CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: **0042WA003044**PATIENT ID: RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :16/01/2023 11:32:06

REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

ECG

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY

HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT

NOT SIGNIFICANT

NOT SIGNIFICANT

NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS1.48mtsWEIGHT IN KGS.54Kgs

NORMAL

BMI 25 BMI & Weight Status as follows/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight

18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL HEALTHY

STATUS

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK

FACIAL APPEARANCE

SKIN

UPPER LIMB

LOWER LIMB

NORMAL

NORMAL

NORMAL

NORMAL

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

THYROID GLAND

CAROTID PULSATION

BREAST (FOR FEMALES)

NOT ENLARGED

NORMAL

NORMAL

1....

TEMPERATURE

Dr. Ravi Teja J Consultant Pathologist Page 1 Of 20





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View Report

PERFORMED AT :

SRL Ltd LEGEND CRYSTAL,SHOP NO-6,GROUND & 1ST FLOOR,PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:,PRENDERGHAST ROAD SECUNDERABAD, 500003 TELANGANA, INDIA



PATIENT NAME: RAJYA LAXMI V /119587 CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369

ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

REF. DOCTOR:

AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142 CLIENT PATIENT ID:

RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ABHA NO

REPORTED :16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

PULSE 76/REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID BRUIT

RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP 100/70 MM HG mm/Hg

(SITTING)

PERICARDIUM NORMAL
APEX BEAT NORMAL
HEART SOUNDS NORMAL
MURMURS ABSENT

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST

MOVEMENTS OF CHEST

BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT

LIVER NOT PALPABLE
SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE
HERNIA ABSENT

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS

CRANIAL NERVES

CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS

SENSORY SYSTEM

MOTOR SYSTEM

REFLEXES

NORMAL

NORMAL

NORMAL

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL JOINTS NORMAL

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

CONJUNCTIVA NORMAL

Lulu

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PERFORMED AT :

SRL Ltd LEGEND CRYSTAL,SHOP NO-6,GROUND & 1ST FLOOR,PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:,PRENDERGHAST ROAD SECUNDERABAD, 500003



PATIENT NAME: RAJYA LAXMI V /119587

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 **REF. DOCTOR:**

ACCESSION NO: **0042WA003044**PATIENT ID: RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

EYELIDS NORMAL
EYE MOVEMENTS NORMAL
CORNEA NORMAL
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/18
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/18

NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
COLOUR VISION NORMAL

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL NORMAL TYMPANIC MEMBRANE NORMAL

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES NORMAL

THROAT NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION

TEETH NORMAL GUMS HEALTHY

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY

RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS

NOT SIGNIFICANT

HB-11.4,ESR-30.

OVERWEIGHT.

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS AVOID OILY AND JUNK FOODS.PHYSICAL EXCERCISES ARE SUGGEST.

ADVICE TO FOLLOW UP WITH PHYSICIAN FOR ANEMIA WORKUP. HAVE

IRON RICH DIET.

ADVICE TO FOLLOW UP WITH PHYSICIAN FOR raised esr.

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

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SRL Ltd LEGEND CRYSTAL,SHOP NO-6,GROUND & 1ST FLOOR,PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:,PRENDERGHAST ROAD SECUNDERABAD, 500003 TELANGANA, INDIA



REF. DOCTOR:
ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

F-703, LADO

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00
RECEIVED :16/01/2023 11:32:06

Female

:31 Years

ABHA NO : REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

AGE/SEX

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE
ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN
ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN
GRAVID UTERUS.

Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL

FITNESS STATUS-Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details

of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

- Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

 Fit (As per requested panel of tests) SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
- Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's
- consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.

 Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.
- Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 **REF. DOCTOR:**

ACCESSION NO: **0042WA003044**PATIENT ID: RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

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RECEIVED :16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

ABHA NO

н	IAEMATOLOGY - CBC		
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BI	ELOW 40FEMALE		
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD: CYANMETHEMOGLOBIN METHOD	11.4 Low	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	4.35	3.8 - 4.8	mil/μL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	6.90	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	150	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	34.8 Low	36 - 46	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	80.0 Low	83 - 101	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	26.2 Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	32.8	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	17.0 High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	18.4		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	8.3	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS METHOD: ACV TECHNOLOGY	64	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES	32	20 - 40	%
METHOD : ACV TECHNOLOGY			
MONOCYTES	3	2 - 10	%
METHOD: ACV TECHNOLOGY			
EOSINOPHILS	1	1 - 6	%
METHOD: ACV TECHNOLOGY			

