



Name:	SANJAY KUMAR SINHA	Ward:	OPD
Lab ID	00000144	Registration on:	12/03/2024 13:14:00
Age & Sex	∷56 Year∣Male	Reported on:	14:41:43
Reference	: VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD & URINE

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Haemoglobin	15.36	g/dL	13.5 - 17.5
Total RBC	5.27	mill./cm	4.50 - 5.90
Total WBC	7830	/cmm	4000 - 11000
Platelet Count	163000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
НСТ	48.4 H	%	36.0 - 48.0
MCV	91.8	fL	80.0 - 100.0
МСН	29.1	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MCHC	31.7	g/dL	31.5 - 36.0
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils	59	%	40 - 70
Lymphocytes	37	%	20 - 40
Eosinophils	02	%	02-05
Monocytes	02	%	01-07
Basophils	00	%	00 - 02
Band Cells	00	%	0.0 - 6.0
ABSOLUTE DIFFERNTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils	4620	/cumm	1800 - 7700
Lymphocytes	2897	/cumm	800 - 4800
Eosinophils	157	/cumm	20 - 500
Monocytes	157 L	/cumm	200 - 1000
Basophils	0	/cumm	0 - 100
<u>GLR / NLR</u>	1.6		
(Neutrophil/Lymphocyte Ratio)			
<u>M ENTZER INDEX</u>	17.4		
RDW-CV	13.6	%	11.1 - 14.1
RDW-SD	49.9	fl	
MPV	9.2	fl	
РСТ	0.15	%	





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	PDW		18.0	%	

PERIPHERAL SM EAR EXAM INATION

RBC Morphology WBC Morphology Platelets in Smear	Normochromic and normocytic. Appear normal,Immature cells are not seen . Adequate.	
Malarial Parasites	Not Detected.	
<u>ESR</u> AFTER 1 HOUR	21 H mm/hr	0.0 - 15.0





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BLOOD GROUP

Test

Observed Value Unit

Biological Reference Interval

Blood Group Rh Factor "O" POSITIVE







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BLOOD GLUCOSE TEST

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
RANDOM (RBS)			





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Reference: VELOCITY HOSPITAL

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 OPD

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 12/03/2024
 13:14:00

 Reported on:
 14:41:43

 Sample Type:
 BLOOD & URINE

HEMOGLOBIN A1c TEST

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
<u>HbA1</u> c	5.53	%	> 8 : Action Suggested 7-8 : Good control < 7 : Goal 6.2-7 : Near Normal Glycemia < 6.2 : Non-diabetic Level
Mean Blood Glucose	112.0	mg/dL	70.0 - 140.0

Importance of HbA1c - Glycated Hb. in Diabetes Mellitus

• HbA1c, also known as Glycated Hemoglobin is the most important test for the assessment of long term blood glucose control (also called glycemic control)

• HbA1c reflects mean blood glucose concentration over past 6-8 weeks and provides amuch better indication of long term glycemic control than blood glucose determination

• HbA1c is formed by non-enzymatic reaction between glucose and Hb., this reaction is irreversible and therefore remains unaffected by short term fluctuations in blood glucose levels.

Long term complications of diabetes such as retinopathy-eye complications, nephropathy-kidney complications and neuropathy-nerve complications, are potentially serious and can lead to blindness, kidney failure etc.
Glycemic control monitored by HbA1c measurement using HPLC method-(Gold Standard) is considered most

 Glycemic control monitored by HbA1c measurement using HPLC method-(Gold Standard) is considered m important. (Ref. National Glycohemoglobin Standardization Program -NGSP).







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Reference: VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD & URINE

LIPID PROFILE			
Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Sample	Random Blood S	Serum	
Cholesterol	231.3 H	mg/dL	<200 Desirable 200-229 Borderline >240 High
Triglyceride	178.6 H	mg/dL	<150 Normal 150-199 Borderline 200-499 High >=500 Very High
HDL Cholesterol	40.8	mg/dL	40-60
VLDL	35.72 H	mg/dL	0.00 - 30.00
LDL Cholesterol	154.78 H	mg/dL	< 130 : Optimal 130 - 159 : Borderline High 160 - 189 : High >= 190 : Very High
LDL Chol. / HDL Chol. Ratio	3.79 H		1.0 - 3.4
Cholesterol / HDL Chol. Ratio	5.7 H		0 - 3.5
Total Lipid	766.0	mg/dl	400.0 - 1000.0





SPECTRA DIAGNOSTIC



Name:	SANJAY KUMAR SINHA	Ward: OPD	Vard:
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Reference	: VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type: BLOOD & URINE	Sample Type:

RENAL FUNCTION TEST

Test		Unit	
S. Creatinine	0.87	mg/dL	0.5-1.30
Bl. Urea	22.0	mg/dL	10.0 - 40.0
BUN	10.3	mg/dl	6.0 - 22.0
Uric Acid	4.5	mg/dL	3.5 - 7.2
PROTEINS			
Total Protein	6.8	g/dL	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin	4.23	g/dL	3.50 - 5.50
Globulin	2.6	g/dL	2.0 - 4.0
A/G Ratio	1.6		





