Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

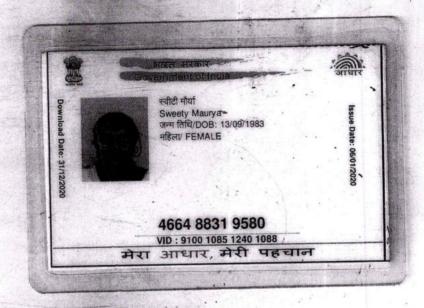
Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

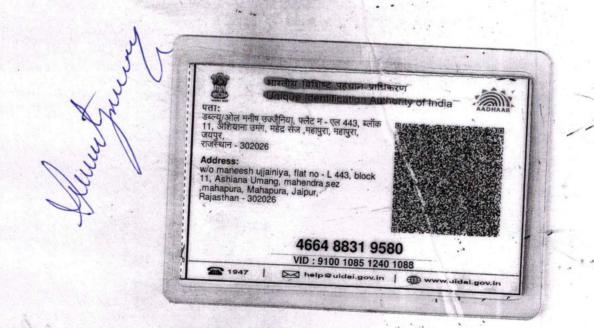
Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 18 12 22	
Name: Sweety Marrya.	Age: 39 Sex: Female
DOB: 13 09 1983.	
Referred By: Referred By:	
Photo ID: <u>Aadhaal</u> ID#: <u>attact</u>	red
Ht: 155 (cm)	Wt: (Kg)
Chest (Expiration):(cm)	
Blood Pressure: 13 / 84 mm Hg PR: 15 / mi	n RR: 18 / min Temp: Afebric.
BMI	
Eye Examination: DESIGN VISION 6/6	with spres, new vision
No Colour	
Other: not signi.	
On examination he/she appears physically and mentall	y fit: Yes / No
1 who were	
Signature Of Examine:	Name of Examinee:
Signature Medical Examiner: Dr Divish Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D	Name Medical Examiner
M.B.B.S. D.M.R.D RMC Reg No -01799	





Dr Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D RMC Reg No -017996 DR. GOYALS PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER 102221122 / MRS SWEETY MAURYA / 39 Yrs / F/ Non Smoker Heart Rate : 72 bpm / Tested On : 18-Dec-22 10:14:51 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 100 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By:: BOB

ECG

Reported By: Allengers ECG (Pisces)(PIS218210312) avR



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228601 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:04:45

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Ashish Choudhary

MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430 **Dr. Abhishek Jain**MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis)
RMC No. 21687

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.)

Transcript by.

Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 18/12/2022 09:09:13 NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Ref. By Dr:- BOB Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:47:08

н	A	FI	M	A	T	n	7	GY	7
	~ I		71	~			v A	•	

Patient ID: -122228601

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
DOD DACKAGEEMALE DELOWAG			
BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40			
HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.0	g/dL	12.0 - 15.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	5.96	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	52.9	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	42.9 H	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	1.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	2.8	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.4	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	3.16	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	2.56	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.05	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.17	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.02	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.68	x10^6/uL	3.80 - 4.80
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	38.80	%	36.00 - 46.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	83.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	29.9	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	34.5	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	281	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	13.0	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	17.74		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 11



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Date :- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

O MadiMhaal

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Patient ID: -122228601

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:47:08

HAEMATOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

22 H

mm/hr.

00 - 20

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation : ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC). Methodology disease disease and SCR Charles are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 2 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

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Date :- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

Patient ID :-122228601

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-PP, SiRthite Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 12:29:06

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"A" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)
Method:- GOD PAP

103.2

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, SURESHSAINI, VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

Page No: 3 of 11



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Date

:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Sample Type :- STOOL

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228601

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 12:29:06

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

STOOL ANALYSIS

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

MUCUS

BLOOD

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

RBC's

WBC/HPF

OVA

CYSTS

C1515

OTHERS Collected Sample Received /HPF

/HPF

VIJENDRAMEENA Technologist

Page No: 4 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

CONDITIONS OF REPORTING SEE OVER LEAF"

Date

:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Patient ID :-122228601

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:43:07

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	173.00	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	225.84 H	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	28.57	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	106.79	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	45.17	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	6.06 H		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.74 H		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	635.99	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDE'S InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

 $\textbf{DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROL} \textbf{InstrumentName}: Randox \ Rx \ Imola \ \textbf{Interpretation}: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in the rapies which focus on lipid importance in the rapies of the latest the results of the re$ reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

