



Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 QN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.ASHWANI KUMAR KANOJIA	Registered On	: 26/Oct/2024 08:50:19
Age/Gender	: 40 Y 8 M 17 D / M	Collected	: 2024-10-26 10:28:03
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000152942	Received	: 2024-10-26 10:28:03
Visit ID	: ALDP0283172425	Reported	: 27/Oct/2024 10:08:22
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY-ECG MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ECG/EKG

	1. Machnism, Rhythm	Sinus, Regular	
	2. Atrial Rate	63	/mt
	3. Ventricular Rate	63	/mt
	4. P - Wave	Normal	
	5. P R Interval	Normal	
	6. Q R S Axis : R/S Ratio : Configuration :	Normal Normal Normal	
	7. Q T c Interval	Normal	
	8. S - T Segment	Normal	
FINAL IMPRE	9. T – Wave SSION	Normal	

ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Baseline wandering. Please correlate clinically





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Patient Name	: Mr.ASHWANI KUMAR KANOJIA	Registered On	: 26/Oct/2024 08:50:17	
Age/Gender	: 40 Y 8 M 17 D / M	Collected	: 26/Oct/2024 09:12:49	
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000152942	Received	: 26/Oct/2024 09:42:42	
Visit ID	: ALDP0283172425	Reported	: 26/Oct/2024 13:32:52	
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report	

DEPARTMENT OF HAEM ATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing), Blood				
Blood Group	В			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY/ TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh (Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY/ TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC), Whole Blood				
Haemoglobin	14.00	g/ dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	COLORIMETRICMETHOD (CYANIDE-FREE REAGENT)
TLC (WBC) DLC	5,700.00	/Qumm	4000-10000	IMPEDANCE METHOD
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	56.00	%	40-80	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Lymphocytes	33.00	%	20-40	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Monocytes	6.00	%	2-10	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Eosinophils	5.00	%	1-6	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	<1-2	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Observed	4.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8	



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DEPARTMENT OF HAEM ATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Pregnancy Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95 if anaemic)	
Corrected	-	Mm for 1st hr.	<9	
PCV (HCT)	41.00	%	40-54	
Platelet count				
Platelet Count	1.45	LACS' cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	16.40	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LOR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	-	%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.18	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	13.80	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBCCount				
RBC Count	4.95	Mill./cumm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	84.20	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	28.20	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
МОНС	33.50	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	13.20	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	44.60	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,192.00	/cumm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	285.00	/cumm	40-440	

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Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Un	it Bio. Ref. Interv	al Method
GLUCOSE FASTING, Pasma Gucose Fasting	85.70	mg/ dl	<100 Normal 100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes	GOD POD

Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:- Glucose is the major source of energy in the body. Lack of insulin or resistance to it section at the cellular level causes diabetes. Therefore, the blood glucose levels are very high. Elevated serum glucose levels are observed in diabetes mellitus and may be associated with pancreatitis, pituitary or thyroid dysfunction and liver disease. Hypoglycaemia occurs most frequently due to over dosage of insulin.

Glucose PP	102.40	mg/ dl	<140 Normal	GOD POD
Sample:Plasma After Meal		140-199 Pre-diabetes		
			>200 Diabetes	

Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD

Gycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.20	%NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Gycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	33.80	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	104	mg/dl	

Interpretation:

NOTE:-

• eAG is directly related to A1c.



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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Test Name	nesuit	Unit	DIU. HEI. IIILEI VAI	method

- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

*High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc. **Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1 diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

<u>Clinical Implications:</u>

*Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.

*With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.