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DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :31 Years Female :16/01/2023 00:00:00 DRAWN

RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference I	nterval Units	
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%	
METHOD : ACV TECHNOLOGY				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	4.42	2.0 - 7.0	thou/μL	
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.21	1.0 - 3.0	thou/μL	
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.21	0.2 - 1.0	thou/μL	
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.07	0.02 - 0.50	thou/μL	
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/μL	
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD: CALCULATED	2			
MORPHOLOGY				
RBC	NORMOCYTIC NOR ANISOCYTOSIS.	MOCHROMIC WITH FEW MICROCY	TES,	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBC	WITHIN NORMAL L	IMITS.		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
PLATELETS	ADEQUATE ON SM	ADEQUATE ON SMEAR.		

Interpretation(s)

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for

diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait. WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR <

3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

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LEGEND CRYSTAL, SHOP NO-6, GROUND & 1ST FLOOR, PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:, PRENDERGHAST ROAD SECUNDERABAD, 500003 TELANGANA, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN

:16/01/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06

REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval Final Results Units

ABHA NO

HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

30 High 0 - 20mm at 1 hr E.S.R

METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. **TEST INTERPRETATION**

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

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Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE A

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE **POSITIVE**

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr. Ravi Teja J **Consultant Pathologist**



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SRL Ltd LEGEND CRYSTAL, SHOP NO-6, GROUND & 1ST FLOOR, PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:, PRENDERGHAST ROAD SECUNDERABAD, 500003 TELANGANA, INDIA





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Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) 80 74 - 99 mg/dL

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY HEXOKINASE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C 4.5 Non-diabetic: < 5.7 %

Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD: ION-EXCHANGE HPLC

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 82.5 < 116.0 mg/dL

METHOD: ION-EXCHANGE HPLC

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) 102 70 - 139 mg/dL

 ${\tt METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY\; HEXOKINASE}$

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL 144 < 200 Desirable mg/dL

200 - 239 Borderline High

>/= 240 High

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE ESTERASE PEROXIDASE

TRIGLYCERIDES 75 < 150 Normal mg/dL

150 - 199 Borderline High

200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, LIPASE

HDL CHOLESTEROL 46 < 40 Low mg/dL

>/=60 High

 ${\tt METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, POLYANIONIC\ DETERGENT/CHOD}$

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SRL Ltd LEGEND CRYSTAL,SHOP NO-6,GROUND & 1ST FLOOR,PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:,PRENDERGHAST ROAD SECUNDERABAD, 500003 TELANGANA, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
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NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 **REF. DOCTOR:**

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AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00 RECEIVED :16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

		<u> </u>	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
CHOLESTEROL LDL	83	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near optimal/ above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	98	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	15.0	= 30.0</td <td>mg/dL</td>	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.1 Low	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
LDL/HDL RATIO	1.8	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
Interpretation(s)		J	
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, JENDRASSIK & GROFF	0.20	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, JENDRASSIK & GROFF	0.10	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CALCULATED	0.10	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, MODIFIED BIURET	6.1 Low	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BCP - DYE BINDING	2.6 Low	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL

Lulw!

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AGE/SEX :31 Years Female :16/01/2023 00:00:00 DRAWN RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	Interval Units
GLOBULIN	3.5	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CALCULATED	5.5	2.0 - 4.1	g/ uL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	0.7 Low	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY,CALCULATED			
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, UV WITH PYRIDOXAL -5-PHOS	30	15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, UV WITH PYRIDOXAL -5-PHOS	28 PHATE	< 34.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	85	30 - 120	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, P-NPP (AMP BUFFER)			
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, G-GLUTAMYL-CARBOXY-NITRON	17 NILIDE	5 - 55	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	145	100 - 190	U/L
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, MODIFIED ENZYMATIC LACTATE	- PYRUVATE		
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, UREASE UV	5 Low	6 - 20	mg/dL
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE	0.38 Low	0.60 - 1.10	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAI	FE'S		
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	2.3 Low	2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, URICASE			
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.1 Low	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, MODIFIED BIURET			
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	2.6 Low	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BCP - DYE BINDING			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	141	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD: INTEGRATED MULTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY-INDIRECT			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.35	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
METHOD: INTEGRATED MULTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY-INDIRECT			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	102	98 - 107	mmol/L

