

DIAGNOSTIC REPORT**Patient Ref. No. 66600003021189**

Cert. No. MC-2809



CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :
 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED
 MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED
 F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,
 SOUTH DELHI, DELHI,
 SOUTH DELHI 110030
 DELHI INDIA
 8800465156

DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS
 GANDHI NAGAR, KTM
 KERALA, INDIA
 Tel : 93334 93334
 Email : customercare.ddrc@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : ATUL JOSE PHILIP**PATIENT ID : ATULM1401904036**ACCESSION NO : **4036WA002673** AGE : 33 Years SEX : Male

ABHA NO :

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 14/01/2023 08:55

REPORTED : 14/01/2023 15:04

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
Preliminary			

MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT**OPHTHAL**

OPHTHAL COMPLETED

*** TREADMILL TEST**

TREADMILL TEST COMPLETED

*** PHYSICAL EXAMINATION**

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION COMPLETED



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MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT

*** BUN/CREAT RATIO**

BUN/CREAT RATIO	9.25	5 - 15	
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE	0.81	18 - 60 yrs : 0.9 - 1.3	mg/dL
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA			
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA	105	Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 200. Impaired Glucose tolerance/ Prediabetes : 140 - 199. Hypoglycemia : < 55.	mg/dL

GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA	100	Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 126. Impaired fasting Glucose/ Prediabetes : 101 - 125. Hypoglycemia : < 55.	mg/dL
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GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	5.2	Normal : 4.0 - 5.6%. % Non-diabetic level : < 5.7%. Diabetic : >6.5%	
		Glycemic control goal More stringent goal : < 6.5 %. General goal : < 7%. Less stringent goal : < 8%.	

Glycemic targets in CKD :-
 If eGFR > 60 : < 7%.
 If eGFR < 60 : 7 - 8.5%.
 < 116.0 mg/dL

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE	102.5		mg/dL
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM			
CHOLESTEROL	158	Desirable : < 200 Borderline : 200-239 High : >or= 240	mg/dL
TRIGLYCERIDES	55	Normal : < 150 High : 150-199 Hypertriglyceridemia : 200-499 Very High : > 499	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL	60	General range : 40-60	mg/dL



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DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL		105	mg/dL
		Optimum : < 100 Above Optimum : 100-139 Borderline High : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very High : >or= 190	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL		98	mg/dL
		Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	
CHOL/HDL RATIO		2.6	mg/dL
		Low 3.30 - 4.40	
LDL/HDL RATIO		1.8	mg/dL
		0.5 - 3.0	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN		11.0	mg/dL
		< or = 30.0	
LIVER FUNCTION TEST WITH GGT			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL		1.30	mg/dL
		General Range : < 1.1	
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT		0.46	mg/dL
		High General Range : < 0.3	
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT		0.84	mg/dL
		0.00 - 1.00	
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.3	g/dL
		Ambulatory : 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant : 6 - 7.8	
ALBUMIN		5.2	g/dL
		20-60yrs : 3.5 - 5.2	
GLOBULIN		2.1	g/dL
		2.0 - 4.1	
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO		2.5	RATIO
		High 1.0 - 2.0	
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)		19	U/L
		Adults : < 40	
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)		19	U/L
		Adults : < 45	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE		64	U/L
		Adult(<60yrs) : 40 - 130	
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)		13	U/L
		Adult (male) : < 60	
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.3	g/dL
		Ambulatory : 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant : 6 - 7.8	
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID		5.6	mg/dL
		Adults : 3.4-7	
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
ABO GROUP		TYPE O	
RH TYPE		POSITIVE	
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN		15.3	g/dL
		13.0 - 17.0	
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT		5.14	mil/ μ L
		4.5 - 5.5	



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WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT		5.00	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ μ L
PLATELET COUNT		266	150 - 410	thou/ μ L
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES				
HEMATOCRIT		42.7	40 - 50	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL		83.0	83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.		29.8	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION		36.0	High 31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH		12.1	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX		16.2		
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS		54	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES		44	High 20 - 40	%
MONOCYTES		00	Low 2 - 10	%
EOSINOPHILS		02	1 - 6	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT		2.7	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ μ L
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		2.2	1.0 - 3.0	thou/ μ L
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		0	Low 0.2 - 1.0	thou/ μ L
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		0.1	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ μ L
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)		1.2		
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD				
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)		03	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL RESULT PENDING				
THYROID PANEL, SERUM				
T3		112.86	20-50 yrs : 60-181	ng/dL
T4		9.90	3.2 - 12.6	μ g/dl
TSH 3RD GENERATION		0.750	18-49 yrs : 0.4 - 4.2	μ IU/mL



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Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3 , Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3) Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre (3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4 replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011.
NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE CLEAR
*** CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE**
PH 7.0 4.8 - 7.4
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.015 1.015 - 1.030



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PROTEIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN		NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
RED BLOOD CELLS		1 - 2	NOT DETECTED /HPF
WBC		2-3	0-5 /HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED /HPF
CASTS		NOT DETECTED	
CRYSTALS		NOT DETECTED	
BACTERIA		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
YEAST		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN		8	Adult(<60 yrs) : 6 to 20 mg/dL
SUGAR URINE - FASTING			
SUGAR URINE - FASTING		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
* PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL		RESULT PENDING	
* CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL		RESULT PENDING	
* MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STOOL		RESULT PENDING	

Interpretation(s)

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA- TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.



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Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonyleureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control. High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD - **Used For:**

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
 2. Diagnosing diabetes.
 3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
- The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

- I. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
 - II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).
 - III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addition are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
 - IV. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in
 - a. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
 - b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
 - c. HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy
- LIPID PROFILE, SERUM- Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease. This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk. It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the "good" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely. HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM- Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease



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Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

URIC ACID, SERUM - **Causes of Increased levels:** - Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels: - Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD -

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A, B, O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD - The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES - Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia (>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504)

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD - **TEST DESCRIPTION** :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION
Increase in: Infections, Vasculitis, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.
 Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemia, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).
 In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr (62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr (95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.
Decreased in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS
False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs (Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :
 1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM - Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

SUGAR URINE - FASTING-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs (Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :

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BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM - Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

SUGAR URINE - FASTING-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST



Scan to View Details



Scan to View Report

DIAGNOSTIC REPORT

Patient Ref. No. 66600003021189



Cert. No. MC-2809



CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :
 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED
 MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED
 F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,
 SOUTH DELHI, DELHI,
 SOUTH DELHI 110030
 DELHI INDIA
 8800465156

DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS
 GANDHI NAGAR, KTM
 KERALA, INDIA
 Tel : 93334 93334
 Email : customercare.ddrc@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : ATUL JOSE PHILIP **PATIENT ID :** ATULM1401904036
ACCESSION NO : 4036WA002673 **AGE :** 33 Years **SEX :** Male **ABHA NO :**
DRAWN : **RECEIVED :** 14/01/2023 08:55 **REPORTED :** 14/01/2023 15:04
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL **CLIENT PATIENT ID :**

Test Report Status	Results	Units
Preliminary		

MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT

- * ECG WITH REPORT
REPORT
COMPLETED
- * USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS
REPORT
COMPLETED
- * CHEST X-RAY WITH REPORT
REPORT
COMPLETED

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession
 TEST MARKED WITH '*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

PRASEEDA S NAIR
BIOCHEMIST

DR.KRIPA ELIZABETH JOHN
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST



Scan to View Details



Scan to View Report



If the examinee is suffering from an acute life threatening situation, you may be obliged to disclose the result of the medical examination to the examinee.

1. Name of the examinee	: Mr./Mrs./Ms. ATUL JOSE PHILIP
2. Mark of Identification	: (Mole/Scar/any other (specify location)): Mole on right hand small finger
3. Age/Date of Birth	: 33; 10/03/1989 Gender: M
4. Photo ID Checked	: (Passport/Election Card/PAN Card/Driving Licence/Company ID)

PHYSICAL DETAILS:

a. Height 168 (cms)	b. Weight 53 (Kgs)	c. Girth of Abdomen 62 (cms)
d. Pulse Rate 57 (/Min)	e. Blood Pressure: 110/80	Systolic Diastolic
	1 st Reading 110	80
	2 nd Reading 110	80

FAMILY HISTORY:

Relation	Age if Living	Health Status	If deceased, age at the time and cause
Father	68	Good	
Mother	68	Good	
Brother(s)			
Sister(s)			

HABITS & ADDICTIONS: Does the examinee consume any of the following? - **NA**

Tobacco in any form	Sedative	Alcohol
NA	NA	NA

PERSONAL HISTORY

- a. Are you presently in good health and entirely free from any mental or Physical impairment or deformity. If No, please attach details. **X/N**
- b. Have you undergone/been advised any surgical procedure? **X/N**
- c. During the last 5 years have you been medically examined, received any advice or treatment or admitted to any hospital? **X/N**
- d. Have you lost or gained weight in past 12 months? **X/N**

Have you ever suffered from any of the following?

