 1.4

ng/mL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)
PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM-- PSA is detected in the male patients with normal, benign hyperplastic and malignant prostate tissue and in patients with prostatitis.
- PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (because of radical prostatectomy or cystoprostatectomy) and also in the

female patient.

- It a suitable marker for monitoring of patients with Prostate Cancer and it is better to be used in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures.

- Serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy and useful in detecting residual disease and early recurrence of tumor.

- Elevated levels of PSA can be also observed in the patients with non-malignant diseases like Prostatitis and Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia.

- Specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated PSA (false positive) levels persisting up to 3 weeks.

(false positive) levels persisting up to 3 weeks.

(false positive) levels persisting up to 3 weeks.

As per American unrological guidelines, PSA screening is recommended for early detection of Prostate cancer above the age of 40 years. Following Age specific reference range can be used as a guide lines-

60-69 years 70-79 years 0-6.5

(* conventional reference level (< 4 ng/ml) is already mentioned in report, which covers all agegroup with 95% prediction interval)

References- Teitz , textbook of clinical chemiistry, 4th edition) 2. Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests

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786 Dr. Swapnil Sirmukaddam

Birmhadlan

Dr. Swapnil Sirmukaddam

Consultant Pathologist

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Consultant Pathologist

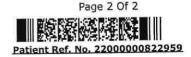
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PATIENT NAME: MR.SHYAM KAMBLE

PATIENT ID:

FH.12240821

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12240821

ACCESSION NO:

0022WA00338

AGE: 34 Years

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 17/01/2023 10:50:00

RECEIVED: 17/01/2023 11:29:58

REPORTED:

17/01/2023 13:27:54

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR:

SEX: Male

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12240821 REQNO-1359392

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR003249 BILLNO-1501230PCR003249

Biological Reference Interval

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

130

70 - 139

mg/dL

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr.Akta Dubey

Counsultant Pathologist

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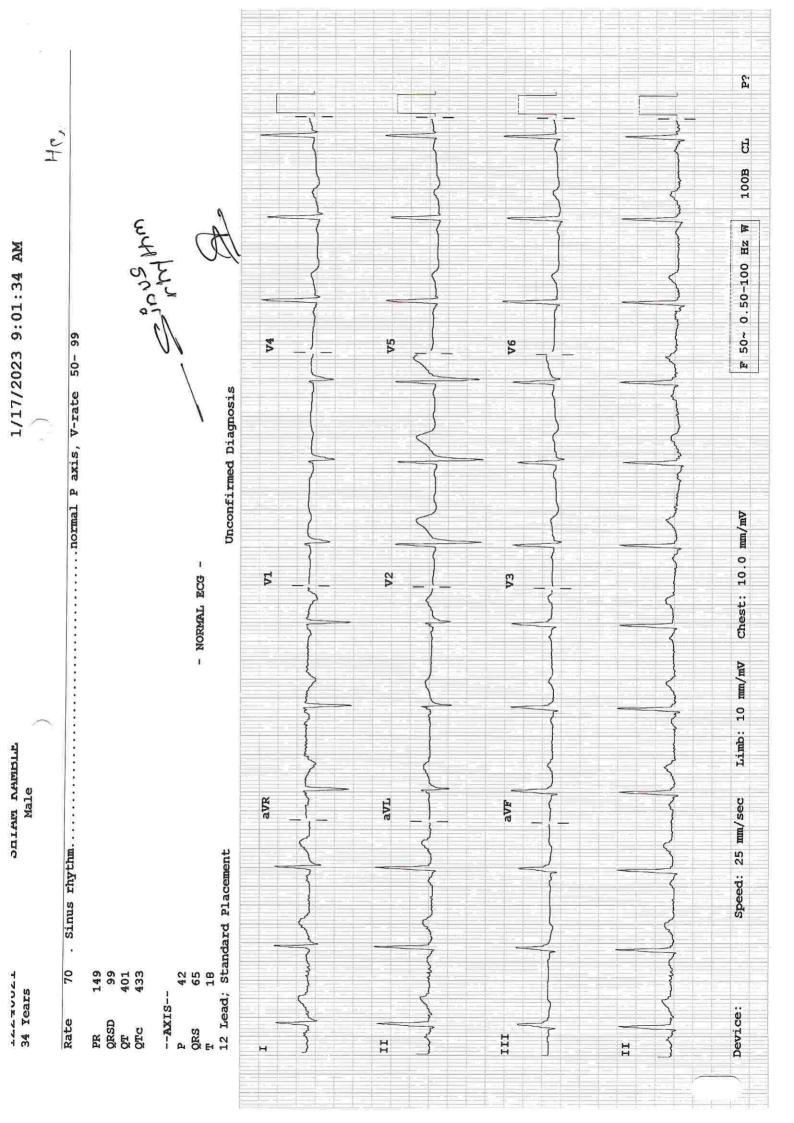


