PID No.
 : MED111491980
 Register On
 : 11/02/2023 8:29 AM

 SID No.
 : 80067253
 Collection On
 : 11/02/2023 9:15 AM

 Age / Sex
 : 55 Year(s) / Female
 Report On
 : 11/02/2023 5:21 PM

 Type
 : OP
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 : 03/03/2023 1:31 PM



Ref. Dr : MediWheel

<u>Investigation</u>	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
BLOOD GROUPING AND Rh TYPING	'A' 'Positive'		
(Blood/Agglutination)			
Complete Blood Count With - ESR			
Haemoglobin (Blood/Spectrophotometry)	13.8	g/dL	12.5 - 16.0
Packed Cell Volume(PCV)/Haematocrit (Blood/Numeric Integration of MCV)	41.3	%	37 - 47
RBC Count (Blood/Electrical Impedance)	4.77	mill/cu.mm	4.2 - 5.4
Mean Corpuscular Volume(MCV) (Blood/Calculated)	86.5	fL	78 - 100
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin(MCH) (Blood/Calculated)	29.1	pg	27 - 32
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin concentration(MCHC) (Blood/Calculated)	33.6	g/dL	32 - 36
RDW-CV (Calculated)	14.6	%	11.5 - 16.0
RDW-SD (Calculated)	44.20	fL	39 - 46
Total Leukocyte Count (TC) (Blood/Electrical Impedance)	7450	cells/cu.mm	4000 - 11000
Neutrophils (Blood/ <i>Impedance and absorbance</i>)	61.82	%	40 - 75
Lymphocytes (Blood/ <i>Impedance and absorbance</i>)	23.52	%	20 - 45
Eosinophils (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	6.62	%	01 - 06
Monocytes (Blood/ <i>Impedance and absorbance</i>)	7.79	%	01 - 10







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Investigation	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>	
Basophils	0.25	%	00 - 02	
(Blood/Impedance and absorbance)				
INTERPRETATION: Tests done on Automated F	ive Part cell counte	er. All abnormal results are revie	ewed and confirmed microscopically.	
Absolute Neutrophil count (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	4.61	10^3 / μl	1.5 - 6.6	
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Blood/ <i>Impedance</i>)	1.75	10^3 / μ1	1.5 - 3.5	
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC) (Blood/Impedance)	0.49	10^3 / μ1	0.04 - 0.44	
Absolute Monocyte Count (Blood/Impedance)	0.58	10^3 / μ1	< 1.0	
Absolute Basophil count (Blood/Impedance)	0.02	10^3 / μ1	< 0.2	
Platelet Count (Blood/Impedance)	3.06	lakh/cu.mm	1.4 - 4.5	
INTERPRETATION: Platelet count less than 1.5 lakhs will be confirmed microscopically.				
MPV (Blood/Derived from Impedance)	8.17	fL	8.0 - 13.3	
PCT (Calculated)	0.25	%	0.18 - 0.28	
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) (Blood/Automated ESR analyser)	78	mm/hr	< 30	
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	14.5			
Glucose Fasting (FBS) (Plasma - F/Glucose oxidase/Peroxidase)	109	mg/dL	Normal: < 100 Pre Diabetic: 100 - 125 Diabetic: >= 126	

INTERPRETATION: Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level.

Glucose, Fasting (Urine) (Urine - F)	Negative		Negative
Glucose Postprandial (PPBS) (Plasma - PP/GOD - POD)	172	mg/dL	70 - 140







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<u>Investigation</u>	Observed Unit	<u>Biological</u>
-	<u>Value</u>	Reference Interval

INTERPRETATION:

Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level. Fasting blood glucose level may be higher than Postprandial glucose, because of physiological surge in Postprandial Insulin secretion, Insulin resistance, Exercise or Stress, Dawn Phenomenon, Somogyi Phenomenon, Anti-diabetic medication during treatment for Diabetes.