- Psychological Disorders or any kind of disorders of the Nervous System? **X/N**
- Any disorders of Respiratory system? **X/N**
- Any Cardiac or Circulatory Disorders? **X/N**
- Enlarged glands or any form of Cancer/Tumour? **X/N**
- Any Musculoskeletal disorder? **X/N**
- Any disorder of Gastrointestinal System? **X/N**
- Unexplained recurrent or persistent fever, and/or weight loss **X/N**
- Have you been tested for HIV/HBsAg / HCV before? If yes attach reports **X/N**
- Are you presently taking medication of any kind? **X/N**



DDRCSRL Diagnostics Private Limited

Corp. Office: DDRCSRL Tower, G- 131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam - 682 036
Ph No. 0484-2318223, 2318222, e-mail: info@ddrcsrl.com, web: www.ddrcsrl.com

Corp. Office: DDRCSRL Tower, G- 131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam - 682 036, Ph No: 2310688, 2318222, web: www.ddrcsrl.com

• Any disorders of Urinary System?

Y/N • Any disorder of the Eyes, Ears Nose, Throat or Mouth & Skin



FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES ONLY

a. Is there any history of diseases of breast/genital organs?

Y/N

d. Do you have any history of miscarriage/abortion or MTP

Y/N

b. Is there any history of abnormal PAP Smear/Mammogram/USG of Pelvis or any other tests? (If yes attach reports)

Y/N

e. For Parous Women, were there any complication during pregnancy such as gestational diabetes, hypertension etc

Y/N

c. Do you suspect any disease of Uterus, Cervix or Ovaries?

Y/N

f. Are you now pregnant? If yes, how many months?

Y/N

CONFIDENTIAL COMMENTS FROM MEDICAL EXAMINER

- Was the examinee co-operative? Y/N
- Is there anything about the examinee's health, lifestyle that might affect him/her in the near future with regard to his/her job? Y/N
- Are there any points on which you suggest further information be obtained? Y/N
- Based on your clinical impression, please provide your suggestions and recommendations below;

.....
.....

➤ Do you think he/she is **MEDICALLY FIT** or UNFIT for employment.

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S DECLARATION

I hereby confirm that I have examined the above individual after verification of his/her identity and the findings stated above are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Name & Signature of the Medical Examiner :

Dr. MUJADID ZAMAN. AP

Dr. MUJADID ZAMAN AP

MBBS

Reg. No. 77615 (TCMC)

Seal of Medical Examiner :



Name & Seal of DDRC SRL Branch :

Date & Time :



DDRC SRL Diagnostics Private Limited

Corp. Office: DDRC SRL Tower, G- 131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam - 682 036
Ph No. 0484-2318223, 2318222, e-mail: info@ddrcsrl.com, web: www.ddrcsrl.com

Regd. Office: 4th Floor, Prime Square, Plot No.1, Gaiwadi Industrial Estate, S.V. Road, Goregaon (West), Mumbai – 400062.



नाम
Name: **ATUL JOSE PHILIP**

कार्डधारी क्र. क.
E.C.No. **174532**

गारंटी प्राधिकारी
Issuing Authority:

ड. न. प्र. भो. का. त्रिचन्द्रम
UGM, R.D., Tiruchandram

धारक के हस्ताक्षर
Signature of Holder



Handwritten signature

मिलने पर निम्नलिखित को लौटाए
सहायक महाप्रबंधक (सुरक्षा)
बैंक ऑफ बड़ोदा, बड़ोदा कॉर्पोरेट सेंटर
सी - 26 जी-ब्लॉक, सान्द्रा कुर्ला कॉम्प्लेक्स, मुंबई - 400051 भारत
फोन 91 22 5698 5196 फैक्स 91 22 2652 5747

If found, please return to:
Asst. General Manager (Security)
Bank of Baroda, Baroda Corporate Centre
C-26, G-Block, Sancha-Kurla Complex, Mumbai 400051 - India
Phone 91 22 5698 5196, F 91 22 2652 5747

रक्त समूह / Blood Group: **O+ve**
पहचान चिह्न / Identification Marks: **A mole on the right hand small finger.**

OPHTHALMOLOGY REPORT

ACCESSION NO:4036WA002673

This is to certify that I have examined

MR /MS ATUL JOSE PHILIP Aged 33 and

His / her visual standard is as follows.

Acuity of Vision

For Far

R 6/6L 6/6

For Near

R N6L N6

Colour Vision

NormalDATE: 14/01/23
14/01/23
OPTOMETRIST



Name: ATUL JOSE PHILIP
Age/Sex: 33 yrs/M
Accession No: 4036WA002673

Report Date: 14.01.2023
Ref.by: Mediwheel

USG ABDOMEN & PELVIS

OBSERVATIONS:

- Liver:** Normal in size. Shows normal parenchymal echotexture. No focal parenchymal lesion noted. The biliary radicals appear normal. Portal vein is normal (10 mm).
- Gall bladder:** Distended (measures 4.9 x 1.3 cm). No calculus seen. No e/o of any wall thickening / edema. No e/o any pericholecystic collection.
- CBD:** Not dilated (6 mm).
- Spleen:** Normal in size (10.8 cm) and echotexture. No focal lesion.
- Pancreas:** Head (2 cm), body (1.2 cm) and tail (1.1cm) appear normal. No focal lesion. No calcification or duct dilatation noted.
- Kidneys:** Right kidney length measures 10 cm. Parenchymal thickness 1.7 cm
Normal in position & size. Cortical echogenicity is normal. There is good cortico-medullary differentiation. No calculus or mass lesion seen. No hydronephrosis.
Left kidney length measures 10.2 cm. Parenchymal thickness 1.7 cm
Normal in position & size. Cortical echogenicity is normal. There is good cortico-medullary differentiation. No calculus or mass lesion seen. No hydronephrosis.
- Ureters:** Not dilated.
- Urinary Bladder:** Distended, No luminal or wall abnormality noted.
- Prostate:** Normal in size, volume 24 cc. Shows homogenous parenchymal texture. No evidence of any mass lesion.
- Others:** No evident lymphadenopathy. No evidence of bowel wall thickening/echogenic mesentery/dilated bowel loops. Normal peristalsis seen. No free fluid in the peritoneal cavity. No pleural effusion noted.

IMPRESSION:

- No significant abnormality detected.

Dr. Deepak.V, MBBS, DMRD
Radiologist



Note: This is radiological opinion and not the final diagnosis. Ultrasound is limited by patient adiposity, bowel gas and correlate clinically and investigate further as needed.

Exam

14-01-2023-0006

Accession #

14012023

Name
Birth Date
Gender

Exam Date

Description

Other

Sonographer

[2D] G48/118dB/FA10/P90/HAR/FSI 1



[2D] G48/118dB/FA10/P90/HAR/FSI 1



[2D] G51/118dB/FA10/P90/HAR/FSI 1



[2D] G54/118dB/FA10/P90/HAR/FSI 1



[2D] G53/118dB/FA10/P90/HAR/FSI 1



[2D] G13/118dB/FA10/P90/HAR/FSI 1



[2D] G13/118dB/FA10/P90/HAR/FSI 1



DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

Exec Time : 0 m 0 s Stage Time : 4 m 54 s HR: 57 bpm

Date: 14-Jan-23

B.P: 110 / 80

ID: 161

(THR: 168 bpm)

