



DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY SERVICES

Patient	Mrs. KRITIKA SINGH	Lab No/ManualNo	4113986/
UHIDNo/IPNO	400217386	CollectionDate	03/10/2024 3:22PM
Age/Gender	34 Years/Female	Receiving Date	03/10/2024 6:27PM
Bed No/Ward	OPD	Report Date	04/10/2024 8:24AM
Referred By	PHC Department	Report Status	Final
		Sample Quality	

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
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Biochemistry

***B12 VITAMIN** Serum

Vit-B12	>1000	pg/mL	200 - 835	Chemiluminescence
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Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) is necessary for hematopoiesis and normal neuronal function. In humans, it is obtained only from animal proteins and requires intrinsic factor (IF) for absorption. The body uses its vitamin B12 stores very economically, reabsorbing vitamin B12 from the ileum and returning it to the liver; very little is excreted. Vitamin B12 deficiency may be due to lack of IF secretion by gastric mucosa (eg, gastrectomy, gastric atrophy) or intestinal malabsorption (eg, ileal resection, small intestinal diseases). Vitamin B12 deficiency frequently causes macrocytic anemia, glossitis, peripheral neuropathy, weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of proprioception, poor coordination, and affective behavioral changes. These manifestations may occur in any combination; many patients have the neurologic defects without macrocytic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a macrocytic anemia caused by vitamin B12 deficiency that is due to a lack of IF secretion by gastric mucosa. Serum methylmalonic acid and homocysteine levels are also elevated in vitamin B12 deficiency states.

Interpretation :

A serum vitamin B12 level less than 180 pg/ml may cause megaloblastic anemia and peripheral neuropathies , Vitamin B12 levels less than 150 pg/ml is considered evidence of vitamin B12 deficiency.

Vitamin D 25 Hydroxy (Total)	<8.00	ng/mL	30 - 100	Chemiluminescence
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Serum

Note:-This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .



Dr. Nutan Sood
MD (Pathology)
Senior Consultant, Laboratory Services,
Regd No: HN 012481



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Reference Range

Status	25- (OH) Vitamin D
Deficient	< 20 ng/mL
Insufficient	20 - 30 ng/mL
Sufficient	30 - 100 ng/mL
Potential Toxicity	>100 ng/mL

Vitamin D is a critical nutrient to maintain strong bones. It is produced by the body in response to sunlight and occurs naturally in some foods. However, for some adults, factors such as restricted diet, frequent use of sunscreen and a sedentary lifestyle can lead to vitamin D deficiencies.

Comments

*Decreased Levels

- Inadequate exposure to sunlight
- Dietary deficiency
- Vitamin D malabsorption
- Severe Hepatocellular disease
- Drugs like Anticonvulsants
- Nephrotic syndrome

* Increased levels

- Vitamin D intoxication

****End Of Report****

Note:-This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .



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ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT

Name	:	Mrs. KRITIKA SINGH	UHID	:	400217386
Age/Sex	:	34 Years / Female			
Referring Physician	:	Self			
Indication	:	R/o CAD	Date	:	03/10/2024

M-Mode/2-D Description:

Doppler velocities (cm/sec)

Pulmonary valve		Aortic valve	
Max velocity	68	Max velocity	125
		Mean Velocity	
		Max PG	
		Mean PG	
Mitral valve		Tricuspid valve	
E	95	Max PG =	Max Velocity
A	51	Max Velocity =	TAPSE (> 1.5)
DT		Mean PG =	E/E' (< 6)
E/E'		Mean Velocity =	

Regurgitation

MR		TR	
Severity	Trace	Severity	Trace
Max Velocity		PASP	19 mmHg
AR		PR	
Severity	Nil	Severity	Nil

Measurements (mm):

	Observed Values		Normal Values
Aortic root diameter	26 mm		20-36 (22mm/M ²)
Aortic Valve Opening	mm		15-26
Left Atrium size	27 mm		19-40
	End Diastole	End Systole	Normal Values
Left Ventricle size	45 mm	31 mm	(ED= 37-56)
Interventricular Septum	09 mm		(ED= 6-12)
Posterior Wall Thickness	09 mm		(ED= 5-10)
LV Ejection Fraction (%)	55.00%		55%-80%




KRIKA SINGH,400217386

Final Interpretation:-

Study done at HR of ~ 75 bpm

- No LV Regional wall motion abnormality, LVEF ~ 55%**
- Normal RV systolic function.**
- Normal Cardiac chamber dimensions.**
- Trace MR, No MS, No AS/AR.**
- Trace TR with (RVSP~19 mmHg), No PS/PR.**
- Normal mitral inflow pattern.**
- No intra-cardiac clot/ Vegetation / Pericardial effusion seen.**
- IVC normal in size with normal respiratory variation (RAP ~ 3 mmHg).**