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LIVER FUNCTION TEST

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
BILIRUBIN			
Total Bilirubin	0.5	mg/dL	0.00 - 1.20
Direct Bilirubin	0.2	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
Indirect Bilirubin	0.30	mg/dL	0.00 - 1.00
SGPT(ALT)	20.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGOT (AST)	22.0	U/L	0.0 - 46.0
Alkaline Phosphatase	184.0	U/L	64.0 - 306.0
PROTEINS			
Total Protein	6.8	g/dL	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin	4.23	g/dL	3.50 - 5.50
Globulin	2.6	g/dL	2.0 - 4.0
A/G Ratio	1.6		







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URINE ANALYSIS

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Sample	Fresh Urine		
PHYSICAL EXAM INATION			
Quantity	10.0	mL	
Colour	Pale-Yellow		
Appearance	Clear		Clear
рН	7.0		
Specific Gravity	1.015		
Sediments	Absent		Absent
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
Protein (Albumin)	Absent		Absent
Sugar	Absent		Absent
Bile Salts	Absent		Absent
Bile Pigment	Absent		Absent
Ketone	Trace		Absent
Occult Blood	Absent		Absent
Nitrite	Absent		Absent
Leukocyte Esterase	Absent		Absent
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
Pus Cells	3-5	/hpf	Absent
Red Blood Cells	Absent	/hpf	Absent
Epithelial Cells	2-3	/hpf	Absent
Crystals	Absent		Absent
Amorphous material	Absent		Absent
Casts	Absent		Absent
Yeast	Absent		Absent
Bacteria	Absent		Absent

--- End of Report ---











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		ті	EST REPORT		
Reg. No.	: 40300714683 Reg. Date: 12-Mar-2024 16:36 Ref.No:			Approved On	: 12-Mar-2024 17:42
Name	: SANJAY KUMAR SINHA		Collected On	: 12-Mar-2024 16:36	
Age	: 56 Years	Gender: Male	Pass. No. :	Dispatch At	:
Ref. By	:			Tele No.	:
Location	: SPECTRA DIAGNOSTIC @ LP SAVANI ROAD				

Test Name	Results	Units	Bio. Ref. Interval			
THYROID FUNCTION TEST						
T3 (triiodothyronine), Total	1.42	ng/mL	0.6 - 1.81			
T4 (Thyroxine),Total	7.8	µg/dL	4.5 - 12.6			
TSH (Ultra Sensitive) By CLIA Method	1.051	µIU/mL	0.55 - 4.78			
0 1 7 0						

Sample Type:Serum

Comments:

Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) is synthesized and secreted by the anterior pituitary in response to a negative feedback mechanism involving concentrations of FT3 (free T3) and FT4 (free T4). Additionally, the hypothalamic tripeptide, thyrotropin-relasing hormone (TRH), directly stimulates TSH production. TSH stimulates thyroid cell production and hypertrophy, also stimulate the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4. Quantification of TSH is significant to differentiate primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

TSH levels During Pregnancy :

- First Trimester : 0.1 to 2.5 µIU/mL
- Second Trimester : 0.2 to 3.0 µIU/mL
- Third trimester : 0.3 to 3.0 µIU/mL

Referance : Carl A.Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E.Bruns. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. 5th Eddition. Philadelphia: WB Sounders, 2012:2170

Test done from collected sample. This is an electronically authenticated report.

Dr. Dhaval Bamania Pathologist G-16880

Generated On: 12-Mar-2024 17:47

Regd. Office: 5th Floor, Doctor House, Nr. Parimal Garden, Ahmedabad-380006, Gujarat. Outsource Lab (USLL-HO):PASL House, Beside Sahjanand College, Opposite Kamdhenu Complex, Panjarapole, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad-380015, Gujarat.









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		TE	EST REPORT		
Reg. No.	: 40300714683 F	Reg. Date : 12-Mar-2024	16:36 Ref.No :	Approved On	: 12-Mar-2024 17:37
Name	: SANJAY KUMAR SINHA		Collected On	: 12-Mar-2024 16:36	
Age	: 56 Years	Gender: Male	Pass. No. :	Dispatch At	:
Ref. By	:			Tele No.	:
Location	: SPECTRA DIAGNOSTIC @ LP SAVANI ROAD		II ROAD		

Test Name	Results	Units	Bio. Ref. Interval	
Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA), Total	1.70	ng/mL	0 - 4	
Method:CLIA				

Sample Type:Serum

Useful For

1. Evaluating patients with documented prostate problems in whom multiple prostate-specific antigen tests may be necessary per year

2. Monitoring patients with a history of prostate cancer as an early indicator of recurrence and response to reatment.

3.Prostate cancer screening.

Comments

-Prostate-specific antigen (PSA) is a glycoprotein that is produced by the prostate gland, the lining of the urethra, and the bulbourethral gland. Normally, very little PSA is secreted in the blood. Increases in glandular size and tissue damage caused by benign prostatic hypertrophy, prostatitis, or prostate cancer may increase circulating PSA levels.

-Digital rectal examination generally does not increase normal prostate-specific antigen (PSA) values. However, cystoscopy, urethral instrumentation, and prostate biopsy may increase PSA levels.

----- End Of Report -----

Test done from collected sample. This is an electronically authenticated report.

Dr. Brijesha Patel M.D. Pathology Reg. No.:-G-32437

Generated On: 12-Mar-2024 17:47

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