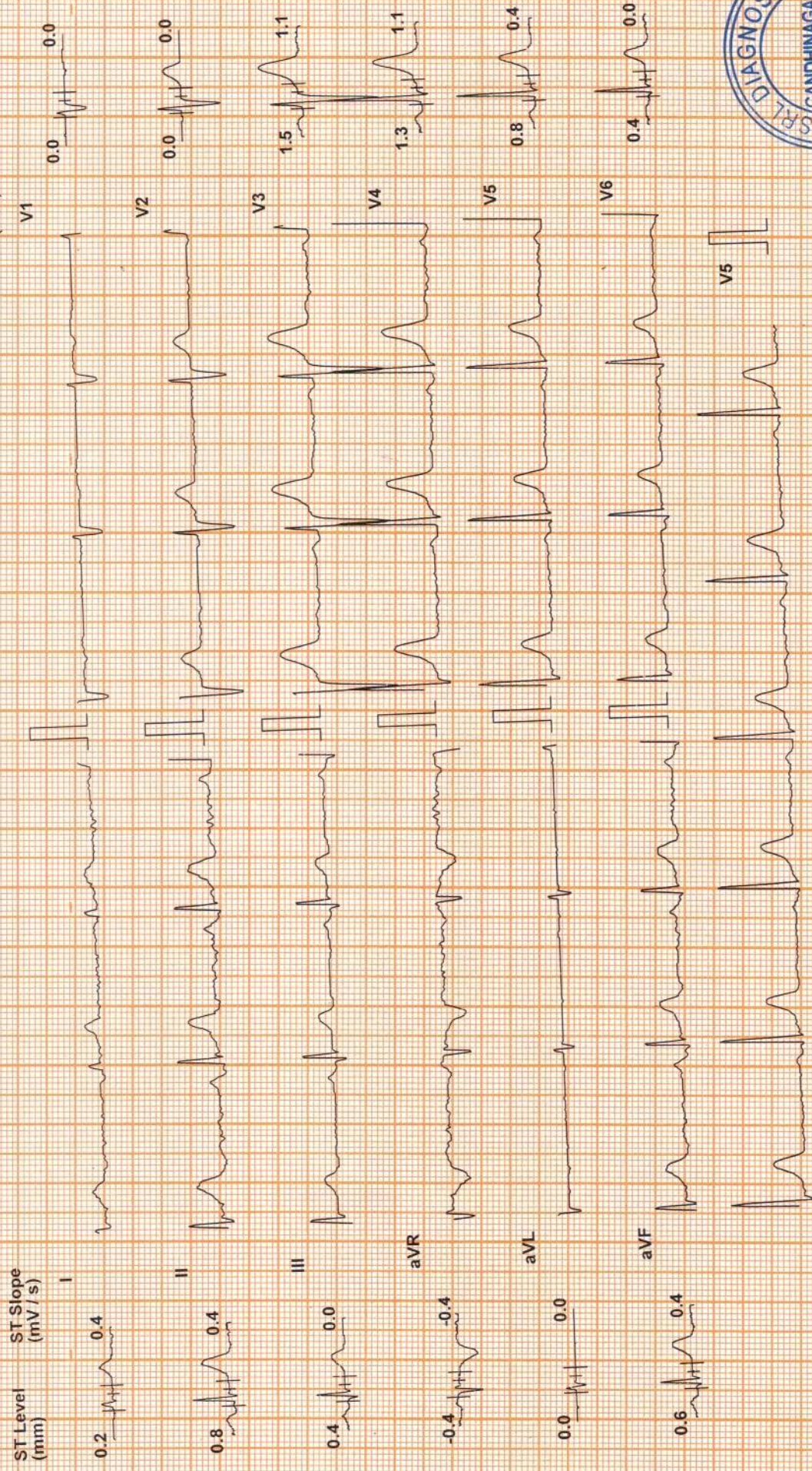
Grade: 0 %

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M)

Speed: 0 mph

Stage: Supine

Protocol: Bruce



Filter: 35 Hz

Mains Filt: ON

Amp: 10 mm

Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec

Schiller Spandam V4.7

Iso = R: 60 ms

J = R + 60 ms

Post J = J + 60 ms

ECG REPORT

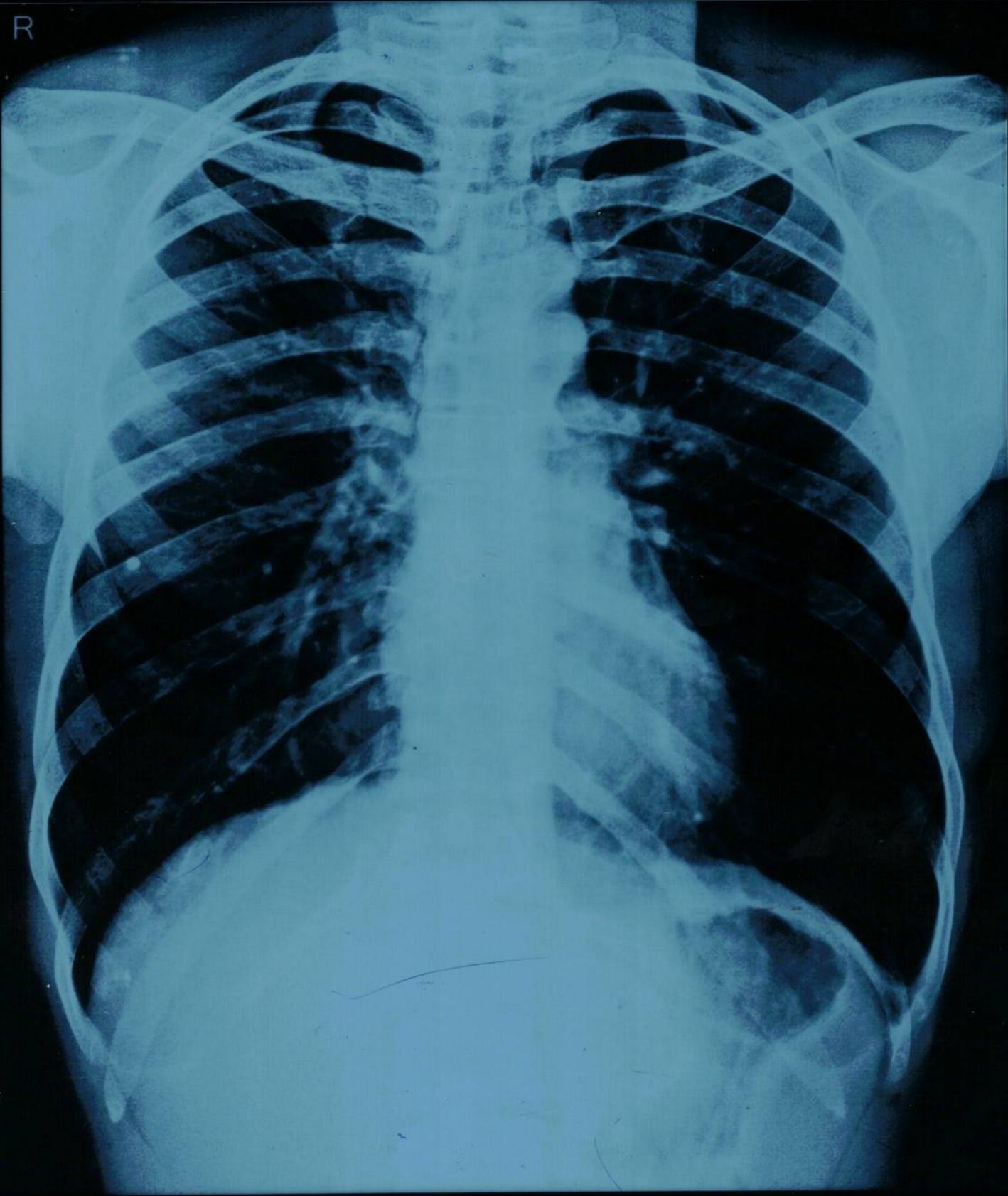
ACCESSION NO : 4036WA002673
 NAME : ATUL JOSE PHILIP
 AGE : 33
 SEX : MALE
 DATE : 14.01.2023
 COMPANY : MEDIWHEEL

RATE : 58/min
 RHYTHM : Normal sinus rhythm
 P. WAVE : Normal
 P-R INTERVAL : 120 ms - normal
 Q,R,S,T. WAVES : normal
 AXIS : normal
 ARRHYTHMIAS : nil
 QT INTERVAL : 360 ms - Normal
 OTHERS : nil
 OPINION : Normal ECG.



[Signature]
Dr. MUJADID ZAMAN AP
 MBBS
 Reg. No. 77615
 (TCMC)

R



ATUL JOSE PHILIP 33/Y 5349 CHEST-PA 14-01-2023

DDRC SRI DIAGNOSTICS, GANDHI NAGAR, KOTTAYAM

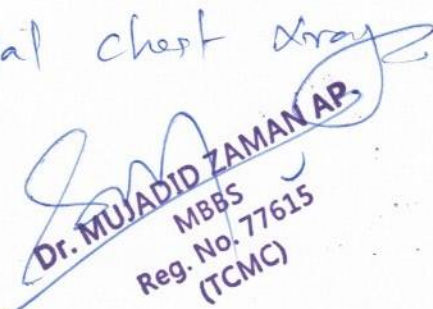
DDRC SRI

X - RAY CHEST - REPORT

ACCESSION NO : 4036WA002673
 NAME : ATUL JOSE PHILIP
 AGE : 33
 SEX : MALE
 DATE : 14.01.2023
 COMPANY : MEDIWHEEL

EXPOSURE : Adequate exposure.
 POSITIONING : Central, No rotation
 SOFT TISSUES : Normal shadows
 LUNG FIELDS : Normal
 HEART SHADOW : Normal
 CARDIOPHRENIC ANGLE : Not obliterated, Normal
 COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE : Not obliterated, Normal
 HILUM : Normal
 OPINION : Normal chest Xray




 Dr. MUJADID ZAMAN AP
 MBBS
 Reg. No. 77615
 (TCMC)

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

Patient Details

Date: 14-Jan-23

Time: 07:51:42

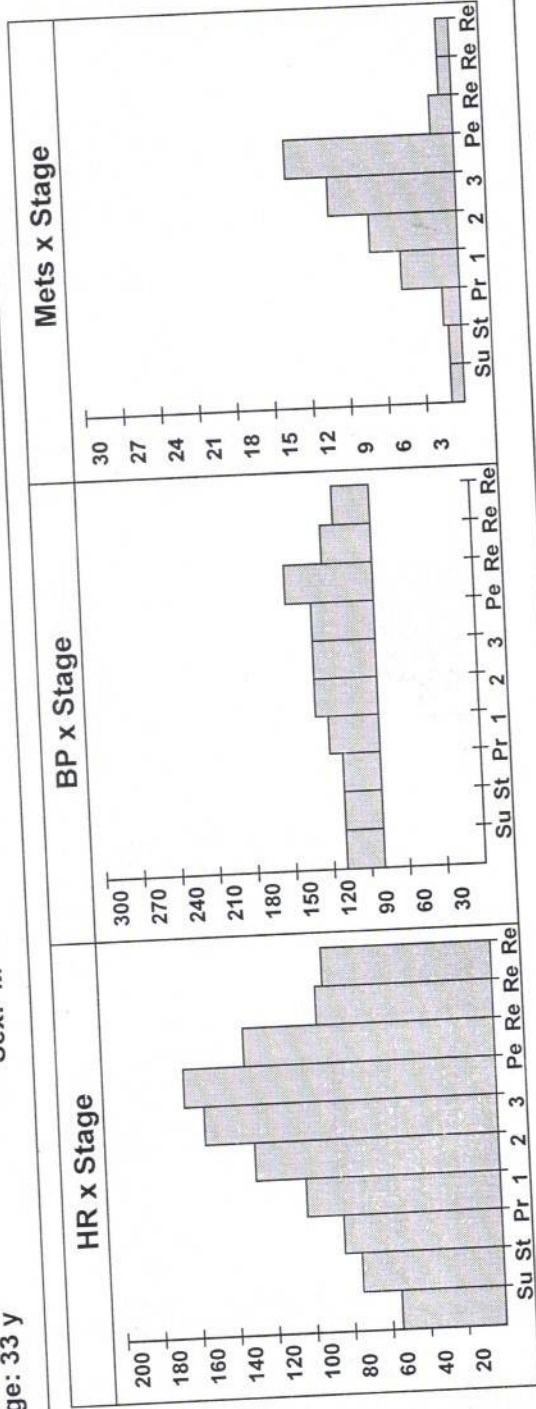
Name: Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP ID: 161

Sex: M

Age: 33 y

Height: 168 cms

Weight: 53 Kgs



Interpretation

STRESSED UPTO 10 MTS ON BRUCE PROTOCOL AND ATTAINED 88% OF THR AT HR OF 165

BPM WITH A WORKLOAD OF 11 METS. RPP- 24750.

NORMAL HR AND BP RESPONSE.

NO ANGINA/ARRHYTHMIA.

BASELINE ECG SHOWS SINUS BRADYCARDIA.

NO SIGNIFICANT ST SHIFT.

IMP:- TEST IS NEGATIVE FOR INDUCIBLE ISCHEMIA.

GOOD EFFORT TOLERANCE.



DR. MUJADDID ZAMAN AP
MBBS
Reg. No. 77615
(TCMC)

Doctor: -----

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

Patient Details Date: 14-Jan-23
 Name: Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP ID: 161
 Age: 33 y Sex: M
 Clinical History: FOR CARDIAC EVALUATION

Time: 07:51:42
 Height: 168 cms Weight: 53 Kgs

Medications: NIL

Test Details

Protocol: Bruce
Total Exec. Time: 10 m 0 s
Max. BP: 150 / 80 mmHg
Test Termination Criteria: FATIGUE

Pr.MHR: 187 bpm
Max. HR: 165 (88% of Pr.MHR) bpm
Max. BP x HR: 24750 mmHg/min

THR: 168 (90 % of Pr.MHR) bpm
Max. Mets: 13.50
Min. BP x HR: 4400 mmHg/min

Protocol Details

Stage Name	Stage Time (min : sec)	Mets	Speed (mph)	Grade (%)	Heart Rate (bpm)	Max. BP (mm/Hg)	Max. ST Level (mm)	Max. ST Slope (mV/s)
Supine	4 : 55	1.0	0	0	55	110 / 80	-5.94 V4	-5.66 I
Standing	0 : 34	1.0	0	0	75	110 / 80	-0.85 aVR	1.06 II
1	3 : 0	4.6	1.7	10	103	120 / 80	-2.12 aVR	3.89 V3
2	3 : 0	7.0	2.5	12	129	130 / 80	-1.06 aVR	4.95 V4
3	3 : 0	10.2	3.4	14	155	130 / 80	-1.70 aVR	5.66 V3
Peak Ex	1 : 0	13.5	4.2	16	165	130 / 80	-1.70 aVR	5.66 V3
Recovery(1)	1 : 2	1.8	1	0	133	150 / 80	-2.97 aVR	5.66 II
Recovery(2)	2 : 0	1.0	0	0	94	120 / 80	-2.97 aVR	5.66 II
Recovery(3)	1 : 11	1.0	0	0	90	110 / 80	-1.27 aVR	3.18 V3



DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

Exec Time : 0 m 0 s Stage Time : 4 m 52 s **HR: 57 bpm**

Date: 14-Jan-23

ID: 161

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M)

B.P: 110 / 80

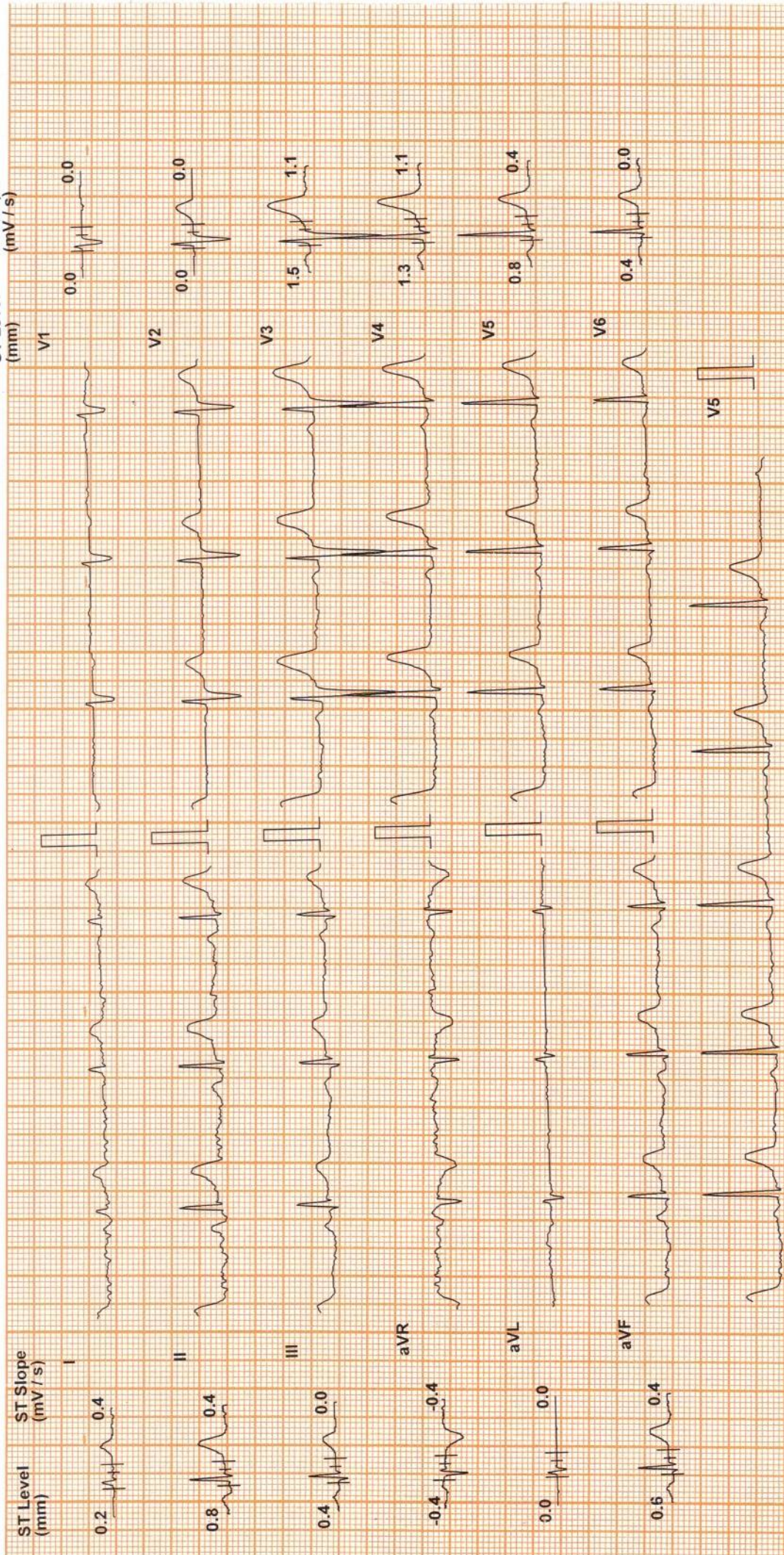
(THR: 168 bpm)

