







 Patient Name
 : INDRANI DAS
 Ref Dr.
 : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

 Age
 : 29 Y 7 M 22 D
 Collection Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 09:56AM

 Gender
 : F
 Report Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 01:36PM



DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit
SODIUM,BLOOD , GEL SERUM (Method:ISE INDIRECT)	140	132 - 146	mEq/L
POTASSIUM,BLOOD (Method:ISE INDIRECT)	4.50	3.5-5.5	mEq/L
CHLORIDE,BLOOD (Method:ISE INDIRECT)	105	99-109	mEq/L
URIC ACID,BLOOD (Method:Uricase/Peroxidase)	4.60	2.6-6.0	mg/dL
THYROID PANEL (T3, T4, TSH), GEL SERUM			
T3-TOTAL (TRI IODOTHYRONINE) (Method:CLIA)	1.23	0.60-1.81 ng/ml	ng/ml
T4-TOTAL (THYROXINE) (Method:CLIA)	9.9	3.2-12.6	μg/dL
TSH (THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE) (Method:CLIA)	2.670	0.55-4.78	μlU/mL

Serum TSH levels exhibit a diurnal variation with the peak occurring during the night and the nadir, which approximates to 50% of the peak value, occurring between 1000 and 1600 hours.[1,2]

References:

1. Bugalho MJ, Domingues RS, Pinto AC, Garrao A, Catarino AL, Ferreira T, Limbert E and Sobrinho L. Detection of thyroglobulin mRNA transcripts in peripheral blood of

individuals with and without thyroid glands: evidence for thyroglobulin expression by blood cells. Eur J Endocrinol 2001;145:409-13.

2. Bellantone R, Lombardi CP, Bossola M, Ferrante A, Princi P, Boscherini M et al. Validity of thyroglobulin mRNA assay in peripheral blood of postoperative thyroid carcinoma patients in predicting tumor recurrence varies according to the histologic type: results of a prospective study. Cancer 2001;92:2273-9.

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL: [ONLY FOR PREGNANT MOTHERS]

Trimester specific TSH LEVELS during pregnancy: FIRST TRIMESTER: $0.10-3.00~\mu$ IU/mL

SECOND TRIMESTER: 0.20 -3.50 μ IU/mL THIRD TRIMESTER: 0.30 -3.50 μ IU/mL

References:

1. Erik K. Alexander, Elizabeth N. Pearce, Gregory A. Brent, Rosalind S. Brown, Herbert Chen, Chrysoula Dosiou, William A. Grobman, Peter Laurberg, John H. Lazarus, Susan J. Mandel, Robin P. Peeters, and Scott Sullivan. Thyroid. Mar 2017.315-389. http://doi.org/10.1089/thy.2016.0457
2. Kalra S, Agarwal S, Aggarwal R, Ranabir S. Trimester-specific thyroid-stimulating hormone: An indian perspective. Indian J Endocr Metab 2018;22:1-4.

PHOSPHORUS-INORGANIC,BLOOD (Method:Phosphomolybdate/UV)	3.7	2.4-5.1 mg/dL	mg/dL	
GLUCOSE,FASTING (Method:Gluc Oxidase Trinder)	88	Impaired Fasting-100-125 .~Diabetes- >= 126.~Fasting is defined as no caloric intake for a least 8 hours.	mg/dL	









Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 Lab Add. : Newtown, Kolkata-700156

Patient Name Ref Dr. : INDRANI DAS : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER Age : 29 Y 7 M 22 D **Collection Date** : 14/Oct/2023 09:56AM Gender : F

Report Date : 14/Oct/2023 01:36PM



MBBS MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Bio Ref. Interval Unit

In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, diagnosis requires two abnormal test results from the same sample or in two separate test samples.

Reference:

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes - 2020. Diabetes Care Volume 43, Supplement 1.

*** End Of Report ***

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 : 14/Oct/2023 12:31PM



DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit	
CALCIUM,BLOOD	9.60	8.7-10.4 mg/dL	mg/dL	
(Method:Arsenazo III)				

*** End Of Report ***

DR. ANANNYA GHOSH MBBS, MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist

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Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 Lab Add. : Newtown,Kolkata-700156

 Patient Name
 : INDRANI DAS
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 Age
 : 29 Y 7 M 22 D
 Collection Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 09:56AM

 Gender
 : F
 Report Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 12:46PM



DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit	
CREATININE, BLOOD	0.41	0.5-1.1	mg/dL	
(Method:Jaffe, alkaline picrate, kinetic)				

Suggested follow up and to correlate clinically.

GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.1 ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE %

INTERVAL DETAILS , PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL

INFORMATION ***

HbA1c (IFCC) 33.0 mmol/mol (Method:HPLC)

RECOMMENDED FOR Hb-TYPING TO RULE OUT ANY HEMOGLOBINOPATHY WHICH MAY INTERFERE WITH THE TRUE VALUE OF Hba1C.

Clinical Information and Laboratory clinical interpretation on Biological Reference Interval:

Analyzer used :- Bio-Rad-VARIANT TURBO 2.0

Method: HPLC Cation Exchange

Recommendations for glycemic targets

- Ø Patients should use self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) and HbA1c levels to assess glycemic control.
- Ø The timing and frequency of SMBG should be tailored based on patients' individual treatment, needs, and goals.
- Ø Patients should undergo HbA1c testing at least twice a year if they are meeting treatment goals and have stable glycemic control.
- Ø If a patient changes treatment plans or does not meet his or her glycemic goals, HbA1c testing should be done quarterly.
- \emptyset For most adults who are not pregnant, HbA1c levels should be <7% to help reduce microvascular complications and macrovascular disease . Action suggested >8% as it indicates poor control.
- Ø Some patients may benefit from HbA1c goals that are stringent.

Result alterations in the estimation has been established in many circumstances, such as after acute/ chronic blood loss, for example, after surgery, blood transfusions, hemolytic anemia, or high erythrocyte turnover; vitamin B_{12} / folate deficiency, presence of chronic renal or liver disease; after administration of high-dose vitamin E / C; or erythropoietin treatment.

Reference: Glycated hemoglobin monitoring BMJ 2006; 333;586-8

References:

- 1. Chamberlain JJ, Rhinehart AS, Shaefer CF, et al. Diagnosis and management of diabetes: synopsis of the 2016 American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes. Ann Intern Med. Published online 1 March 2016. doi:10.7326/M15-3016.
- I Midro 2016. doi: 10.7326/MID-3016.

 2. Mosca A, Goodall I, Hoshino T, Jeppsson JO, John WG, Little RR, Miedema K, Myers GL, Reinauer H, Sacks DB, Weykamp CW. International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, IFCC Scientific Division. Global standardization of glycated hemoglobin measurement: the position of the IFCC Working Group. Clin Chem Lab Med. 2007;45(8):1077-1080.

PDF Attached

T D T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T				
TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATIO , .				
TOTAL PROTEIN (Method:BIURET METHOD)	7.80	5.7-8.2 g/dL	g/dL	
ALBUMIN (Method:BCG Dye Binding)	4.7	3.2-4.8 g/dL	g/dL	
GLOBULIN (Method:Calculated)	3.10	1.8-3.2	g/dl	
AG Ratio (Method:Calculated)	1.52	1.0 - 2.5		

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Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 Lab Add. : Newtown, Kolkata-700156

Patient Name : INDRANI DAS Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER : 29 Y 7 M 22 D **Collection Date** : 14/Oct/2023 09:56AM Age Gender : F Report Date : 14/Oct/2023 12:46PM



DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit
LIPID PROFILE, GEL SERUM			
CHOLESTEROL-TOTAL (Method:Enzymatic)	162	Desirable: < 200 mg/dL Borderline high: 200-239 mg/dL High: > or =240 mg/dL	mg/dL
TRIGLYCERIDES (Method:GPO-Trinder)	101	Normal:: < 150, BorderlineHigh::150-199, High:: 200-499, VeryHigh::>500	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL (Method:Elimination/catalase)	<u>64</u>	< 40 - Low 40-59- Optimum 60 - High	mg/dl
LDL CHOLESTEROL DIRECT (Method:Elimination / Catalase)	80	OPTIMAL: <100 mg/dL, Near optimal/ above optimal: 100- 129 mg/dL, Borderline high: 130-159 mg/dL, High: 160-189 mg/dL, Very high: >=190 mg/dL	mg/dL
VLDL (Method:Calculated)	18	< 40 mg/dl	mg/dl
CHOL HDL Ratio (Method:Calculated)	2.5	LOW RISK 3.3-4.4 AVERAGE RISK 4.47-7.1 MODERATE RISK 7.1-11.0 HIGH RISK >11.0	

Reference: National Cholesterol Education Program. Executive summary of the third report of The National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) Expert Panel on detection, evaluation, and treatment of high blood cholesterol in adults (Adult Treatment Panel III). JAMA. May 16 2001;285(19):2486-97.