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Patient Ref. No. 22000000822983



Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

Name: Mr. Shyam Kamble

Order Station: FO-OPD

Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Male

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO : AABCH5894D



Date: 17/Jan/2023

(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

DEPARTMENT OF NIC

UHID | Episode No : 12240821 | 3317/23/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2301/6800 | 17-Jan-2023

Admitted On | Reporting Date: 17-Jan-2023 09:50:39 Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY TRANSTHORACIC

FINDINGS:

Bed Name:

- No left ventricle regional wall motion abnormality at rest.
- Normal left ventricle systolic function. LVEF = 60%.
- No left ventricle diastolic dysfunction.
- No left ventricle Hypertrophy. No left ventricle dilatation.
- Structurally normal valves.
- No mitral regurgitation.
- No aortic regurgitation. No aortic stenosis.
- No tricuspid regurgitation. No pulmonary hypertension.
- Intact IAS and IVS. No left ventricle clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.
- Normal right atrium and right ventricle dimensions.
- Normal left atrium and left ventricle dimension.
- Normal right ventricle systolic function. No hepatic congestion.

M-MODE MEASUREMENTS:

nm 26		
36		
32	mm	
23		
		46
-11		
10	mm	
26		
		60

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255 For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fartishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: UL 100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN: 27. \ABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D

(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)





DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 17/Jan/2023

Name: Mr. Shyam Kamble

Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Male

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No: 12240821 | 3317/23/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2301/6800 | 17-Jan-2023 Admitted On | Reporting Date: 17-Jan-2023 09:50:39

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

DOPPLER STUDY:

E WAVE VELOCITY: 0.7 m/sec. A WAVE VELOCITY: 0.5 m/sec

E/A RATIO:1.4

	PEAK	MEAN (mmHg)	V max (m/sec)	GRADE OF REGURGITATION
	(IIIIIIII)	(11111 8)		Nil
MITRAL VALVE	IN .			Nil
AORTIC VALVE	06			Nil
TRICUSPID VALVE	N			Nil
PULMONARY VALVE	2.0		J	

Final Impression:

Normal 2 Dimensional and colour doppler echocardiography study.

DR. PRASHANT PAWAR

DNB(MED), DNB (CARDIOLOGY)

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 17/Jan/2023

Name: Mr. Shyam Kamble Age | Sex; 34 YEAR(S) | Male

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 12240821 | 3317/23/1501 Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2301/6800 | 17-Jan-2023 Admitted On | Reporting Date: 17-Jan-2023 21:15:38

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

Heliali DR. YOGINI SHAH

DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 17/Jan/2023

Name: Mr. Shyam Kamble Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Male

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 12240821 | 3317/23/1501 Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2301/6800 | 17-Jan-2023 Admitted On | Reporting Date : 17-Jan-2023 11:30:21

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

US-WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is enlarged in size (16.4 cm) and shows mildly raised echogenicity. No IHBR dilatation. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal in caliber.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection. **CBD** appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 11.3 x 4.7 cm.

Left kidney measures 10.7 x 5.7 cm.

PANCREAS is normal in size and morphology. No evidence of peripancreatic collection.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical calculi.

PROSTATE is normal in size & echogenicity. It measures ~ 11.2 cc in volume.

No evidence of ascites.

IMPRESSION:

· Hepatomegaly with grade I fatty infiltration.

DR. CHETAN KHADKE M.D. (RADIOLOGIST)