



CID : 2432507910  
Name : MRS.SHAILEJA DUBEY  
Age / Gender : 42 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : Kandivali East (Main Centre)

Collected : 20-Nov-2024 / 09:06  
Reported : 20-Nov-2024 / 13:58

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**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**

**CBC (Complete Blood Count), Blood**

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
<b><u>RBC PARAMETERS</u></b>			
Haemoglobin	11.6	12.0-15.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	4.33	3.8-4.8 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	35.1	36-46 %	Measured
MCV	81	80-100 fl	Calculated
MCH	26.7	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	32.9	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	15.8	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
<b><u>WBC PARAMETERS</u></b>			
WBC Total Count	5940	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
<b><u>WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABSOLUTE COUNTS</u></b>			
Lymphocytes	27.9	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1650.0	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	7.6	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	450.0	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	62.2	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	3680.0	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	2.0	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	120.0	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	0.3	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	20.0	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-		
WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.			
<b><u>PLATELET PARAMETERS</u></b>			
Platelet Count	343000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	8.8	6-11 fl	Calculated
PDW	15.1	11-18 %	Calculated
<b><u>RBC MORPHOLOGY</u></b>			
Hypochromia	-		
Microcytosis	-		



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Macrocytosis -  
Anisocytosis -  
Poikilocytosis -  
Polychromasia -  
Target Cells -  
Basophilic Stippling -  
Normoblasts -  
Others Normocytic, Normochromic  
WBC MORPHOLOGY -  
PLATELET MORPHOLOGY -  
COMMENT -

**Specimen:** EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 11 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

**Clinical Significance:** The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

**Interpretation:**

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

**Limitations:**

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

**Reflex Test:** C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

**Reference:**

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Borivali Lab, Borivali West

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*M Jain*

**Dr.MILLU JAIN**  
**M.D.(PATH)**  
**Pathologist**



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Reg. Location : Kandivali East (Main Centre)

Collected : 20-Nov-2024 / 13:56  
Reported : 20-Nov-2024 / 18:40

**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma Fasting	85.6	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase

Note: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP	92.0	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
--	------	---	------------

Note: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Borivali Lab, Borivali West  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*Bmhasakar*

**Dr.KETAKI MHASKAR**  
M.D. (PATH)  
Pathologist



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Reported : 20-Nov-2024 / 16:01

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**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**  
**KIDNEY FUNCTION TESTS**

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
BLOOD UREA, Serum	21.3	19.29-49.28 mg/dl	Calculated
BUN, Serum	9.9	9.0-23.0 mg/dl	Urease with GLDH
CREATININE, Serum	0.65	0.55-1.02 mg/dl	Enzymatic
eGFR, Serum	112	(ml/min/1.73sqm) Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89 Mild to moderate decrease: 45-59 Moderate to severe decrease: 30-44 Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure: <15	Calculated

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation

TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.0	5.7-8.2 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.3	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.7	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.6	1 - 2	Calculated
URIC ACID, Serum	4.2	3.1-7.8 mg/dl	Uricase/ Peroxidase
PHOSPHORUS, Serum	3.0	2.4-5.1 mg/dl	Phosphomolybdate
CALCIUM, Serum	8.9	8.7-10.4 mg/dl	Arsenazo
SODIUM, Serum	141	136-145 mmol/l	IMT
POTASSIUM, Serum	4.7	3.5-5.1 mmol/l	IMT
CHLORIDE, Serum	111	98-107 mmol/l	IMT

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*Anupa*

**Dr. ANUPA DIXIT**  
**M.D.(PATH)**  
**Consultant Pathologist**



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**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**  
**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)**

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC	5.6	Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %	HPLC
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG), EDTA WB - CC	114.0	mg/dl	Calculated

**Intended use:**

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

**Clinical Significance:**

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

**Test Interpretation:**

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

**Factors affecting HbA1c results:**

**Increased in:** High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

**Decreased in:** Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

**Reflex tests:** Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

**References:** ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*J Thakker*

**Dr.JYOT THAKKER..**  
M.D. (PATH), DPB  
Pathologist & AVP( Medical Services)



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Reported : 20-Nov-2024 / 15:42

**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**  
**BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING**

<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>RESULTS</b>
ABO GROUP	O
Rh TYPING	Positive