Grade: 0 %

Speed: 0 mph

Stage: Supine

Protocol: Bruce



Filter: 35 Hz

Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec

Schiller Spandau V 4.7

Post J = J + 60 ms

Iso = R - 60 ms

Mains Fil: ON

Amp: 10 mm

J = R + 60 ms

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M) ID: 161 Date: 14-Jan-23 Exec Time : 0 m 0 s Stage Time : 0 m 2 s HR: 55 bpm
Protocol: Bruce Stage: Standing Speed: 0 mph Grade: 0 % (THR: 168 bpm) B.P: 110 / 80

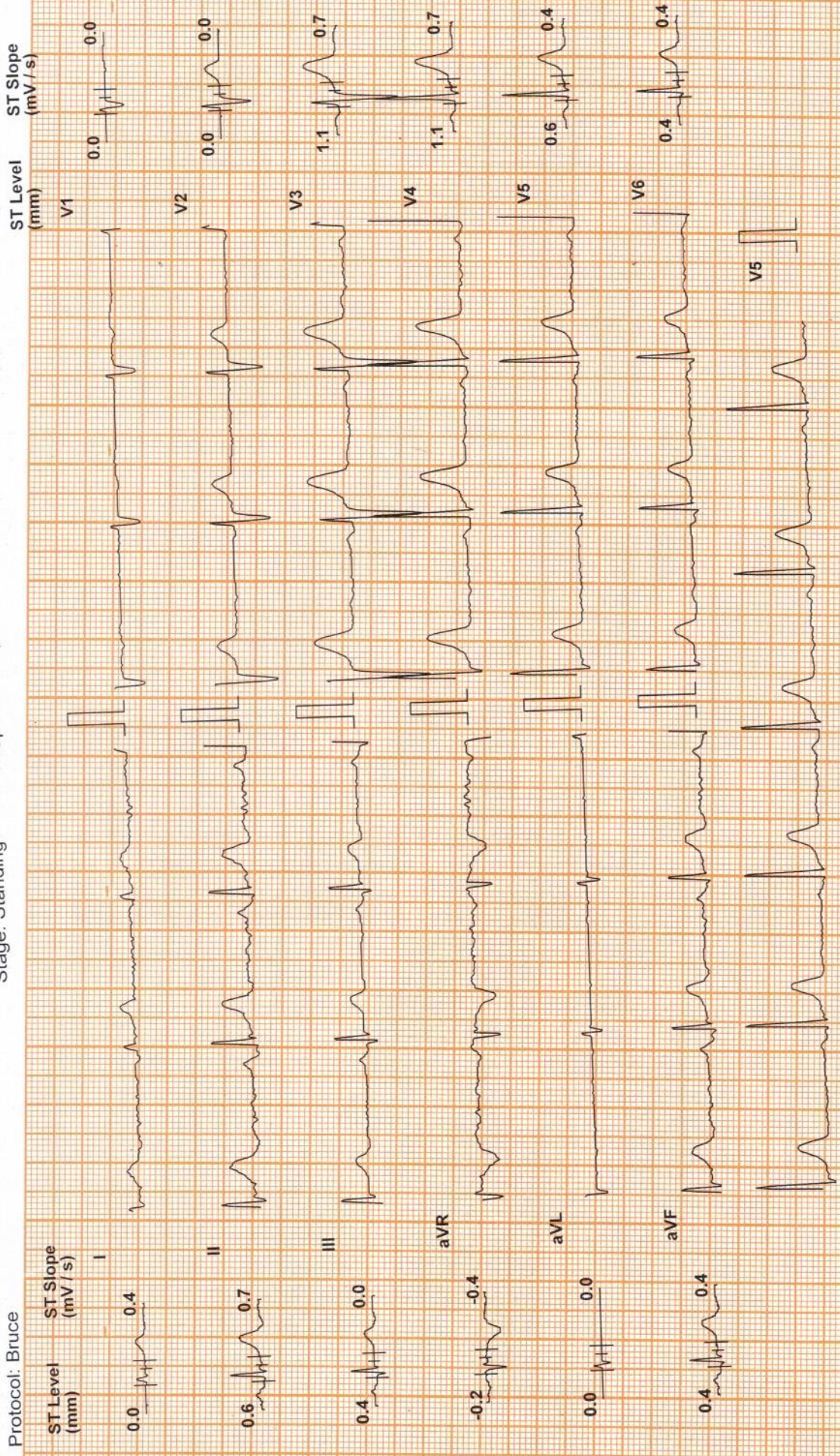
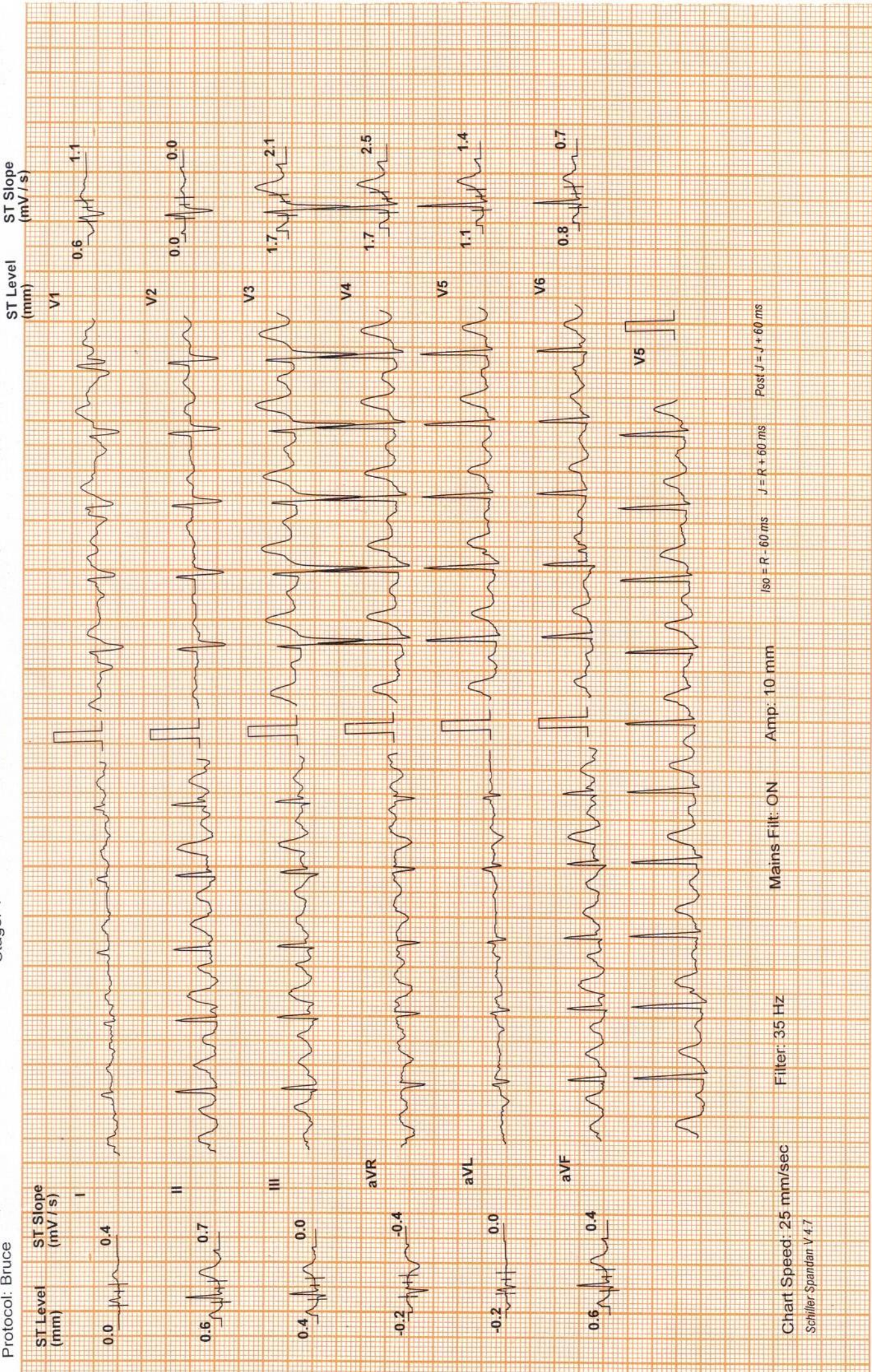


Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec
Filter: 35 Hz
Mains Filtr: ON
Amp: 10 mm
Iso = R - 60 ms J = R + 60 ms Pos J = J + 60 ms
Schiller Spandan V 4.7

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M) ID: 161 Date: 14-Jan-23 Exec Time : 3 m 0 s Stage Time : 3 m 0 s HR: 103 bpm
Protocol: Bruce Speed: 1.7 mph Grade: 10 % (THR: 168 bpm) B.P.: 120 / 80



DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

HR: 129 bpm

Stage Time : 3 m 0 s

Exec Time : 6 m 0 s

Date: 14-Jan-23

ID: 161

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M)

B.P: 130 / 80

(THR: 168 bpm)

Grade: 12 %

Speed: 2.5 mph

Stage: 2

Protocol: Bruce

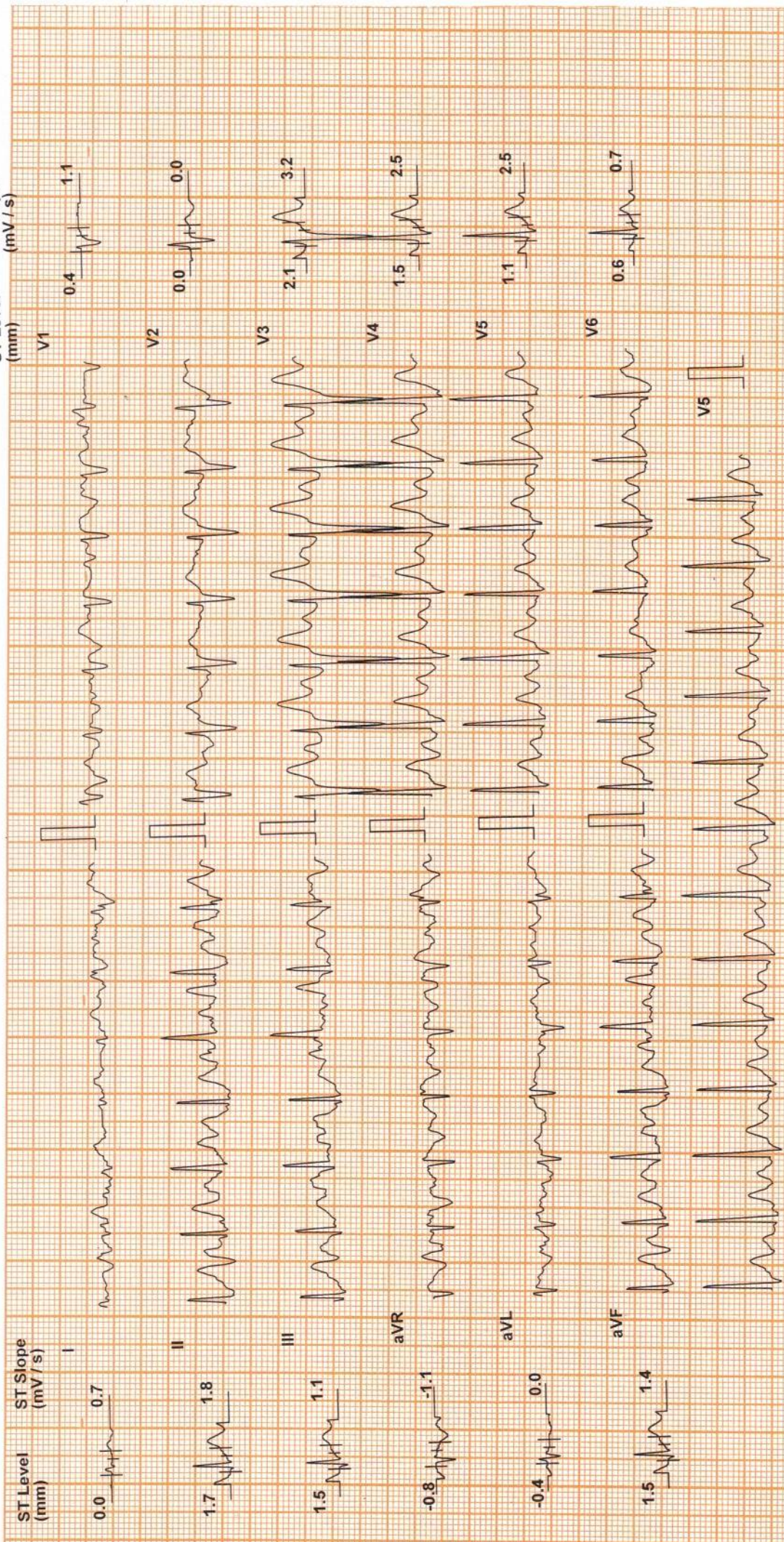


Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec
Schiller Spandan V 4.7

Filter: 35 Hz

Mains Filt: ON

Amp: 10 mm

Iso = R - 60 ms

J = R + 60 ms

Post J = J + 60 ms

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M) ID: 161 Date: 14-Jan-23 Exec Time : 9 m 0 s Stage Time : 3 m 0 s HR: 155 bpm
Protocol: Bruce Stage: 3 Speed: 3.4 mph Grade: 14 % (THR: 168 bpm) B.P: 130 / 80

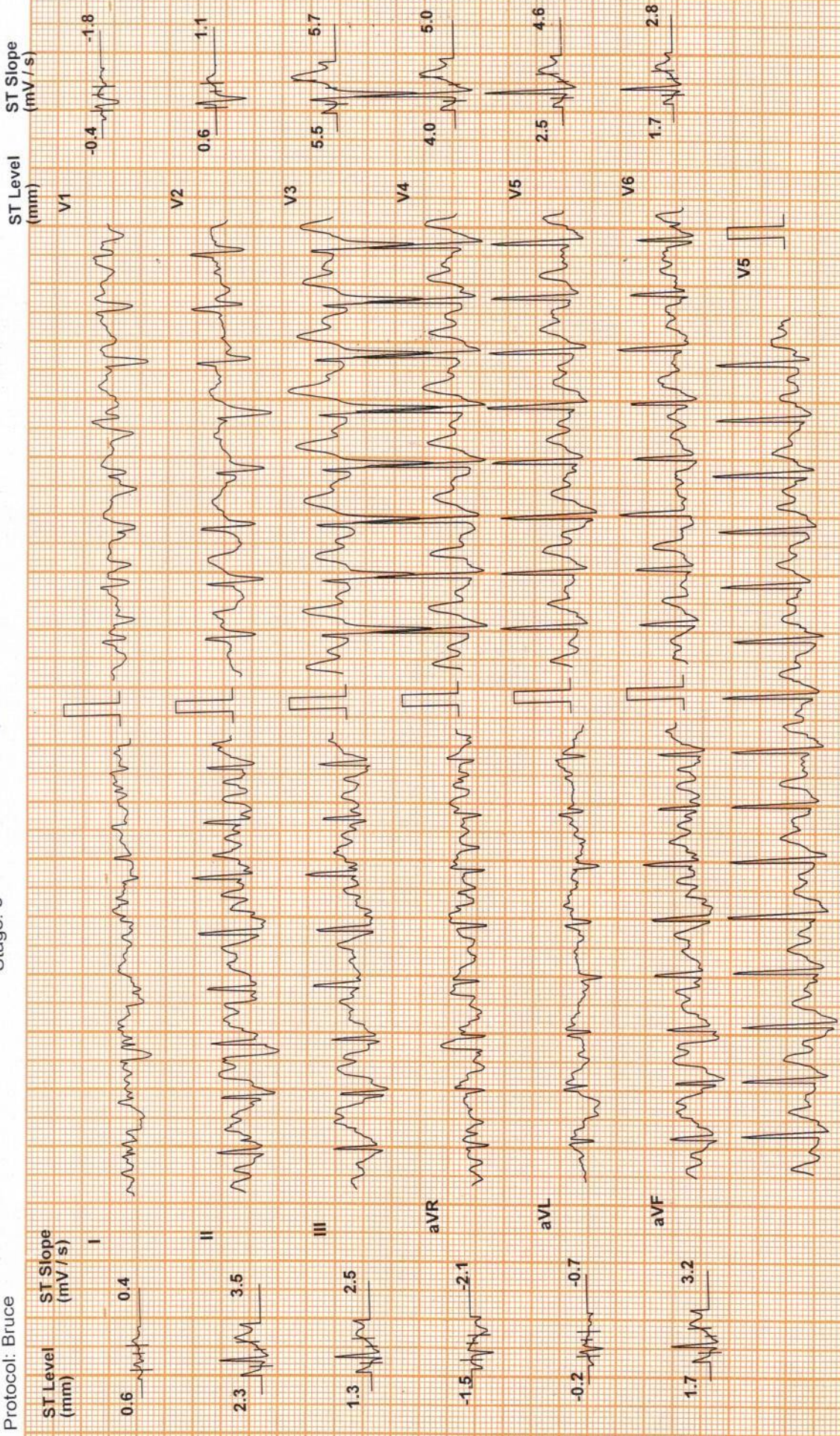


Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec Filter: 35 Hz Mains Filtr: ON Amp: 10 mm Iso = R - 60 ms J = R + 60 ms Post J = J + 60 ms
Schiller Spandan V 4.7

