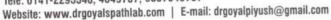
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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787





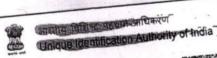
### **General Physical Examination**

Date of Examination: 26-11-22
Name: NEELAM MEENA Age: 30 Sex: Female
DOB: 18/10/1992.
Referred By: Bos.
Photo ID: Aad how ID #: altached
Ht: 156 (cm) Wt: 52.(Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 85 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: 16. (cm)
Blood Pressure: 28 8 mm Hg PR: 17 min RR: 17 min Temp: 16 bold
BMI_ ~1-4
Eye Examination: Y13100 Dosmal 66, NG BIC eyes,
Massagl Color Nizras.
Other: Wou significant
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes/No
Signature Of Examine : Name of Examinee:
Signature Medical Examiner:



Unique Identification Authority of India

Hipti, cent = 17, रोड = 1, still sti



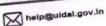
पता: द्वारा: प्रवीण मीणा, प्लाट न-17, रोड न-1, एरसएचओकपीयुआरए, एसओडीएएलए, सागानेर रोड के पास, जयपुर, राजस्थान - 302019

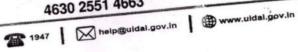
Address: C/O: Praveen Meena, plot no-17, Road no-1, Ashokpura, Sodala, Near Sanganer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302019



4630 2551 4663







### Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 26/1

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Sex / Age :- Female

Sample Type :- EDTA

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228311

Ref. By Dr:-

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 14:56:50

**HAEMATOLOGY** 

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval Test Name BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40** HAEMOGARAM **HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)** 11.0 L g/dL 12.0 - 15.07.07 /cumm 4.00 - 10.00 TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT 56.2 % 40.0 - 80.0 NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE 37.0 9/0 20.0 - 40.0 2.6 % 1.0 - 6.0**EOSINOPHIL** 2.0 - 10.0 3.7 % MONOCYTE 0.0 - 2.0% 0.5 BASOPHIL 3.97 10^3/uL 1.50 - 7.00NEUT# 2.62 10^3/uL LYMPH# 1.00 - 3.70EO# 0.23 10^3/uL 0.00 - 0.400.63 10^3/uL 0.00 - 0.70MONO# 10^3/uL 0.02 BASO# 0.00 - 0.104.36 x10^6/uL 3.80 - 4.80TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC) HEMATOCRIT (HCT) 36.30 0/0 36.00 - 46.00 83.2 fL 83.0 - 101.0 MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV) MEAN CORP HB (MCH) 25.1 L 27.0 - 32.0pg MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC) 30.2 L 31.5 - 34.5 g/dL PLATELET COUNT 301 x10^3/uL 150 - 410RDW-CV 13.2 % 11.6 - 14.0 19.08 MENTZER INDEX

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD ( Path ) RMC NO. 21021/008037

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Date

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

Patient ID: -122228311

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Ref. By Dr:-

Sex / Age :- Female

30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:-

MediWheel

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 14:56:50

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

HAEMATOLOGY

**Biological Ref Interval** 

**Test Name** 

Value

Unit

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

18

mm/hr.

00 - 20

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states. Interpretation

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC) het had logg: dTJC DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

MUKESHSINGH **Technologist** 

Page No: 2 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

**CONDITIONS OF REPORTING SEE OVER LEAF"** 

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Date :- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

Patient ID: -122228311

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Ref. By Dr:-Lab/Hosp :-

Sex / Age :- Female

male 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KSanthydeFCbl@RileDE-TPRe DISTIN E2022 12:17:53

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 15:58:31

#### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

**BLOOD GROUP ABO** 

"B'POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

84.2

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

Method:- GOD PAP

 Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)
 111 - 125 mg/dL

 Diabetes Mellitus (DM)
 > 126 mg/dL

Instrument Names Panday By Imala Interpretation: Flavoted clusses layels (hyperglycomic) may accur with disheter

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

123.3

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Method:- GOD PAP
Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

URINE SUGAR (FASTING) Collected Sample Received Nil

Nil

KAUSHAL, MUKESHSINGH, POOJABOHRA
Technologist
DR.HANSA
Page No: 3 of 11



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Date :- 26/11/2022 12:06:34 Patient ID: -122228311

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Ref. By Dr:-

Sex / Age :- Female 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days Lab/Hosp :-

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 14:06:04

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	132.71	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	46.17	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	56.76	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	68.25	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	9.23	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.34		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	1.20		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	<b>364.87</b> L	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROL Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

KAUSHAL

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34 Date NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA Patient ID: -122228311

Ref. By Dr:-Lab/Hosp:-

Sex / Age :- Female 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 14:06:04

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53 Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEN	ISIKI	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.42	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.16	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.26	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	28.3	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	31.5 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	73.90	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	22.50	U/L	7.00 - 32.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.15	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.56	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.59	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.76		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology Biuret Reagent InstrumentName Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

KAUSHAL

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Date

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

Patient ID: -122228311

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Ref. By Dr:-

Sex / Age :- Female 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

Final Authentication : 26/11/2022 14:06:04

**BIOCHEMISTRY** 

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.79	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	3.55	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

KAUSHAL

Page No: 7 of 11



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Date

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

Patient ID: -122228311

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Ref. By Dr:-

Sex / Age :- Female 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 16:07:36

**BIOCHEMISTRY** 

**Test Name** 

Value

Unit **Biological Ref Interval** 

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

16.2

mg/dl

0.0 - 23.0

MUKESHSINGH

Page No: 8 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD ( Path ) RMC NO. 21021/008037

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail:'drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

