# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40007812 (15303)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4015731/
Patient Name :	Mrs. SHAMA PARVEEN	Age/Gender :	33 Y/F
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	27/11/2023 9:44AM/ OPSCR23- 24/8255	Scan Date :	
<b>Report Date :</b>	27/11/2023 11:01AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

# USG REPORT - ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

# LIVER:

Is normal in size and uniform echo texture.

No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra hepatic biliary radical dilatation seen.

### GALL BLADDER:

Adequately distended with no obvious wall thickening/pericholecystic fat stranding/fluid. No obvious calculus/polyp/mass seen within.

### PANCREAS:

Appears normal in size and shows uniform echo texture. The pancreatic duct is normal. No calcifications are seen.

### **SPLEEN:**

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echo texture.

### **RIGHT KIDNEY:**

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

### LEFT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

### **URINARY BLADDER:**

Is normal in contour. No intraluminal echoes are seen. No calculus or diverticulum is seen. **UTERUS:** 

Uterus measures ~ 37x56x88mm, anteverted. Endometrial thickness measures ~ 4mm. No focal lesion noted.

# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

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### **OVARIES:**

Both ovaries appear bulky in size and show multiple (more than 12 in number) peripherally arranged sub-centimeter follicles (4 to 6 mm) and increased echogenicity of stroma. No obvious dominant follicle is seen on either side.

Right ovary measures ~ 34x34x20mm (12cc in volume).

Left ovary measures ~ 32x21x27mm (10cc in volume).

No focal fluid collections seen.

### **IMPRESSION:**

Bilateral bulky ovaries with peripherally arranged small follicles as described, giving polycystic ovarian morphology appearance – correlation with hormonal assay is suggested to rule out polycystic ovarian disease.

Reme Jadiya

DR. RENU JADIYA Consultant – Radiology MBBS, DNB

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40007812 (15303)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4015731/
Patient Name :	Mrs. SHAMA PARVEEN	Age/Gender :	33 Y/F
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	27/11/2023 9:44AM/ OPSCR23- 24/8255	Scan Date :	
<b>Report Date :</b>	27/11/2023 1:32PM	<b>Company Name:</b>	Provisional

### **REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP**

### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

### **M MODE DIMENSIONS: -**

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	8		6-1	l2mm		LVIDS	31	20-40mm
LVIDD	38		32-	57mm		LVPWS	12	mm
LVPWD	9		6-1	l2mm		AO	22	19-37mm
IVSS	12		1	mm		LA	29	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLE	R MEA	SUREN	AENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	:	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)		GRADIENT		REGURGITATION		
					(mmł	<u> Ig)</u>		
MITRAL	NORMAL	Е	0.9	e'	-	-		NIL
VALVE		Α	0.6	E/e'	-			
TDICUGDID	NODMAL		F	0	-			NII
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		Е	U	.7	-		NIL
VALVE		A 0.66						
AODTIC	NODMAI					NII		
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.21		-		NIL		
VALVE	NODICAL							
PULMONARY	NORMAL			0.8				NIL
VALVE						-		

### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

### **IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS**

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Mrs. SHAMA PARVEEN	Lab No	575747	अन्तर्भाधन प्रमुख
329055	Collection Date	27/11/2023 1:05PM	
33 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	27/11/2023 1:10PM	PER PER PER
O-OPD	Report Date	27/11/2023 1:41PM	MC-2561
Dr. EHCC Consultant	Report Status	Final	WC2501
9773349797			
	329055 33 Yrs/Female O-OPD Dr. EHCC Consultant	329055Collection Date33 Yrs/FemaleReceiving DateO-OPDReport DateDr. EHCC ConsultantReport Status	329055Collection Date27/11/2023 1:05PM33 Yrs/FemaleReceiving Date Report Date27/11/2023 1:10PMO-OPDReport Date27/11/2023 1:41PMDr. EHCC ConsultantReport StatusFinal

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	6.0	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients< 7 %

Method : - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. MAHENDRA KUMAR** 

Sweden Signa.

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH **CONSULTANT & HOD** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

Dr. ASHISH SHARMA **CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

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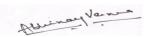
			-		-
Patient Name UHID	Mrs. SHAMA PARVEEN 40007812			Lab No Collection Date	4015731 27/11/2023 10:21AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Female			Receiving Date	27/11/2023 10:24AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD			Report Date	27/11/2023 3:41PM
Referred By	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DI	WANSHU KHATANA		Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9509869485				
		BI	OCHEMIST	RY	
Test Name		Result	Unit	Biologica	l Ref. Range
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FA	ASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FA	STING)	94.0	mg/dl	74 - 106	
Method: Hexokinase Interpretation:-Di various diseases.	assay. agnosis and monitoring of	treatment in diabet	tes mellitu	s and evaluation of car	pohydrate metabolism in
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PI	<u>)</u>				Sample: PLASM
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PF	·)	148.0	mg/dl	Non – Diabetic: Pre – Diabetic: Diabetic: - >=20	- 140-199 mg/dl
Method: Hexokinase Interpretation:-Di various diseases.	assay. agnosis and monitoring of	treatment in diabet	tes mellitu	s and evaluation of car	oohydrate metabolism in
THYROID T3 T4 TSH					Sample: Serun
Т3		1.360	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
T4		10.00	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	

µIU/mL

0.40 - 4.05

2.59

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 



#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

TSH

Patient Name UHID	Mrs. SHAMA PARVEEN 40007812	Lab No Collection Date	4015731 27/11/2023 10:21AM
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Referred By	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9509869485		

### BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

#### LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.83	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.60	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.23	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40
SGOT	23.1	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	22.9	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.2	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.9	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	3.3		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	82.4	U/L	42 - 98
A/G RATIO	1.5	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	25.8	U/L	6.0 - 38.0

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 



#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS|MD|INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

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#### BIOCHEMISTRY

**BILIRUBIN TOTAL** :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

**BILIRUBIN DIRECT** :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GCTP-GAMMA GLUTAWIL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	186		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	48.3		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	116.4		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	16	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	82.4		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	3.8	%	

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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**Dr. ABHINAY VERMA** 

Patient Name UHID	Mrs. SHAMA PARVEEN 40007812	Lab No Collection Date	4015731 27/11/2023 10:21AM
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Mobile No.	9509869485		

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders.

HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.

LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are Synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	45.20	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	21.1 H	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.67	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	135.4 L	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.16	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	99.9	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.8	mg/dl	2.6 - 6.0
CALCIUM	9.48	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 



**Dr. ABHINAY VERMA** 

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CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the

kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

chabitat in Action in the interference renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

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### **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"B" Rh Positive		

Note : 1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed. 2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	15	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	HAZY		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
РН	5.0 L		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.005		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	++		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	10-12	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	30-40	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

BACTERIA	NIL	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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**Dr. ABHINAY VERMA** 

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IP/OP Location Referred By	O-OPD Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA		27/11/2023 3:41PM Final
Mobile No.	9509869485	Report Status	Fillal

### HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	13.1	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	41.0	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	81.2 L	fl	82 - 92	
МСН	25.9 L	pg	27 - 32	
МСНС	32.0	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	5.05 H	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	8.80	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	67.6	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	20.8	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	5.3	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	6.0	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.3 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	2.22	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

**PLATELET COUNT :-** Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

25 H

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

AldrinayVan

#### **Dr. ABHINAY VERMA**

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Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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X Ray

Unit

**Test Name** 

Result

Biological Ref. Range

### X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape andoutlines.

Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically& with other related investigations.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

Rundad

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGIST