Patient Name	Mr. VIJAY SINGH	Lab No	4004375
UHID	40002849	Collection Date	10/06/2023 9:38AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	39 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	10/06/2023 10:58AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	10/06/2023 3:09PM
Referred By	EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9925421177		

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)	239.7 H	mg/dl	74 - 106	

Method: Hexokinase assay.

TSH

Interpretation: -Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum Т3 1.330 0.970 - 1.690 ng/mL T4 9.21 ug/dl 5.53 - 11.00

μIU/mL

0.40 - 4.05

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in thediagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages ofhyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

4.07 H

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST) Sample: Serum **BILIRUBIN TOTAL** 0.00 - 1.20 0.50 mg/dl BILIRUBIN INDIRECT 0.33 mg/dl 0.20 - 1.00**BILIRUBIN DIRECT** 0.17 0.00 - 0.40 mg/dl **SGOT** 35.9 U/L 0.0 - 40.0 69.0 H 0.0 - 40.0

U/L

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Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

SGPT

MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 12

Patient Name	Mr. VIJAY SINGH	Lab No	4004375
UHID	40002849	Collection Date	10/06/2023 9:38AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	39 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	10/06/2023 10:58AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	10/06/2023 3:09PM
Referred By	EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9925421177		

DIOCHERAICEDY

		DIOCHEIVIISTRY	
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.98	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.40	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.6		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	122.2	U/L	53 - 128
A/G RATIO	1.7	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	34.05	U/L	10.0 - 55.0

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated,

saturations of direct bilitubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	260		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	42.4		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	191.2		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	30	mg/dl	10 - 50

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Patient Name Mr. VIJAY SINGH Lab No 4004375 UHID 40002849 **Collection Date** 10/06/2023 9:38AM 10/06/2023 10:58AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 39 Yrs/Male Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/06/2023 3:09PM Referred By **EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9925421177

BIOCHEMISTRY

TRIGLYCERIDES Normal :- <150 mg/dl 147.6

> Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO 6.1

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders.

HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.

LDL CHOLESTEROL: - Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular

coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.

CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative
TRIGLYCERIDES: - Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

RENAL PROFILE TEST Sample: Serum

UREA	16.0 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	7.5	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.94	mg/dl	0.60 - 1.10
SODIUM	137.5	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.32	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	106.2	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	3.19 L	mg/dl	3.5 - 7.2
CALCIUM	10.18	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

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Patient Name Lab No 4004375 Mr. VIJAY SINGH UHID **Collection Date** 10/06/2023 9:38AM 40002849 10/06/2023 10:58AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 39 Yrs/Male Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/06/2023 3:09PM Referred By **EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final 9925421177 Mobile No.

BIOCHEMISTRY

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.
URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake and kidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: -Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL: - Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

HBA1C 7.6 % < 5.7% Nondiabetic

5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients
< 7 % Excellent Control
7 - 8 % Good Control
> 8 % Poor Control

Method: - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

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BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Unit **Biological Ref. Range Test Name** Result

BLOOD GROUPING "B" Rh Positive

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

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IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	10/06/2023 3:09PM
Referred By	EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9925421177		

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	POSITIVE		NEGATIVE	
ROUTINE EXAMINATION - URINE				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				•
VOLUME	25	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	+		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	
BACTERIA	NIL		NIL	
OHTERS	NIL		NIL	

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Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

Patient Name Mr. VIJAY SINGH Lab No 4004375 UHID 40002849 **Collection Date** 10/06/2023 9:38AM 10/06/2023 10:58AM Age/Gender 39 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/06/2023 3:09PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9925421177

Methodology:-

Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

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Patient Name Mr. VIJAY SINGH Lab No 4004375 UHID 40002849 **Collection Date** 10/06/2023 9:38AM Age/Gender 10/06/2023 10:58AM **Receiving Date** 39 Yrs/Male Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/06/2023 3:09PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9925421177

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	13.3	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	40.6	%	40.0 - 50.0
MCV	87.7	fl	82 - 92
MCH	28.7	pg	27 - 32
MCHC	32.8	g/dl	32 - 36
RBC COUNT	4.63	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	6.09	10^3/ uL	4 - 10
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	66.0	%	40 - 80
LYMPHOCYTE	25.8	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	1.0	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES	6.2	%	2 - 10
BASOPHIL	1.0	%	1 - 2
PLATELET COUNT	3.09	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

MCH: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

MCHC: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

MCHC: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

REC COUNT: - Method: - Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation: - Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

20 H

mm/1st hr

0 - 15

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Patient Name 4004375 Mr. VIJAY SINGH Lab No 10/06/2023 9:38AM UHID 40002849 **Collection Date** 10/06/2023 10:58AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 39 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/06/2023 3:09PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9925421177

Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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Referred By	EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9925421177		

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

USGREPORT - ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER:

Is normal in size and **shows diffuse increased echogenicity**. No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra - Hepatic biliary radical dilatation seen.

GALLBLADDER:

Adequately distended with no obvious wall thickening/pericholecystic fat stranding/fluid. No obvious calculus/polyp/mass seen within.

PANCREAS:

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echotexture.

SPLEEN:

Is normal in size (~86 mm) and shows uniform echogenicity.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

Right kidney measures 97 x 49 mm.

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal.

Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

LEFT KIDNEY:

Left kidney measures 106 x 56 mm.

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USG

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

BLADDER:

Is normal contour. No intra luminal echoes are seen.

PROSTATE:

Measures 24 x 36 x 26, with 12 cc in volume.

RIGHT ILIAC FOSSA:

No focal fluid collections seen.

IMPRESSION:

Diffuse grade I fatty liver.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB

RADIOLOGIST

Patient Name Mr. VIJAY SINGH Lab No 4004375 UHID 40002849 **Collection Date** 10/06/2023 9:38AM 10/06/2023 10:58AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 39 Yrs/Male Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/06/2023 3:09PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final 9925421177 Mobile No.

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY - CHEST PA VIEW

OBSERVATION:

Rotation noted.

Subtle nodular opacity seen in right lung apex - ? vascular end-on shadow/benign nodule.

Rest of the lung fields are clear.

The mediastinal and cardiac silhouette are normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Cardiophrenic and costophrenic angles are normal.

Both hila are normal.

Bones of the thoracic cage are normal.

End Of Report

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Astrony

APOORVA JETWANI

Select

Page: 12 Of 12