Dr. Anshul Goyal
MD, Medicine
Attending Consultant- Cardiology



Dr. Yogendra Singh Rajput
MD. DM Cardiology
Consultant-Cardiology

Patient ID :	400217386	Paient Name :	KRITIKA SINGH
Age :	34 Years	Sex :	F
Ref Physician :	DR. SELF	Modality/Study :	US
Study Date :	03-Oct-2024	Reported Date :	03-Oct-2024
Study :			

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size (12.6 cm) and shows mildly raised echotexture. No evidence of any focal lesion or IHBR dilation is present. Portal vein and CBD are not dilated.

Minimal perihepatic free fluid is seen.

GALL BLADDER is contracted with thickened and edematous gall bladder wall, thickness measuring ~ 11.0 mm.

SPLEEN is normal in size (11.4 cm) and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

PANCREAS is normal in size and echotexture. Peripancreatic fat planes are clear.

RIGHT KIDNEY: is normal in size (11.8 x 3.6 cm) and position and outline corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any focal lesion / calculus / backpressure changes.

LEFT KIDNEY: is normal in size (12.1 x 4.8 cm) and position and outline corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any focal lesion / calculus / backpressure changes.

URINARY BLADDER is partially distended and visualized lumen is echofree. Wall thickness is normal. No evidence of any focal lesion.

Uterus: Anteverted in position and normal in size, measuring ~ 10.0 x 4.8 x 3.6 cm. Myometrial echotexture is normal. There is no focal lesion. Endometrial thickness is 9.8 mm.

Ovaries: Both ovaries are bulky and shows peripherally arranged follicles. ADV - Hormonal correlation
Right ovary measures ~ 3.2 x 2.3 x 2.3 cm, 9.33 cc in volume and shows a hemorrhagic cyst of size ~ 2.4 x 1.7 cm.

Left ovary measures ~ 3.5 x 2.4 x 2.0 cm, 9.24 cc in volume.

No evidence of any adnexal lesion.

Minimal free fluid in Pouch of Douglas and interbowel region.

Minimal right sided pleural effusion is seen.

IMPRESSION:

- Grade I fatty liver.
- Thickened and edematous gall bladder wall, likely reactive.
- Minimal ascites.
- Right ovarian hemorrhagic cyst
- ADV - TVS pelvis at day 2-6 of next cycle

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Rushil Jain

Consultant

Dept. of Radiology

MT-A/SJ



Patient ID :	400217386	Paient Name :	KRIKA SINGH
Age :	34 Years	Sex :	F
Ref Physician :	DR. SELF	Modality/Study :	US
Study Date :	03-Oct-2024	Reported Date :	03-Oct-2024
Study :			

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Consultant

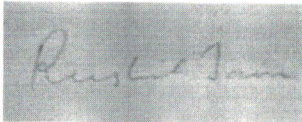
Dept. of Radiology

MT-A/SJ

Patient ID :	400217386	Paient Name :	KRIKA SINGH
Age :	34 Years	Sex :	F
Ref Physician :		Modality/Study :	CR
Study Date :	03-Oct-2024	Reported Date :	03-Oct-2024
Study :	Chest		

Investigation: Radiograph of Chest (PA View)**Result:**

Lung parenchyma is normal.
Bilateral hilar shadow appear normal.
Cardiomediastinal contour is maintained.
Cardiophrenic & costophrenic angles are normal.
Domes of diaphragm are normal.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Rushil Jain
Consultant
Dept. of Radiology



Dental

3/10/24

Mrs. Keitika.

o/c

Rent slips $\frac{8}{8}$

Cairns $\frac{6}{7} / \frac{6}{7}$

PH

Adv. Restoration $\frac{6}{7} / \frac{6}{7}$

Adv. IOFA & proceed w

Receipt Tx.