*A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy

c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity

*Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss

*Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:

*Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood	Urea	Nitrogen))
Sample:Serum			

8.03

mg/dL 7.0-23.0

CALCULATED



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Visit ID	: ALDP0283172425		Reported	: 2	26/Oct/2024 13:00	:47
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCO CARE LTD -	EMI HEALTH	Status	: F	Final Report	
		DEPARTMEN	T OF BIOCH	EMISTRY		
	MEDIWH	EEL BANK OF	-	-		
Test Name		Result	Ur	nit Bio	o. Ref. Interval	Method
Interpretation:						
Note: Elevated BU	JN levels can be seen in the	e following:				
High-protein diet, D	ehydration, Aging, Certain mo	edications, Burns,	Gastrointestim	al (GI) blee	ding.	
Low BUN levels ca	an be seen in the following	:				
Low-protein diet, ov	verhydration, Liver disease.					
reatinine		0.82	mg/dl	0.7-1.30	MOD	IFIED JAFFES
ample:Serum Interpretation:			ng a			
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c	single creatinine value must be her creatinine concentration. concentration. Serum creatinir ldly and may result in anomal	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum ne concentrations	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have	s muscle ma centrations /hen an ACI	ass. A patient with a g over time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is t	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c could be affected mi lipemic.	her creatinine concentration.	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum ne concentrations ous values if seru	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w	s muscle ma acentrations /hen an ACI e heterophili	ass. A patient with a g over time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is t c antibodies, hemoly	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c could be affected mi lipemic. Interpretation: Note:-	her creatinine concentration.	e interpreted in lig The trend of serun ne concentrations ous values if seru 5.37	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have	s muscle ma acentrations /hen an ACI e heterophili	ass. A patient with a g over time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is t c antibodies, hemoly	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c could be affected mil- lipemic. Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric acid	her creatinine concentration. To concentration. Serum creatinir ldly and may result in anomal	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum te concentrations ous values if seru 5.37 5.37	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have mg/dl	ts muscle ma accentrations /hen an ACI e heterophili 3.4-7.0	ass. A patient with a g over time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is t c antibodies, hemoly	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c could be affected mil- lipemic. Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric acid	her creatinine concentration. The concentration. Serum creatining ldly and may result in anomal levels can be seen in the fo totein diet, alcohol), Chronic I	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum te concentrations ous values if seru 5.37 5.37	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have mg/dl	ts muscle ma accentrations /hen an ACI e heterophili 3.4-7.0	ass. A patient with a g over time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is t c antibodies, hemoly	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c could be affected millipemic. Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric acid Drugs, Diet (high-pr FT (WITH GAMMA SGOT / Aspartate A	her creatinine concentration. The concentration. Serum creatinine ldly and may result in anomal levels can be seen in the for totein diet, alcohol), Chronic I A GT) , <i>Serum</i> minot ransferase (AST)	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum te concentrations ous values if seru 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have mg/ dl ypertension, Ol	es muscle ma acentrations /hen an ACI e heterophili 3.4-7.0 besity.	ass. A patient with a g over time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is t c antibodies, hemoly URIC	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or ASE
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c could be affected mil- lipemic. Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric acid Drugs, Diet (high-pr FT (WITH GAMMA SGOT / Aspartate A SGPT / Alanine Ami	her creatinine concentration. The concentration. Serum creatining ldly and may result in anomal levels can be seen in the for totein diet, alcohol), Chronic I A GT) , Serum	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum ne concentrations ous values if seru 5.37 5.37 6llowing: kidney disease, H 23.70 21.20	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have mg/ dl ypertension, Ol U/L U/L	es muscle ma acentrations then an ACI heterophili 3.4-7.0 besity. <35 <40	uss. A patient with a g over time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is t c antibodies, hemoly URIC	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or ASE WITHOUT P5P WITHOUT P5P
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a higi absolute creatinine c could be affected mi- lipemic. Jric Acid ample:Serum Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric acid Drugs, Diet (high-pr FT (WITH GAMM/ SGOT / Aspartate A SGPT / Alanine Ami Gamma GT (GGT)	her creatinine concentration. The concentration. Serum creatinine ldly and may result in anomal levels can be seen in the for totein diet, alcohol), Chronic I A GT) , <i>Serum</i> minot ransferase (AST)	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum ne concentrations ous values if seru 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have mg/ dl ypertension, Ol U/L U/L IU/L	es muscle ma acentrations then an ACI e heterophili 3.4-7.0 besity. <35 <40 11-50	iss. A patient with a gover time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is to c antibodies, hemoly URIC	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or ASE WITHOUT P5P WITHOUT P5P MIZED SZAZING
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a hig absolute creatinine c could be affected mil- lipemic. Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric acid Drugs, Diet (high-pr FT (WITH GAMM/ SGOT / Aspartate A SGPT / Alanine Ami Gamma GT (GGT) Protein	her creatinine concentration. The concentration. Serum creatinine ldly and may result in anomal levels can be seen in the for totein diet, alcohol), Chronic I A GT) , <i>Serum</i> minot ransferase (AST)	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum te concentrations ous values if seru 5.37 bllowing: kidney disease, H 23.70 21.20 12.50 7.07	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have mg/ dl ypertension, Ol U/L U/L U/L JU/L gm/ dl	es muscle ma acentrations /hen an ACI e heterophili 3.4-7.0 besity. <35 <40 11-50 6.2-8.0	Iss. A patient with a gover time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is to c antibodies, hemoly URIC IFIC IFIC IFIC OPTII BIUR	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or ASE WITHOUT P5P WITHOUT P5P MIZED SZAZING ET
Interpretation: The significance of s mass will have a higi absolute creatinine c could be affected mi- lipemic. Jric Acid ample:Serum Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric acid Drugs, Diet (high-pr FT (WITH GAMM/ SGOT / Aspartate A SGPT / Alanine Ami Gamma GT (GGT)	her creatinine concentration. The concentration. Serum creatinine ldly and may result in anomal levels can be seen in the for totein diet, alcohol), Chronic I A GT) , <i>Serum</i> minot ransferase (AST)	e interpreted in lig The trend of serum ne concentrations ous values if seru 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37 5.37	ht of the patient n creatinine cor may increase w m samples have mg/ dl ypertension, Ol U/L U/L IU/L	es muscle ma acentrations then an ACI e heterophili 3.4-7.0 besity. <35 <40 11-50	ISS. A patient with a gover time is more im E inhibitor (ACE) is to c antibodies, hemoly URIC IFIC IFIC OPTII BIUR B.C.G	greater muscle portant than taken. The assay zed, icteric or ASE WITHOUT P5P WITHOUT P5P MIZED SZAZING ET