Urine Glucose(PP-2 hours) (Urine - PP)	Negative		Negative
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Serum/Calculated)	10.2	mg/dL	7.0 - 21
Creatinine (Serum/Jaffe 6"Alkaline Picrate)	0.7	mg/dL	0.6 - 1.1
Uric Acid (Serum/ <i>Uricase/Peroxidase</i>)	5.1	mg/dL	2.6 - 6.0
Liver Function Test			
Bilirubin(Total) (Serum/Diazotized Sulphanilic acid)	0.6	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.2
Bilirubin(Direct) (Serum/Diazotized Sulphanilic acid)	0.2	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
Bilirubin(Indirect) (Serum/Calculated)	0.40	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0
SGOT/AST (Aspartate Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC without P-5-P)	28	U/L	5 - 40
SGPT/ALT (Alanine Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC without P-5-P)	19	U/L	5 - 41
Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) (Serum/IFCC AMP Buffer)	77	U/L	53 - 141
Total Protein (Serum/Biuret)	7.0	gm/dl	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin (Serum/Bromocresol green)	3.9	gm/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin (Serum/Calculated)	3.10	gm/dL	2.3 - 3.6







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Investigation	Observed <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
A: G RATIO	1.26		1.1 - 2.2
(Serum/Calculated)			
INTERPRETATION: Enclosure : Graph			
GGT(Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	22	U/L	< 38
<u>Lipid Profile</u>			
Cholesterol Total (Serum/Cholesterol oxidase/Peroxidase)	173	mg/dL	Optimal: < 200 Borderline: 200 - 239 High Risk: >= 240
Triglycerides (Serum/Glycerol-phosphate oxidase/Peroxidase)	74	mg/dL	Optimal: < 150 Borderline: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >= 500

INTERPRETATION: The reference ranges are based on fasting condition. Triglyceride levels change drastically in response to food, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times the fasting levels, just a few hours after eating. Fasting triglyceride levels show considerable diurnal variation too. There is evidence recommending triglycerides estimation in non-fasting condition for evaluating the risk of heart disease and screening for metabolic syndrome, as non-fasting sample is more representative of the õusualö circulating level of triglycerides during most part of the day.

HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Immunoinhibition)	51	mg/dL	Optimal(Negative Risk Factor): >= 60 Borderline: 50 - 59 High Risk: < 50
LDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	107.2	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Above Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: >= 190
VLDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	14.8	mg/dL	< 30







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Investigation Observed Unit Biological Value Reference Interval

Non HDL Cholesterol 122.0 mg/dL Optimal: < 130

(Serum/Calculated)

Above Optimal: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very High: >= 220

INTERPRETATION: 1. Non-HDL Cholesterol is now proven to be a better cardiovascular risk marker than LDL Cholesterol. 2. It is the sum of all potentially atherogenic proteins including LDL, IDL, VLDL and chylomicrons and it is the "new bad cholesterol" and is a co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy.

Total Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol 3.4 Optimal: < 3.3 Ratio Low Risk: 3.4 - 4.4

(Serum/Calculated)

Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.1

Moderate Risk: 7.2 - 11.0

High Risk: > 11.0

Triglyceride/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 1.5 Optimal: < 2.5

(TG/HDL) Mild to moderate risk: 2.5 - 5.0

(Serum/Calculated) High Risk: > 5.0

LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 2.1 Optimal: 0.5 - 3.0 (Serum/Calculated) Borderline: 3.1 - 6.0

Serum/Calculated)
High Risk: > 6.0

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)

 HbA1C
 6.0
 %
 Normal: 4.5 - 5.6

 (Whole Blood/HPLC-Ion exchange)
 Prediabetes: 5.7 - 6.4

Diabetic: ≥ 6.5

INTERPRETATION: If Diabetes - Good control: 6.1 - 7.0 %, Fair control: 7.1 - 8.0 %, Poor control >= 8.1 %

Mean Blood Glucose 125.50 mg/dl

(Whole Blood)





APPROVED BY

Lab Manage

VERIFIED BY

: Mrs. LALITHA KAMESWARI Name RAMANI MALLAVARAPU

PID No. : MED111491980 Register On : 11/02/2023 8:29 AM

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Investigation <u>Observed</u> Unit <u>Biological</u> Value Reference Interval

INTERPRETATION: Comments

Age / Sex : 55 Year(s) / Female

HbA1c provides an index of Average Blood Glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

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Conditions that prolong RBC life span like Iron deficiency anemia, Vitamin B12 & Folate deficiency,

Report On

hypertriglyceridemia, hyperbilirubinemia, Drugs, Alcohol, Lead Poisoning, Asplenia can give falsely elevated HbA1C values.