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

HR: 165 bpm

Exec Time : 10 m 0 s Stage Time : 1 m 0 s

Date: 14-Jan-23

ID: 161

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M)

B.P: 130 / 80

(THR: 168 bpm)

Grade: 16 %

Speed: 4.2 mph

Stage: Peak Ex

Protocol: Bruce

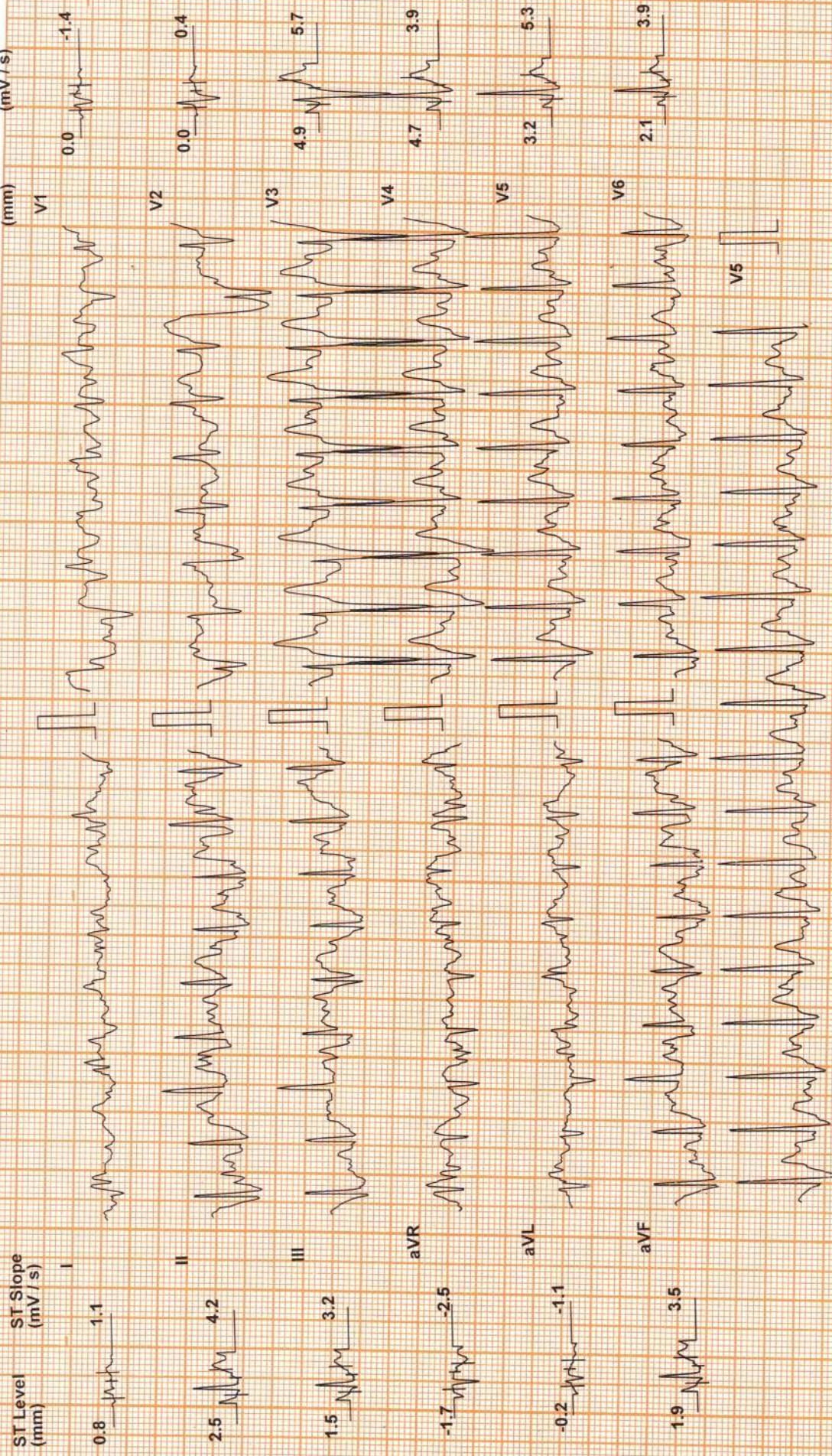


Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec

Filter: 35 Hz

Mains Fil: ON

Amp: 10 mm

Iso = R : 60 ms

J = R + 60 ms

Post J = J + 60 ms

Schiller Spandau V.4.7

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

HR: 133 bpm

Exec Time : 10 m 0 s Stage Time : 1 m 2 s

Date: 14-Jan-23

B.P: 150 / 80

(THR: 168 bpm)

Grade: 0 %

ID: 161

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M)

Speed: 0 mph

Stage: Recovery(1)

Protocol: Bruce

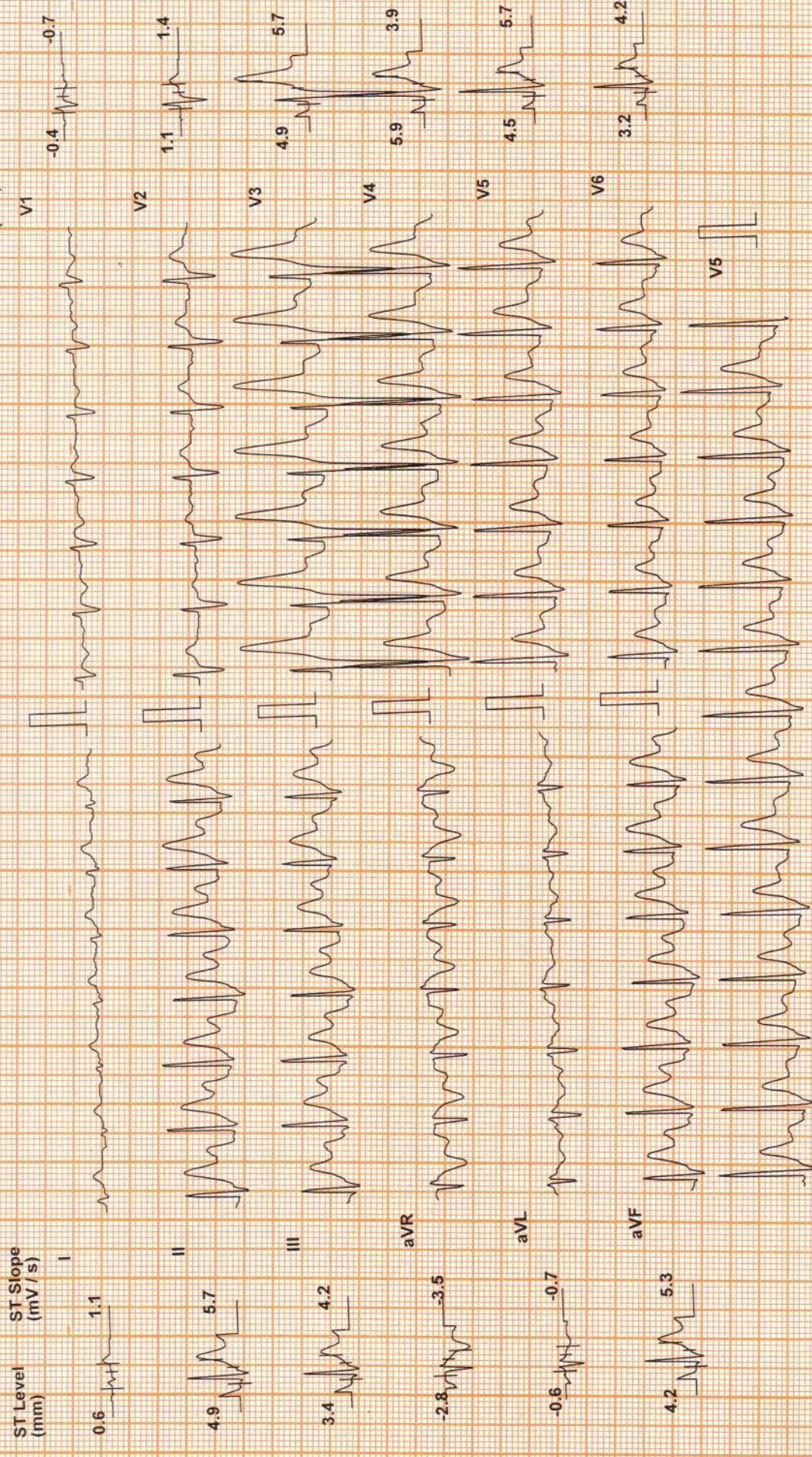


Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec

Filter: 35 Hz

Schiller Spandian V 4.7

Mains Filt: ON

Amp: 10 mm

Iso = R: 60 ms

J = R: +60 ms

Post J = J + 60 ms

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

HR: 94 bpm

Exec Time : 10 m 0 s Stage Time : 2 m 0 s

Date: 14-Jan-23

ID: 161

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M)