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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	L	Init Bio. Ref. I	Interval Method
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total) Bilirubin (Total)	93.00 0.70	U/L mg/dl	42.0-165.0 0.3-1.2	PNP/ AMP KINETIC JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct) Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.70 0.21 0.49	mg/ dl mg/ dl	<0.30 <0.8	JENDRASSIK& GROF JENDRASSIK& GROF
LIPID PROFILE (MINI), Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	157.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderlir >240 High	CHOD-PAP ne High
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	44.70	mg/ dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	85	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/ Above O 130-159 Borderlir 160-189 High > 190 Very High	
VLDL	27.68	mg/ dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	138.40	mg/ dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderlir 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP ne High

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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE, Urine				
Color	PALEYELOW			
Specific Gravity	1.010			
Reaction PH	Acidic (6.0)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	QLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	<10 Absent 10-40 (+) 40-200 (++) 200-500 (+++) >500 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	<0.5 (+) 0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++) >2 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	Serum-0.1-3.0 Urine-0.0-14.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial œlls	0-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Puscells	0-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			

Urine Microscopy is done on centrifuged urine sediment.









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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
SUGAR, FASTING STAGE, Urine Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%		
Interpretation: (+) < 0.5				
SUGAR, PP STAGE, Urine Sugar, PP Stage	ABSENT			
Interpretation: (+) < 0.5 gms%				

AS

Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)











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UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000152942	Received	: 26/Oct/2024 09:42:42
Visit ID	: ALDP0283172425	Reported	: 26/Oct/2024 12:07:26
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), Total Sample:Serum	0.55	ng/mL	<4.1	CLIA

Interpretation:

- 1. PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hypertrophic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- 2. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with benign prostatic hypertrophy. However, studies suggest that the measurement of PSA in conjunction with digital rectal examination (DRE) and ultrasound provide a better method of detecting prostate cancer than DRE alone⁻
- 3. PSA levels increase in men with cancer of the prostate, and after radical prostatectomy PSA levels routinely fall to the undetectable range.
- 4. If prostatic tissue remains after surgery or metastasis has occurred, PSA appears to be useful in detecting residual and early recurrence of tumor.
- 5. Therefore, serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy, and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy, and in the monitoring of the effectiveness of therapy.

