



Dr. Diwanshu Khatana

MBBS, MD (Gen. Medicine Consultant - Internal Medicine Reg. No. 40602/15859

Mr. NEMI C	HAND MEENA
40022225	Oct 21 2024 9:30AM
39 Yrs/Male	OPSCR24-25/2444
Dr. EHS CO	NSULTANT
8003088087	

		Drug Allergy:
Provisional Diagnosis:		□ Vaa □ No
Complaints:	Medication Advice:	Pain: Yes No
Physical Examination: Pallor: Yes/No Icterus: Yes/No		Dy De VITABLA Inv De Dest
Cynosis: Yes/No Edema: Yes/No Lymphadenopathy: Yes/No  Systemic Examination:		A HENZOVITI
CVS : CNS : Respiratory System :		1 of x Smouth
GI System :	- -	The state of the s
Investigation:	- DSY	PCIP-L Think
	Follow up:  Diet Advice: Normal	Low Fat Diabetic Renal Low Salt

(A Unit of Eternal Care Foundation)

Near Airport Circle Sanganer, Jaipur - 302011 Rajasthan (India)

Phone:- 0141-3120000 www.eternalhospital.com







# Sanganer ETERNAL HOSPITAL MEDICAL TESTING LABORATORY

**Patient Name** 

UHID

Mr. NEMI CHAND MEENA

40022225

Age/Gender

39 Yrs/Male

**IP/OP Location** Referred By

O-OPD Dr. EHS CONSULTANT

Mobile No.

8003088087

4058525 21/10/2024 9:47AM

21/10/2024 10:03AM

**Receiving Date** Report Date

**Collection Date** 

21/10/2024 11:54AM

**Report Status** 

**Final** 

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

**Test Name** 

Result

Unit

**Biological Ref. Range** 

Sample: Fl. Plasma

**BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING) BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)** 

101.3

mg/dl

71 - 109

Sample: Serum

Page: 1 Of 9

Interpretation: -Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

**THYROID T3 T4 TSH** 

**T4** 

1.330

ng/mL

0.970 - 1.690

7.17

14.6

ug/dl

5.53 - 11.00

1.49 **TSH** 

шIU/mL

0.27 - 4.20

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in thediagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages ofhyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation: - The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

Sample: Serum LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST) 0.00 - 1.20mg/dl 0.83 **BILIRUBIN TOTAL** 0.20 - 1.00mg/dl 0.54 **BILIRUBIN INDIRECT** 0.00 - 0.30 mg/dl 0.29 **BILIRUBIN DIRECT** 0.0 - 40.0U/L 19.9

U/L

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**SGOT** 

**SGPT** 

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0.0 - 41.0

Disclaimer: This is Radiological/Pathological impression and not the final diagnosis. It should be correlated with relevant clinical data & investigation. Not Valid for Medico-Legal purpose. Subject to Jaipur Jurisdiction only.







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R	O	CI	٩F	М	IST	RY

		510 0112111101111	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.3	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.8	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.5		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	56	U/L	40 - 129
A/G RATIO	1.9	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	13.0	U/L	10.0 - 60.0

BII TBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of ious liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation: - Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated,

water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For

Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation: -For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver

cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

**TOTAL CHOLESTEROL** 

147.0

<200 mg/dl :- Desirable

200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline

>240 mg/dl :- High

HOL CHOLESTEROL

57.1

High Risk:-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)

LDL CHOLESTEROL

87.5

Optimal :- <100 mg/dl

Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl

Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High: 160-189 mg/dl

Very High :- >190 mg/dl

**CHOLESTERO VLDL** 

13

mg/dl

10 - 50

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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#### ETERNAL HOSPITAL MEDICAL TESTING LABORATORY

**Patient Name** 

LIHID

Mr. NEMI CHAND MEENA

40022225

Age/Gender

39 Yrs/Male

**IP/OP Location** 

Mobile No.

O-OPD

Referred By

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#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

**TRIGLYCERIDES** 

67.0

Normal :- <150 mg/dl

Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO

Very high :- > 500 mg/dl

%

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL: - Method: Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL TEROL: - Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation: -LDL play a key role in causing and infraencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL

TRIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation: High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas. DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction. CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	9.30 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	4 L	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.73	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.20
SODIUM	142	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.05	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	104.9	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.3	mg/dl	3.4 - 7.0
CÁLCIUM	9.75	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

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#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: - Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the Ridney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure. CHIORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: - Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced

renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis: Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate

poisoning. URE\* -- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation: -Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in quate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

HBA1C

4.8

< 5.7% Nondiabetic Pre-diahetic 5.7-6.4% Indicate Diabetes > 6.4%

**Known Diabetic Patients** < 7 % **Excellent Control** 7 - 8 % Good Control **Poor Control** > 8 %

- Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA), Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing y 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values 

∡ng the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY; SUNIL EHS

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# Sanganer ETERNAL HOSPITAL MEDICAL TESTING LABORATORY

'atient Name

JHID

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40022225

Age/Gender

39 Yrs/Male O-OPD

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Dr. EHS CONSULTANT

Mobile No.

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21/10/2024 10:03AM

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#### **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

**Test Name** 

Result

Unit

**Biological Ref. Range** 

**BLOOD GROUPING** 

"AB" Rh Positive

Note:

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.

2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

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# Sanganer ETERNAL HOSPITAL MEDICAL TESTING LABORATORY

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40022225

Age/Gender

39 Yrs/Male

**IP/OP Location** 

O-OPD

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8003088087

Lab No

21/10/2024 9:47AM

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**Report Status** 

#### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

**Test Name** 

Result

20

**CLEAR** 

6.0

1.010

NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE

**NEGATIVE** 

NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE

1-2

0-0

1-2

NIL

NIL

NIL

NIL

Unit

ml

Biological Ref. Range

Sample: Urine

**URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)** 

**NEGATIVE** 

PALE YELLOW

NEGATIVE

P YELLOW CLEAR

5.5 - 7.0

1.016-1.022

NEGATIVE

**NEGATIVE** 

**NEGATIVE** 

NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE

**NEGATIVE** 

0 - 3

0 - 2

0 - 1

NIL

NIL

NIL

NIL

Sample: Urine

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

VO'''ME

COLOUR

**APPEARANCE** 

**CHEMICAL EXAMINATION** 

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

**PROTEIN** SUGAR -

**BILIRUBIN BLOOD** 

**KETONES** 

**NITRITE UROBILINOGEN** 

LEUCOCYTE

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

Wmcs/HPF RBCS/HPF

**EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF** 

**CASTS CRYSTALS** 

**BACTERIA OHTERS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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/hpf

/hpf

/hpf

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### ETERNAL HOSPITAL MEDICAL TESTING

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Mr. NEMI CHAND MEENA

4ID

40022225

ze/Gender

39 Yrs/Male

'/OP Location

O-OPD

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athodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, pecific Gravity: Proton release from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol lue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.. interpretation: Diagnosis f Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

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### ETERNAL HOSPITAL MEDICAL TESTING

**Patient Name** 

UHID

Mr. NEMI CHAND MEENA

40022225

Age/Gender **IP/OP Location** 

39 Yrs/Male O-OPD

Referred By

Dr. EHS CONSULTANT

Mobile No.

8003088087

Lab No

**Collection Date** 

**Receiving Date** 

Report Date

Report Status

4058525 21/10/2024 9:47AM

21/10/2024 11:54AM Final

21/10/2024 10:03AM

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	13.6	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	40.3	%	40.0 - 50.0
MCV	102.0 H	fl	82 - 92
МСН	34.4 H	pg	27 - 32
MCHC	33.7	g/dl	32 - 36
RB	3.95 L	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	6.52	10^3/ uL	4 - 10
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	44.8	%	40 - 80
LYMPHOCYTE	45.1 H	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	4.0	%	1 - 6
BASOPHIL	0.3 L	%	1 - 2
MONOCYTES	5.8	%	2 - 10
PLATELET COUNT	2.46	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500

HARMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS Hemoglobin Methodology by Cell Counter. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method: - Calculation by sysmex.

MCH :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex.

MCHC :- Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method: - Hydrodynamic focusing. Interpretation: - Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: Optical Detector block based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry THOCYTS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry NOPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method: - Hydrodynamic focusing method. Interpretation: - Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

**ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)** 

25 H

mm/1st hr

0 - 15

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**Patient Name** 

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40022225

Age/Gender

39 Yrs/Male

IP/OP Location

O-OPD

Referred By

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Mobile No.

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21/10/2024 11:54AM

Final

Method: - Modified Westergrens.