B.P: 120 / 80

(THR: 168 bpm)

Grade: 0 %

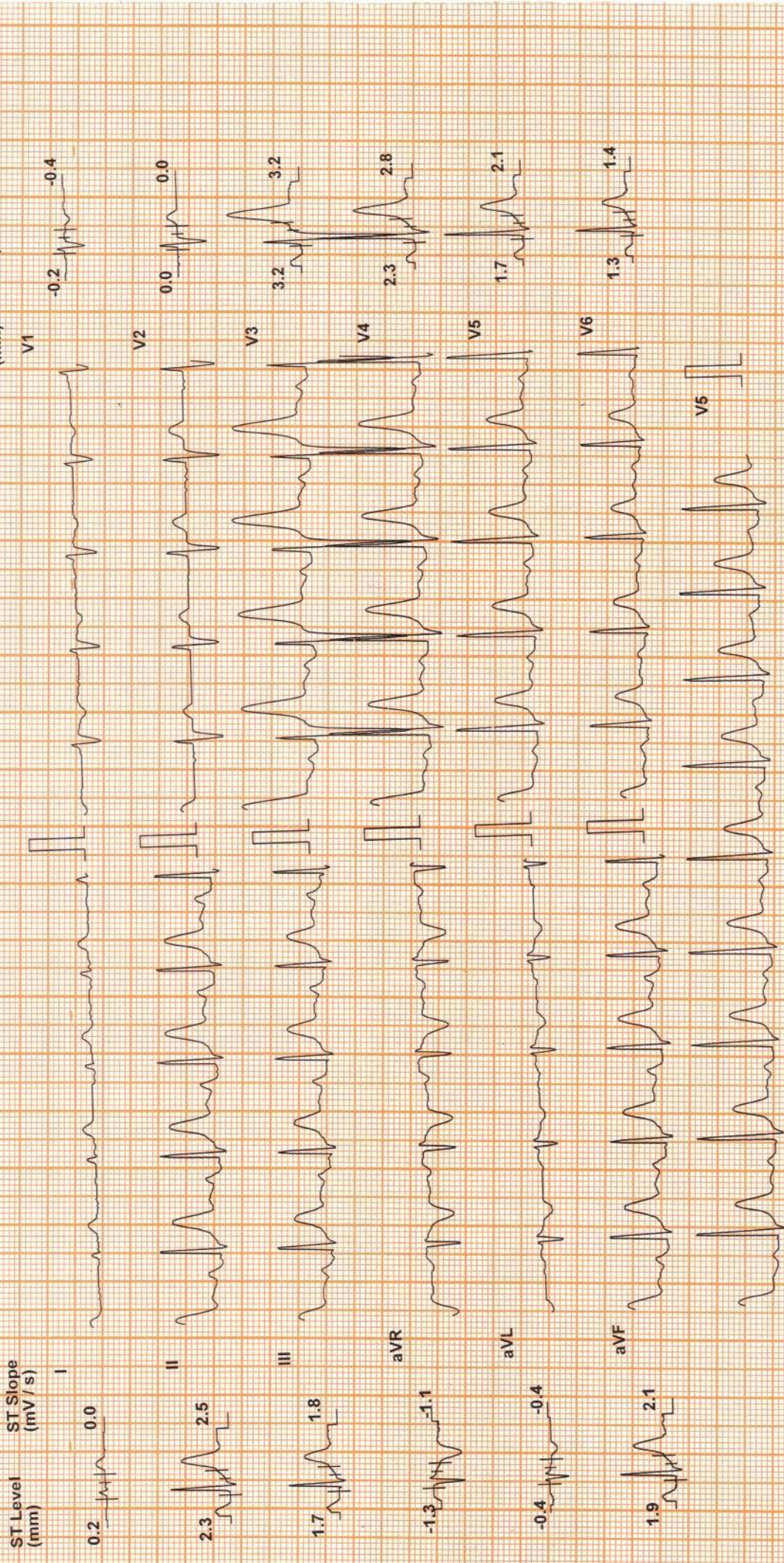
Speed: 0 mph

Stage: Recovery(2)

Protocol: Bruce

ST Level (mm)

ST Slope (mV/s)



Filter: 35 Hz

Mains Filt: ON

Amp: 10 mm

ISO = R - 60 ms

J = R + 60 ms

Post J = J + 60 ms

Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec

Schiller Spandian V4.7

DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

HR: 83 bpm

Exec Time : 10 m 0 s Stage Time : 1 m 8 s

Date: 14-Jan-23

ID: 161

Mr. ATUL JOSE PHILIP (33 M)

B.P: 110 / 80

(THR: 168 bpm)

Grade: 0 %

Speed: 0 mph

Stage: Recovery(3)

Protocol: Bruce

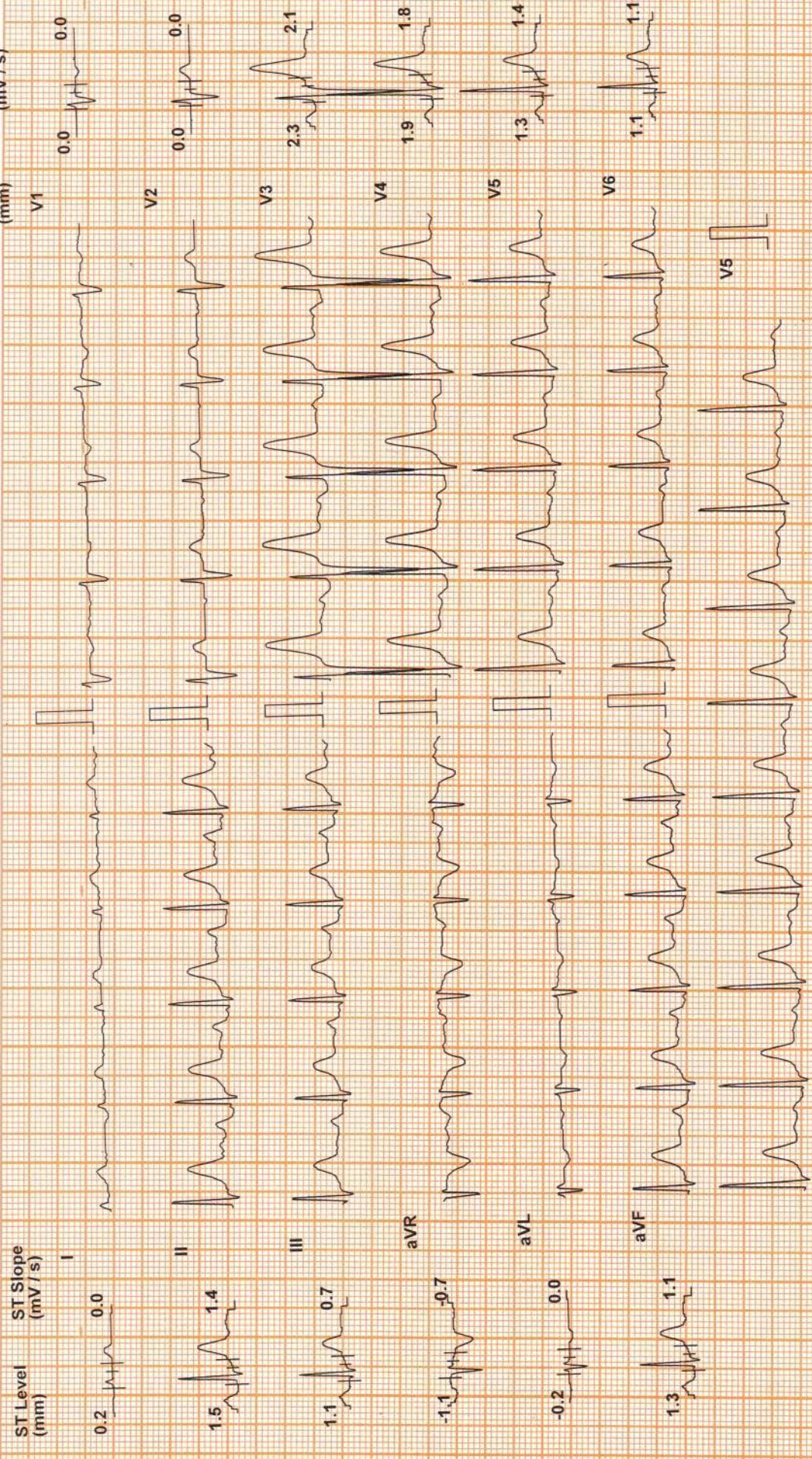


Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec
Filter: 35 Hz
Mains Fit: ON
Amp: 10 mm
Iso = R - 60 ms J = R + 60 ms Post J = J + 60 ms
Schiller Spanidan V 4.7