id 34237 X 2. \rightarrow 400 X 2 = 800/-

id 973 X 4 \rightarrow 1800 X 4 \rightarrow 7200/-

400217386
34 Years

Kritika Singh
Female

03-Oct-24 9:05:02 AM

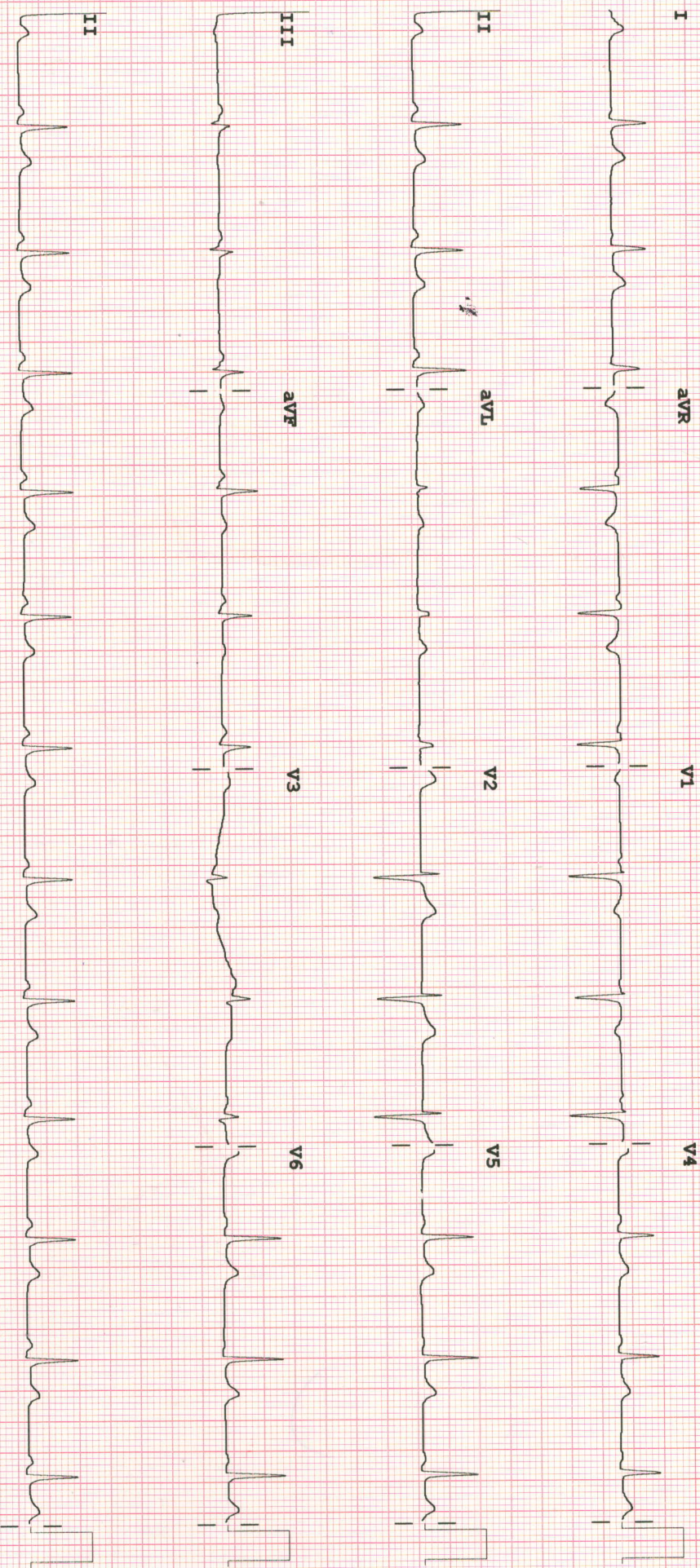
MARANGO ASIA HOSPITALS

EMERGENCY

Rate 74 . Sinus rhythm.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99
PR 119 . Borderline short PR interval.....PR int <120ms
QRSD 74 . Baseline wander in lead(s) V5
QT 340
QTc 378
--AXIS--
P 87
QRS 41
T 28
12 Lead; Standard Placement

- OTHERWISE NORMAL ECG -

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



Device:

Speed: 25 mm/sec

Limb: 10 mm/mV

Chest: 10.0 mm/mV

F 50~ 0.50~ 40 Hz W

100B CL

P?