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 REF. DOCTOR:
ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX : 31 Years Female

DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00
RECEIVED :16/01/2023 11:32:06
REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

ABHA NO

METHOD: INTEGRATED MULTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY-INDIRECT

Interpretation(s)

Lulu

Dr. Ravi Teja J Consultant Pathologist





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PATIENT NAME: RAJYA LAXMI V /119587 **REF. DOCTOR:** CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369 ACCESSION NO : 0042WA003044

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :31 Years Female :16/01/2023 00:00:00 DRAWN

RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06

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Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval Final Results Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO 13.16 5.00 - 15.00

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CALCULATED

GLOBULIN

3.5 2.0 - 4.1g/dL GLOBULIN

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CALCULATED

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents

NOTE:

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals.Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2.Diagnosing diabetes.
- 3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss,hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results.(possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

- a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
- b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

Final

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

Test Report Status

8800465156

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO : 0042WA003044

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

Results

AGE/SEX :31 Years Female :16/01/2023 00:00:00 DRAWN

Biological Reference Interval

RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Units

(indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget"s disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson"s disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropati etc.Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing

enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
 Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
 Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels: Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom" "'s disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :31 Years DRAWN

:16/01/2023 00:00:00

Female

RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Biological Reference Interval **Test Report Status** Results Units <u>Final</u>

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PALE YELLOW COLOR

METHOD: MANUAL

APPEARANCE **CLEAR**

METHOD: MANUAL

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH 6.5 4.7 - 7.5

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.005 1.003 - 1.035

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

PROTEIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

KETONES

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

BLOOD

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED BII IRUBIN

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NORMAL NORMAL UROBILINOGEN

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NITRITE

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED /HPF RED BLOOD CELLS

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PUS CELL (WBC'S) 1-2 0-5 /HPF

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

0-5 /HPF EPITHELIAL CELLS 3-5

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED **CASTS**

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DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044 : RAJYF09029142

PATIENT ID

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00

RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06

REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED **CRYSTALS**

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

YEAST NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

Comments

NOTE: URINE MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION IS CARRIED OUT ON CENTRIFUGED URINE SEDIMENT.

Interpretation(s)

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Test Report Status

8800465156

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :31 Years DRAWN

Biological Reference Interval

Female :16/01/2023 00:00:00

Units

RECEIVED : 16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

<u>Final</u>

CYTOLOGY

Results

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

LETTER

ADDITIONAL COMMUNICATION

SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

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REF. DOCTOR:

PATIENT NAME: RAJYA LAXMI V /119587

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044

PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00

RECEIVED :16/01/2023 11:32:06 REPORTED :17/01/2023 11:53:08

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, STOOL

REMARK SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

Interpretation(s)

M. Pro

Dr M. Prasanthi Consultant Microbiologist



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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: 0042WA003044 PATIENT ID : RAJYF09029142

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AGE/SEX :31 Years Female DRAWN :16/01/2023 00:00:00

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Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units <u>Final</u>

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

165.60 ng/dL T3 Non-Pregnant Women

80.0 - 200.0 Pregnant Women

1st Trimester: 105.0 - 230.0 2nd Trimester: 129.0 - 262.0 3rd Trimester: 135.0 - 262.0

METHOD: ECLIA

10.76 T4 Non-Pregnant Women µg/dL

> 5.10 - 14.10 Pregnant Women

1st Trimester: 7.33 - 14.80 2nd Trimester: 7.93 - 16.10 3rd Trimester: 6.95 - 15.70

METHOD: ECLIA

μIU/mL TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) 2.540 Non Pregnant Women

0.27 - 4.20Pregnant Women

1st Trimester: 0.33 - 4.59 2nd Trimester: 0.35 - 4.10 3rd Trimester: 0.21 - 3.15

METHOD: ECLIA

Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low. owidctlparowidctlparBelow mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

TSH Total T4 FT4 Total T3 Possible Conditions Sr. No.

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REF. DOCTOR:

PATIENT NAME: RAJYA LAXMI V /119587

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CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :31 Years Female
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NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

DELHI

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138369

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
					Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre (3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4 replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2. Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4. TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

End Of Report
Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

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TELANGANA, INDIA