UREA,BLOOD	<u>15.0</u>	19-49	mg/dL
(Method:Urease with GLDH)			

*** End Of Report ***

Dr. Sudeshna Baral MBBS (MD Biochemistry) (Consultant Biochemist)

Lab No. DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839









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 : 14/Oct/2023 09:56AM

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 : F
 Report Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 01:04PM



DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit		
CBC WITH PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD					
HEMOGLOBIN	12.0	12 - 15	g/dL		
(Method:PHOTOMETRIC)					
WBC	6.5	4 - 10	*10^3/µL		
(Method:DC detection method)		0.0 4.0	*40404.1		
RBC	<u>5.14</u>	3.8 - 4.8	*10^6/µL		
(Method:DC detection method)	166	150 450*1042	*1002/		
PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT (Method:DC detection method/Microscopy)	166	150 - 450*10^3	*10^3/µL		
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT					
	0.5	4000.0/	0/		
NEUTROPHILS (Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)	65	40 - 80 %	%		
LYMPHOCYTES	27	20 - 40 %	%		
(Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)	21	20 - 40 %	70		
MONOCYTES	07	2 - 10 %	%		
(Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)	07	2 10 /0	70		
EOSINOPHILS	01	1 - 6 %	%		
(Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)			,-		
BASOPHILS	00	0-0.9%	%		
(Method:Flowcytometry/Microscopy)					
CBC SUBGROUP					
HEMATOCRIT / PCV	36.2	36 - 46 %	%		
(Method:Calculated)					
MCV	<u>70.3</u>	83 - 101 fl	fl		
(Method:Calculated)					
MCH	<u>23.4</u>	27 - 32 pg	pg		
(Method:Calculated)					
MCHC	33.3	31.5-34.5 gm/dl	gm/dl		
(Method:Calculated)		44.0.4407			
RDW - RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	<u>15.7</u>	11.6-14%	%		
(Method:Calculated) PDW-PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	27.7	8.3 - 25 fL	fL		
(Method:Calculated)	41.1	0.3 - 20 IL	IL		
MPV-MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	13.2	7.5 - 11.5 fl			
(Method:Calculated)	10.2	1.5 - 11.5 11			
(

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

1stHour 28 0.00 - 20.00 mm/hr mm/hr (Method:Westergren)

*** End Of Report ***



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 Report Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 02:06PM



DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Result Bio Ref. Interval Unit

BLOOD GROUP ABO+RH [GEL METHOD], EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO C

(Method:Gel Card)

RH POSITIVE

(Method:Gel Card)

TECHNOLOGY USED: GEL METHOD

ADVANTAGES:

- · Gel card allows simultaneous forward and reverse grouping.
- · Card is scanned and record is preserved for future reference.
- · Allows identification of Bombay blood group.
- Daily quality controls are run allowing accurate monitoring.

Historical records check not performed.

*** End Of Report ***

Kaushin Dey

MD (PATHOLOGY)
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839



Patient Name : INDRANI DAS Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Age : 29 Y 7 M 22 D Collection Date :

Gender : F Report Date : 14/Oct/2023 04:30PM



X-RAY REPORT OF CHEST (PA)

FINDINGS:

No active lung parenchymal lesion is seen.

Both the hila are normal in size, density and position.

Mediastinum is in central position. Trachea is in midline.

Domes of diaphragm are smoothly outlined. Position is within normal limits.

Lateral costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardio-thoracic ratio is normal.

Bony thorax reveals no definite abnormality.

IMPRESSION:

Normal study.

*** End Of Report ***

Dr. J. BardhanConsultant Radiologist
MD, Radiodiagnosis

Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 Page 8 of 13









 Patient Name
 : INDRANI DAS
 Ref Dr.
 : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

 Age
 : 29 Y 7 M 22 D
 Collection Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 10:02AM

 Gender
 : F
 Report Date
 : 14/Oct/2023 12:45PM



DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Bio Ref. Interval	Unit	
URINE ROUTINE ALL, ALL, URINE				
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW			
APPEARANCE	SLIGHTLY HAZY			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
pH	5.0	4.6 - 8.0		
(Method:Dipstick (triple indicator method))				
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015	1.005 - 1.030		
(Method:Dipstick (ion concentration method)) PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
(Method:Dipstick (protein error of pH	NOTBLILOILD	NOT BETEGTED		
indicators)/Manual)				
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
(Method:Dipstick(glucose-oxidase-peroxidase method)/Manual)				
KETONES (ACETOACETIC ACID,	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
ACETONE)				
(Method:Dipstick (Legals test)/Manual)				
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
(Method:Dipstick (pseudoperoxidase reaction)) BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
(Method:Dipstick (azo-diazo reaction)/Manual)	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
(Method:Dipstick (diazonium ion reaction)/Manual)				
NITRITE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
(Method:Dipstick (Griess test))	NEC ATIVE	NICOATIVE		
LEUCOCYTE ESTERASE (Method:Dipstick (ester hydrolysis reaction))	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
LEUKOCYTES (PUS CELLS)	0-1	0-5	/hpf	
(Method:Microscopy)	•		, p .	
EPITHELIAL CELLS	4-6	0-5	/hpf	
(Method:Microscopy)	NOT BETEOTED			
RED BLOOD CELLS (Method:Microscopy)	NOT DETECTED	0-2	/hpf	
CAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
(Method:Microscopy)	1101 52120125			
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
(Method:Microscopy)	BBE0515()	NOT DETECT=		
BACTERIA (Method:Misroscopy)	PRESENT(+)	NOT DETECTED		
(Method:Microscopy) YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
(Method:Microscopy)				

Note:

- $1. \ All \ urine \ samples \ are \ checked \ for \ adequacy \ and \ suitability \ before \ examination.$
- 2. Analysis by urine analyzer of dipstick is based on reflectance photometry principle. Abnormal results of chemical examinations are confirmed by manual methods.
- 3. The first voided morning clean-catch midstream urine sample is the specimen of choice for chemical and microscopic analysis.
- 4. Negative nitrite test does not exclude urinary tract infections.
- 5. Trace proteinuria can be seen in many physiological conditions like exercise, pregnancy, prolonged recumbency etc.
- 6. False positive results for glucose, protein, nitrite, urobilinogen, bilirubin can occur due to use of certain drugs, therapeutic dyes, ascorbic acid, cleaning agents used in urine collection container.
- 7. Discrepancy between results of leukocyte esterase and blood obtained by chemical methods with corresponding pus cell and red blood cell count by microscopy can occur due to cell lysis.
- 8. Contamination from perineum and vaginal discharge should be avoided during collection, which may falsely elevate epithelial cell count and show presence of bacteria

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 : 14/Oct/2023 12:45PM



DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name Result Bio Ref. Interval Unit

and/or yeast in the urine.

*** End Of Report ***

DR. NEHA GUPTA MD, DNB (Pathology) Consultant Pathologist

Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839



Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 **Lab Add.**

Patient Name : INDRANI DAS Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Age : 29 Y 7 M 22 D Collection Date :

Gender : F Report Date : 14/Oct/2023 01:18PM



DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY REPORT OF E.C.G.

DATA

HEART RATE 83 Bpm

PR INTERVAL 146 Ms

QRS DURATION 80 Ms

QT INTERVAL 340 Ms

QTC INTERVAL 400 Ms

AXIS

P WAVE 60 Degree

QRS WAVE 55 Degree

T WAVE 44 Degree

IMPRESSION : Normal sinus rhythm, within normal limits.

Please Intimate us for any typing mistakes and send the report for correction within 7 days

*** End Of Report ***

Dr. A C RAY
Department of Non-invasive
Cardiology

Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 Page 11 of 13



Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 **Lab Add**.

Patient Name : INDRANI DAS Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Age : 29 Y 7 M 22 D Collection Date :

Gender : F Report Date : 14/Oct/2023 05:59PM



DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASONOGRAPHY

REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER: Normal in shape, size and parenchymal echopattern. No focal lesion of altered echogenicity is seen. Intrahepatic biliary radicles are not dilated. The portal vein branches and hepatic veins are normal.