Conditions that shorten RBC survival like acute or chronic blood loss, hemolytic anemia, Hemoglobinopathies, Splenomegaly, Vitamin E ingestion, Pregnancy, End stage Renal disease can cause falsely low HbA1c.

THYROID PROFILE / TFT

1.24 0.4 - 1.81T3 (Triiodothyronine) - Total ng/ml

(Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T3 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T3 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

10.62 4.2 - 12.0T4 (Thyroxine) - Total µg/dl

(Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T4 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T4 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) 3.39 $\mu IU/mL$ 0.35 - 5.50

(Serum/Chemiluminescence)

INTERPRETATION:

Reference range for cord blood - upto 20

1 st trimester: 0.1-2.5 2 nd trimester 0.2-3.0 3 rd trimester: 0.3-3.0

(Indian Thyroid Society Guidelines)

Comment:

- 1.TSH reference range during pregnancy depends on Iodine intake, TPO status, Serum HCG concentration, race, Ethnicity and BMI.
- 2.TSH Levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4am and at a minimum between 6-10PM. The variation can be of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.
- 3. Values & amplt 0.03 µIU/mL need to be clinically correlated due to presence of rare TSH variant in some individuals.

Urine Analysis - Routine









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Investigation **Observed** <u>Unit</u> **Biological** Value Reference Interval

Others **NIL**

(Urine/Microscopy)

Type

INTERPRETATION: Note: Done with Automated Urine Analyser & microscopy

Physical Examination(Urine Routine)

PALE YELLOW Yellow to Amber Colour

(Urine/Physical examination)

Clear Clear Appearance

(Urine/Physical examination)

<u>Chemical Examination(Urine Routine)</u>

Protein Negative Negative

(Urine/Dipstick-Error of indicator/ Sulphosalicylic acid method)

Negative Negative

(Urine/Dip Stick Method / Glucose Oxidase -Peroxidase / Benedict\(\psi \) semi quantitative method.)

Microscopic Examination(Urine Routine)

Pus Cells 2-3 /hpf 0 - 5

(Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)

4-5 /hpf **NIL Epithelial Cells**

(Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)

NIL 0 - 5 **RBCs** /hpf

(Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)







APPROVED BY

-- End of Report --

Name : Mrs. LALITHA KAMESWARI

RAMANI MALLAVARAPU

PID No. : MED111491980

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PAP Smear by LBC(Liquid based Cytology)

Register On

PAP SMEAR (BETHESDA SYSTEM)

Cytology No : CYT 12 /23

Clinical Details: Routine Screening

Specimen Type: Conventional pap smear

Gross Examination: Received 2 unstained slides and stained with pap stain

Specimen adequacy : satisfactory for evaluation with evidence of transformation zone

GENERALCATEGORIZATION : Negative for intraepithelial lesion /malignancy

MICROSCOPIC OBSERVATIONS :smears studied shows superficial squamous epithelial cells ,intermediate squamous cells ,endocervical cells in clusters and squamous metaplastic cells in a background of inflammatory cells

::

Organisms Not present

NEOPLASTIC

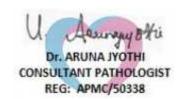
FINDINGS: NOT PRESENT

NON-NEOPLASTICCELLUAR VARIATION:

Reactive cellular changes :Squamous metaplasia

Associated with

:





Name : Mrs. LALITHA KAMESWARI

RAMANI MALLAVARAPU

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SQUAMOUS CELL ABNORMALITIES : Not present

GLANDULAR CELL: Not present

: MediWheel

Interpretation/Result : NEGATIVE FOR INTRA EPITHELIAL LESION / MALIGNANCY

Comments : ADVISED CLINICAL CORRELATION

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST REG: APMC/50338