SURESHSAINI

Page No: 5 of 11





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:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13 Date NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA Patient ID: -122228601

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:43:07

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.32	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.11	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.21	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	33.8 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:-IFCC	35.4 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	64.80	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	50.40 H	U/L	7.00 - 32.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	8.17	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.86	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	3.31	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.47		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of hu ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology:Biuret Reagent InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

SURESHSAINI

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:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13 NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -122228601 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:43:07

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

BIOCHEMISTRY						
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval			
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.77	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20			
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	4.49	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7			

SURESHSAINI

Page No: 7 of 11



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Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Patient ID :-122228601

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Ref. By Dr.- E

Company :- MediWheel
Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:43:07

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)	13.0	mg/dl	0.0 - 23.0

SURESHSAINI

Page No: 8 of 11



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Website: www.drgovalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgovalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Sex / Age :- Female

Sample Type :- EDTA

39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228601

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:47:08

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Method:- HPLC

5.8

%

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c meethod.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

120

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH Technologist

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:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13 Date

Ref. By Dr:- BOB NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 12:29:06

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Patient ID: -122228601

Test Name	Value Unit		Biological Ref Interval
U-l Dth			
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YELLO)W	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

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Date

:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

Sex / Age :- Female

39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122228601 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 18/12/2022 09:52:49 Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:31:04

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.330	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	9.730	ug/dl	5.500 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	3.910	μIU/mL	0.500 - 6.880

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

*** End of Report ***

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

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Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037



Dr. Goyal

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Lab/Hosp :-

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Patient ID :-122228601

:- 18/12/2022 09:09:13

NAME :- Mrs. SWEETY MAURYA

39 Yrs 3 Mon 6 Days Sex / Age :- Female

Company :- MediWheel

Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:04:1

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN

Liver is enlarged in size (~16.4cm). Echo-texture is bright. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is anteverted and mild bulky in size and measures 95x42x49mm.

Myometrium shows normal echo - pattern.

Approx. 16x13 mm sized hypoechoic lesion is seen on posterior wall of uterus. Endometrial echo is thickened and echogenic (thickness is 14.4 mm).

Both ovaries are visualised and are normal. No adnexal mass is seen.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of douglas.

IMPRESSION:

- Mild hepatomegaly with Grade I fatty changes.
- * Mild bulky uterus with intramural fibroid.
- * Thickened endometrium.

Needs clinical correlation & further evaluation

Page No: 1 of 1

nam Gupta (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)

** End of Report ***

Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

This report is not valid for medico-legal purpose

BILAL



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Final Authentication: 18/12/2022 11:24:25

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

			_	trais i i i o i o			VIIVDOW WORF	_	
MITRAL VALVI	E	NORMAL			TRICUSPID VALVE			NORMAL	
AORTIC VALV	E	NORMAL			PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL	
		M.MODE	EXAMIT	ATION:		9			
AO	22	mm	LA		28	Mm	IVS-D	7	mm
IVS-S	10	mm	LVID		38	Mm	LVSD	25	mm
LVPW-D	6	mm	LVPW-S		13	Mm	RV		mm
RVWT		mm	EDV			MI	LVVS		ml
LVEF	63%				RWMA	'	ABSENT		
					CH.	AMBERS:			
LA NORMAL RA			RA		NORMAL				
LV	NORN	NORMAL RV					NORMAL		
PERICARDIUM NORMA			NORMAL						

COLOUR	DOPPLER:
COLOUR	DOPPLER.

	MI	TRAL VAL	.VE					
E VELOCITY	0.74	m/se	c PEAK	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg		
A VELOCITY	0.48	m/se	c MEAN	MEAN GRADIENT MVA BY PLANIMETRY		Mm/hg Cm2		
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA					
MITRAL REGURGITAT	ON				ABSENT			
	AC	RTIC VAL	.VE					
PEAK VELOCITY	1.2		m/sec PEA		EAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
AR VMAX			n/sec MEAN G		RADIENT ,	mr	mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITATI	ON			ABSENT				
	TRIC	CUSPID V	ALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY	0.43	3	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT			mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY	ELOCITY		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT			mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY								
TRICUSPID REGURGITATION				ABSENT				
	> PU	LMONAR	Y VALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY				M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY					MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGURGITATION					ABSENT			

Page No: 1 of 2

AHSAN





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Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 63 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion. (Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

AHSAN

Name: SWEETY MAURYA / F