GALL BLADDER: Well distended lumen shows no intra-luminal calculus or mass. Wall thickness is normal. No pericholecystic collection is noted.

PORTA HEPATIS: The portal vein (0.9 cm) is normal in caliber with clear lumen. The common bile duct is normal in caliber. Visualized lumen is clear till visualised extent. Common bile duct measures approx 0.3 cm in diameter. *Extreme lower end of common bile duct is not visualised due to bowel gas shadow*.

PANCREAS: It is normal in shape, size and echopattern. Main pancreatic duct is not dilated. No focal lesion of altered echogenicity is seen. The peripancreatic region shows no abnormal fluid collection.

SPLEEN: It is normal in shape, size (8.8 cm) and shows homogeneous echopattern. No focal lesion is seen. No abnormal venous dilatation is seen in the splenic hilum.

KIDNEYS: Both Kidneys are normal in shape, size and position. Cortical echogenicity and thickness are normal with normal cortico-medullary differentiation in both kidneys. No calculus, hydronephrosis or mass is noted. The perinephric region shows no abnormal fluid collection.

RIGHT KIDNEY measures 10.3 cm **LEFT KIDNEY** measures 11.7 cm

URETER: Both ureters are not dilated. No calculus is noted in either side.

PERITONEUM & RETROPERITONEUM: The aorta and IVC are normal. Lymph nodes are not enlarged. No free fluid is seen in peritoneum.

URINARY BLADDER: It is adequately distended providing optimum scanning window. The lumen is clear and wall thickness is normal.

<u>UTERUS</u>: It is normal in shape, size (8.2 x 3.2 x 5.3 cm) and echopattern. No focal myometrial lesion is seen. Endometrial echo is in midline. Double layer of endometrial echo measures 1.0 cm. Endometrial cavity is empty. Cervix is normal.

ADNEXA: No adnexal SOL is noted.

RIGHT OVARY is normal in shape, size and echopattern. Right ovary measures 3.2 cm x 1.7 cm

LEFT OVARY is normal in shape, size and echopattern. Left ovary measures 3.2 cm x 2.3 cm

POD: No fluid is seen.

IMPRESSION:

Study within normal limits.

Kindly note

Lab No.: DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 Page 12 of 13

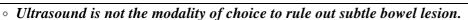


Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 **Lab Add.**

 Patient Name
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Age : 29 Y 7 M 22 D Collection Date

Gender : F Report Date : 14/Oct/2023 05:59PM



- Please Intimate us for any typing mistakes and send the report for correction within 7 days.
- The science of Radiological diagnosis is based on the interpretation of various shadows produced by both the normal and abnormal tissues and are not always conclusive. Further biochemical and radiological investigation & clinical correlation is required to enable the clinician to reach the final diagnosis.

The report and films are not valid for medico-legal purpose.

Patient Identity not verified.

Dr. J. Bardhan Consultant Radiologist MD, Radiodiagnosis

Lab No. : DUN/14-10-2023/SR8295839 Page 13 of 13

SURAKSHA DIAGNOSTIC,RAJARHAT,KOLKATA BIO-RAD VARIANT-II TURBO CDM5.4. SN-16122

PATIENT REPORT V2TURBO A1c 2.0

Patient Data Analysis Data

Sample ID: D02135412666 Analysis Performed: 14/OCT/2023 12:34:08

 Patient ID:
 SR8295839
 Injection Number:
 3437U

 Name:
 Run Number:
 75

 Physician:
 Rack ID:
 0007

 Sex:
 Tube Number:
 3

DOB: Report Generated: 14/OCT/2023 12:47:11

Operator ID: TRISHA

Comments:

	NGSP		Retention	Peak
Peak Name	%	Area %	Time (min)	Area
A1a		1.3	0.168	27927
A1b		0.5	0.236	11667
F		1.2	0.285	26554
LA1c		1.3	0.414	28001
A1c	5.1		0.528	66236
P3		3.4	0.805	73817
P4		0.9	0.873	20085
Unknown		1.2	0.933	25732
Ao		59.2	0.992	1276590
Variant Window		27.9	1.092	601607

Total Area: 2,158,215

HbA1c (NGSP) = 5.1 % HbA1c (IFCC) = 33 mmol/mol