Interpretation: - Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

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#### DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40022225 (42047)	RISNo./Status:	4058525/
Patient Name:	Mr. NEMI CHAND MEENA	Age/Gender:	39 Y/M
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	21/10/2024 9:30AM/ OPSCR24- 25/24442	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	21/10/2024 1:57PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP

#### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

#### M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

M MODE DIME	IDIONO.							
			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	10.9		6-1	2mm		LVIDS	25.8	20-40mm
LVIDD	42.2		32-	57mm		LVPWS	18.1	mm
LVPWD	10.4		6-1	2mm		AO	29.9	19-37mm
IVSS	16.3		1	nım		LA	32.6	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%	•	RA	-	mm
	DOPPLE	R MEA	SUREM	IENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	<u>:</u>	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY		VELOCITY (m/s)				REGURGITATION	
				•	·	(mmHg)		
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	E 0.99 e'			NIL		
VALVE		A	0.57	E/e'	-	1		
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	<del>                                     </del>	E	0.	62			NIL
VALVE								
·			A	0.:	50			
AORTIC	NORMAL		1.11		-		NIL	
VALVE								}
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.67				NIL		
VALVE						_		
	l	1				1		1

#### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

**IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS** 

DR SUPRIY JAIN
MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY)
DIRECTOR & INCHARGE
CARDIOLOGY

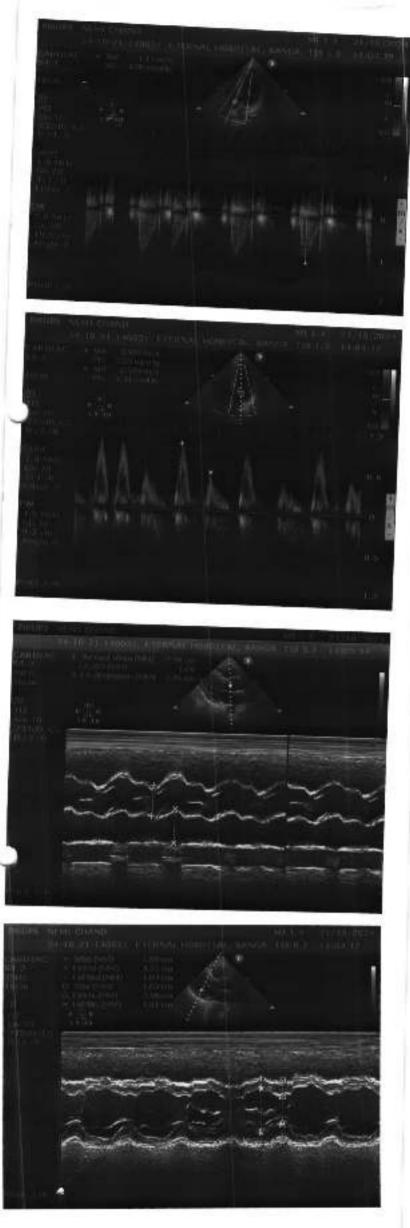
DR MEGHRAJ MEENA MBBS, SONOLOGIST FICC, CONSULTANT PREV. CARDIOLOGY & INCHARGE CCU

DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREV.
CARDIOLOGY(NIC) & WELLNESS
CENTER

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#### DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40022225 (42047)	RISNo./Status:	4058525/
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Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No :	21/10/2024 9:30AM/ OPSCR24- 25/24442	Sean Date :	
Report Date :	21/10/2024 10:45AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

#### ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver:

Normal in size & echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion

noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.

Gall Bladder:

Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.

Pancreas:

Normal in size & echotexture.

Spleen:

Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

Right Kidney:

Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or

abstructive calculus noted.

Left Kidney:

Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or

obstructive calculus noted.

Urinary Bladder:

Normal în size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall

thickness is normal.

Prostate:

is normal in size and echotexture.

Others:

No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of

No obvious significant sonographic abnormality noted.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

DR. APOORVA JETWANI

Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology

MBBS, DMRD, DNB

Reg. No. 26466, 16307

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Mr. NEMI CHAND MEENA 40022225 Oct 21 2324 9:38AM 39 Yrs/Male OPSCR24-25/2444 Dr. EHS CONSULTANT 8003058087

SESSMENT FORM
4

ommunicable disease (if any):    Pulse	OUT-PATIENT / DAYCARE - INITIAL ASSESSMENT FORM	
Substance abuse:   No   Substance   No   Substance abuse:   Substance   Substance abuse:   Substance	chief Complaints: Mcdo Wheel full Dag four	age !
Pain:	Communicable disease (if any):	
Fall Risk Screening Pediatric:    H/O Fall in last 6 Months   Neurological Pain   Dearranged Mobility   No Sign	Pain:	
EHS/NUR/OIA/01/Rev	Fall Risk Screening Adult:  Deage more than 65 years Diffistory fall in last 6 Months Dearranged Months Dearranged Mobility No Sign Dearranged Mobility No Sign In case of 3 or more criteria met initiate detailed fall assessment & fall prevention protocol.  Gestational Age - LMP: EDD: Oedema: Yes/No NA Din case of emergency person to contact (Name / Phone No):  1. Sign: Emp-Id: Date: Time: Time:	gical Pain