Patient ID: -122228311

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Ref. By Dr:-

Sex / Age :- Female

Sample Type :- EDTA

30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Davs

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 14:56:50

#### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Non-diabetic: < 5.7

Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0

Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measureof the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c measurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

108

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

Page No: 9 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

### Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34 Date

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Ref. By Dr:-

Sex / Age :- Female

Sample Type :- URINE

30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228311

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 13:09:32

**CLINICAL PATHOLOGY** 

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

**Test Name** Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval** 

**Urine Routine** 

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

PALE YELLOW COLOUR PALE YELLOW

APPEARANCE Clear Clear

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

REACTION(PH) 5.5 5.0 - 7.5SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.025 1.010 - 1.030

**PROTEIN** NIL NIL **SUGAR** NIL NIL

**BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE UROBILINOGEN** NORMAL NORMAL

KETONES **NEGATIVE NEGATIVE NITRITE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE** 

MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION

RBC/HPF NIL /HPF NIL WBC/HPF 2-3 /HPF 2-3 **EPITHELIAL CELLS** 2-3 /HPF 2-3 CRYSTALS/HPF ABSENT ABSENT CAST/HPF ABSENT ABSENT AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT ABSENT ABSENT

**BACTERIAL FLORA ABSENT ABSENT** YEAST CELL ABSENT ABSENT

**OTHER** ABSENT

**POOJABOHRA Technologist** DR.HANSA Page No: 10 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

**CONDITIONS OF REPORTING SEE OVER LEAF"** 

### Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgovalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgovalpivush@gmail.com



:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34 Date

Patient ID: -122228311

Sex / Age :- Female

Ref. By Dr:-NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :-MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 26/11/2022 12:17:53

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 15:02:56

#### **IMMUNOASSAY**

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.030	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	7.020	ug/dl	5.500 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	1.211	$\mu IU/mL$	0.500 - 6.880

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation :TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

#### INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

NARENDRAKUMAR **Technologist** 

Page No: 11 of 11



Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD ( Path ) RMC No. 17975/008828



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Date

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Sex / Age :- Female 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12222831

Ref. By Doctor:-

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 13:34:50

**BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40** 

### X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression: - Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No.: 017996 Dr. Pooram Gupta MBBS, MD (Fadio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary

MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430 Dr. Rathod Hetali Amrutlal MBBS, M.D. (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 17163

Transcript by.

BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.)



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Sex / Age :- Female 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228311

Ref. By Doctor:-

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 15:21:45

### BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

### ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is anteverted and normal in size and measures 67x27x46mm. Myometrium shows normal echo - pattern. No focal space occupying lesion is seen. Endometrial echo is normal. Endometrial thickness is 7.6 mm.

Right ovary is visualised and is normal. No adnexal mass is seen. Approx 27x14 mm simple cyst seen in left ovary.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of douglas.

### IMPRESSION:

\*Left ovarian simple cyst.

Needs clinical correlation & further evaluation

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Page No: 1 of 1

**GEETASAINI** 

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Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

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Transcript by.



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Lab/Hosp :-

:- 26/11/2022 12:06:34 NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days Sex / Age :- Female

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228311 Ref. By Doctor:-

Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 15:24:30



### 2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVE	F	NOR	MAL	TRICUS	TRICUSPID VALVE			NORMAL	
		NOR		PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL		
AORTIC VALV	E		EXAMITATION						
10	19	mm	LA	24	Mm	IVS-D	8	mm	
AO IVS-S	14	mm	LVID	35	Mm	LVSD	22	mm	
LVPW-D	8	mm	LVPW-S	15	Mm	RV		mm	
RVWT		mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml	
LVEF	68%			RWMA		ABSENT			
				СН	AMBERS:				
LA	NORN	ЛAL	RA			NORMAL			
LV	NORN	ЛAL	RV			NORMAL			
			NORN	1 / 1					

PERICARDIU	M			
		NORMAL		
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL	
LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL	

	COLOUR DOPPLER:
ΔΙ \/ΔΙ\/Ε	

	MI	TRAL VAL	VE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
E VELOCITY	0.95	m/sec	PEAK	GRADIENT		Mm	/hg
A VELOCITY	0.53	m/sec	MEAN	GRADIENT		Mm	/hg
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA B	Y PLANIME	ETRY	Cm2	2
MITRAL REGURGITATION	NC				ABSENT		
	AC	RTIC VAL	VE				
PEAK VELOCITY	1.43	n	n/sec	PEAK GR	ADIENT	mı	m/hg
AR VMAX		n	n/sec	MEAN GRADIENT			m/hg
AORTIC REGURGITATION	ON			ABSENT			
	TRI	CUSPID V	ALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY	0.4	7	m/sec	PEAK G	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY			m/sec	MEAN (	GRADIENT		mm/hg
VMax VELOCITY							
TRICUSPID REGURGIT	ATION			ABSENT			
	PL	JLMONAR	Y VALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY		0.95		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg
MEAN VALOCITY					MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg
PULMONARY REGURO	SITATION				ABSENT		•
TOLINOTHAN NEGON							

Page No: 1 of 2

**GEETASAINI** 



Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sergal et Fille 1, January 1, Ja

Date :- 26/11/2022 12:06:34

NAME :- Mrs. NEELAM MEENA

Sex / Age :- Female 30 Yrs 1 Mon 8 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228311
Ref. By Doctor:Lab/Hosp :-



Final Authentication: 26/11/2022 15:24:30

### Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 68 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion. (Cardiologist)

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Page No: 2 of 2

**GEETASAINI** 



### Dr. Goyal's Path Lab

Name NEELAM MEENA Patient lä NEELA97\_97367 Date 11/26/2022 Diagnosis Dr.