NOTE: Test performed by automated Erythrocytes magnetized technology (EMT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

**Clinical significance:**  
ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

**Limitations:**

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

**References:**

1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
2. AABB technical manual

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*Dr. Vrushi Shroff*

**Dr.VRUSHALI SHROFF**  
**M.D.(PATH)**  
**Pathologist**



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**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**  
**LIPID PROFILE**

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	185.1	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	88	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	Enzymatic colorimetric
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	68.1	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Elimination/ Catalase
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	117.0	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	99.4	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	17.6	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.7	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	1.5	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

**Reference:**

- Executive Summary of the Third Report of the National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) Expert Panel on Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Cholesterol in Adults (Adult Treatment Panel III).
- Pack Insert.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*Anupa*

**Dr.ANUPA DIXIT**  
M.D.(PATH)  
Consultant Pathologist



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**Reg. Location** : Kandivali East (Main Centre)

**Collected** : 20-Nov-2024 / 09:06  
**Reported** : 20-Nov-2024 / 15:48

**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**  
**THYROID FUNCTION TESTS**

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	4.5	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	CLIA
Free T4, Serum	14.9	11.5-22.7 pmol/L	CLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	1.772	0.55-4.78 microU/ml	CLIA





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**Interpretation:**

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

**Clinical Significance:**

- 1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuae of non thyroidal illness like severe infections,liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

**Diurnal Variation:**TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am , and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

**Reflex Tests:**Anti thyroid Antibodies,USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

**Limitations:**

1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

**Reference:**

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3.Tietz ,Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*Anupa*

**Dr.ANUPA DIXIT**  
M.D.(PATH)  
Consultant - Pathologist



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**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP FEMALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO**  
**LIVER FUNCTION TESTS**

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.41	0.3-1.2 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.11	0-0.3 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.3	<1.2 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.0	5.7-8.2 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.3	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.7	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.6	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	21.0	<34 U/L	Modified IFCC
SGPT (ALT), Serum	12.2	10-49 U/L	Modified IFCC
GAMMA GT, Serum	17.0	<38 U/L	Modified IFCC
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	83.5	46-116 U/L	Modified IFCC

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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*Anupa*

**Dr. ANUPA DIXIT**  
**M.D.(PATH)**  
**Consultant Pathologist**

CID : 2432507910  
Name : Mrs shaileja dubey  
Age / Sex : 42 Years/Female  
Ref. Dr :  
Reg. Location : Kandivali East Main Centre  
Reg. Date : 20-Nov-2024  
Reported : 20-Nov-2024 / 13:41

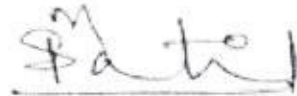
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**X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW**

Both lung fields are clear.  
Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.  
The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.  
The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.  
The skeleton under review appears normal.

**IMPRESSION:**  
**NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.**

-----End of Report-----



**DR. SUMIT M PATIL**  
**MD Radio diagnosis**  
**Reg no.2019/01/0135**

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## 2D & M-MODE ECHOCARDIOGRAM REPORT

MITRAL VALVE: has thin leaflets with normal subvalvar motion.  
No mitral regurgitation .

AORTIC VALVE : has three thin leaflets with normal opening  
No aortic regurgitation.

LEFT VENTRICLE : is normal , has normal wall thickness , No regional wall motion abnormality . Normal LV systolic contractions. EF - 60%.

LEFT ATRIUM: is normal.

RIGHT ATRIUM & RIGHT VENTRICLE: normal in size.

TRICUSPID VALVE & PULMONARY VALVES : normal.  
NO TR / PH.

No pericardial effusion.

IMP : Normal LV systolic function. EF-60%.  
Normal other chambers and valves.  
No regional wall motion abnormality/ scar.  
No clot / vegetation / thrombus / pericardial effusion.