Visit ID : MPR455185	Collected : 03/Oct/2024 03:03PM
UHID/MR No : APR4.0000054057	Reported : 03/Oct/2024 04:35PM
Patient Name : Mrs.KRITIKA SINGH 400217386	Status : Final Report
Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F	Client Code : 2802
Ref Doctor : Dr.SELF	Barcode No : A5631465
Client Name : NORTH EAST HEALTHCARE PVT LTD	

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
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LIVER FUNCTION TEST

Sample Type : SERUM

TOTAL BILIRUBIN	7.3	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	Diazonium salt(Colorimetric)/Jendrassik
CONJUGATED (D. Bilirubin)	5.48	mg/dl	0.00-0.30	Jendrassik & Groff
UNCONJUGATED (I.D. Bilirubin)	1.82	mg/dl	0.10-1.00	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS	6.3	g/dl	5.7-8.2 g/dl	Biuret
ALBUMIN	3.03	gm/dl	3.5-5.0	BCG
GLOBULIN	3.27	gm/dl	2.0-4.1	Calculated
A/G RATIO	0.93		1.0-2.0	Calculated
SGOT	1,239	U/L	<34	Modified IFCC
SGPT	1,800	U/L	10.0-35.0	Enzymatic,IFCC
GGT	47	U/L	<38 U/L	Modified IFCC
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	131	U/l	30-120	

PLASMA GLUCOSE - FASTING

Sample Type : FLOURIDE PLASMA

Plasma Glucose Fasting	78	mg/dl	60-110	Glucose Oxidase/Peroxidase
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INTERPRETATION:
Increased In

- Diabetes Mellitus
- Stress (e.g., emotion, burns, shock, anesthesia)
- Acute pancreatitis
- Chronic pancreatitis
- Wernicke encephalopathy (vitamin B1 deficiency)
- Effect of drugs (e.g. corticosteroids, estrogens, alcohol, phenytoin, thiazides)

Decreased In

- Pancreatic disorders
- Extrapancreatic tumors
- Endocrine disorders
- Malnutrition
- Hypothalamic lesions
- Alcoholism
- Endocrine disorders



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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
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SERUM CREATININE

Sample Type : Serum

SERUM CREATININE	0.83	mg/dl	0.55-1.2	Jaffe, alkaline picrate, kinetic with blank rate correction
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Increased In:

- Diet: ingestion of creatinine (roast meat), Muscle disease: gigantism, acromegaly,
- Impaired kidney function.

Decreased In:

- Pregnancy: Normal value is 0.4-0.6 mg/dL. A value >0.8 mg/dL is abnormal and should alert the clinician to further diagnostic evaluation.
- Creatinine secretion is inhibited by certain drugs (e.g., cimetidine, trimethoprim).

SERUM UREA

Sample Type : SERUM

SERUM UREA	10.70	mg/dL	19-49	Urease GLDH
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SERUM URIC ACID

Sample Type : Serum

SERUM URIC ACID	3	mg/dL	3.1-7.8	URICASE
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Visit ID : MPR455185	Collected : 03/Oct/2024 03:03PM
UHID/MR No : APR4.0000054057	Reported : 03/Oct/2024 04:06PM
Patient Name : Mrs.KRITIKA SINGH 400217386	Status : Final Report
Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F	Client Code : 2802
Ref Doctor : Dr.SELF	Barcode No : A5631465
Client Name : NORTH EAST HEALTHCARE PVT LTD	

DEPARTMENT OF HORMONE ASSAYS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
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THYROID PROFILE (FT3,FT4,TSH)

Sample Type : SERUM

FT3	1.94	pg/ml	2.3-4.2	CLIA
FT4	1.18	ng/dl	0.89-1.76	CLIA
TSH	1.149	uIU/mL	0.55-4.78	CLIA

INTERPRETATION:

- Measurement of Free T3 is often employed to help confirm a diagnosis of hypothyroidism where an elevated free or total T4 has been encountered.
- Free thyroxine (FT4) is a better indicator of thyroid hormone action as it is not affected by changes in thyroxine binding globulin. In mild to moderate systemic illness, FT4 is generally normal or slightly raised and TSH is normal in patients without thyroid disease.
- Low levels of thyroid hormones (FT3, FT4) are seen in cases of primary, secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism and sometimes in nonthyroidal illness also.
- Increased levels are found in Graves's disease, hyperthyroidism and thyroid hormone resistance.
- TSH levels are raised in primary hypothyroidism and are low in hyperthyroidism and secondary hypothyroidism.

In Pregnancy, reference range for FT3 in pg/mL:

First trimester- 2.11-3.83
 Second and Third trimester- 1.96-3.38

In Pregnancy, reference range for FT4 in ng/dL:

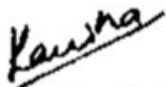
First trimester- 0.7-2.0
 Second and Third trimester- 0.5-1.6

(Pregnancy reference values as per American Thyroid Association)

NOTE:

-TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaches peak levels between 2-4 AM and is at a minimum between 6-10 PM. The variation of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.

*** End Of Report ***



Dr. Kanika Yadav
 MBBS, DCP ; MD [Path]
 Consultant Pathologist
 Reg. No. - 011681