THYROID PROFILE- TOTAL, Serum

T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	127.00	ng/ dl	84.61–201.7	alia
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	7.16	ug/ dl	3.2-12.6	alia
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	1.620	µIU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	ala

Interpretation:

0.3-4.5	µIU/mL	First Trimest	er
0.5-4.6	µIU/mL	Second Trim	ester
0.8-5.2	µIU/mL	Third Trimes	ter
0.5-8.9	µIU/mL	Adults	55-87 Years
0.7-27	µIU/mL	Premature	28-36 Week
2.3-13.2	µIU/mL	Cord Blood	> 37Week
0.7-64	µIU/mL	Child(21 wk	- 20 Yrs.)
1-39	µIU/mL	Child	0-4 Days
1.7-9.1	µIU/mL	Child	2-20 Week

1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or









Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Poad, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 QN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.ASHWANI KUMAR KANOJIA	Registered On	: 26/Oct/2024 08:50:18
Age/Gender	: 40 Y 8 M 17 D / M	Collected	: 26/Oct/2024 09:12:49
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000152942	Received	: 26/Oct/2024 09:42:42
Visit ID	: ALDP0283172425	Reported	: 26/Oct/2024 12:07:26
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method

autoimmune disorders.

2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.

3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.

4) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.

5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.

6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.

7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.

8) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

View Reports on

Chandan 24x7 App

Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Poad, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 QN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.ASHWANI KUMAR KANOJIA	Registered On	: 26/Oct/2024 08:50:19
Age/Gender	: 40 Y 8 M 17 D / M	Collected	: 2024-10-26 09:24:04
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000152942	Received	: 2024-10-26 09:24:04
Visit ID	: ALDP0283172425	Reported	: 26/Oct/2024 15:18:03
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA

<u>X-RAY REPORT</u> (300 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE) <u>CHEST P-A VIEW</u>

- Both lung field did not reveal any significant lesion.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.

Please correlare clinically.



Dr. Aishwarya Neha (MD Radiodiagnosis



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Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 QN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.ASHWANI KUMAR KANOJIA	Registered On	: 26/Oct/2024 08:50:19
Age/Gender	: 40 Y 8 M 17 D / M	Collected	: 2024-10-26 11:46:43
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000152942	Received	: 2024-10-26 11:46:43
Visit ID	: ALDP0283172425	Reported	: 26/Oct/2024 11:47:52
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOM EN (UPPER & LOWER)

LIVER: - Normal in size (13.9 cm), shape and **shows diffusely raised echotexture**. No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation is seen.

GALL BLADDER :- Well distended. Normal wall thickness is seen. No evidence of calculus/focal mass lesion/pericholecystic fluid is seen.

CBD :- Normal in calibre at porta.

PORTAL VEIN: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

PANCREAS: - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification is seen. Rest of the pancreas is obscured by bowel gases.

SPLEEN: - Normal in size (8.9 cm), shape and echogenicity. No evidence of mass lesion is seen.

RIGHT KIDNEY: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

LEFT KIDNEY: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER :- Is adequately distended. No evidence of wall thickening/calculus is seen.

PROSTATE :- Normal in size (2.2 x 2.3 x 3.1 cm vol - 8.7 cc), shape and echo pattern.

HIGH RESOLUTION :- No evidence of bowel loop dilatation or abnormal wall thickening is seen. No significant retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy is seen. No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

IMPRESSION : Grade I fatty changes.

Please correlate clinically