[Click here to view images <<ImageLink>>](#)

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**M- MODE :**

LA (mm)	26
AORTA (mm)	20
LVDD (mm)	40
LVSD (mm)	27
IVSD (mm)	10
PWD (mm)	11
EF	60%
E/A	1.8

-----End of Report-----



**Dr. Akhil Parulekar**  
**DNB CARDIOLOGIST**  
**Reg. No- 2012082483**

[Click here to view images <<ImageLink>>](#)

<b>NAME</b> : MRS SHAILAJA DUBEY	<b>DATE</b> : 20/11/2024
<b>REF BY</b> : BOB	<b>AGE / SEX</b> : 42 YR / F
<b>CID NO</b> :	

**USG WHOLE ABDOMEN**

**LIVER:**

The liver is normal in size (13.9 cm) shape and smooth margins. It shows normal parenchymal echo pattern. The intra hepatic biliary and portal radical appear normal. No evidence of any intra hepatic cystic or solid lesion seen. The main portal vein and CBD appears normal.

**GALL BLADDER:**

The gall bladder is physiologically distended and appears normal. No evidence of gall stones or mass lesions seen

**PANCREAS:**

The pancreas is well visualized and appears normal. No evidence of solid or cystic mass lesion.

**KIDNEYS:**

Right kidney measures 11.1 x 4.1 cm. Left kidney measures 11.6 x 5.0 cm. Both the kidneys are normal in size shape and echotexture. No evidence of any calculus, hydronephrosis or mass lesion seen.

**SPLEEN:**

The spleen is normal in size (7.1 cm) and echotexture. No evidence of focal lesion is noted. There is no evidence of any lymphadenopathy or ascites.

**URINARY BLADDER:**

The urinary bladder is well distended and reveal no intraluminal abnormality.

**UTERUS:**

The uterus is **mildly bulky** anteverted and it measures 8.7 x 5.9 x 7.1 cm in size.

**A well-defined, round shaped intramural fibroid of size 5.3 x 4.7 cm noted in the predominantly fundal region.**

The endometrial thickness is 7.9mm.


**OVARIES:**

Left ovary is well visualized and appears normal.  
There is no evidence of any ovarian or adnexal mass seen on left side.  
Right ovary is obscured. Left ovary = 2.5 x 1.4 cm.

**IMPRESSION:**

**Uterus is mildly bulky with fundal intramural fibroid as described above.**

----End of Report----



Dr SUMIT M PATIL  
MD Radio diagnosis  
Reg.no.2019/01/0135

Name : <i>Shalika</i>	Age / Gender <i>42/F</i>
Dr. :	Date : <i>20/11/24</i>

**GYNAEC EXAMINATION REPORTS**

PERSONAL HISTORY

CHIEF COMPLAINTS : - *NO*

MARITAL STATUS : - *married*

MENSTRUAL HISTORY :

(i) MENARCHE : *@ age - 13 yr*

(ii) PRESENT MENSTRUAL HISTORY : *Reg*

(iii) PAST MENSTRUAL HISTORY : *5th day of m.c*

OBSTETRIC HISTORY : *G5P2L2A3*

PAST HISTORY : *NO*

PREVIOUS SURGERIES : *Twice LSES*

ALLERGIES : *NO*

FAMILY HISTORY : *Mother - HTN, father - DM HTN*

DRUG HISTORY : *NO*

BOWEL HABITS : *1/2*

BLADDER HABITS :

**Dr. Jagruti Dhale**  
MBBS  
Consultant Physician  
Reg.No.69548



Name :	Shahiza	Age / Gender
Dr. :		Date : 20/11/24

**GYNÆC EXAMINATION REPORTS**

**GENERAL EXAMINATION**

TEMPERATURE : (N)                      RS :

PULSE : 72/min                      CVs : / NAD


BP : 130/80                      Breasts :

Per Abdomen : - NAD, nuchal, horizontal scar of uterus healthy

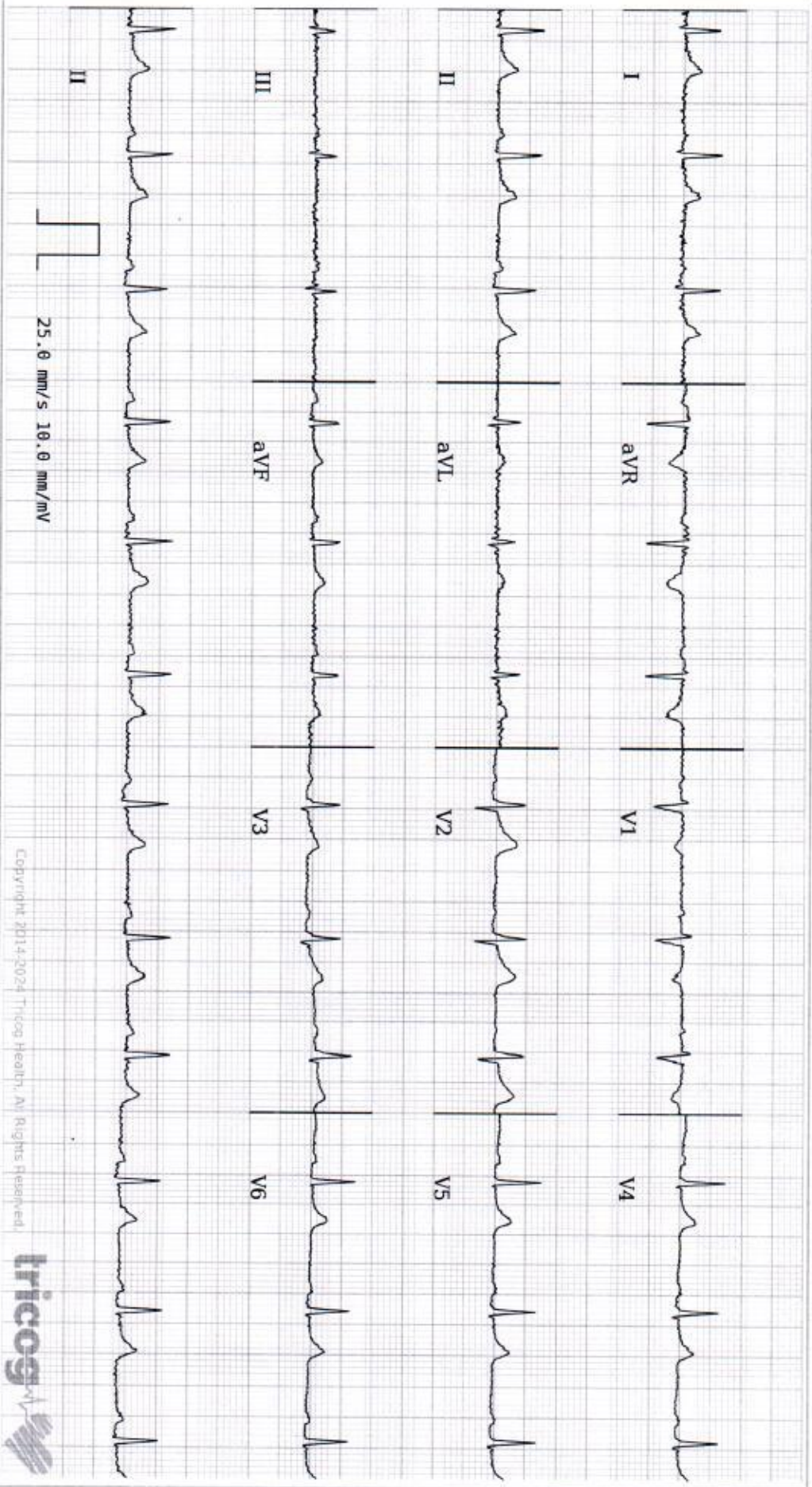
Per vaginal :  
AS - (5 mdy of me)

**RECOMMENDATIONS**

ADVISE :

  
**Dr. Jagruti Dhale**  
MBBS  
Consultant Physician  
Reg.No.69548





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Age **42** NA NA  
years months days

Gender **Female**

Heart Rate **71bpm**

Patient Vitals

BP: **130/80 mmHg**

Weight: **73 kg**

Height: **158 cm**

Pulse: **NA**

Spo2: **NA**

Resp: **NA**

Others:

Measurements

QRSD: **86ms**

QT: **378ms**

QTcB: **410ms**

PR: **158ms**

P-R-T: **61° 45° 35°**

REPORTED BY

*(Signature)*

DR AKHIL PARULEKAR  
MBBS MD MEDICINE, DNB Cardiology  
Cardiologist  
2012082483

Sinus Rhythm, Low Voltage Complexes. Please correlate clinically.

Disclaimer: 1) Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms, and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician. 2) Patient vitals are as entered by the clinician and not derived from the ECG.